

九年级英语

2021. 01

(满分 100 分,考试时间 90 分钟)

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分,共 8 页。答卷前,考生务必用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、座号填写在试卷和答题卡规定的位置。考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。
2. 答题注意事项见答题卡,答在本试卷上不得分。

第 I 卷(选择题 共 55 分)

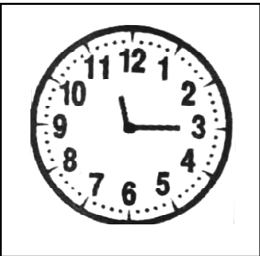
一、听力测试(共 15 小题,计 15 分)

注意:听力测试分四部分,共 20 小题。做题时,请先将答案画在试卷上,录音内容结束后,将所选答案转涂到答题卡上。

(一)听句子,选择与句子内容相对应的图片。每个句子读两遍。



A



B



C



D



E



F

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

(二)听对话和问题,根据所听内容,选择最佳答案,对话和问题都读两遍。

6. A. He had a fever. B. His leg was hurt. C. He stayed up late.
7. A. Writing skills. B. Listening skills. C. Speaking skills.
8. A. For an hour. B. For one and a half hours. C. For two hours.

9. A. Alan. B. Judy. C. Tommy.
10. A. She can take a message for the man. B. She needs to go home before 11:00. C. The man should wait for Mr. Smith.

(三)听短文,根据短文内容,判断下列句子正误,正确的用“A”表示,不正确的用“B”表示。短文读两遍。听短文前,你们有 20 秒钟的时间阅读下列句子。

11. Minmin's father played with her as soon as he came back.
 12. Minmin's mother gave the diary to Minmin's father.
 13. Minmin's father felt sorry after reading the diary.
 14. Minmin and her father went to a bookstore last Sunday.
 15. Lots of parents in China keep using mobile phones even when being with their children.
- 请考生们翻到第 II 卷,先找到第五大题听写,你们将有 5 秒钟的准备时间。

二、单项填空(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

选择最佳答案。

16. — _____ chocolate bread you want is done now.
— _____ delicious smell it is!
A. The; How B. The; What a C. A ; What
17. —Did you see Peter and his parents yesterday?
—No. I saw _____ of them.
A. neither B. both C. none
18. —Look! The light in the teachers' office are still on. Is Mr. Li _____ ?
—No. It _____ be Mr. Li. I saw him leave just now.
A. work ; mustn't B. working ; can't C. works ; needn't
19. —Why did Mr. Smith look _____ at the meeting last night ?
—Because he was asked some _____ questions.
A. embarrassed;embarrassing B. embarrassing;embarrassing C. embarrassing ;embarrassed
20. —Marc, you _____ on the phone.
—I am coming, Mom. Thanks.
A. are wanting B. have wanted C. are wanted
21. —What's wrong with you, Peter? You look sad.
—I missed _____ that goal, and that made our team _____ the game.
A. scoring ; lose B. score ; lost C. to score ; to lose
22. Kevin likes rock music, but _____ his mother _____ his father likes it.
A. not only ; but also B. neither ; nor C. either ; or
23. Mo Yan, a famous Chinese writer, won the Nobel Prize . We learn that success _____ the person _____ never gives up.
A. sticks to ; that B. looks up to ; which C. belongs to ; who
24. —Can you tell me _____ ?
—It will be built to help work out the big city problems in Beijing.

- A. if Xiong'an New Area will be built B. when we will built Xiong'an New Area
C. why Xiong'an New Area will be built

25. —Judy, I am a little nervous about the final exam.

— _____. The more _____ you do , the better grades you can get.

- A. What a pity!; careful B. keep your cool! ; carefully C. With pleasure ; carefully

三、完形填空(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

根据短文内容,从方框中选出恰当的单词或短语填空,使语意通顺完整。第一个方框供 26 – 30 小题选用,第二个方框供 31 – 35 小题选用。每个选项只能使用一次,每框有一项剩余。

A. many	B. talked back	C. up	D. graduating	E. theirs	F. support
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Dear Mom and Dad,

The time has come. I am 26 from junior high school, and I thank you both for all your help during these 15 years. I still remember when you used to say, “ You can be whatever you want. ”I’m so glad you are my parents, especially when I hear kids say they don’t like 27 . You always try to help, and that’s important to me. I’m glad that you 28 me when I decide to do anything.

Dad,I remember when you first took me fishing. I loved going even though I didn’t catch any fish. I also remember when I 29 to Mom, you would chat with me and find out the reason. Now I realize you were only trying to show me the right way. When I cried, you would always be there to try to cheer me 30 . How hard-working you are!

A. thankful	B. wealth	C. pride	D. plenty of	E. that	F. caring
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Dad,you have set a good example for me. You are not interested in fame and 31 . You take good care of my grandparents. You do some shopping with Mom on Sunday. That’s what I call a good,loving , 32 dad.

Mom,I still remember you spent 33 time teaching me how to pronounce a word,how to understand something 34 I saw for the first time and how to be polite to others. I enjoy going out with you and having our happy time every Friday night. And I hope that never changes. I’m glad we do a lot together.

I am 35 to you. Dad and Mom,thank you for bringing me up.

Love always,

Alison

四、阅读理解 (共 12 小题,计 20 分)

(一) 阅读短文,完成 36 – 39 小题。(共 4 小题,计 4 分)

A

Once there was a baby eagle(鹰) living in a nest(巢) on a cliff(山崖). The baby eagle loved his nest. It was warm, soft and comfortable. And even better, he had all the food and loved that his mother could give.

Whenever the baby eagle was hungry, his mother would always come just in time with the delicious food he liked.

He was growing happily day after day, but suddenly his world changed. His mother stopped coming to the nest, he was full of sadness and fear. He thought he would die soon. He cried, but nobody heard him.

Two day later, his mother appeared with some nice food. The baby eagle was wild with joy. But his mother put the food at the top of the mountain and then looked down at her baby.

The baby eagle cried out, “Mum, why did you do this to me? I’m hungry Don’t you know I will die if I have nothing to eat?”

“Here is the last meal I give you. Come and get it by yourself ?” His mother said Then she flew down and pushed the baby eagle out of the nest.

The baby eagle fell down, faster and faster He looked up at his mum, “Why do you abandon (抛弃)me?” He looked down at the earth. The ground was much closer. Then something strange happened. The air caught behind his arms and he began to fly! He wasn’t moving to the ground any more. Instead, his eyes were pointed up at the sun. “You are flying! You can make it!” His mother smiled.

根据短文内容,判断下列句子正误。正确的用“A”表示,不正确的用“B”表示。

36. When the baby eagle was hungry, his mother always asked him to go out to look for the food.

37. His mother put the food at the top of the mountain because she wanted to let him learn to fly.

38. His mother pushed the baby eagle out of the nest because she wanted to abandon him.

39. It is necessary for everybody to learn to grow up, even for the animals.

(二) 阅读短文,完成 40 – 47 小题。(共 8 小题,计 16 分)

B

Earlier this year, China achieved a new landmark in space exploration. On Jan 3, Chang’e 4 became the first space probe in history to successfully land on the far side of the moon, People’s Daily reported.

From Earth, we can only see one side of the moon. The other side has been a mystery. Scientists have long wondered what is on this side of the moon.

Chang’e 4 can’t communicate with Earth directly. But Queqiao, a reply satellite (中继卫星), can help us keep in touch. Queqiao was sent into space in May. After Chang’e 4 landed on the moon, it took pictures and sent them back to Earth through Queqiao.

Chang’e 4 has sent back photos of the far side of the moon. It is also being used to carry out experiments, such as growing seeds in a low-gravity environment. The data(数据) collected from these experiments could be used to help us build a base on the moon in the future.

The success of the Chang’e 4 mission is a major achievement for China’s space program. ***It*** marks a new stage in China’s deep space exploration, said Wu Yanhua.

China launched its lunar exploration program in 2004, naming it Chang’e. Chinese scientists

set three goals – “orbiting(环绕运行), landing and sample(样品) returning” – referring to launching probes that could circle around the moon, touch down on its surface and bring lunar materials back to Earth.

Chang’e 4 has realized the second goal. The third will be achieved during the Chang’e 5 mission, which is set to take place before the end of this year, China Daily reported.

Following the success of the Chang’e missions, Chinese scientists are looking even farther into our solar system(太阳系). China’s first Mars mission is expected to be carried out by 2020, Wu said.

根据短文内容,选择最佳答案。(共4小题,计8分)

40. Why was Queqiao set up?
A. To keep in touch with the earth. B. To be sent into space.
C. To grow seeds on the moon.
41. What does the underlined “It ” mean in Paragraph 5?
A. The Chang’e 4 probe. B. A base on the moon in the future.
C. The success of the Chang’e 4 mission.
42. What’s the third goal of Chang’e?
A. Circle around the moon. B. Bring lunar materials back to Earth.
C. Land on the surface of the moon.
43. What can we get to know from the passage?
A. Chang’e 5 will be China’s last lunar exploration program.
B. Chang’e 4 has uncovered the secrets of the far side of the moon.
C. China launched its space exploration program twenty years ago.

C

Nirmal Purja has set several world records after climbing the world’s 14 highest mountains in less than seven months.

Mr. Purja was born in Nepal, in the Himalayas. Though he was born 1,600 meters above sea level, he didn’t climb any serious mountains until he was 29.

But Mr. Purja, now 36, was trained to be strong. He used to be a soldier in the British army, where he had special training for fighting in very cold weather. 44

There are only 14 mountains in the world that are higher than 8,000 meters. Mr. Purja had already climbed several of them. 45 The old record for climbing the 14 mountains was seven years, ten months and six days. It was set by South Korean climber Kim Chang-ho in 2013.

Mr. Purja named his challenge “Project Possible”. 46 On October 29, just a little more than six months after he started, Nirmal Purja had finished climbing the 14th mountain. Though Mr. Purja completed his challenge unbelievably quickly, it wasn’t easy. For example, during one day of climbing Shishapangma, Mr. Purja and his team climbed for 15 hours nonstop. 47

Mr. Purja believes his strong physical condition and his training as a soldier helped him. He

hopes his efforts will inspire others. “People are only limited (限制) by their imagination,” he says. “If you don’t dream, then you won’t do it.”

根据短文内容,从方框中选出四个选项填入文中空缺处,使短文内容通顺完整,有一项多余。

- A. He had completed five more climbs in Pakistan.

C. He began on April 23, by climbing Annapurna in Nepal.

D. His goal was to climb all of them in less than seven months.

E. They had to deal with winds as fast as 75 kilometers per hour.

F. In 2018, he left there to follow his dream of mountain climbing.

第Ⅱ卷(非选择题 共45分)

注意:非选择题答在答题卡上,答在本试卷上不得分。

五、听写(共5小题,计5分)

听对话,根据对话内容完成下列句子,每空词数不限。对话读三遍。听对话前,你们有20秒钟的时间阅读下列句子。

48. What is Jack doing?
He is writing a _____.
49. What day is it today?
It is _____ today.
50. When did the woman buy her first mobile phone?
She bought her first mobile phone in _____.
51. How long did the woman keep her first mobile phone?
For about _____.
52. What does the woman like doing best with her mobile phone?
She likes _____ best.

六、词形转换(共8小题,计8分)

用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空,每空格限填一词。

53. Bob hopes to get a business degree and becomes a _____. (manage)
54. The workers were told to finish the work in three _____ (day) time.
55. You shouldn’t “fear _____ (wolf) ahead and tigers behind”.
56. After Abing’s father died, the poor boy’s life got even _____ (bad).
57. Many new _____ (discover) were made with the help of compass(指南针).
58. No _____ (science) studies have shown that shark fins are good for health.
59. On midsummer’s morning, the sun shines _____ (direct) into the center of the stones.
60. If you leave your bike outside overnight, it might _____ (appear).

答案:53. _____ 54. _____ 55. _____ 56. _____
57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____

七、动词应用(共7小题,计7分)

根据短文内容,用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空,必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

Once upon a time, a father and his son were walking from one town to another. While they 61 (travel), they happened to pass by a river. They were tired and stopped there to rest. Then the father asked his son 62 (get) him some water from the river.

Then the son walked to the riverside and he saw some woman 63 (wash) clothes there. As a result, the water became very dirty. “I mustn’t take the dirty water to my father,” he thought. So he came back and said, “Father. The water is not clear and it can’t be drunk.” Father said nothing.

After a while, the son 64 (tell) to get some water again by his father. The water was still dirty, but he didn’t go back. He thought, “My father is so thirsty. I 65 (take) back clean water this time.” Then he sat there, quietly waiting until the water was clean. He collected some in a bowl and took it back.

“Oh, you are back at last. I 66 (wait) for you for almost half an hour,” Father said. After drinking the water, he looked up at his son and said, “Now, think about what made the water clean. You let it be and the water became clean on its own, It is also the same with your mind. Although it is disturbed(打扰), just let it be, and it will calm down on its own.”

The son thought for a while and said, “Thank you, Father. I 67 (remember) forever.” We can make the better decisions when we stay calm.

答案:61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____
65. _____ 66. _____ 67. _____

八、阅读表达。(共5小题,计10分)

根据短文内容,回答下列问题。

Smartphone, poor sight

Look around and you’ll see many people busy on their smartphones. As we all know, smartphones do make our lives easier. But have you even thought about what they mean to your eyes?

According to a study, half of British people own smartphones and they spend about two hours a day using them. There has been a 35% increase in the number of people in the UK who suffer from shortsightedness(近视) since smartphones were introduced there in 1997.

Staring at the smartphone close to the face for a long time gives you dry eyes. When you look at something far away, your eyes automatically blink(自动地眨眼) a certain number of times. However, when you look at things closer to your face, your eyes get dry because the blinking slows down. And it causes discomfort in your eyes.

Another bad habit is using smartphones in dark rooms before going to sleep. If you look at a bright screen while your pupils(瞳孔) become larger, too much light enters your eyes. This can hurt the eyes and even cause a disease called glaucoma(青光眼).

So use your smartphones properly, and start to protect your eyes before it’s too late!

- ◆ Hold the phone at least 30cm away from your eyes when using it.
- ◆ Don’t forget to blink your eyes often before they get dry.
- ◆ Keep the light on when you use smartphones at night.
- ◆ Take a break at least every thirty minutes and look at something far away. Then try to look at the tip of your nose and repeat this several times.

68. Why do so many people use smartphones, according to the passage?

69. When did the British people begin to use smartphones?

70. What makes your eyes get dry ?

71. Where had you better not use smartphones to avoid glaucoma?

72. How often should you take a break while using smartphones ?

九、书面表达(本大题共1小题,共15分)

73. 习近平总书记在全国生态环境保护大会上强调,坚持人与自然的和谐共生,像保护眼睛一样保护生态环境,像对待生命一样对待生态环境。可见,保护生态环境对人类社会发

展的重要性。作为一名中学生,我们要争做保护生态环境的践行者。请根据问题提示,写一篇80词左右的短文。

1. Why should we protect our environment?

2. What can we do to protect our environment ?

要求:1. 内容必须包含以上信息,并可根据需要适当添加。

2. 书写规范,条理清楚,行文连贯,段落分明。

3. 词数80词左右,且不能透漏具体学校和真实姓名,否则不予评分。

Protecting Our Environment
