

九年级英语试题

(时间:120 分钟 满分:100 分 内容:Book 9 Unit 1~ Unit 12)

(请将答案写在答案卷上)

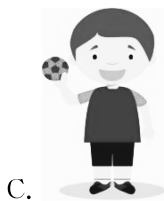
第 I 卷(选择题 共 45 分)

一、听力选择(共 15 小题,计 15 分)

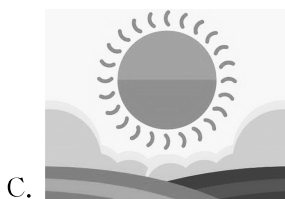
1. How did the girl come today?



2. What does Tom look like?



3. What's the weather like now?



4. When did Gina go to Australia?

A. This year.

B. Two years ago.

C. Twenty years ago.

5. Who were the photos taken by?

A. Karen.

B. Karen's father.

C. Karen's brother.

6. What is Maria like?

A. Shy.

B. Funny.

C. Outgoing.

7. Where are they talking probably?

A. In a shop.

B. In a hospital.

C. In a park.

8. When did the man get to the concert?

A. At 7:20.

B. At 7:30.

C. At 7:40.

(二)请听录音中两段较长的对话。每段对话后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出能回答所给问题的最佳答案。(每段对话读两遍)

听第一段较长的对话,完成第 9 至第 11 三个小题。

9. What did they do last Friday?

A. They played tennis.

B. They climbed the mountains.

C. They visited the Science Museum.

10. What's wrong with the man?

A. His leg is hurt.

B. His arm is hurt.

C. His foot is hurt.

11. What does the man think of the Science Museum?

A. It's quiet.

B. It's boring.

C. It's interesting.

听第二段较长的对话,完成第 12 至第 15 四个小题。

12. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

A. Buying gifts.

B. Booking tickets.

C. Touring the lake.

13. Where is Michael staying now?

A. A house near a lake.

B. Swan Lake Hotel.

C. Hong Kong Hotel.

14. What's Michael's phone number?

A. 187-8927-6676.

B. 187-8927-6776.

C. 178-8927-6676.

15. How much will the man pay in total?

A. 1200 yuan.

B. 2400 yuan.

C. 2420 yuan.

注意:请同学们翻到第 II 卷,找到第三大题,继续做听力填词题。

二、阅读理解(共 15 小题,计 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从每小题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出能回答所提问题的最佳答案。

A

Writers cafe shop 4 Qianmen street

PHONE: 63521212

OPEN: From 8 a. m. To midnight

CUISINE: friut, seafood, salad, sandwiches, vegetables, bread, beef and drink

PRICES: Breakfast \$ 4. 50— \$ 8. 90

Lunch \$ 6. 90— \$ 13. 90

ATTENTION(注意): Quiet except a Christmas tree with calling birds

CREDIT CARDS(信用卡): Yes

16. What is the advertisement(广告) about?

- A. Library. B. Restaurant. C. Park. D. School.

17. What can you have there?

- A. Noodles, fruit and salad. B. Fish, dumplings and bread.
C. Coffee, sandwiches and vegetables D. Bread, rice and beef.

18. How much will you pay for lunch?

- A. \$ 5. 80 B. \$ 15. 60 C. \$ 30. D. \$ 7. 00

B

Do you think there are ghosts in the world? More than 20 years ago, a student jumped from the top of the clock tower in the University of Birmingham. He did this only because he failed his final exam.

After his death, a superstition(迷信) began: Anyone who walks under the clock tower will have bad luck in his exam. Years later, students there still remembered the story of the tower. Although Birmingham is the second largest city in Britain, the university is green and quiet. The grass around the tower has been worn away(踩烂) by the feet of students who refused to pass under the tower.

The university had to pave(铺) extra paths, so students could walk to their classrooms without passing under the most terrible area. But, a top student in the university walked under the clock tower because he was lost in thought.

However, he got high marks in the exam the next day. Quickly students all knew about it. Then they realized that the most important thing is working hard.

19. Why did the students jump from the top of the tower?

- A. Because he saw a ghost there. B. Because he was very careless.
C. Because he didn't pass his final exam. D. Because there was no risk.

20. The grass around the tower has been worn away by the students who _____.

- A. think the grass is really beautiful and like to walk on it
B. think they will fail exams if they walk under the tower
C. believe anyone who walks under the tower will die
D. know there's a ghost in the tower and are afraid of it

21. What did the University do with the problem?

- A. It paved other roads for the students.
- B. It ordered students to walk under the tower.
- C. It moved the clock tower away at last.
- D. It didn't do anything for the students.

22. What's the writer's opinions in the passage?

- A. He thinks it's dangerous to risk walking under the clock tower.
- B. He doesn't believe the story is true.
- C. He thinks the story is interesting.
- D. Working hard is important to success.

C

“Volunteering makes you look at the world differently. You see how little things can change a person's life for the better, which makes everyone a better person.” Mason, a volunteer said.

National Volunteer Week started in 1974 and is held every April. It is a time to thank volunteers for their achievements. It is also a perfect opportunity(机会) to encourage others to take their first step toward becoming a volunteer. Making the decision to take the first step can be the biggest problem, because they often wonder if they will be able to meet the organization's expectations(期望). Not having enough time prevents some from sharing their abilities.

The following tips can help if you have some of these worries.

★ Start out slowly; don't add too much pressure. Even a few hours a month can make a big difference in someone's life.

★ Choose an organization with the same interests and common values.

★ Take part in a training meeting for new volunteers, even if it is not asked.

★ Work with a veteran volunteer. He volunteered a lot, he can help you increase the confidence and completely understand the organization's expectations.

★ Invite a friend or family member to serve. It is a good experience to volunteer with them.

★ Finally, it is most important to enjoy the volunteer experience and to remember that not all volunteer experiences are perfect. If one experience doesn't work, don't

give up and you'll surely find the right opportunity.

Spend some time on volunteer work and you will see great changes in people's lives. As Mason discovered during his volunteer experience, "...little things can change a person's life."

23. Volunteering can help _____.

- | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| A. make a decision | B. see the world clearly |
| C. thank other people | D. make person's life better |

24. What could be the reason to stop people taking the first step?

- A. They don't have enough time.
- B. They are prevented by their families.
- C. They fear that their abilities are shared.
- D. They don't expect to become volunteers.

25. The underlined word "veteran" in the passage means "_____".

- | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|----------|----------------|
| A. polite | B. humorous | C. young | D. experienced |
|-----------|-------------|----------|----------------|

26. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. To tell people to make changes in their lives.
- B. To encourage people to start their volunteering.
- C. How to make great achievements in volunteering.
- D. How to keep on volunteering whatever happened.

D

China is known as a state of manners and ceremony(礼节). Many proverbs have been passed down from generation to generation such as "Polite behavior costs nothing". For example, there is an interesting short story. Once upon a time, a man went on a long tour to visit his friend with a swan as a gift. But it escaped from the cage on the way. Though he tried hard, he got hold of nothing but a feather. Instead of returning home, he continued his journey with the swan feather. When his friend received this unexpected gift, he was deeply moved. And the saying "The gift is nothing much, but it's the thought that counts." spread far and wide.

Chinese used to cup one hand in the other before the chest as a greeting. This tradition has a history of more than 2,000 years and nowadays it is seldom used

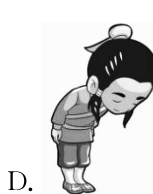
except in the Spring Festival. And shaking hands is more popular on some formal occasions. Bowing, as to show respect to the higher level, is often used by the lower like subordinates(下级), students and attendants. But at present Chinese youngsters prefer to simply nod as a greeting. To some degree, this development shows the ever-increasing paces of modern life.

It is common social practice to introduce the junior to the senior, or the familiar to the unfamiliar. When you start a talk with a stranger, the topics such as weather, food, or hobbies may be good choices to break the ice. For a man, a chat about current affairs, sports, stock, market or his job can usually go on smoothly. Similar to Western customs, you should be careful to ask a woman private questions. However, relaxing talks about her job or family life will never put you into danger. She is usually glad to offer you some advice on how to cook Chinese food or get used to local life. Things will be quite different. when you've gotten to know them. Though Chinese are said to be implicit(含蓄的), they are actually humorous enough to be pleased about the jokes of Americans.

27. The writer tells the story in the first paragraph in order to _____.

- A. make fun of the stupid person
- B. explain the meaning of a Chinese saying
- C. show Chinese like valuable gifts very much
- D. show Chinese value polite behavior greatly

28. Which picture shows the gesture mentioned at the beginning of paragraph 2?



29. In paragraph 2, the writer mainly wants to introduce _____.

- A. the traditional Chinese manners
- B. the ways of greeting in China now
- C. the development of Chinese culture
- D. the way the lower show respect to the higher

D. Chinese body language

8. When you ask for _____ (方向) on the road, you'd better add some polite words such as "Excuse me", "Could you please ...?"

五、语法填空(共 10 小题,计 10 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

A

Last night a friend took me to a concert of Chinese folk music. A piece of music was strangely beautiful and it especially moved me. It 1 (play) on the erhu and has a simple name, *Erquan Yingyue*. I 2 never 2 (hear) such a moving piece of music before. The *erhu* 3 (sound) so sad that I almost cried along with it as I listened. Later I looked up the history 4 *Erqua Yingyue*, and I began to understand the sadness in the music.

B

Most people have ambitions(理想). An ambition is something we want to do, want to be or want to have. A 5 (student) ambition, for example, might be to pass his or her exams and then get a good job. An athlete's(运动员)ambition could be to win an important competition. A businessman's ambition is usually to make a lot of money.

Not all ambitions are about success at work, however, some people just want to be good people, have a family 6 help others.

Ben's ambition is to be a sports writer. He writes sports reports for his class newspaper. He 7 (like) most sports, and swimming and football are his favorites. Mary's ambition is to be a concert pianist. She is very serious about it and practices every day with 8 (she) best friend Lily. It is very important to her.

Harry's ambition changes every day! One day he wants to be 9 artist. The next day he wants to be a pop singer. The next day he wants 10 (drive) a racing car. His mother would be happy if his ambition was to get up in time for school every day!

What's your ambition?

六、完形填空（共 7 小题，计 7 分）

阅读下面短文，从方框中选择适当的词语填空。方框中有两个词语为多余选项。

so hungry money time leaves tea hotel excited served

Mr. and Mrs. Harris had always spent their summer holidays in a small hotel at the seaside near their hometown. One year, however, Mr. Harris made a lot of 1 in his business, 2 they decided to go to a foreign country and stay at a really good hotel. They flew to Rome, and arrived at a 5—star 3 late in the evening. They thought they would have to go to bed 4 , because in that small hotel where they had been used to stay in the past, no meals were served after seven in the evening. They were surprised to be told that the hotel 5 dinner until ten.

“Then what are the times of meals?” asked Mrs. Harris.

“Well, madam, we serve breakfast from seven to eleven, lunch from twelve to three, 6 from four to five, and dinner from six to ten,”

“But that hardly 7 any time for us to see the city!” said Mrs. Harris.

七、阅读表达（共 5 小题，计 10 分）

阅读短文，根据要求完成文后的题目。

One day a lonely girl found two weak birds while she was walking in the woods (树林). She took them home and put them in a small cage. She fed them with love and the birds grew strong. Every morning they greeted her with a beautiful song. The girl loved them very much and wanted their singing to last forever.

One day the girl left the cage’s door open. The larger and stronger of the two birds flew out of the cage. The girl watched worriedly as it circled high above her. ① **She was afraid that the bird would fly away and she would never see it again.** So when it flew close, she grasped (抓) at it wildly. She was very happy that she held it tightly within her hand! Suddenly, she felt something had happened to the bird. She opened her hand and was surprised to find the bird was dead. Her love for the bird killed it.

She noticed the other bird jumping in the cage. She could feel that it wanted to be free. It hoped to fly into the clear, blue sky. She lifted it from the cage and flew it into the air. The bird circled once, twice, three times...

② When the bird was flying happily in the sky, she was so glad. Just then the bird flew closer and sat softly on her shoulder. It sang the sweetest song she had ever heard.

The fastest way to lose love is to hold it tight; the best way to keep love is to let it fly!

- 1. Why did the girl love the birds so much?
- 2. Which bird flew out of the cage one day?
- 3. 请把文中画线的句子①翻译成汉语。
- 4. 请把文中画线的句子②翻译成汉语。
- 5. 请给短文拟一个适当的英文题目。

八、写作(共 1 小题,计 15 分)

假如你是 Zhao Lei,你的加拿大朋友 Dave 来信向你了解学习汉语的方法。请根据下表要点提示用英语写一封回信。

Advice on Learning Chinese

1. Chinese class, study Chinese characters(汉字)

2. watch Chinese TV programs, read Chinese book, newspapers, magazines and so on

3. ...

4. ...

要求:

- 1. 回信必须包括表内要点,并另增加两条建议,使文章通顺、连贯。
- 2. 回信不得使用真实 的人名、校名;
- 3. 词数 80 左右,开头和结束已给出(不计词数)。