**睢县2020-2021学年度上学期初中英语九年级期末测试卷**

**一、听力理解 （20小题，每小题1分，共20分）**

**第一节**

**听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。**

**( )1. What should the woman do?**

**A. Go there on time. B. Go there earlier. C. Go there a little late.**

**( )2. Why is the man calling?**

**A. To take a message. B. To go out with Lisa. C. To ask about the job.**

**( )3. How did the boy get to school this morning?**

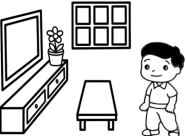
**A. By taxi. B. By bus. C. By car.**

**( )4. How old is the girl?**

**A. She is under 16. B. She is right 16. C. She is over 16.**

**( )5. What is the man going to do tomorrow?**

**A. B. C.**

** 8M1C 9Q13B**

**第二节**

**听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。**

**听下面一段对话，回答第6至第8三个小题。**

**( )6. W hen did John have a maths exam?**

**A. Last Wednesday. B. Last Thursday. C. Last Friday.**

**( )7. What was John afraid?**

**A. He may fail an exam. B. He may have an easy exam. C. He was not interested in maths.**

**( )8. What’s Sally’s advice for him?**

**A. Try to change the result. B. Try to pay more attention to the future study.**

**C. Try to pay more attention to the exam.**

**听下面一段对话，回答第9至第10两个小题。**

**( )9. What was Lily doing when Mike called her?**

**A. She was reading. B. She was listening to music. C. She was having a music class.**

**( )10. What kind of music does Lily like best?**

**A. Country music. B. Pop music. C. Electronic music.**

**听下面一段独白，回答第11至第13三个小题。**

**( )11. How long can Mike play computer games?**

**A. Half an hour. B. One hour. C. Two hours.**

**( )12. What does Mike enjoy doing?**

**A. Doing homework alone. B. Talking with his classmates.**

**C. Doing homework with his classmates.**

**( )13. How do you think of Mike’s parents?**

**A. They are strict. B. They are careless. C. They are unkind.**

**听下面一段对话，回答第14至第15两个小题。**

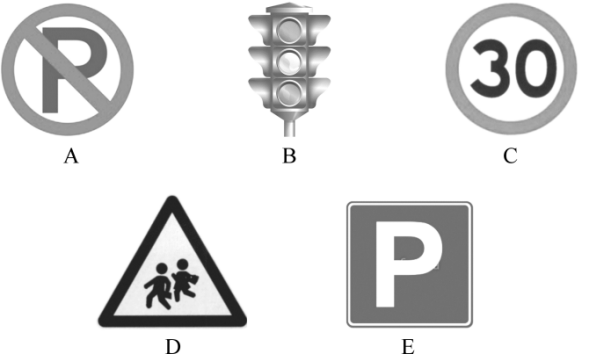
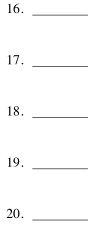
**( )14. When did the party start?**

**A. At 8:15. B. At 8:30. C. At 8:45.**

**( )15. Why was Mr Brown late for the party?**

**A. His car hit a bike. B. A bike hit his car. C. A car hit his bike.**

**第三节 听下面一篇短文。根据所听内容，将下面五幅图片按照所听内容的先后顺序排序。短文读两遍。**

** **

**二、阅读理解（20小题，每小题2分，共40分）阅读下面然后按文后要求做题。**

**A**

|  |
| --- |
| **APPS THAT HELP YOU LEARN**  **Many of you have stayed home and studied for almost a month because of the outbreak of the coronavirus. Apps are typical digital learning tools, which can give you various and personalized content to meet your needs. Want to find an app that can help you learn? Here are some great ideas for you!** |
| **figure Khan Academy**  **This app allows you to learn almost anything for free. It covers subjects such as math, physics, biology, and even computer science.**  **The real magic of Khan Academy is that you can learn at your own speed. You can review subjects that you are not good at, or start learning a subject, like geometry（几何）. The app is in English. If you want to see its translation, you can visit http://open.163.com/khan/.** |
| **figure BrainPOP**  **BrainPOP mixes learning and technology in a fun and simple way. It's free and teaches you something new in English every day. From the solar system to DNA, each topic starts with an interesting cartoon. After you've watched it, you can take a test to see how much you've learned.** |
| **figure TED**  **This free app is a great tool for those who are interested in public speaking. It has collected more than 700 talks from the world's most famous thinkers, leaders and artists. There's a short introduction for each talk so that you can get the main idea in advance. You can watch talks by subject, and download to watch offline.** |

**根据材料内容选择最佳答案。**

**( )21．The text is written for\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A．scientists B．actors C．drivers D．students**

**( )22．What do the three APPs have in common according to the passage?**

**A．Users can learn at their own speed. B．Users can download talks from them.**

**C．Users can use them for free. D．Users can take a test to see how much they've learned.**

**( )23．Among the three APPs, the best one for cartoon lovers is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A．Khan Academy B．BrainPOP C．TED D．All of the above**

**( )24．TED would attract those who\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.**

**A．learn math and physics B．show interest in public speeches**

**C．plan to trace back roots through a DNA test D．teach English online**

**( )25．Where can you probably find this text?**

**A．In a newspaper B．In a fashion magazine**

**C．In a movie poster D．In a science report**

**B**

**Our National Day falls on October 1. Before the special day, our reporter went to the streets of Beijing to interview some people.**

**The public has very different understanding of national pride（民族自豪感）. “ It means I love my country, my people and my work, and there is always a dream about China, ” a young man explained.**

**“I feel my country is always in my heart, and she’s always worried about and thinking of me no matter what happens,” Xiao Fei from Tianjin said.**

**When it comes to the question on how to show national pride, the answers are mostly around their lives.**

**“When we travel abroad, we need to take notice of our words and manners because they represent our country.”**

**“I like watching traditional Chinese movies, and sometimes visiting Chinese museums to learn more about China’s history and development progress.”**

**When do you have the strongest feeling of national pride? The answers just got warm and heart-touching. One woman named Liu Yan said, “I feel really excited every time I hear the national anthem（国歌）or see the five-star red flag rising.”**

**“I’m deeply touched every time I see our planes fly to other countries to protect our people and bring them home when they are in danger,” Mr. Zhang from Shenzhen said.**

**What’s your opinion about national pride? Please share with us by leaving your answers below.**

**根据材料内容选择最佳答案。**

**( )26．Where did the interview take place?**

**A．In Tianjin. B．In Beijing. C．In Shanghai. D．In Shenzhen**

**( )27．From Xiao Fei’s answer, we can learn that she can always feel the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from our country.**

**A．care B．stress C．trust D．fairness**

**( )28．What does the underlined word “represent” mean in Chinese?**

**A．宣传 B．关注 C．维护 D．代表**

**( )29．Which of the following moments（时刻）is exciting for Liu Yan?**

**A．Visiting a national art museum. B．Seeing different colorful flags flying.**

**C．Listening to the national anthem. D．Watching a traditional Chinese movie.**

**( )30．What’s the purpose of the street interview?**

**A．To call on more people to love our country. B.To find out the true meaning of national pride. C．To learn how people feel about national pride. D．To show how people celebrate National Day.**

**C**

**Many people like to travel by plane, but I don’t like it because an airport is usually far from the city. You have to get there early and wait for hours for the plane to take off(起飞)and it is often late. You can’t open the window. You can’t choose(选择)the food. Planes are fast, but it still takes(花费)hours to get out of the airport and into the city.**

**I like traveling by train. I think trains are safe. The stations are usually in the cities. When you can’t catch a train , you can catch another one. You can walk around in the train and open the windows. You can see many interesting things on your way. I know it takes a little more time.**

**I also like cars. You can start your journey(旅行) when you want to, and you don’t need to get to a train station or a bus stop. Also you can carry many things with you in a car. But sometimes there are too many cars on the road.**

**( )31．Why do many people like to travel by plane?**

**A．Because it is fast. B．Because you can walk around in the plane.**

**C．Because it is safe. D．Because you can carry many things in a plane.**

**( )32．Which is NOT the good thing about the train?**

**A．It is safe. B．It takes a little more time.**

**C．You can open the windows. D．You can see interesting things on your way.**

**( )33．If you want to take a lot of things with you, what do you take to go out?**

**A．A bus. B．A car. C．A train. D．A ship.**

**( )34．What is the bad thing about the car?**

**A．You needn’t go to a station. B．You can start your journey when you want to.**

**C．There are too many cars on the road. D．You can carry many things.**

**( )35．What does the writer think of the plane, the train and the car?**

**A．He likes to take a train because it takes a little more time**

**B．He likes to take a car because he has a car.**

**C．He doesn’t like traveling by plane just because he can’t choose the food on the plane.**

**D．He thinks it takes a lot of time to go to and get out of the airport.**

**D**

**In 1965, Singapore became an independent country. At that time, it had few friends and even fewer natural resources. How, then, did it become one of the world's greatest trading and financial centers? The strategy of Singapore was "to develop Singapore's only natural resource: its people".**

**Today, Singapore's education system is considered the best in the world. The country ranks at the top of PISA, a global test of 15-year-olds in math, reading and science. 36Singapore does similarly well in exams for younger children. The graduates of its best schools can be found in the world's top universities.**

**37The first lesson is that the country tries to look at the education system as a whole. It pays close attention to education research. All changes are tested carefully before being introduced to schools. Textbooks and worksheets are carefully developed. This helps set standards for teaching styles.**

**In addition, Singapore focuses on narrower but deeper lessons. It makes sure that every student progress through the syllabus. 38**

**Finally and most importantly, Singapore focuses on training excellent teachers. In Singapore, teachers get 100 hours of training a year to keep up to date with the latest techniques.39 Singapore accepts the need for larger classes. The country believes that it is better to have big classes taught by excellent teachers than smaller ones taught by inexperienced ones.**

**40It has its problems,too. However other countries can at least learn something from it. Education would be improved if more countries copied Singapore's homework.**

**根据材料内容，从下面五个选项中选出能填入文中空缺处的最佳选项，使文章意思通顺、内容完整。**

**A．The government pays them well.**

**B．Singaporean pupils are about three years ahead of American students in math.**

**C．Pupils who fall behind have extra lessons to help them keep up.**

**D．Singapore's education system is not perfect.**

**E.Singapore has much to teach the world.**

**36.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_37.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_38.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_39.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_40.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**三、完型填空(15小题，每小题1分，共15分）**

**I am a book lover. So my house is forever full of 41 . I have new ones, old ones, hard covers, paperbacks, 42 and non-stories. I have three boxes of books in my closet, two boxes of books on the floor of my bedroom, and a box of children’s books 43 for my future grandchildren. I have even more books 44 the two I wrote on my desk. I try to keep the books 45 building up by donating as many as I can to the local 46 , but as soon as I donate a few, I find myself buying a few more.**

**Books I read keep my mind young, and my heart 47 , and soul bright. They bring me knowledge, laughter, and joy. They connect me with the wisdom of the past and the new ideas of the 48 . They keep me moving on the right path as a journey through life.**

**I have learned that people are a lot like books as well. Some have bright and shiny covers 49 don’t have very much to say inside of them. Others look old and plain but so full of 50 and light that reading them can 51 your whole life. One difference between books and people, though, is that while a book has an ending, the writing inside of us 52 forever.**

**Take care when writing the book of your own life. Fill it with love for yourself, others and this world. Fill it with all the wisdom you have learned, goodness you have done, 53 you have shared, and joy you have 54 . Keep writing it every day, too. Make it everything you are and everything you want to be, and then 55 it to everyone. I know it will be a wonderful and fantastic book.**

**( )41．A．parents B．books C．lights D．tapes**

**( )42．A．music B．paintings C．stories D．radios**

**( )43．A．waiting B．caring C．looking D．working**

**( )44．A．holding B．leaving C．including D．breaking**

**( )45．A．to B．from C．in D．under**

**( )46．A．hospital B．museum C．company D．library**

**( )47．A．warm B．lost C．funny D．usual**

**( )48．A．problem B．people C．present D．progress**

**( )49．A．and B．but C．so D．however**

**( )50．A．wisdom B．energy C．wealth D．friends**

**( )51．A．waste B．record C．change D．produce**

**( )52．A．puts out B．goes on C．tells by D．gives up**

**( )53．A．loneliness B．business C．darkness D．kindness**

**( )54．A．spread B．bought C．affected D．cost**

**( )55．A．sell B．write C．send D．open**

**四、语篇填空（15小题，每小题1分，共15分）**

**第一节**

**阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺，意思完整。**

**每空限填一词，每词限用一次。**

|  |
| --- |
| **by long cause advice make shop practice last off up** |

**Do you want the weekend to56 longer? On April 11, the government of Nanjing worked out a plan to boost（促进）the local economy, The Paper reported. It suggested giving workers an extra half-day57 each Friday afternoon so people can spend more time 58 and traveling.**

**In fact, the 2.5-day weekend has also been 59 in some cities in Jiangxi, Zhejiang, Hubei and Gansu provinces. The move came after an economic downturn60 by the novel**

**coronavirus outbreak. According to the China Tourism Academy, domestic（国内的） tourist arrivals this year are estimated（估计）to drop 61 932 million compared to 2019 .A woman surnamed Zhu, who works in the financial industry in Nanjing, told Xinhua that she would prefer to travel if her company gave her a 2.5-day weekend. She could leave on Friday afternoon and stay in a hotel for one more night, 62 her trips easier to arrange.**

**But many others are doubtful about putting the policy into 63 .Some said they would need to work overtime to make 64 for the time lost on Friday. Some said the 65 weekend might put more pressure on companies and workers may face pay cuts, Economic Daily reported.**

**56.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_57.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_58.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_59.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_60.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**61.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_62.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_63.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_64.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_65.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**第二节**

**阅读短文，根据语篇要求填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词**

**People listen to music for different reasons and at different times. Sometimes it makes us happy and sometimes it makes us sad. Why is music important to many people 66 their life? Most people think it is relaxing to listen to music. Playing or listening to music can bring back old memories and feelings. It's a good way to help old people remember the days 67they were young.**

**I like listening to music in my free time. When I'm happy, I will listen to old, loud music. When I'm a little tired. I would like to listen to some soft music. When I'm sad, I will listen to some inspiring songs. Yesterday, I 68 do well in my English exam and I was very sad. I didn't know what to do, so I 69 to music. The English song *I Believe You* gave me a lot of hope. Meanwhile, I thought I also found a good way70 learn English well.**

**66. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 67. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 68. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 69. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 70. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**五、补全对话(5小题，每小题2分，共10分）**

**A: Hello, is it Mr. Rogers?**

**B: Yes, it is 71 ？**

**A: I'm from Shun Feng Express Company. I have your package. Are you at home?**

**B: No. Unfortunately,72 . Can you leave the package at my door?**

**A: 73 . Actually, this package needs your signature. Can I bring it to your office instead?**

**B: I'm quite busy at work now. I don't have time to leave my desk.**

**A: I see. 74 ?**

**B: Yes, that would be better. How about 6 o'clock tomorrow afternoon?**

**A: Sure, that's fine. See you at that time.**

**B: Great. 75 .**

**A: My pleasure.**

**六、书面表达**

**回想三年的英语学习历程，丰富多彩的英语课堂活动一定给你留下了许多深刻的印象。请你以“What should we do in English class？”为题写一篇英语短文，谈谈在英语课堂上学生应该怎样做，才能使英语学习更有效。**

**提示：**

**1. Listen to the teacher；2. Take part in activities；3. Be confident in ourselves.**

**要求： 1. 文稿须包括所有提示内容，可适当发挥；2. 文稿中不得出现真实的人名、校名和地名； 3. 词数：60～80个。**

**参考词汇：take notes，work in groups with …，not be afraid of …**

**题目：What should we do in English class?**

**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

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**参考答案**

**1-5 ACABC 6-10 CABBA 11-15 BCAAC 16-20 CBDEA**

**21-25DCBBA 26-30BADCC 31-35ABBCD 36-40BECAD**

**41-45BCACB 46-50DACBA 51-55CBDAD**

**56．last 57．off 58．shopping 59．advised 60．caused**

**61．by 62．making 63．practice 64．up 65．Longer**

**66．in 67．when 68．didn’t 69．listened 70．to**

**71．What can I do for you ?/ What's up?**

**72．I'm at work right now.**

**73．Sorry, I’m afraid not.**

**74．Well, can I bring the package tomorrow ?**

**75．Thank you so much!**

**What should we do in English class?**

**In English class, we should listen to the teacher carefully and take notes when necessary. Try to answer questions in English.**

**We should take part in all kinds of activities, like reading, writing, having discussions and playing games. We need to work in groups with our classmates to help each other and learn from each other.**

**It’s very important to be confident. Speak English loudly in front of the class and never be afraid of making mistakes. In this way, we can make much progress.**