**2020-2021学年度下期第一次月考**

**九年级英语试题**

（全卷共九个大题，满分150分，考试时间120分钟）

注意事项：

1.试题的答案书写在答题卡上，不得在试卷上直接作答。

2.作答前认真阅读答题卡上的注意事项。

3.考试结束，监考人员将试题卷和答题卡一并收回。

**第I卷（95分）**

**Ⅰ．听力测试。(共30分)**

**第一节(每小题1.5分,共9分)**

听一遍。根据你所听到的句子,从A、B、C三个选项中选出最恰当的答语,并把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

1. A. Thanks. B. You’re welcome. 学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ C. With pleasure.

2. A. 9:00. B. March 22nd . C. Friday.

3. A. By bike. B. By listening to tapes. C. By copying others’ homework.

4. A. Sorry, I won’t. B. Sure, I will. C. OK, I won’t.

5. A. She is cooking. B. She is a teacher. C. She is tall and thin.

6. A. Yes, I am Mary. B. No, she doesn’t. C. Hold on, please.

**第二节(每小题1.5分,共9分)**

听一遍。根据你所听到的对话和问题,从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

7. A. Fred’s. B. Tim’s. C. John’s.

8. A. Mobile phone. B. Computer. C. Bike.

9. A. Short and outgoing. B. Short and shy. C. Tall and outgoing.

10. A. In a classroom. B. In a library. C. In a bookstore.

11. A. Went to the cinema. B. Watched a game on TV. C. Watched a movie on TV.

12. A. A few weeks ago. B. A few months ago. C. A few years ago.

**第三节(每小题1.5分,共6分)**

听两遍。根据你所听到的长对话，从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

听第一段材料,回答第13和14小题。[来源:学#科#网]

13.Where is Frank now?

A. At home. B. At his grandma’s home. C. In Disneyland.

14.What are the two speakers doing according to the conversation?

A. They are cooking. B. They are communicating online. C. They are taking photos.

听第二段材料,回答第15和16小题。

15. Why is the man at the shop?

A. To buy a camera学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！. B. To repair a camera. C. To change a camera.

16. What color does the man want?

A. Pink. B. Black. C. Orange.

**第四节(每小题1.5分,共6分)**

听两遍。根据你所听到的短文内容,从A、B、C三个选项中选出正确答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

17. If you don’t stay in the car, you might become the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of a tiger or lion.

A.学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ friend B. food C. family

18. We must \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ during our trip.

A. feed the animals B. use a flash (闪光灯) C. keep our car windows closed

19. If you stop to listen, you can hear the beautiful sounds of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the animals B. the water C. A &B

20. The passage is about the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Chime long Safari Park (长隆野生动物园).

A. traffic rules B. safety rules C. school rules

**II. 单项选择。(每小题1分，共10分)**

从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

1. After Anna had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ unusual talk with her teacher, she felt cheerful and made up her mind to work very hard during the rest time of her junior life.

A. a B. an C. the D. \

22． — Look! The man in front of the bank be our math teacher, Mr. Brown.

— No, it be Mr. Brown. He is attending a meeting at school now.

A.must; mustn’t B. must; can’t C. can; mustn’t D. may; needn’t

23． — You look worried. You’d better your problem with others.

— Oh, yes. a problem is like cutting it in half.

A.share; Sharing B. sharing; To share C. to share; To share D. share; Shared

24． Well, it’ s time to for the train station. Our train will leave in an hour.

A. hand out B. give out C. help out D. set out

25. He his hometown for more than 10 years. And now he misses it very much.

A. has been away from B. has left C. left D. is away from

26．Our English teacher didn’t go to bed he finished his work last night.

A. if B.until C.since D. because．

27. He likes to sleep with the window , especially in hot summer.

A. opens B. opened C. is open D. open

28. To relax myself, I prefer sports rather than magazines.

A. playing; reading B. to play; to read C. play; read D. to play; read

29. — Can you go to the movies with me tonight?

— I have to ask my mum. If I , I will go with you.

A.allow B. allowed C. am allowed D. will be allowed

30． — Do you know ?

— Next Friday.

A. when will he come back B. when he came back

C. when he will come back D. how he will come back

**III. 完型填空。（每小题1.5分，共15分）**

根据短文内容，从A、B、C、D四个选项中选 出一个能填入相应空格内的最佳答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

The most positive(乐观的) person I have ever seen is my dad! He is so positive that I do not  31  hearing a single word from him which is related(相关的) to hopelessness!

Unlike most mums and dads, my dad never says things that make me feel  32  . He is always there to give me encouragement and help.  33 I do wrong things, he always tells me what’s right in a positive way. For example, if I am in 34, he often tells me to open the books he bought me. Then he asks me to read the  35  that can help me with the problems I’m facing. After that, we have a  36  together.

Even though I’m not always a good kid, my dad  37 shouts or gets angry with me. I know that he’s 38 a day —a day when I grow up and understand things in my life.

I can see the reason that he is so positive is because he believes in  39 . And he believes that whatever  40  , it is under control. So we have nothing to worry about. Be positive!

31. A. mind B. keep C. like D. remember

32. A. good B. bad C. rich D. poor

33. A. When B. Until C. Before D. Since

34. A. fear B. trouble C. surprise D. danger

35. A. titles B. orders C. stories D. questions

36. A. discussion B. practice C. meeting D. review

37. A. usually B. ever C. sometimes D. never

38. A. looking for B. worrying about C. waiting for D. thinking about

39. A. itself B. myself C. himself D. yourself

40. A. moves B. happens C. appears D. develops

**Ⅳ．阅读理解。(41-43 题，每小题1分，其余每小题2分,共35分)**

阅读下列材料,从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳答案，并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

**A**

Gina is an English school girl. She is very happy because her parents will take her to China for a visit. They are going to fly from London on June 30 and get to Beijing on July 1. They will stay at Lido Holiday Inn. Their Chinese friends will show them around Beijing. They are going to visit the Palace Museum, the Summer Palace, the Temple of Heaven and the Great Wall. They will also visit some Chinese homes and try some Chinese food. They will spend a week in Beijing and then go to Xi’an, Guilin and some other places for sightseeing.   
 The whole trip will take three weeks and she is sure she will have a great time in China学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！.

1. Gina is very happy because she will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_with her parents.

A. visit China B. go home C. watch TV D. play sports

42. From the text we can know that they will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in Beijing

A. cook Chinese food B. learn to speak Chinese  
C. try some Chinese food D. learn to speak Chongqing  Hua

43. The whole trip will take \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. one week B. two weeks C. three weeks D. one month

B

After-school clubs

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Battle(战斗) of the Books | Advisor(指导老师): Jody Phillips  Like to read? Come and team up to read the books on the reading list. A competition is held in the end. Each team should answer questions on the reading list books. The team that answers the most questions correctly wins the competition ! |
| Science Olympiad  (奥林匹克) | Advisor: Stephanie Pacquette  If you are a budding Einstein, or just love science, this club is for you! Students meet after school every Friday to work on special experiments and projects. |
| Anime(日本动漫) Club | Advisor: Katie Cunningham  The Anime Club is going to take you into the world of Japanese animation, showing you学科网(www.zxxk.com)--教育资源门户，提供试卷、教案、课件、论文、素材及各类教学资源下载，还有大量而丰富的教学相关资讯！ that “cartoons” are not just for little kids. Animes often have complex (复杂的) story lines and interesting characters that you will enjoy. |

44.Which club will have a competition?  
A. Battle of the books. B. Science Olympiad. C. Anime club. D. Chess club.

45. How often does the science club meet?  
A. Every day. B. Once a week. C. Twice a week. D. Five times a week.

46. If you want to know about Japanese cartoons, you can ask \_\_\_\_\_ for help.

A. Jody Philips. B. Stephanie Pacquette.  
C. Einstein. D. Katie Cunningham.

47. Which of the following is TRUE?  
A. Students will read books in groups in the book club.  
B. Students can read any book in the book club.

C. Students have to win a competition to join the science club

D. Japanese animes have simple story lines.

C

Having a lovely pet can unquestionably make one's home life better-and in fact,it can make a difference to pet owners professional lives as well. In fact, according to a new survey, people who have owned pets may be more professionally successful and this is good news for pet parents who want to be successful and powerful.

How exactly does pet ownership cause career ( 职业生涯) success？ The researchers surveyed 857 adults in the United States with different kinds of careers. Well, according to the research, some successful people reported that their pet helped teach them lessons like responsibility, creativity，empathy（同情心），discipline（纪律）and organization，which have all been valuable in the business world.

What about people who grew up without pets, but have adopted ( 领 养) pets as adults? Luckily for those, the survey showed that present pet ownership can also help with professional success.

According to the research, 86 percent of pet parents surveyed said owning pets help them stick to a normal order in their lives, better manage their time, and more tasks without wasting time or money, but even if you don't think your pet has directly helped you, your workmates’ knowledge that you have a pet may actually be beneficial for your career. In fact 80 percent of people surveyed said they feel more connected to workmates who are pet owners, and 79 percent of those surveyed believe that workmates who have pets are more hard-working.

1. In which part of a newspaper can you read the passage?

A. News. B. Advertisement. C. Letters D. Life &Fun.

49. Having a pet helps people according to the last paragraph.

A. run faster and exercise more B. better manage their time

C. have a balance diet D. sleep easily and well

50. What is the main idea of the passage?

A.People who have pets may be more successful.

B.People prefer to dogs rather than cats.

C.People who have pets may be happier.

D.People who do not have pets may be unlucky

51. What will the writer talk about if there is another paragraph?

A. The places to get a pet. B. An introduction to pets.

C. A successful example of a pet owner. D. Differences between dogs and cats

D

How can you change negative ( 极 其 负 面 的 ) thoughts? Many people suggest thinking of something bright and happy. However, scientists from Queen’s University in Canada said that there might be another way: by walking like a happy person.

“It is not surprising that our feeling affects how we walk, but we want to see whether the way we move also affects how we feel,” explained Nikolaus Troje, the lead scientist, to The Independent.

Scientists believe that the way we remember emotional ( 情 绪 的 ) messages is affected by our mood. Those who feel sad remember negative information far more easily than positive messages, especially when the information is about them.

In order to prove（证明）this, Troje and his team watched 47 people walking on the treadmill (跑步机) by cameras. Half of the people were encouraged to follow a **depressive** walking style, while the other half moved like a happy person. Walking speed was kept the same for both groups.

Meanwhile, the scientists read out a list of positive and negative words, asking people to decide whether or not each word described them well. Afterwards, people were asked to recall as many words as they could remember.

As expected, those who followed a depressed walk recalled more negative words than those that walk in a happy manner.

This shows that our walk influences the way we deal with information. And the scientists believe that using a happy walking style could help with treatment for depression.

52．Scientists from Queen’s University think that we can change negative thoughts by .

A. remembering emotional messages B. thinking about a happy person

C. walking like a happy person D. hanging out with friends

53. What does the underlined word **“depressive”** mean in Paragraph 4?

A. 快乐的 B. 快速的 C. 慢的 D. 抑郁的

54. What do we know about Troje’s test?

A.Scientists took photos of the walking styles of 47 people.

B. 47 people recalled all the words after walking.

C.47 people were asked to walk at different speeds.

D.Those who walked like a happy man recalled more positive words than those that followed a depressed walk.

55．According to the story, the scientists’ findings can help .

A. treat depressed patients B. improve one’s acting skills

C. deal with memory loss D. encourage people to exercise

E

Columbus was an Italian. He believed the world was round, though few people knew or believed it at that time. He thought if he always went west, he would at last get to India. His friend, Isabella, the queen of Spain gave him support which made it possible for him to start his journey.

On August 3, 1492, Columbus started from Spain with three small ships. He and his men stepped into what was then an unknown sea. Many thought that they would never come back. On and on they went with their ships, not knowing where they were going!

For a long time there was nothing but wide waters all around them. Day after day, and night after night passed by. The men who were with him became scared, and tried to force him to return. But Columbus was brave and would not turn back. At last, a land appeared.

When the people of the island saw Columbus’s ships, they were very surprised. They had never heard of Europe or the people who lived there. Columbus and his men filled their ships with fruits, vegetables, plants and animals. He even took some island people with him as he returned to Spain.

When the other countries of Europe heard of the great discovery of a new world, they wanted to share in its riches. So many things like bananas, sugar and cotton were brought into Europe from there. And these things changed Europe a lot.

The potato plant which was taken back to Europe also changed Europe. As it grew easily in Europe, it meant more food for the people there and so the population of Europe increase.

56. The men with Columbus tried to force him to return \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. after they saw the island

B. after they filled their ships with fruits

C. because they felt scared

D. because they took some island people

57. In the last paragraph, the writer mainly wants to tell us \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. people could grow potatoes easily in Europe

B. the population of Europe increased very fast

C. potatoes were of great importance to Europe

D. there were more foods to choose in Europe

58. We can infer（推断）that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. after Columbus returned, some Asian countries sent out ships to the new land

B. Columbus became very important in European history because of his discovery

C. when the people of the island saw the ships of Columbus, they were very surprised

D. Columbus took fruits, animals and even some island people with him as he returned

59. If we put the passage into three parts, which of the following is the best?

(① =Para.1（自然段）②＝Para.2 ③=Para.3 ④＝Para.4 ⑤=Para.5 ⑥＝Para.6）

A．①；②③④⑤；⑥ B．①②；③④；⑤⑥

C．①；②③④；⑤⑥ D．①②；③④⑤；⑥

**V: 口语应用。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）**

阅读下面对话，从方框内 7 个选项中选择 5 个恰当的句子完成此对话。

A: What are you doing?

B: 60

A: I have never heard about it before. What is it about?

B: It aims to help poor and homeless kids in different parts of the world.

A: What a great charity! 61

B: Of course. Everyone who wants to help others is welcomed.

A: Great! I also want to donate some money.

B: Really? 62

A: But I’m afraid I can’t donate too much. You know,I’m just a student and I don’t have much money. I can only donate 100 yuan.

B: 63 All poor and homeless kids will be thankful to you for your kindness.

A: I think I can put up some signs around the school.

B: That’s a good idea. 64

A: Let’s do it together.

|  |
| --- |
| A.That’s very kind of you.  B.But it’s boring to do it.  C.We are raising money for “Helping Future Project”.  D.Can you give me some suggestions?  E.A kind heart is more important than money.  F.Then more students and teachers will know it and join us.  G.Can I join you? |

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 61. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 62. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 63. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 64. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**第Ⅱ卷（共55分）**

**Ⅵ．任务型阅读。（65-67题，每小题2分，68小题3分，共9分）**

阅读下文并回答问题。

Playing is serious business for children. In fact, it's what they do best! Ask them why they do it, and kids will probably say, "Because it's fun! “ But it's much more than that. It's also good for them.

Studies show that from birth babies begin learning through play. They use their five senses to get to know their new world. Touching allows them to discover how different things feel. Brightly colored toys and clothing help develop a baby’s sense of sight.(视觉）

When small children choose which toy to play with, they begin developing their abilities in making decisions. Children love toys that allow them to use their imagination. Sometimes an empty box is more fun than a high-tech toy. That's because a box can become anything a child imagines it to be. Crayons, paints and Play-doh（彩色塑泥）are also good because they allow children to create. Traditional building blocks teach important pre-math skills like problem-solving.

Playing doesn't become any less important once children start school. Many valuable(有价值的) lessons about life are learned on the school playground. Kids learn how to communicate, learn from others and keep themselves safe when playing.

65.Do new-born children get to know their world through their five senses?

66.When do the children begin developing their abilities in making decisions?

67.What abilities can children who start school get when they are playing？

68.Do you think playing is important for middle school students? Why or why not?

.

**VII. 完成句子。（每空1分，共10分）**

根据所给提示，完成句子。每空一词，含缩略词。

69. Tom did the shopping for his family yesterday.(改为否定句)

Tom \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_the shopping for his family yesterday.

70. He will take the math test in two hours．（对画线部分提问）

will he take the math test?

71 .The box is so heavy that I can’t move it away.（改为同义句）

The box isn’t for me to move away.

72.我父母经常提醒我要努力学习。（完成译句）

My parents often me study hard.

73.他们齐心协力，很快完成了工作。（完成译句）

They and finished the work.

**VIII.短文填空。（每空2分，共16分）**

根据下面短文内容，在短文的空格处填上一个恰当的词，使短文完整，通顺。

Nowadays students are under great pressure. Keeping happy can help study better. Good habits can bring us 74 and help us to achieve our goals. So they are beneficial to our achievements.

However, positive habits are hard to develop. People fail and 75 mistakes when making changes and trying new things. They will probably not succeed the first time they do it. That's just life and 76 to feel upset about. What you are supposed to do next is trying 77 , and developing the positive habits gradually. Here are three little habits that can make a big difference in your life.

78 to be healthy. How you take care of yourself will make a difference in the quality(质量)of your life. The small habits of caring 79 your body and spirit will give you the energy to achieve your goals and increase your health and happiness.

Don't forget to forgive( 原 谅 )others. Forgiving takes you one step 80 to your happiness. Make a habit of not holding hatred(仇恨). It does nothing but hurts your own happiness and success. Forgiving yourself doesn't mean you are a loser. Instead, you will be more likely to get relief and success.

Encourage yourself to be curious( 好 奇 ). There is always something valuable to learn in life 81 we stop learning. And as long as you follow your heart and your curiosity,you won't miss out on learning. The habit of being curious means you will always benefit from life.

So why not have these habits to stay happy?

**IX.书面表达（20分）**

我市以创建“绿色城市”。请你以“**Let’s build a green city together**！”为题，结合表格内容写一篇文章，谈谈一些可行的做法及理由。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 方 式 | 益 处 |
| 1．骑车或徒步出行 | 避免交通拥堵，减少空气污染 |
| 2．不乱扔垃圾,不随地吐痰 | 让城市变得干净舒适 |
| 1. 植树造林 | 美化城市，保护环境 |
| ... | ... |

写作要求：1．文章在 80—120 词左右。文章开头已给出、不计入总词数之内；

1. 文中不得出现真实姓名与班级。

参考词汇：spit 吐痰，dustbin 垃圾箱，traffic jams 交通堵塞，

**Let’s build a green city together！**

As middle school students, it’s our duty to help build a green city.