2021年浙江英语中考模拟试卷(三)

一、听力(本题有15小题，第一部分每小题1分，第二、三部分每小题2分，共计25分)

第一部分　听小对话，回答问题

本部分共有5道小题，每小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话只听一遍。

(　　)1.Which method does Jack prefer?

A．Learning on his own.

B．Working in a group.

C．Studying with teachers' help.

(　　)2.What is the girl's grandpa like?

A．Humorous. B．Brave.

C．Strict.

(　　)3.How does the woman encourage her children to read?

A．By giving them prizes.

B．By reading along with them.

C．By letting them read by themselves.

(　　)4.What has Jason forgotten?

A．His books. B．His wallet.

C．His glasses.

(　　)5.What can people do in the building now?

A．Buy some things. B．Read some books.

C．See a film.

第二部分　听较长对话，回答问题

本部分共有5道小题，你将听到两段较长对话，每段对话听两遍。

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第6～7两小题。

(　　)6.What day is it today?

A．Tuesday. B．Wednesday.

C．Thursday.

(　　)7.How many things do they need to make mooncakes?

A．3. B．4.

C．5.

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第8～10三小题。

(　　)8.How is the man getting to the museum?

A．On foot. B．By car.

C．By bus.

(　　)9.What can the man see after turning right at the third crossing?

A．A road sign. B．A museum.

C．A police office.

(　　)10.What does the woman advise the man to do?

A．Call the policeman.

B．Park his car in a free place.

C．Move his car right now.

第三部分　听短文，回答问题

本部分共有5道小题，你将听到一篇短文，短文听两遍。

(　　)11.When did Li Ming go to Canada?

A．Last spring. B．Last summer.

C．Last autumn.

(　　)12.How long did Li Ming stay there?

A．Four weeks. B．Four months.

C．Four years.

(　　)13.Why did Li Ming stay with a local family?

A．To make more friends.

B．To make his English better.

C．To learn more about Canadian culture and people.

(　　)14.How did Li Ming feel at the beginning there?

A．Shy. B．Unhappy.

C．Comfortable.

(　　)15.What did Li Ming do to remember his host family?

A．He cooked a meal for them.

B．He took photos with them.

C．He had a long talk with them.

二、完形填空(本题有15小题，每小题1分，共计15分)

阅读下面短文，掌握大意，然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。



Wishing to encourage her young son's progress on the piano，a mother took her boy to a pianist's concert on a summer holiday evening.After they found their \_\_16\_\_，the mother saw two friends in the hall and walked to \_\_17\_\_ them.

It was the boy's first time to come to the hall.He thought it was a good \_\_18\_\_ for him to explore the wonders of the concert hall.He \_\_19\_\_ and walked around.He walked \_\_20\_\_ a door marked “NO ADMITTANCE(禁止入内)”．

When the hall lights dimmed(变暗)，the \_\_21\_\_ would begin.The mother returned to her seat and discovered that her son was \_\_22\_\_.The mother was \_\_23\_\_ worried at the moment that tears(眼泪)were in her eyes.

The concert began，and the lights focused on(聚焦于)the wonderful piano on the stage.The mother was \_\_24\_\_ to see her little boy sitting at the keyboard，playing the song *Twinkle*，*Twinkle* *Little* *Star* \_\_25\_\_ he did at home.

At that moment，the great pianist came，quickly moved to the piano and whispered in the boy's ear，“Don't \_\_26\_\_.Keep playing.” He leaned over(俯身)and began filling in a bass part(低音)with his left \_\_27\_\_，and then added a running obbligato(伴奏)with his right hand.They played the piano together \_\_28\_\_.The old pianist and the young novice(初学者)changed a frightening situation into a wonderful creative experience.The audience(观众)stood up and \_\_29\_\_ them.

An artist's achievements and charm depend on not only his perfect skills，\_\_30\_\_ his good qualities.

(　　)16.A.desks B．stage C．seats D．piano

(　　)17.A.greet B．feed C．notice D．search

(　　)18.A.use B．chance C．season D．culture

(　　)19.A.flew B．sat C．fell D．rose

(　　)20.A.through B．across C．above D．over

(　　)21.A.film B．concert C．conversation D．meeting

(　　)22.A.sleepy B．missing C．tired D．excited

(　　)23.A.so B．very C．much D．such

(　　)24.A.serious B．sad C．patient D．surprised

(　　)25.A.when B．if C．as D．before

(　　)26.A.hurry B．perform C．stop D．cry

(　　)27.A.hand B．shoulder C．foot D．leg

(　　)28.A.badly B．carelessly C．terribly D．happily

(　　)29.A.fought with B．laughed at C．shouted at D．cheered for

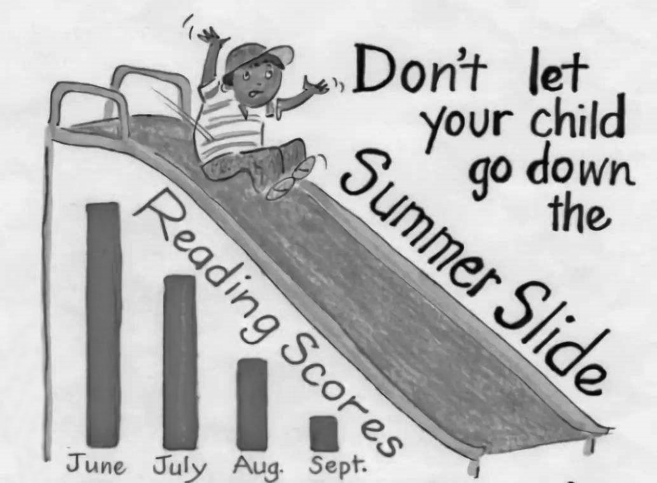
(　　)30.A.or B．but C. so D. if

三、阅读理解(本题有15小题，每小题2分，共计30分)

A

Help students improve their reading skills at

SUMMER READING CAMP



Have you heard of the “summer slide”？Unfortunately，it's not the fun kind of slide you'll find in a water park or playground.This slide is different.It's a slide that no mom wants her child to ride.

Many studies show that kids who don't read during summer vacation actually slip in reading ability by the time autumn term starts.

☆Stop the “Summer Slide”！

Students who don't read during the summer vacation can lose more than two months of learning by the time they return to school.

☆Good news!

96% of the students that attended the summer reading camp in 2020 did not experience the “Summer Slide”！

Who: Must be over 5 years old by July 15th.

When: July 15th－August 10th　　9：00 a．m.－12：00 p．m.or 1：00 p．m.－4：00 p．m.

Where: At the culture center of Sunshine Town Library.

Price: $50 for a child，$75 for two children，$100 for three or more children

 Including field trips，meals，a T­shirt and other activities.

Tel: Call 905－0095 to sign up!

(　　)31.The summer reading camp begins on \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．July 10th B．July 15th

C．August 10th D．August 15th

(　　)32.If John and his sister join the summer camp together，they will spend \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．$25 B．$50

C．$75 D．$100

(　　)33.If someone experienced the “summer slide” in reading，it means “\_\_\_\_\_\_” during the summer vacation.

A．he had trouble in his reading skills

B．he didn't read carefully

C．he had much fun reading

D．he didn't spend time reading

B

I was filled with doubts and worries until my grandfather told me to stand tall.

For me，height was my trouble.I was much taller than other girls，so I often bent(弯曲)my body at the back of the line.I always felt unsafe as the tallest student of my class in Bala Cynwyd.And I wasn't looking forward to entering the ninth grade.

My grandfather didn't laugh at me.Instead，whenever I tried to bend myself in order to appear shorter，he would tell me，“Stand straight and tall，Alisa.” I trusted my grandfather more than anyone else in my childhood.And whenever I was afraid of something，he always told me stories of his life.

My grandfather grew up in war­torn (战乱的) Europe.“Stand\_\_straight，stand\_\_tall” meant something else then.After the war，he went to America.He lived a hard life.“If they could do it，why couldn't I？” “Stand straight，stand tall，” he often reminded himself.Thanks to the help of a friend，my grandfather got a job.He once told me that he was very nervous at first.He was not only trying to learn this hard new job but also a new language.

“Stand straight，stand tall，” he would always tell himself.I am so proud of my grandfather.After listening to my grandfather's unusual experiences，I have changed the way I look at my own life.

“Stand straight，stand tall” has become not only a piece of advice to improve my posture(姿势)．It also tells me to be proud of who I am.

And I do.

(　　)34.Alisa often bent her body because \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．she lived a hard life

B．she was much taller than other girls

C．she always stood at the back of the line

D．she didn't want to enter the 9th grade

(　　)35.What did Alisa's grandfather do with her trouble?

A．He laughed at her.

B．He asked her to bend her body.

C．He told her to stand straight and tall.

D．He advised her to stay away.

(　　)36.“Stand\_\_straight，stand\_\_tall” means “\_\_\_\_\_\_” in the passage.

A．making yourself look tall

B．taking care of yourself

C．being proud of yourself

D．reminding yourself

(　　)37.What's the best title for the passage?

A．Stand Straight，Stand Tall

B．My Grandfather's Life Stories

C．My Colorful Experiences

D．The Help from a Friend

C

There is a popular belief that goldfish only have a three­second memory.But a 15­year­old schoolboy from Adelaide has just finished an experiment to tell us that it is not true.He shows everybody that the goldfish is smarter than we think.

“I don't believe that they have a three­second memory because animals need their memories，so they build up over time a knowledge of where the food is，” said Rory Stokes，a student at the Australian Science and Mathematics School.

He did the experiment in a small tank(鱼缸)of goldfish.“I decided to get a bit of red logo and just feed them next to that.Every day，I'd put it in and spread food around it，” he said.

“At first，they were a bit scared of it，but by the end of the three weeks，they were actually almost coming before I put the food in.”

After leaving the fish alone for a week，Rory placed the red logo block in the tank again.

“They remembered perfectly well，” he said.

“They actually had a time faster than the average(平均)of the three feeds before I left.”

The goldfish showed that they not only could store information，but also had the ability to get it back at a later date.



Culum Brown，a researcher at Sydney's Macquarie University，has studied fish behavior for more than ten years.

He says his studies of Australian native fish show fish are smart animals that know how to avoid enemies and catch food like any other animal.

“The thing that I really liked about Rory's experiment is that he not only got that classical conditioning going but the fact that he could get them next just to that specific colored marker.I thought it was really good，” he said.

(　　)38.Rory put a red logo in the tank to \_\_\_\_\_\_．

A．connect food with the color

B．make the tank nicer to look at

C．feed the fish at the same place

D．give the fish something to play with

(　　)39.What's the right order of Rory's experiment?

a．find a tank of goldfish

b．feed the fish next to the logo

c．leave the goldfish alone for a week

d．take out the logo

e．put a red logo into the tank

f．put the logo back into the tank

A．adbecf B．aebdcf

C．dabefc D．adebcf

(　　)40.What do the last three paragraphs tell us?

A．Fish are the cleverest animals in Australia.

B．Rory's experiment failed to meet the scientific standard.

C．Many scientists had already done the experiment before.

D．Rory's research was praised by experienced experts.

(　　)41.What can we learn from the passage?

A．Fish can become smarter with the help of red color.

B．Scientists should learn from middle school students.

C．What everybody believes is not necessarily true.

D．Young people are generally smarter than old ones.

D

Imagine you are a bird，flying high in the air across China.You must be amazed by the breathtaking beauty of the view.Now a documentary series gives you the chance to view our country in a special way.

*Aerial* *China* (《航拍中国》) directed by China Central Television，is now hugely popular.The series has released six parts，each showing a different place，including Heilongjiang，Hainan，Xinjiang，Shanxi，Shanghai and Jiangxi.The show scored 9.4 points out of 10 on Douban，China's top TV and film fan website，to make it one of the site's top rating documentaries.

Thanks to the filming team's time up in the air，the show has given the audiences many amazing scenes.For example，around the Xisha Islands in the South China Sea lies the world's biggest ocean blue hole.It is about 300 meters deep.Seen from above，it's a circle of a very different shade of blue.This earns it the name of the “Eye of the South China Sea”．

A small town named Teles in Xinjiang is another place that may surprise you when viewing it from the air.It is in the shape of Eight Diagrams(八卦图)．Four ring roads and eight main ones radiate(放射)out from the center together from the special design.

“Some scenes cannot be imagined while on land，” Yu Le，the director of the series，told *China* *Daily*.“Even the most familiar things look different from a height.We wanted to show how beautiful this familiar country is.”

The first six episodes are just the first step in the plan of *Aerial* *China*，said the show's production manager Liang Dong.The series will cover all 34 province­level areas in China in the next five to six years.Liang is very confident about the success of the series，thanks to China's beauty.“In China，the differences between one province and another are clear when seen from the air.The audiences will never be bored，” he said.

(　　)42.How many scenes did the writer describe in the passage?

A．Six. B．Five.

C．Three. D．Two.

(　　)43.Which place earns the name of the “Eye of the South China Sea”？

A．Xisha Islands.

B．The ocean blue hole.

C．South China Sea.

D．Teles.

(　　)44.Why did the director say “Some scenes cannot be imagined while on land”？

A．Because things may look different from a height.

B．Because he wanted to show how beautiful this familiar country is.

C．Because some scenes are not as beautiful as they look.

D．Because the country is not beautiful.

(　　)45.Which of the following is RIGHT according to the passage?

A．You can't view our country in a special way from *Aerial* *China*.

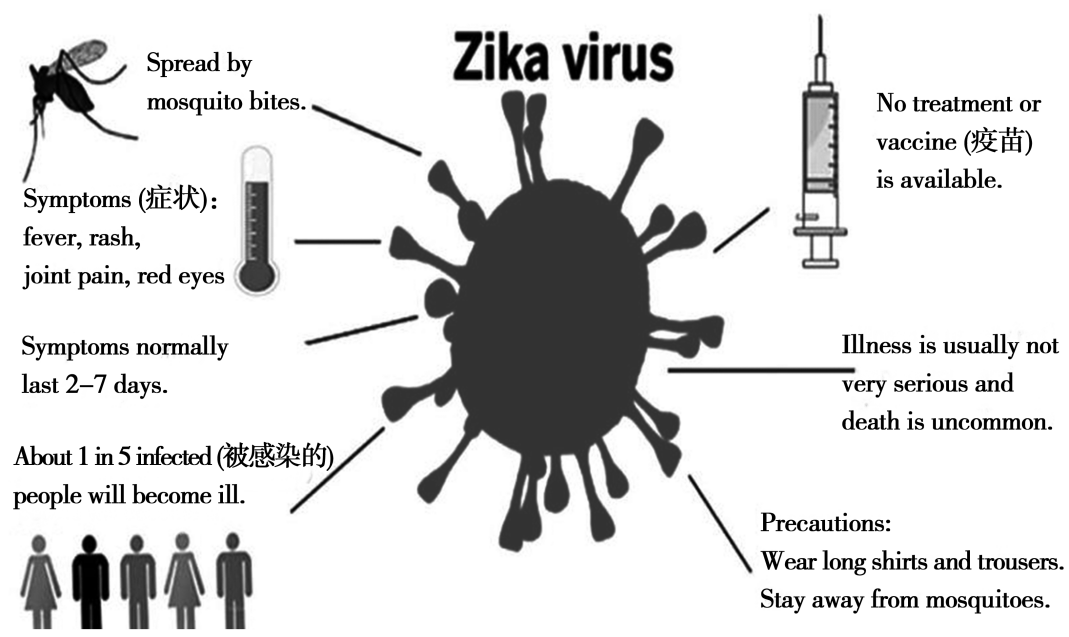
B．*Aerial* *China* is a very popular documentary nowadays.

C．The first six parts cover 34 province­level areas in China.

D．Some audiences may feel bored about the documentary series.

四、任务型阅读(本题有5小题，每小题1分，共计5分)

下面是一则关于塞卡病毒(Zika virus)的图解，请阅读并补全介绍该病毒的短文。每空不超过3词。



The Zika virus is mainly spread by mosquito bites.About 1 in 5 infected people will become ill.That means if 500 people get the virus，about 46.　　　　　 people will probably get sick.The symptoms include 47. 　　　　　，rash，joint pain and red eyes.It will last for several days，up to 48. 　　　　　 days.Once you have the illness，there is no treatment or vaccine.But thankfully the illness is not very serious and it won't cause much 49. 　　　　　.The best and simplest way to slow the spread of the virus is to wear long shirts and 50. 　　　　　 and avoid from being bitten by mosquitoes.

五、词汇运用(本题有15小题，每小题1分，共计15分)

A．用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空，每词仅用一次(每空一词)。

50．Lily likes many kinds of fruits，including　　　　　 and lemons.

51．Walk　　　　　 the street，and you will see the museum on the left.

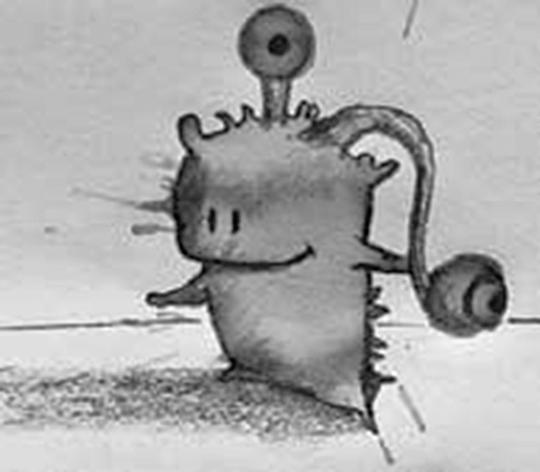
52．The corn \_\_　　　　　 well because of plenty of rain this summer.

53．Astronauts \_　　　　　\_\_ feel lonely in space because they can't see other people there.

54．I \_　　　　　\_ those gentlemen's names，but I was still grateful to them.

B．根据短文内容和所给中文提示，在空白处写出单词的正确形式。每空限填一词。

When Coffee Hits Paper

What would you do if you spilled(使洒出)your coffee on your desk？Many of us would 55.\_\_ 　　　　　\_(很快地)begin to clean up the desk and never regret it probably.But a 56.\_\_ 　　　　　\_\_(德国的)artist Stefan Kuhnigk，however，thinks differently.He has used coffee stains(咖啡渍)to create his world of art madly.

It all started in 2011.One day，Kuhnigk accidentally spilled his coffee on a piece of paper.Instead of 57.\_\_ 　　　　　\_\_(扔)the paper away，he looked at the coffee stain for a while.The stain seemed 58.\_\_ 　　　　　\_\_(痛苦的)to look back at him.The artist picked up his pen and started to draw.About 59.\_\_ 　　　　　\_(三十)minutes later，his first coffee monster was born.

Since then，Kuhnigk has never put his pen down.Over the last nine years，he has

60.\_\_ 　　　　　\_\_(画)more than 500 monsters.Some of them are lovely.Some have sharp 61.\_\_ 　　　　　\_\_(牙齿)and look awful.Kuhnigk also 62.\_ 　　\_\_(想像)a short story for each of his monsters.Many people like Kuhnigk's funny creations.They say the monsters and their stories always make them laugh.

So the next time you spill your coffee or something 63.\_\_ 　　　　　\_\_(别的)，don't immediately clean it up.It's your 64.\_\_ 　　　　　\_\_(机会)to be an artist，too!

六、语法填空(本题有10小题，每小题1分，共计10分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的词，或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Do you use emojis？If you use a smartphone，the answer is 66.\_\_　\_\_(probable)yes.Emojis are a kind of visual (视觉的) language.They can express ideas and feelings.Are you hungry？Let your friends know by 67.\_\_　\_\_(send)them food emojis，like rice or pizza.

People use emojis a lot.One of the 68.　　　 (popular)emojis is the face with tears of joy.It has been used more than 1.8 billion times on Twitter.

Emojis are modern，69.\_ 　　　\_ the idea is old.History shows that we've used symbols as language for about 5，000 years.One of the oldest 70.\_　　\_\_(example)of visual language is Egyptian hieroglyphs(象形文字)．Ancient Egyptians 71.\_\_\_(begin)using language symbols around 3250B．C.，according to John Darnell.He is 72.\_\_ 　　　\_\_ expert from Yale University.

73．\_\_　　　\_ invented emojis？In 1999，the Japanese company NTT Docomo took a heart picture off from its mobile system.74.\_\_ 　　　\_ a result，it lost many customers.So Shigetaka Kurita，a designer(设计师)，put the heart back.And he made 175 more pictures.He called 75.\_\_ 　　　\_\_(they)emojis，the Japanese word for picture characters.

Some people still do not see emojis as a language，but they do improve our communication.　Don't you think so?

七、书面表达(本题有1小题，共计20分)

76．在一次中德两国的交流活动中，组织者进行了主题为“将来你是选择普通高中(ordinary high school)还是职业高中(vocational high school)？”的调查，请你根据表中的调查结果，写一篇调查报告，并谈谈你自己的选择和具体想法。

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Choice | Percent(%) | Reasons |
| German students | Vocational high school | 70 | 1)learn useful skills  2)easy to get a favorite job |
| Chinese students | Ordinary high school | 80 | 1)go to a favorite university  2)work for the government |

注意：(1)短文必须包括表格所给信息，可适当发挥；

(2)文中不得出现真实的人名和校名；

(3)词数：80－100(开头已给出，不计入总词数)。

Will you go to an ordinary high school or a vocational high school for your further education？A survey has been done among students from Germany and China.Here are the results.

听力材料及参考答案

【听力材料】

第一部分　听小对话，回答问题

本部分共有5道小题，每小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话只听一遍。

1．W: Which method do you prefer，Jack?

M: I like working in a group，because we can help each other.

2．W: Dad，I love my grandpa.He has a good sense of humor.He always makes me laugh.

M: Yes，he is like that.We all love him.

3．W: I found a way to encourage my children to read.

M: Oh，really？Tell me about it.

W: I read along with them and they love reading every day.

4．W: Are you leaving for school now？Aren't you forgetting something，Jason?

M: I don't think so.I've got my books，my wallet，my mobile phone.

W: Your eyes.

M: Oh，no.Pass me my glasses，Mom.

5．M: The building used to be a shop，didn't it?

W: Yes.But it's used as a library now.

第二部分　听较长对话，回答问题

本部分共有5道小题，你将听到两段较长对话，每段对话听两遍。

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第6～7两小题。

W: Would you like to have dinner with us the day after tomorrow?

M: Thank you for your invitation.But why?

W: The Mid­Autumn Festival is coming this Thursday.We can have dinner together at that time.

M: I know，it is your traditional festival in autumn，just like our Thanksgiving.We celebrate Thanksgiving by having a big meal with a turkey.What about you？Will you eat *jiaozi?*

W: No，we eat *jiaozi* during the Spring Festival.For the Mid­Autumn Festival，we eat mooncakes.They are in the shape of the moon.We usually mix corn，nuts，fruit and together with eggs to make mooncakes.They are so delicious.

M: Really？I can't wait!

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第8～10三小题。

M: Excuse me.Could you tell me how to get to the Palace Museum?

W: You can take Bus No.5.The driver will tell you where to get off.

M: Yes，but I'm driving my own car.

W: Oh，you drive along this street，turn right at the third crossing of the road，and then you see a road sign that says “Palace Museum”，and then you follow the sign.It will direct you to the Palace Museum.

M: Drive along this street，turn right，and then I'll see the road sign?

W: That's right.But I don't see any cars around here.Where's your car?

M: I parked it over there.You see?

W: Oh, no.You'd better move it before a policeman sees you parking there.You're parking in a place for buses.

第三部分　听短文，回答问题

本部分共有5道小题，你将听到一篇短文，短文听两遍。

Last summer，Li Ming，a high school student from Ningbo，went to Canada to have a 4­week language learning.To learn more about Canadian culture and people，he stayed with a local family.

At first，Li Ming was shy and quiet.He didn't know much about Canadian culture，and he was afraid of doing something to make his host family unhappy.So he didn't speak very much.During meals，he watched what other people did.He could have nice conversations with his host family.And his English got much better.Before he left Canada，he took some photos with his host family to help him remember the nice experience.

一、听力答案 BABCB ABBAC BACAB

二、完形　　ＣＡＢＤＡ　　　ＢＢＡＤＣ　　　ＣＡＤＤＢ

三、阅读　　BCD BCCA ＡＢＤＣ　　　ＤＢＡＢ

四、任务型阅读　fever 100/one　hundred 　seven/7　 death trousers

五、词汇运用

strawberries　　along　　grows　　sometimes　　forgot

Quickly　　German　　throwing　　painful　　thirty

drawn　　teeth　　imagines　　else　　chance

六、语法填空

probably sending most popular but examples

began an Who As them

七、书面表达

Will you go to an ordinary high school or a vocational high school for your further education？A survey has been done among students from Germany and China.Here are the results.

70% of German students would like to choose vocational high schools for further study.They think they can learn useful skills in vocational high schools so that they can get their favorite jobs after they graduate.In comparison，most Chinese students prefer to go to ordinary high schools.In their opinion，going to a favorite university and working for the government after graduation is what they have been dreaming of.

As for me，I will choose a vocational high schools because I can choose a school according to my interests and I can be trained in job­specific skills which are helpful to my future work.