

# 英语试卷

## 温馨提示

1. 本试卷共四部分，十大题，满分120分，考试时间为120分钟。
2. 全卷包括“试题卷”和“答题卷”两部分。
3. 请务必在“答题卷”上答题，在“试题卷”上答题是无效的。
4. 考试结束后，请将“试题卷”和“答题卷”一并交回。

## 第一部分 听力 (共四大题，满分20分)

### I. 短对话理解 (共5小题：每小题1分，满分5分)

你将听到五段对话，每段对话后有一个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

1. What would Tina like to do for the weekend?



A.



B.



C.

2. How was the weather last night?



A.



B.



C.

3. Where is the girl probably going tomorrow?

A. To the science museum.

B. To the library.

C. To the bookstore.

4. What is Mary doing now?

A. She's sleeping.

B. She's watching TV.

C. She's listening to music.

5. What time is it now?

A. 9:30.

B. 10:30.

C. 11:30.

### II. 长对话理解 (共5小题：每小题1分，满分5分)

你将听到两段对话，每段对话后有几个小题。请在每小题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段材料，回答第6-7小题。

6. What's wrong with the boy?

A. He has a fever.

B. He has a headache.

C. He has a backache.

7. What is probable relationship between the two speakers?

A. Teacher and student.

B. Mother and son.

C. Doctor and patient.

听下面一段材料，回答第8-10小题。

8. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. At a train station.

B. At an airport.

C. At a bus stop.

9. Why did the man come to China?

A. To attend a meeting.

B. To visit some friends.

C. To take a short tour.

10. What does the woman think of staying in China?

A. Valuable.

B. Wonderful.

C. Exciting.



### III. 短文理解 (共 5 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到一篇短文, 短文后有五个小题。请根据短文内容, 在每小题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出一个最佳选项。短文读两遍。

11. How old is Peter now?  
A. 18. B. 20. C. 22.
12. What day doesn't Peter need to work?  
A. On Sundays. B. On Saturdays. C. On Mondays.
13. How does Peter feel about working in bad weather?  
A. He likes it. B. He hates it. C. He doesn't mind it.
14. What animals does Peter like best?  
A. Zebras. B. Pandas. C. Monkeys.
15. How long did Peter stay in Africa last year?  
A. For about a week. B. For about a month. C. For about a year.

### IV. 信息转换 (共 5 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

你将听到一篇短文。请根据短文内容, 写出下面表格中所缺的单词, 每空仅填一词。短文读两遍。

A Report on Safety Education	
Who	Robert Wilson, an officer from the 16. _____ police station.
When	At 17. _____ o'clock on Thursday afternoon.
Where	In the school 18. _____
What	Show some examples about safety problems. 19. _____ some advice on how we protect ourselves.
	Two activities: 20. _____ playing, questions and answers.

### 第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两大题, 满分 30 分)

#### V. 单项填空 (共 10 小题: 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

21. — I'm going to take an important examination in June.  
— \_\_\_\_\_. The more relaxed you are, the better you will be.  
A. Enjoy yourself B. Take it easy C. Congratulation D. Well done
22. — With the help of the government, we finally win the fight against poverty (贫困).  
— I agree! I am so \_\_\_\_\_ of our country.  
A. shy B. proud C. careful D. tired
23. The Spring Festival of 2020, in the heart of all Chinese people, was an unforgettable \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. programme B. thought C. lesson D. experience
24. — Because we will have a meaningful activity in the old people's home, remember to get \_\_\_\_\_ ready for it.  
— I will.  
A. quietly B. clearly C. fully D. widely
25. It's not a good habit to \_\_\_\_\_ things like old clothes and used bottles. We can recycle them.  
A. throw away B. give away C. put away D. take away
26. Swimming is very interesting. But \_\_\_\_\_ we plan to go swimming, safety must come first.  
A. though B. unless C. when D. until
27. My parents always encourage me to \_\_\_\_\_ my own ideas bravely and completely when we have different ideas.  
A. create B. control C. show D. hide
28. — Which do you prefer, math lessons or English lessons?  
— \_\_\_\_\_. English lessons are interesting while math lessons are challenging.  
A. Both B. Neither C. Either D. None
29. — Would you like to take part in the activity now?  
— I'd love to, but I \_\_\_\_\_ my homework yet.  
A. won't finish B. haven't finished C. didn't finish D. don't finish





30. — Tell me \_\_\_\_\_ she has changed  
— She used to be lazy, but now she tries her best to make full use of the time.  
A. if B. why C. how D. where

VI. 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

大暑



There are 24 solar terms (节气) on the traditional Chinese calendar. They were created thousands of years ago in China to \_\_\_\_\_ 31 \_\_\_\_\_ farm work. But solar term culture is still \_\_\_\_\_ 32 \_\_\_\_\_ today to guide people's lives through cultural activities and special foods going with each term.

Great Heat is a season of harvesting (收割). During this time, the sunshine, \_\_\_\_\_ 33 \_\_\_\_\_ temperatures, and heavy rain are good for the plant. But many natural disasters (灾害) \_\_\_\_\_ 34 \_\_\_\_\_ too. So, it's important to harvest and plant in time.

In Taizhou, it is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ 35 \_\_\_\_\_ to send the Great Heat ship. Over 50 fishermen take turns carrying a ship full of all kinds of meat \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ they walk through the streets. The ship will finally be pulled out and burned at sea. People believe that \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_ good harvests and health.

Great Heat is \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ a season with most crickets (蟋蟀) in the countryside. Some people like to play a popular game — cricket \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ during this period. The tradition dates back over 1000 years ago.

People in different places enjoy different \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_. For example, in southern Shandong, people would like to drink mutton (羊肉) soup.

- |                 |             |                |              |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|
| 31. A. guide    | B. increase | C. explain     | D. stop      |
| 32. A. helpless | B. useful   | C. hopeless    | D. colorful  |
| 33. A. low      | B. warm     | C. high        | D. cold      |
| 34. A. work     | B. leave    | C. happen      | D. drop      |
| 35. A. idea     | B. method   | C. competition | D. tradition |
| 36. A. as       | B. although | C. since       | D. because   |
| 37. A. protects | B. develop  | C. means       | D. wishes    |
| 38. A. only     | B. also     | C. never       | D. hardly    |
| 39. A. killing  | B. changing | C. selling     | D. fighting  |
| 40. A. snacks   | B. drinks   | C. foods       | D. fruits    |

B

A kind woman made bread for hungry passers-by every day. She put it beside the window and waited for her son who had gone to a faraway place. She hasn't heard from him for a long time.

A homeless man always came to take the bread away. Before leaving, he always said, "The evil (恶行) you do remains with you, the \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_ you do comes back to you."

"Not even a word of thanks," the woman said \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_.

One morning, the woman became angrier than before, so she decided to \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_ poison (毒药) to the bread. As she was doing it, her hands \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_. "Look at what I've done!" she said. Then she quickly threw the bread away.

As usual, the homeless man came and \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ the bread beside the window.

That evening, there was a \_\_\_\_\_ 46 \_\_\_\_\_ on the door. As she opened it, she was \_\_\_\_\_ 47 \_\_\_\_\_ to find her son standing there. "Mom, I can't believe that I made it back home! I felt so hungry that I almost \_\_\_\_\_ 48 \_\_\_\_\_. But then, an old homeless man came up to me and gave me some \_\_\_\_\_ 49 \_\_\_\_\_. He said he got it from a nice lady."

The woman's face turned pale at once. She remembered the poisoned bread. If she put it beside the \_\_\_\_\_ 50 \_\_\_\_\_, it would have been eaten by her son. The man's words suddenly came back to her, "The evil you do....."

- |                |             |            |            |
|----------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 41. A. fun     | B. good     | C. success | D. magic   |
| 42. A. sadly   | B. suddenly | C. angrily | D. slowly  |
| 43. A. provide | B. pass     | C. give    | D. add     |
| 44. A. hurt    | B. shook    | C. waved   | D. pointed |



- |                  |              |             |            |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| 45. A. tasted    | B. bought    | C. took     | D. threw   |
| 46. A. cry       | B. shout     | C. knock    | D. smile   |
| 47. A. worried   | B. surprised | C. crazy    | D. nervous |
| 48. A. jumped up | B. gave up   | C. drank up | D. used up |
| 49. A. bread     | B. money     | C. prize    | D. help    |
| 50. A. window    | B. table     | C. shelf    | D. door    |

### 第三部分 阅读理解 (共两大题, 满分 45 分)

#### VII. 补全对话 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从方框内的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 其中有两个为多余选项。

- A: Hi, Mike. 51. \_\_\_\_\_  
 B: I'm busy getting ready for the 2020 Tokyo Olympic Games. 52. \_\_\_\_\_  
 A: Volunteer? You are so great! But it was reported that the Olympic Games was put off because of COVID-19, right?  
 B: Yes. 53. \_\_\_\_\_  
 A: What will you do in the Olympics?  
 B: 54. \_\_\_\_\_  
 A: That sounds cool. I want to be a volunteer, too. What should I do?  
 B: You should fill out a form on the Internet first.  
 A: How can I know if I'm qualified (有资格的)?  
 B: 55. \_\_\_\_\_  
 A: Thanks for telling me so much.  
 B: No problem. Looking forward to working with you.

- A. What's up?  
 B. I will help clean the field and guide the players.  
 C. You will get a call and an interview.  
 D. It will be held in July, 2021.  
 E. What are you up to?  
 F. You need to care about it on TV.  
 G. I'll work as a volunteer.

#### VIII. 阅读理解 (共 20 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 40 分)

Would you like to get fit and make new friends?	Join our Running Group for beginners and for more experienced runners. It's fun and there are no competitions. It costs £ 3 to be a member. 7 pm every Wednesday. Call Mike for more information at 077- 658945.	Join us and WIN a new camera! The Barton Photography (摄影) Club welcomes new members. Join before 1st March and enter our summer photography competition. First prize is a new aigo F300 camera! You need to pay £ 15 to join the club. Visit <a href="http://www.bartonphotoclub.com">www.bartonphotoclub.com</a> to join.
<b>Theatre Group</b> Have fun with a famous theatre group. We are looking for actors to be in a musical comedy (喜剧) this summer. You must attend the group twice a week starting 2nd April. Passion (热情) is more important! Join us for free. Write to Mandy Giles on <a href="mailto:mandy76@dmil.com">mandy76@dmil.com</a> .		
Science Club	Einstein, Edison, Newton—they learned about science when they were young. If you want to try out new ideas £ 20 can make your dream come true. From 2:00pm to 4:00pm on Thursday & Friday. If you are interested in it, please e-mail <a href="mailto:dream@scienceschool.com">dream@scienceschool.com</a> .	

56. John dreams to be an actor. Which might be a right choice?  
 A. Running Group. B. The Barton Photography Club.  
 C. Theatre Group. D. Science Club.





57. According to the text, we can know that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the photography competition is in summer.
- B. there are funny competitions in Running Group.
- C. we can try out our new ideas for free in Science Club.
- D. Nothing is important except passion in Theatre Group.

58. In which part of a newspaper can we read the text?

- A. Culture.
- B. Education.
- C. Science.
- D. Sports.

### B



The Huaping Senior High School for Girls in Lijiang, Yunnan is famous not only because lots of students there enter universities, but also because it is the first girls' public high school that doesn't need tuition in our country—it's free to everyone in it.

Nothing would have happened without Zhang Guimei, head teacher of the Huaping Senior High School for Girls. The 64-year-old woman has been fighting against the unfair things girls face in the mountain for a long time.

In 2001, Zhang noticed that many girls from poor families had little chance of getting education. Then the idea of starting a free school for girls came into her mind. To raise money, between 2002 and 2007, Zhang spent the summer and winter vacations on the streets asking people to give away money to her school. However, she only collected about 10,000 yuan.

Later, a reporter reported her story. At last, she got one million yuan from the government, and the Huaping Senior School for Girls was opened in September, 2008.

There were many difficulties at first, but Zhang didn't give up. "I want my students to go to good universities," she said. So far, over 1,600 girls have left school and received higher education at universities. These came at the cost of Zhang's health.

When asked why she made efforts to help girls in the mountain, Zhang said, "Education for women can influence several generations(代)."

59. What does the underlined word "tuition" in Paragraph 1 mean?

- A. 学费
- B. 赞助
- C. 资金
- D. 拨款

60. Why did Zhang want to start a free girls' school?

- A. To raise money for the poor families.
- B. To help the poor girls to get education.
- C. To make Lijiang famous around China.
- D. To fight against the things for girls.

61. Zhang succeeded in setting up the school because of the following reasons EXCEPT that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. she was well-known in Lijiang in Yunnan
- B. she faced many difficulties but she didn't give up
- C. she spent her holidays collecting money on the streets
- D. a reporter reported her story and she got the money to start the school

62. What does the text mainly talk about?

- A. A middle school for girls.
- B. Ways to start a free school for girls.
- C. Ways of collecting money.
- D. A woman head teacher in the mountain.

### C

When I was a kid, my mom would sometimes finish work, feeling tired or stressed out(有压力的). Sometimes we'd hear some bad news from a friend or family members. Sometimes we'd hear about something sad on the news.

Every time, she would simply say a simple sentence: "This too shall pass." It was her way of telling herself. She believes the worst of times will come to an end. Sometimes it seems that they won't—but they almost always do if you just stay strong and look for help.

For a long time, I forgot about the sentence. But in this past year, it has made a big difference to me. I've seen a lot of difficulties, both in my personal life and in the world in general. Around the end of 2020, I got very sick and had to spend some time in the hospital. At the same time, the COVID-19 was hitting the US, my home country, very hard. It was difficult to feel positive (积极的) about anything.





I remembered then what my mother said so often when I was young. I'm still not perfectly well and COVID-19 is far from over, but when I feel especially down, I just tell myself, "This too shall pass." You might want to give it a try yourself when you're having a bad day. If it works for me, it could work for you too.

63. What does the underlined word "they" refer to (指的是)?

- A. Bad news.      B. Family members.      C. Difficult times.      D. Mother's words.
  - A. He never has a bad day.      B. He never gets sick any more.
  - C. He has beaten the COVID-19.      D. He has become more positive.
65. What does the writer want to tell us through this story?
- A. Hard times will always pass.
  - B. It's normal to meet difficulties.
  - C. Mom's words are useful for us.
  - D. If it works for me, it could work for you.

## D

China pays growing attention to safety education. The last Monday in March is for students to learn about it at school. It helps students learn more about what they should do to keep themselves safe when accidents happen at school.

Stampedes (踩踏), fires and earthquakes are main accidents at school. A stampede always happens in crowded (拥挤的) places. When students around you begin to push, just stand there and try to hold onto something. If you fall down in the crowd, move to one side and protect your head with your hands around.

When a fire happens, leave the classroom quickly. It's better to put something wet over your mouth and nose. In this way, you won't breathe (呼吸) in smoke. Many people die in a fire, not because of the fire but smoke. It makes them cough and they can't breathe. That's very dangerous. So when you want to get out, you should make yourself close to the floor. Then you can breathe some fresh air.

When earthquakes happen, you can get under a desk quickly and hold on. It'll protect you from falling things. If you are outdoors, find a place away from buildings, trees, and power lines.

66. According to the passage, the main accidents which happen \_\_\_\_\_ are stampedes, fires and earthquakes.

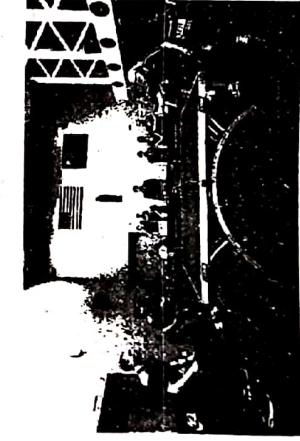
- A. at home      B. at a hotel      C. at school      D. in a factory

67. What can we know from this passage?

- A. If you fall down in the crowd, lie still there.
- B. Many people die in a fire because of the smoke.
- C. Safety education is the most important thing in China.
- D. Stay away from your rooms at once when earthquakes happen.

68. What does the passage mainly tell us?

- A. Safety education at school.
- B. Safety rules for fires.
- C. Safety rules for earthquakes.
- D. The importance of safety education.



## E

Ping-pong, or table tennis, might seem like a usual game to play with friends or family. But it holds a special place in China-US relationships, as it has helped both countries get along for the last 50 years.

Judy Hoarfrost was just 15 when she was sent from the US to China as part of a nine-member table tennis team. The year was 1971, and relationships between China and the US had been cold for more than 20 years.

But as the team played a friendly match with Chinese players in front of 18,000 people, things started warming up. Hoarfrost even got to meet then-Premier Zhou Enlai. He told the team, "You have opened a new page in China-US relationships." This visit was called "ping-pong diplomacy (乒乓外交)".

... This year is the 50th anniversary (周年纪念) of the visit. Even today, it shows the importance of people-to-people exchanges in building relationships between countries, as Hoarfrost said.

Seeing tension (紧张局面) between two of the world's biggest powers in recent years, Hoarfrost said China and the US should work together. "We have so much in common, and we need to build on what we





have in common," she added.

69. Why is table tennis special for both China and the US?

- A. Because it is an unusual game.
- B. Because Judy is in the team.
- C. Because it helps them to get on.
- D. Because there're matches between them.

70. What happened after Judy's team played a match with Chinese players?

- A. Judy's team drew more fans.
- B. China-US relationships began to warm up.
- C. Nothing happened to China-US relationships.
- D. China and the US stopped working together.

71. We can learn from the text that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Judy didn't see then-Premier Zhou Enlai
- B. table tennis was useless for China and the US
- C. it's been 50 years for Judy's team to visit China
- D. ten American table tennis players came to China

72. What is the best title(标题) for the text?

- A. A special year.
- B. Ice-breaking table tennis.
- C. A meaningful ping-pong team.
- D. An interesting ping-pong match.

阅读下面短文，并用英语回答问题（请注意每小题后面的词数要求）。

F

Last year, we took a trip to New York City. When we arrived at our hotel, it was around 2 am. My son, Joseph looked out at the lights of Times Square and said he wanted to go outside. I told him it was too late to go out, but he kept looking out of the window and said, "Just for two minutes."

My wife and I just looked at each other, smiled and said, "Two minutes." We got dressed and walked to the center of Times Square. When we got there, my son pointed at the lights and said, "Dad, look!" And then he started to fall asleep, so we had to go back to the hotel.

It took us 20 minutes to get ready for a shot while we spent outside, but it made our son happy and that meant a lot to us. Because of my son, I learned that I was the biggest enemy to my own happiness. And we sometimes had chances to create happy moments in our lives, but we often found an excuse to do something else.

So, if you want to enjoy happiness, try to find it in life.

73. What did Joseph look at out of the window? (不超过1个词)

74. Why did the writer and his wife have to return to the hotel? (不超过10个词)

75. What does the story tell us? (不超过15个词)

第四部分 写 (共两大题, 满分25分)

IX. 单词拼写 (共5小题; 每小题1分, 满分5分)

根据首字母及汉语提示, 完成下列单词的拼写, 使句意明确, 语言通顺。

76. Everybody knows the old saying 'Every s \_\_\_\_\_ (事) counts'.

77. My teacher always w \_\_\_\_\_ (提醒) us not to waste any food.

78. I have the greatest r \_\_\_\_\_ (尊重) for Yuan Longping, 'Father of hybrid rice'.

79. People across the world want health, safety and p \_\_\_\_\_ (和平).

80. The number of w \_\_\_\_\_ (野生的) animals is becoming smaller and smaller, so we should protect them.



X. 书面表达 (共 1 小题; 满分 20 分)

假定你是李华, 你校将开展一次关于青少年心理健康的主题演讲, 请根据以下要点写一篇英文演讲稿。要点如下:

1. 原因: 缺乏理解; 缺少沟通;
2. 建议: 积极乐观; 劳逸结合;
3. ....

注意: 1. 词数 80~100;

2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;
3. 文中不能出现真实姓名及学校名称;
4. 开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数。

参考词汇: mood(n. 心情); be short of(缺乏、缺少)

Hello, everyone! In recent years, people have paid more and more attention to the mental health(心理健康) of teenagers.

Thank you!



扫描全能王 创建