

黄冈、孝感、咸宁三市 2021 年初中毕业生学业水平考试模拟试卷

英语试题(三)

(考试时间: 120 分钟 满分: 120 分)

命题人: 黄冈市武穴市第二实验中学 熊 锦

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试题卷和答题卡上, 并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。答在试题卷上无效。
3. 非选择题的作答: 用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。答在试题卷上无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后, 请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

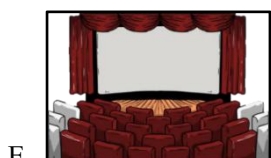
祝你取得优异成绩! Good luck!

第 I 卷(选择题 88 分)

一、听力测试 (共三节; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

听句子。从所给的 A、B、C、D、E、F 选项中, 选出与所听句子内容相符的图片。听完每个句子后, 你将有 5 秒钟的时间作答和阅读下一小题。每个句子读两遍。



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

听下面 6 段对话。每段对话后面有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前, 你将有 10 秒钟的读题时间; 听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

听第 6 段对话, 回答第 6、7 小题。

6. How long is Scott's show at the radio station?

- A. Six hours. B. Seven hours. C. Eight hours.

7. What does Scott usually do at ten thirty?

- A. Eats breakfast. B. Exercises. C. Goes to work.

听第 7 段对话, 回答第 8、9 小题。

8. What will the weather be like in Beijing tomorrow?

- A. Snowy. B. Sunny. C. Windy.

9. Why does the girl prefer winter?
A. She can go skating. B. She can make a snowman. C. She can play with snow.
听第 8 段对话, 回答第 10、11 小题。

10. What can the machine make?
A. Biscuits. B. Cakes. C. Milk shakes.

11. How much did the man spend on the machine?
A. 500 *yuan*. B. 1,000 *yuan*. C. 1,500 *yuan*.
听第 9 段对话, 回答第 12、13、14 小题。

12. Who is from Xi'an?
A. Nick. B. Sam. C. Sally.

13. What did Nick do with Sam last fall?
A. Went bike riding. B. Had an exam. C. Hung out.

14. When can Nick come to Sally's house?
A. On Saturday. B. Next Wednesday. C. Next Monday.
听第 10 段对话, 回答第 15、16、17 小题。

15. What does Jenny think of math?
A. Useful. B. Difficult. C. Boring.

16. Which month is it now probably?
A. January. B. March. C. July.

17. What is Jenny learning now?
A. Dancing. B. The piano. C. The drums.
听第 11 段对话, 回答第 18、19、20 小题。

15. How soon are they graduating from junior high school?
A. In a week. B. In a month. C. In two weeks.

16. What does Jack want to do in the future?
A. To be a teacher. B. To be a scientist. C. To be an astronaut.

17. How are they going to celebrate the end of junior high school?
A. Have a party. B. Have a game. C. Have an exam.

第三节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

听下面一篇短文。根据你所听到的短文内容, 选择能回答所提问题的最佳答案。听短文前, 你将有 25 秒钟的读题时间; 听短文后, 你将有 25 秒钟的作答时间。短文读两遍。

21. What is Steven like?
A. Outgoing. B. Shy. C. Strict.
22. When did Steven leave for Tom's home?
A. In the morning. B. In the afternoon. C. In the evening.
23. What was the weather like when Steven was on the way to Tom's house?
A. Sunny. B. Windy. C. Rainy.
24. How did Steven go to Tom's town?
A. By car. B. By bus. C. By train.
25. Who did Steven ask for help on the way?
A. A stranger. B. His friend. C. A policeman.

二、单项选择 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. —What do you think of this movie?

- It's educational. It can give us much _____ to face any challenge in our life.
A. chance B. wealth C. courage D. invitation
- 27.—How many bananas are left in the fridge?
— _____. So we need to get some from the fruit store near our house.
A. None B. Nothing C. Neither D. Anything
- 28.—What do you think of *Huanggang Master Classroom*?
—It's helpful for our studies. But only _____ of my classmates learned on it.
A. three seconds B. third twos C. two thirds D. second threes
- 29.—Would you like to go to the city and live with us, Grandpa?
—Oh, dear, I'm used to the life in the countryside. I think life here is _____.
A. less comfortable B. more comfortable
C. the least comfortable D. the most comfortable
- 30.—Jim, let's go out to play tennis.
—Oh, I won't do that _____ I finish my homework.
A. if B. since C. though D. until
- 31.—You set the alarm for 6 o'clock. Why so early?
—Well, I just want to _____ early to avoid the heavy traffic.
A. take off B. turn off C. give off D. put off
- 32.—Do you like the movie *My People, My Motherland*?
—Sure, it's a great movie _____ can let us know about the changes of our country in the last forty years.
A. which B. what C. where D. who
- 33.—My mum _____ care of those flowers whenever she has time.
—No wonder they are so beautiful and lively.
A. took B. takes C. is taking D. will take
- 34.—Excuse me, could you please tell me _____?
—I remember it was on March 23.
A. how you returned the books B. why you bought so many books
C. when you returned the books D. where you bought so many books
- 35.—Shall we go camping to celebrate our graduation?
— _____. Let's make a plan first.
A. No way B. Good idea C. It's nothing D. I don't think so

三、完形填空 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

On Friday afternoon, Miss White gave the students a special task. "Next week, we'll be studying the 36 of the sense of sight (ability to see)," she said. "Over the weekend, I want each of you to do the difficult task of 37 a blindfold (蒙眼物) for a whole day. The experience will help you understand what it's like to be 38."

Sam didn't think the task would be difficult. 39, he thought it was interesting. On Saturday morning, he used a piece of cloth to 40 his eyes. Then he went into the kitchen for breakfast. He heard the voices of his parents and brothers but 41 tell where each voice was coming from.

"Tim, could you pass me the 42, please?" he asked. Just then, he remembered that he couldn't see the words. He wondered 43 newspapers were ever made for the blind. After finishing breakfast, his brothers 44 him to play soccer. As he followed them, he accidentally fell down. He also found

that he couldn't 45 do normal activities.

Sam had to sit on the soccer field. All of a sudden, he realized that 46 he couldn't see, his other senses worked perfectly fine. In fact, he began to 47 new and different aspects (方面) of common objects. For example, he took a flower and felt it 48 his fingers. He realized for the first time that it seemed to be covered with wax (蜡).

It was a(n) 49 experience for Sam. It showed him that sight was something that should be 50. And we should try to trust other talents of blind people.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 36. A. trick | B. problem | C. purpose | D. importance |
| 37. A. buying | B. wearing | C. making | D. polishing |
| 38. A. deaf | B. weak | C. blind | D. old |
| 39. A. Instead | B. Anyway | C. Still | D. Then |
| 40. A. raise | B. cover | C. check | D. protect |
| 41. A. mustn't | B. needn't | C. couldn't | D. shouldn't |
| 42. A. storybook | B. magazine | C. dictionary | D. newspaper |
| 43. A. whether | B. why | C. how | D. when |
| 44. A. allowed | B. invited | C. advised | D. promised |
| 45. A. easily | B. slowly | C. carefully | D. gradually |
| 46. A. if | B. before | C. since | D. although |
| 47. A. give back | B. hear of | C. find out | D. deal with |
| 48. A. for | B. with | C. from | D. against |
| 49. A. terrible | B. enjoyable | C. unusual | D. painful |
| 50. A. valued | B. forgotten | C. stolen | D. discovered |

四、阅读理解 (共 19 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 38 分)

第一节 阅读下面三篇短文, 根据短文内容, 从所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

(A)

Tik Tok, known as douyin in China, is a mobile app allowing users to create, share, and watch short videos that are typically 15 to 60 seconds long.

Developed by: ByteDance

Users: Aged 13+

Release (发布) date: September 2016



Li Ting: It seems very enjoyable if we use it in our free time. However, it's hard to stop scrolling (从上到下移动) through the videos once you start using it. It's not a good idea to spend too much time on it.

Huang Xinmang: I like the app because it allows me to share my daily life with others and make new friends. What's more, I have won more popularity for the videos I created. Now I have more than 10 million fans.

Chen Xiao: It is a useful app when you have nothing else to do. It provides enjoyable information that can make a boring morning exciting. Some of the information includes educational facts as well. For example, I learned how to make some simple dishes from the app.

Yang Ming: The app is no help and there is no need for us to use it. My brother spends most of his free time on Tik Tok. I think he should spend time on more meaningful things, such as exercising, doing his homework or reading.

51. Who became well known because of Tik Tok?

- A. Li Ting. B. Huang Xinmang. C. Chen Xiao. D. Yang Ming.

52. What did Chen Xiao learn from short videos on Tik Tok?

- A. How to make friends.
- B. How to keep healthy.
- C. How to do chores.
- D. How to cook food.

53. What does Yang Ming think of Tik Tok?

- A. Useless.
- B. Enjoyable.
- C. Educational.
- D. Boring.

54. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. Children aged 12 are allowed to use Tik Tok.
- B. Li says you will never get bored if you start using Tik Tok.
- C. Chen says you can use Tik Tok when you have nothing to do.
- D. Yang advises his brother to spend more time on homework not Tik Tok.

(B)

Lousi Sachar is the writer of more than 20 children's books that are loved by children, parents and teachers.

Sachar spent time as a teacher's aide (助手) when he was in college. In fact, Hillside Elementary School, where Sachar worked as an aide, finally became the inspiration for his popular *Wayside School* books. The kids in the books are even named after students from Hillside.

After college Sachar attended law school and graduated in 1980. By this time, Sachar's first children's book had come out, but he wasn't sure about making a living as a writer. About ten years later, after writing several more books, Sachar finally felt that his books were successful enough for him to devote himself to (致力于) writing full time. In 1989, Sachar gave up his job as an attorney (律师) and became a writer.

Sachar spends two hours writing each morning. He tries to remember what it was like to be a child and uses those memories and feelings in his novels. He also uses his teaching experiences, as well as moments from his daughter's life. Sachar doesn't sit down with an organized plan when he starts a new book. Instead he starts with just a seed (种子) of an idea. He finds that writing produces more ideas.

55. When Sachar was in college, he _____.

- A. wrote his first children's book
- B. dreamed of working as a writer
- C. read lots of funny and touching books
- D. spent time working at an elementary school

56. The names of kids in Sachar's *Wayside School* books are from _____.

- A. Sachar's college schoolmates
- B. teachers that Sachar worked for
- C. Sachar's elementary schoolmates
- D. students that Sachar worked with

57. What happened in 1989?

- A. Sachar changed his job.
- B. Sachar's daughter was born.
- C. Sachar graduated from law school.
- D. Sachar's most famous book came out.

58. Where does Sachar get the ideas for his stories?

- ① From his parents.
- ② From his daughter's life.
- ③ From his teaching experience.
- ④ From his childhood memories.
- A. ①②③
- B. ①③④
- C. ②③④
- D. ①②④

59. The writer writes the passage to _____.

- A. introduce a writer's life
- B. describe the fun of writing
- C. explain a teacher's success
- D. encourage good reading habits

(C)

Cheng Dongdong was born in a small town 2001. He lost his ability to walk because of progressive

muscular dystrophy (进行性肌肉营养不良) in 2008.



For Cheng, his classroom is always on the first floor, and his seat is always in the first row. His classmates keep an eye on him and carry him to his wheelchair (轮椅) whenever and wherever he goes on school days. From primary school to high school, Cheng has always been looked after by a group of classmates, passing on the "relay baton (接力棒)" with love.

In 2010, eight classmates from his primary school set up a love support group to take care of Cheng. The little bit of love from the students helped to build Cheng's confidence, and they became his most powerful "support group". Their actions helped him gradually come out of the shadow of the disease. For Cheng, the road of life meets more and more sunshine.

In 2014, Cheng continued his study at a middle school. Six students in his class formed a new support group to keep on with the "relay of love" to. In 2017, another six new students in his high school took the baton and continued to help and care for him.

Although Cheng had hardship in life, Cheng faced it bravely. He always had an optimistic attitude toward life. Today, Cheng, who grew up with love, is confident and has scored excellent grades.

59. What was wrong with Cheng Dongdong when he was young?

- A. He was deaf. B. He couldn't walk. C. He was blind. D. He couldn't speak.

60. When was a love support group set up firstly?

- A. In 2008. B. In 2010. C. In 2014. D. In 2017.

61. What's the meaning of the word "optimistic" underlined in the last paragraph?

- A. 乐观的 B. 悲观的 C. 失望的 D. 严肃的

62. How many students have been in support group to help Cheng?

- A. Eight. B. Fourteen. C. Twelve. D. Twenty-four.

63. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Chang is a humorous student. B. The road of Chang's life was full of shadow.
C. Chang must be a boy with love. D. Chang has never any hardship in life.

第二节 阅读还原。阅读下面的短文，根据短文内容，从短文后所给的A—F选项中，选出能填入文中空白处的最佳选项。（提示：每个选项只用一次，选项中有一项为多余选项）

When you wake up in the morning, do you feel hungry? Do you think of breakfast? 65. _____
However, there are a great number of people who don't eat breakfast.

Eating a healthy breakfast helps us feel more concentrated (专心致志的) for the coming day.
66. _____ That's bad. Having food in the morning makes us concentrate on the tasks during the day.

67. _____ We won't be so easy to get angry if we have a good breakfast. This is because eating in the morning gives our body the power to get us going and also balances (平衡) blood sugar to prevent those bad feelings.

If we don't eat, we won't feel great. 68. _____ The next time you wake up, think about the last time you ate. It might be over ten hours ago, so why do you make yourself wait longer? Our body is in need of energy. 69. _____ As soon as we start eating in the morning, our body feels full of energy for the day.

Well, hopefully after reading this passage, you'll get up a little earlier and eat healthily in the morning. Trust me—you'll feel better for it!

- A. Some people feel hungry but they still choose to wait until lunchtime.
B. People don't eat breakfast for many reasons.
C. This is quite true for our first meal of the day.

- D. Breakfast is considered as the most important meal of the day.
E. The food we eat is connected to our feelings.
F. And that energy comes from food.

第 II 卷 (非选择题 32 分)

五、综合填空 (共 12 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 12 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式 (每空不超过三个单词)。



Technology has changed education. With e-learning, you don't have to take on-campus (校园) classes. The only thing you need for this to work is Internet connections and an electronic device such as a computer or smartphone. Here are some reasons 70. _____ e-learning is the future of education.

Online learning is generally 71. _____ (cheap) than traditional classroom learning. Sometimes you can even take many free online classes. Online learning saves you a lot of money and time.

Most people think that it's not easy 72. _____ (find) a balance between work, family and taking on-campus classes. However, with online classes, you can study 73. _____ your most convenient time, which will give you enough time to spend with your family and do other things.

Many students can enroll (注册) courses on the Internet. One teacher can give a 74. _____ (live) lesson to many learners all over the world. He can also record a lesson he is teaching at school so that the materials online 75. _____ (use) by many other students.

With e-learning, it doesn't matter where you are located (位于) in the world, you can learn and work at your home 76. _____ in the office.

When taking an online lesson, you can get help from a lot of other online resources. This means that you can also get much 77. _____ (knowledge) on the screen.

One of the aims of education is to give students the best learning experience and environment. While online learning may never 78. _____ (complete) replace traditional classes, it has simplified (简化) the ways of getting knowledge. It offers many 79. _____ (use) resources and reduces a teacher's workload (工作负载). This gives educators time to carry other beneficial activities.

六、完成句子 (共 7 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 7 分)

根据汉语及句末括号内的英语单词提示, 用相关短语的适当形式完成句子 (每空词数不超过四个)。

80. 他刚才提出的主意我觉得非常不错。 (come)

I think the idea that he _____ just now is very good.

81. 我们都应该为保持我们学校干净尽一份力。 (play)

We all should _____ keeping our school clean.

82. 当你陷入困境时, 应该向他人求救。 (get)

When you _____ trouble, you should ask others for help.

83. 他决定拒绝玛丽的邀请, 因为他想为即将到来的考试做准备。

He decides _____ Mary's invitation because he wants to study for the coming exams.

84. 这个问题解决得不好, 我们必须想出新的方法。 (work)

This problem has _____ badly, we must think of a new way.

85. 当我赶到机场时, 飞机正在起飞。 (take)

When I arrived at the airport, the plane _____.

86. 只要你努力，你会最终成为班上最优秀的学生。（end）

As long as you study hard, you _____ a top student in your class.

七、书面表达（满分 15 分）

兴趣和爱好对一个人未来的人生、事业都大有裨益。你有什么爱好？请根据下列提示和要求，以“My Favorite Hobby”为题，写一篇英语短文。

What your favorite hobby is	Reading
When you were interested in this hobby	Twelve years old
Why you enjoyed your hobby	1. It made me calm down; 2. It taught me a lot. 3.

写作要求：

- 1. 语言流畅，表达准确，内容充实，可适当发挥；
- 2. 词数不少于 90（开头已给出，不计入总词数）。

My Favorite Hobby

Everyone has his own hobby. It is very important to our future.
