

黄冈、孝感、咸宁三市 2021 年初中毕业生学业水平考试模拟试卷

英语试题(二)

(考试时间: 120 分钟 满分: 120 分)

命题人: 黄冈市武穴市第二实验中学 熊 锦

注意事项:

1. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在试题卷和答题卡上, 并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
2. 选择题每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。答在试题卷上无效。
3. 非选择题的作答: 用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。答在试题卷上无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后, 请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

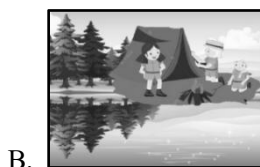
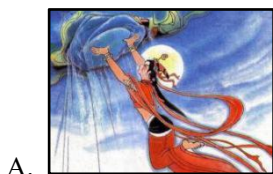
祝你取得优异成绩! Good luck!

第 I 卷 (选择题 88 分)

一、听力测试 (共三节; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

听句子。从所给的 A、B、C、D、E、F 选项中, 选出与所听句子内容相符的图片。听完每个句子后, 你将有 5 秒钟的时间作答和阅读下一小题。每个句子读两遍。



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

听下面 6 段对话。每段对话后面有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前, 你将有 10 秒钟的读题时间; 听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

听第 6 段对话, 回答第 6、7 小题。

6. What is Bob good at?

- A. Telling stories. B. Drawing. C. Playing soccer.

7. How many clubs can the girl join?

- A. One. B. Two. C. Three.

听第 7 段对话, 回答第 8、9 小题。

8. Where will Emily go for vacation?
A. She will go to Huangzhou. B. She'll go to Beijing. C. She'll go to Xi'an.
9. How does Emily feel about her trip?
A. Nervous. B. Unhappy. C. Excited.
听第 8 段对话, 回答第 10、11 小题。
10. Where are they going this weekend?
A. The science museum. B. The art museum. C. The history museum.
11. What is James interested in?
A. Asian culture. B. English history. C. Chinese paintings.
听第 9 段对话, 回答第 12、13、14 小题。
12. What kind of dance is Claire learning?
A. Ballet dance. B. Swing dance. C. Latin dance.
13. How often does Claire have piano lessons?
A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Three times a week.
14. When can Claire be with Jack according to the conversation?
A. On Monday. B. On Friday. C. On Tuesday.
听第 10 段对话, 回答第 15、16、17 小题。
15. Why did Kate come to Bob's home?
A. To return a book. B. To teach Bob Chinese. C. To have dinner with Bob.
16. What are on Bob's bed?
A. A book and a card. B. A scarf and a book. C. A dictionary and a scarf.
17. What will Kate do this evening?
A. Visit Betty Brown. B. Look after her cousin. C. Have a party.
听第 11 段对话, 回答第 18、19、20 小题。
18. What does the man want to do at first?
A. Take off his shoes. B. Buy some chipsticks. C. Learn some Japanese expressions.
19. What was wrong with the man last week?
A. He had a cold. B. He had a stomachache. C. He had a sore throat.
20. What does the man need in the end?
A. A notebook. B. A pen. C. Some food.

第三节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

听下面一篇短文。根据你所听到的短文内容, 选择能回答所提问题的最佳答案。听短文前, 你将有 25 秒钟的读题时间; 听短文后, 你将有 25 秒钟的作答时间。短文读两遍。

21. What time did Sam go to the city park last Sunday afternoon?
A. At two o'clock. B. At three o'clock. C. At four o'clock.
22. What was wrong with the dog?
A. Its nose was bleeding. B. Its left leg was hurt. C. Its head got hit.
23. Why didn't Sam keep the dog?
A. Because his mother worried it would hurt his sister.
B. Because his sister was afraid of it.
C. Because his house was too small.
24. How long did the dog stay at Sam's home?
A. For six months. B. For two weeks. C. For five days.

25. What do you think of Sam?

A. Funny.

B. Kind.

C. Honest.

二、**单项选择** (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

26. —Jason, you should mind your _____. It is impolite to talk loudly on the bus.

—Sorry, mom. I'll remember what you said.

A. taste

B. habits

C. manners

D. steps

27. —The population in China is much larger than _____ in America, right?

—So it is.

A. that

B. it

C. those

D. one

28. —The air pollution is terrible.

—It will be worse _____ we take action to protect the environment.

A. if

B. unless

C. until

D. as

29. —Can you come on Monday or Tuesday, Scott?

—I'm afraid _____ is possible. I'll be busy taking the entrance examinations on those two days.

A. either

B. neither

C. every

D. each

30. —Is James knowledgeable?

—Yes, he knows almost everything _____ we want to know.

A. that

B. who

C. which

D. whom

31. —Jane, _____ you help me clean the classroom this afternoon?

—Sorry I'm not available. I have to care for my grandma in the hospital.

A. should

B. could

C. might

D. need

32. —I was at Lida's party at 8 o'clock last night. What about you, Bill?

—I _____ the Internet at home.

A. am surfing

B. surfed

C. will surf

D. was surfing

33. —What do you think of the two girls?

—Lucy is _____ one, and she is also the one who loves to be quiet.

A. a younger

B. a youngest

C. the younger

D. the youngest

34. —Can you tell me when the Jing-Jiu High Rail _____?

—In the year 2020. So it's more convenient and faster for us to go out than before.

A. was completed

B. is completing

C. will complete

D. will be completed

35. —I'm sorry that I've kept you waiting for me so long.

—_____.

A. Never mind

B. It's a pity

C. That's right

D. You're welcome

三、**完形填空** (共 15 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。



Sara Hinseley is 10 years old. She is a third-grade student at St. John's Regional Catholic School in America. She came to America 36 China in 2015. She just won a big cursive handwriting contest (草书书法比赛). She is the first person from her school to win the contest. She 37 \$500.

Everyone thinks Sara's win is special 38 she has no hands. However, Sara was not very 39 to win. She learned to write in cursive this year. It was "kind of easy", she said.

Sara is 40. She could only speak and write in 41 when she arrived in America. However, she picked up English 42 with the help of her sister, Veronica.

Sara is 43 independent. For people who have no hands, it's 44 to wear man-made hands. And many look and work like the real hands. However, Sara never uses one. She doesn't 45 that "help". She likes to do things in her 46. Sara holds her pencil between her arms to write. She says writing in cursive 47 making art.

Sara's family let her do 48 she wants to do. "Every day I am surprised at the new things she learned," her mother said. She said Sara was not afraid of any 49. She can always find a way to solve it by 50.

"I have never heard this little girl say she can't," said Sara's third-grade teacher Cheryl Churilla.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| 36. A. in | B. of | C. from | D. on |
| 37. A. showed | B. lost | C. got | D. spent |
| 38. A. because | B. if | C. when | D. so |
| 39. A. bored | B. relaxed | C. scared | D. surprised |
| 40. A. busy | B. smart | C. strict | D. tired |
| 41. A. Chinese | B. English | C. Russian | D. Thai |
| 42. A. differently | B. quickly | C. luckily | D. early |
| 43. A. hardly | B. still | C. never | D. also |
| 44. A. terrible | B. interesting | C. useful | D. natural |
| 45. A. bring | B. want | C. wait | D. follow |
| 46. A. messages | B. lessons | C. way | D. health |
| 47. A. blows out | B. thinks of | C. asks for | D. feels like |
| 48. A. what | B. how | C. where | D. why |
| 49. A. plan | B. result | C. danger | D. problem |
| 50. A. myself | B. yourself | C. herself | D. himself |

四、阅读理解（共 19 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 38 分）

第一节 阅读下面三篇短文，根据短文内容，从所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

(A)

English Learning Program	English Speech & Drama (戏剧) Program
By taking the courses here, students will not only improve their speaking but also learn how to plan their studies in the future. This will help them develop good learning habits.	The program will help kids develop their abilities in acting, self expression, story-telling and public speaking. It can also help kids discover their creative side and practice social and thinking skills.
Time	Time
From Sept. to Nov.	From Oct. to Dec.
For kids aged 10 to 15:	* For kids aged 3 to 6:
2:30 pm~4:30 pm	Saturday, 2 pm~3:30 pm
Five days a week (Monday to Friday)	* For kids aged 7 to 12:
Activities	Sunday, 3 pm~4:30 pm
★ Creative writing	Activities
★ Speech competition	★ Role-playing
★ Conversations through videos	★ Drama performance
★ A visit to McDonald's / KFC	★ Expression & Movement

51. By joining in the English Learning Program, children can _____.
A. Learn how to tell stories
B. know how to learn wisely
C. Develop acting skills
D. improve thinking skills
52. How often do students in the English Speech & Drama Program have a class?
A. Once a week.
B. Twice a week.
C. Three days a week.
D. Five days a week.
53. In both of the programs, children can practice their ability in _____.
A. writing
B. acting
C. speaking
D. story-telling
54. Which of the following is TRUE?
A. A class in the English Learning Program is one hour long.
B. The English Speech & Drama Program provides a visit to KFC.
C. Students will have classes on weekends in the English Learning Program.
D. Students can play different roles in the English Speech & Drama Program.

(B)

In the summer of my eleventh year, my home was burned down in the middle of the night. Luckily, my parents, brothers and I escaped (幸免于难) along with our dogs. Yet, we had nothing but the night clothes we were sleeping in. I spent the rest of that night with a friend. I lay in the bed but I was too scared to fall asleep.

The next day my mom's friend brought me a T-shirt and a pair of jeans. The T-shirt was short and the jeans were long, but I didn't care. At least I had some clothes again. My dad returned to our old house to see what he could find. But the only thing he could save was my mom's ring.

As the summer days went on, my dad was able to rent (租用) us a small house. It was not far from our old house. On the day we moved in, our friends and neighbors donated (捐赠) many things to us kindly. There was food, clothes, money and even some books for me to read. Love was around us.

Looking back now I'm thankful for what we went through that summer. I learned so much about life, love and people. Now I know love is the most important thing. When you have nothing left but love, for the first time you see that love is enough.

55. How old was the writer when the fire accident happened?
A. 7. B. 9. C. 11. D. 12.
56. What did the writer's dad find in the old house?
A. His dogs. B. His wife. C. Some clothes. D. Some food.
57. What was the rented house like?
A. It was small and dirty. B. It was very beautiful.
C. It was near the old house. D. It was near a friend's house.
58. What did the writer think of their friends and neighbors?
A. Rich. B. Proud. C. Lucky. D. Kind.
59. What lesson did the writer learn?
A. Love is the most important thing. B. It is better to give than to take.
C. Life is made up of little things. D. Gold will not buy everything.

(C)

New research shows that there will still be about 710 million metric tons of plastic (塑料) by 2040 even if the whole world takes action now. That means a heavy build-up of plastic around the world. A rapid growth in plastic production has made the problem worse. And many countries fail to safely deal with or recycle (回收利用) plastic waste.

Millions of tons of plastics enter the oceans every year, polluting the seas, messing beaches and endangering wildlife. Plastic particles (颗粒) have been found in soil, in the air and even in the most far-away areas of the earth. Some plastic is eaten by fish and other sea animals, and then they enter the food chain (食物链).

Researchers found that there are no short cuts to cutting down on plastic pollution. Instead, change is needed across the whole chain, from the production of plastics to after-use (recycling and reusing), to stop the spread of plastic pollution.

“There are billions of people without collection services right now. You can’t recycle or deal with something you haven’t collected,” said Dr. Winnie Lau, co-author of the research. In many developing countries such as India, waste pickers make a living by collecting plastics and actually their work is a key part of being able to solve this problem. However, most people just **ignore** their great influence. In the end, by placing the importance on plastic collection, we hope that more people can proudly play their role in protecting the environment.

60. What does new research mainly show?

- A. 2040 will see the most plastic.
- B. Plastic pollution is a serious problem.
- C. It’s easy to cut down on plastic pollution.
- D. There is a strong growth in plastic production.

61. The second paragraph talks about _____.

- A. the importance of dealing with plastic
- B. the difficulty in stopping using plastic
- C. the wide spread of plastic pollution
- D. the reuse of plastic waste

62. According to Dr. Winnie Lau, _____.

- A. waste pickers are badly needed
- B. Indian waste pickers need help
- C. It’s not difficult to collect plastics
- D. everyone should say no to plastic

63. What does the underlined word “**ignore**” mean in Chinese?

- A. 重视
- B. 忽视
- C. 产生
- D. 理睬

64. What’s the purpose of this passage?

- A. To explain the main reason for plastic pollution.
- B. To discuss ways to prevent plastic production.
- C. To describe the bright future of the world.
- D. To call on people to collect plastics.

第二节 阅读还原。阅读下面的短文，根据短文内容，从短文后所给的 A—F 选项中，选出能填入文中空白处的最佳选项。（提示：每个选项只用一次，选项中有一项为多余选项）

As teenagers, you have many dreams. These dreams can be very big, such as winning the Nobel Prize, or they can be small. You may just want to become one of the ten best students in your class.

Once you find a dream, what do you do with it? 65. _____

Follow your heart by Australian writer Andrews tells us that making our dreams come true is life’s biggest challenge.

66. _____ The first thing you must do is to remember what your dream is.

Don’t let it leave your heart. 67. _____ Do this step and your dream will come true faster because a big dream is, in fact, many small dreams.

You must also never give up your dream. 68. _____ But the biggest difficulty comes from yourself. You may think you’re not good at some school subjects, or it is impossible for you to become a writer. These kinds of thoughts stop you from getting your dream.

You need to decide what is the most important. Studying instead of watching TV will lead to better exam results, while saving five *yuan* instead of buying an ice cream means you can buy a new book.
69. _____ This is good as you have the chance to learn more skills and find new interests.

- A. There will be difficulties on the road to your dream.
B. Do you ever try to make your dream come true?
C. As you get closer to your dream, it may change a little.
D. In fact, everyone can make their dreams come true
E. Where can we make our dreams come true?
F. Keep telling yourself what you really want.

第 II 卷 (非选择题 32 分)

五、综合填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式 (每空不超过三个单词)。

I have a friend who writes to me from time to time. He has lived a hard life and gone through many 70. _____ (difficult). Now he is dealing with health problems that have left him feeling tired. He ended his last letter to me 71. _____ this question: Does anything we do in this life really make a difference?

When I read those words, my mind suddenly flashed back to last summer. I stopped at the street corner 72. _____ (check) for traffic. Suddenly, I noticed a teenage boy 73. _____ (walk) with his head down looking at his cell phone. I reached out as he passed me, grabbed (抓住) his arm, and pulled him back just as a car passed us fast. He looked so shocked to see 74. _____ had happened. He apologized (道歉) and thanked me. I smiled back and reminded him to keep his feet from walking while his hands 75. _____ (work).

I didn't give that moment a second thought 76. _____ I read my friend's letter. If I had done nothing at that moment, a life might have been lost. I 77. _____ (quick) wrote back to my friend and shared the story with him. Then I wrote this: Everything we do in this life 78. _____ (make) a difference. Every act of kindness we perform, every encouraging word we say, and every listening ear we lend makes a profound impact (深远的影响) in the lives of others. We are all far 79. _____ (value) than we realize. Life is given to us to live and to love. Use yours to make a difference today!

六、完成句子 (共 7 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 7 分)

根据汉语及句末括号内的英语单词提示, 用相关短语的适当形式完成句子 (每空词数不超过四个)。

80. 杰克, 你丢失的手表在布朗先生那里, 你可以向他要。(ask)

Jack, your lost watch is in Mr Brown's hand. You can _____ it.

81. 看, 书柜中的书乱七八糟的, 请马上整理一下。(clear)

Look, the books in the bookcase are in a mess. Please _____ right now!

82. 英语演讲比赛展现了她最优秀的一面。(bring)

The English Speech Competition _____ the best in her.

83. 河水湍急, 不值得冒险。(take)

The river runs too quickly. It is not worth _____.

84. 妈妈参加聚会, 总要打扮一下。

When my mother goes to a party, she always _____.

85. 我答应父母好好地努力学习，决不会让他们失望。(let)

I promise my parents to work hard, I will never _____.

86. 这些志愿者正在前往那座山村学校。(make)

These volunteers _____ to the village school.

七、书面表达 (满分 15 分)

为了推进我市英语人机对话考试，同学们充分利用一些英语 APP 中的资源来进行口语训练。请根据下面表格中的信息提示，谈一谈你的学习经历及体会。

经历	学习时间：自进入中学以来开始使用，每天学习约二十分钟； 练习内容：跟读单词、对话、课文等；口头回答问题； 按时完成老师布置的听说任务。
体会	通过趣味配音、阅读扩大了词汇； 提高了口语水平，如口语流利，快速应答等。

写作要求：1、以上信息不可缺少，也可适当发挥；

2、词数不少于 90 (已给出的不计入总词数)；

3、文中不得出现真实姓名、校名等个人信息。

参考词汇：resources 资源；follow 跟读；repeat 重复；orally 口头地；improve 提高；increase 增加；rapidly 快速地；fluent 流利的；Interesting Dubbing 趣味配音

Hello, everyone! In order to develop the man-machine conversation test, we all have made the best use of resources from English APPs to practice English. Now I'll tell you something about my learning.

That's all. Thank you for sharing my experience with me.