**四川省自贡市初2021届毕业生学业考试**

**英语**

**注意事项：**

1. 本试卷分第I卷（选择题）和第II卷（非选择题）两部分, 共12页, 试卷满分150 分, 考试时间为120分钟。

2. 答卷前, 考生务必将自己的姓名、座位号、准考证号填写在答题卡上。答卷时, 选择 题部分必须使用2B铅笔将答案标号填涂在答题卡上对应题目标号的位置上。如需改动, 用橡 皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号。非选择题部分, 须用0. 5毫米黑色签字笔书写。在本试题 卷、草稿纸上答题无效。

3. 考试结束后, 将试题卷和答题卡一并交回。

**第I卷（选择题共100分）**

**第一部分 听力（共两节, 满分30分）**

做题时, 可将答案划在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案 转涂到答题卡上。

**第一节 （共5小题；每小题1. 5分, 满分7. 5分）**

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳 选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后, 你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅 读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman want to borrow?

AB C

2.Which instrument did the man learn?

AB C

3. What will the man buy for his mom?

ABC

4. What is the woman doing at the moment?

ABC

5. What did Alexander Bell invent?

ABC

听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有一个或几个小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项, 并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读 各个小题, 每小题5秒钟。听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两 遍。

听下面一段材料, 回答第6小题。

6. What will the speakers do next?

A. Meet at ten in the library.

B. Meet at ten in the classroom.

C. Meet at nine in the classroom.

听下面一段材料, 回答第7小题。

7. What is the telephone number of the manager's office?

A. 6209120. B. 6209123. C. 6201913.

听下面一段材料, 回答第8小题。

8. Why was the teacher angry with the woman?

A. She was late. B. She was absent.

C. She didn't listen to the teacher.

听下面一段材料, 回答第9小题。

9. Which subject does Mr. Wang teach?

A. English. B. Math. C. Chinese.

听下面一段材料, 回答第10小题。

10. Where will the woman probably be at 4:20?

A. At home. B. At the office. C. On the way to the office.

听下面一段材料, 回答第11至12题。

11. What is the meeting about?

A. The new factory. B. The new house. C. The new school.

12. When will the meeting be held?

A. On Wednesday. B. On Thursday. C. On Friday.

听下面一段材料, 回答第13至15题。

13. What did the doctor say about the man?

A. The man was unhealthy.

B. The man needed to lose weight.

C. The man should stay in bed for a week.

14. What does the doctor suggest?

A. Going out for supper. B. Taking some medicine.  C. Stopping eating rich food.

15. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. Doctor and patient. B. Teacher and student. C. Wife and husband.

听下面一段独白, 回答第16至20题。

16. What might happen if you get angry with friends?

A. You may lose them. B. They will wait for you. C. You can't study or work well.

17. Where does Tina come from?

A. Germany. B. Canada. C. The USA.

18. How many suggestions does the book give?

A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

19. Which suggestion is mentioned in Tina's book?

A. Write down why you are angry.

B. Ask your friends to talk with you.

C. Talk about the problem with parents.

20. What does Tina's book mainly talk about?

A. How to control your feelings. B. How to make new friends. C. How to keep a record.

**第二部分基础知识运用（共两节, 满分30分）**

**第一节 单项填空（共10小题；每小题1分, 满分10分）**

从A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。

21. —What do you think of learning Chinese, David?

—Actually, I find \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard to learn Chinese well in a short time.

A. thatB. oneC. it

22. 一Have you heard of the news about Yuan Longping?

—Yes. It's reported that he passed away \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the age of 91 yesterday.

A. atB. inC. on

23. —How do you like art?

—It's as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as other subjects. It can help us develop a sense of beauty.

A. boringB. importantC. difficult

24. — \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I take a seat here?

―No, you can't. They're only for the old and children.

A. May  B. MustC. Will

25. —Would you like to help me clean the house this weekend?

—I'd like to \_\_\_\_I finish my homework.

A. beforeB. thoughC. if

26. —Would you mind not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ football in the hallway?

—Sorry, I won't.

A. playB. playing C. to play

27. —What is Jane doing these days?

—She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a book about the history of new China.

A. reads B. has readC. is reading

28. ― Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting?

—Sony, I don't know. I was not at the meeting.

A. what he would say B. what he saidC. what did he say

29. —What's up? She looks so upset.

—She failed the exam. Let's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. dress her up B. cheer her upC. make her up

30. 一Mom, can you buy me the dress?

― \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ That's too expensive for us.

A. No way. B. Sounds great. C. Take things easy.

**第二节 完形填空（共15小题；A篇每小题2分, B篇每小题1分, 满分20分）**

阅读下面A、B两篇短文, 掌握其大意, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中, 选出可以 填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

**A**

Do you often run outdoors to keep healthy? Have you ever thought about 31 running helps to clean up the earth? Sometimes a creative mind can bring us a win-win situation. Plogging(跑步捡垃圾), a new way to 32 , began in Sweden. The name "plogging" comes from two words一the Swedish word "plocka", which means "to pick up", and the word 'jogging", which means "to run slowly". A Swedish man called Erik started the movement. He saw rubbish here and there when 33 to work each day. He became 34 about the dirty environment and decided not to go to work by bike any more. So, he began to run to work and pick up the rubbish at the same time. To his35 , more and more people followed him and soon plogging became popular.

31. A. whyB. howC. when

32. A. workB. relaxC. exercise

33. A. ridingB. runningC. walking

34. A. excitedB. worriedC. interested

35. A. disappointmentB. angerC. joy

**B**

Once upon a time, many feelings lived on an island, including Happiness, Sadness and Love. One day the 36 were told that the island would sink, so they all made boats and left37 Love. Love was the only one who stayed. When the island had almost disappeared into the water, Love decided to 38 for help.

Richness in a big boat was passing by Love. Love asked, "Richness, can you 39 me with you?" Richness answered, “No, I can't. There is no 40 here for you. "

Love decided to ask Sadness. "Sadness, please help me!" "I can't help you. Love. I am so41 that I need to be by myself!" Sadness answered.

Happiness passed by Love, too, but she was so happy that she did not hear when Love called her.

Suddenly, there was a(an) 42 , "Come, Love. I will take you." It was an old man. Love was happy and 43 forgot to ask where they were going. When they arrived at a 44 place, the man walked away. Love asked Knowledge, "Who helped me?"

"It was Time. " Knowledge answered.

“Time?" asked Love. "But why did Time help me? "

Knowledge smiled and answered, "Because only Time can 45 how valuable Love is. "

36. A. feelingsB. touristsC. passengers

37. A. withB. exceptC. behind

38. A. askB. payC. prepare

39. A. driveB. inviteC. take

40. A. moneyB. roomC. food

41. A. gladB. busyC. sad

42. A. voiceB. boatC. island

43. A. yetB. evenC. still

44. A. comfortableB. quietC. safe

45. A. understandB. describeC. imagine

**第三部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分40分)**

**第一节 阅读理解(共15小题；每小題2分, 满分30分)**

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。

**A**

The Arctic has always been an area of great beauty and mystery, where a lot of movies and TV shows are made. Here are three of our favorite Arctic movies.

**Klaus(2019)**

Klaus is a family holiday film about the origins of Santa Claus, many people's favorite old man at Christmas. Santa is said to live in the North Pole, but in Klaus, he lives in Smeerenburg, a Norwegian settlement on the island of Svalbard. There, a young postman convinces the town's kids to send letters to the lonely woodsman named Klaus, and in return he will reward them with toys.

**Balto(1995)**

Based on a true story, this animated movie takes place when a deadly disease hits the small town of Nome, Alaska, US, in 1925. A half-wolf dog named Balto must lead a sled-dog team across the snowy expanse to send life-saving medicine to the town's citizens hundreds of kilometers away.

**Arctic(2019)**

Is there a better place for a survival(生存)story than the Arctic? In the film Arctic, one man must survive in the icy landscape after his plane crashes. He must fish, find water, and build a makeshift camp to stay alive. The film, shot in the cold wilderness of Iceland, shows just how hard life can be in the Arctic.

46. Which movie will you choose if you are interested in Christmas?

A. Klaus(2019). B. Balto(1995). C. Arctic(2019).

47. Which word best describes the half-wolf dog Balto?

A. Lively. B. Helpful. C. Outgoing.

48. Where was the movie Arctic (2019) shot?

A. In Smeerenburg. B. In Alaska. C. In Iceland.

**B**

Dogs may be man's best friends, but for Sisu, a stray dog, the unicom（独角兽）is his best friend.

Recently, Sisu broke into a store in North Carolina five times, trying to steal the same purple unicorn toy. But every time he got it, a salesman would find him, take the toy away and put it back on the shelf. When it turned out that Sisu wouldn't give up, the salesman had to lock the door and not let Sisu in, and then called Duplin County Animal Services for help.

Samantha Lane, the officer who answered the call, was so moved by Sisu's love for the unicorn that she bought the $10 toy for the dog.

"The only thing we can think of is that he came from a family that had a similar toy or had children who had one, " said Joe Newbum, a director of Duplin County Animal Services.

"It's a nice dog," Newbum added. "He likes to play and he is very smart. He sits, stays and shakes hands. He is very polite."

And whoever is lucky enough to adopt（收养）Sisu will get two best friends for the price of one. According to the Facebook post from Duplin County Animal Services, Sisu and his stuffed animal have already had an adopter.

49. Why did Sisu break into the store in North Carolina?

A. To meet his adopter. B. To look for some food.

C. To get the unicorn freely.

50. What can we learn from Joe Newbum's words?

A. The family had only one child.

B. The family owned many unicorns.

C. Joe Newbum thought highly of Sisu.

51. What is the right order according to the story?

a. Sisu was adopted at last.

b. Sisu broke into the store.

c. The salesman called for help.

d. The officer bought Sisu the unicorn.

A. b-d-a-cB. b-c-d-aC. c-d-b-a

52. What can be a suitable title for the text?

A. Brave for Love B. Kind to AnimalsC. Proper Feeding of Dogs

**C**

If you're riding in a "lift" or an "elevator", or eating "chips" versus "fries", these words all depend on whether you're in the UK or US. Although the, both speak English, there are many phrases and idioms that differ between the cultures.

For example, have you ever just not been in the mood to go out with friends? In the US you might say you don't feel like doing that activity, but in the UK you would say, "I can't be asked. "

Maybe you're about to take a test and feel a little anxious. In the US, you might say you are nervous, but in the UK, one could say they are "having kittens". If someone in the UK were feeling they were under pressure, they might say they are '"under the cosh".

Even many native English speakers are often confused by the meanings of these terms. Stephanie Stone, a US native, recalls her experience studying in the UK. "People would ask, 'You all right?' For months I thought I looked unwell until I realized it just meant 'How's it going? ".

If you want to know more about US and UK idioms, you'd better "**have a butcher's hook**" at some phrase books. It can be quite interesting to find, the equivalent（对应的）phrases in your own language.

53. What would you say in America if you are unwilling to go out with friends?

A. I can't be asked.

B. I'm under the cosh.

C. I don't feel like doing that.

54. How might Stephanie Stone feel at first when asked ' You all right? ' in the UK?

A. Surprised. B. Pleased. C. Tired.

55. What does the phrase "**have a butcher's hook**" in the last paragraph mean?

A. Get many skills. B. Have a look. C. Find some words.

56. What is the text mainly about?

A. The meanings of phrases and idioms in the UK and US.

B. The history of phrases and idioms in the UK and US.

C. The differences of phrases and idioms in the UK and US.

**D**

Named after the "quest for heavenly truth", Tianwen 1, China's first Mars probe（探测器）, has given us impressive pictures of the red planet. The first high-resolution（高分辨率的）pictures of Mars taken by Tianwen 1 were made public by the China National Space Administration（CNSA） on March 4.

"These are the first close-up pictures of Mars' surface taken by China, " said Bao Weimin, a scientist of the Chinese Academy of Sciences.

The pictures were taken at different distances from Mars. The two black-and-white pictures were taken by the high-resolution camera on Tianwen 1 when the probe was about 330-350 kilometers above the Martian surface. As for the color picture, it was taken by Tianwen 1's medium-resolution（中分辨率的）camera when the probe was about 5, 000 kilometers above the red planet. **It** shows Mars' North Pole.

The high-resolution camera can take both color and panchromatic（全色的）pictures. Panchromatic pictures, which are black and white, are the clearest, having the largest amount of data for scientific study, said Liu Tongjie. The medium-resolution camera, can only produce lesser clear pictures. Scientists put the panchromatic and color pictures together to form a clear and beautiful color picture, Liu added.

Tianwen 1, the country's first independent Mars task, was sent up on July 23, kicking off the nation's planetary exploration program. The probe entered its preset orbit above Mars on Feb 24 and is looking for a landing site on the planet's largest plain. The probe is expected to land on the red planet sometime between May and June.

57. When were the first high-resolution photos of Mars made public by CNSA?

A. On Feb 24. B. On March 4. C. On July 23.

58. What does the word "**It**" refer to in paragraph 3?

A. The color picture.

B. The black-and-white picture.

C. The clear and beautiful picture.

59. What do we know about the pictures according to the text?

A. The first close-up pictures of Mars' surface were taken at different distances from Mars.

B. The color pictures have the largest amount of data for scientific study.

C. The clearest pictures were taken by the medium-resolution camera.

60. What will be most probably discussed next?

A. Tianwen 1 will take more pictures of Mars.

B. Tianwen 1 will land on the red planet, Mars.

C. Tianwen 1 will do some scientific research on Mars.

**第二节 阅读填空（共5小题；每小题2分, 满分10分）**

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余 选项。

I travel a lot. Each month, I pack up my suitcase to hit the road, whether it could be by plane, train, or automobile. I always find myself with the same problem—how to stay healthy while traveling? 61\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Move around.

Though only about 1 in 4, 500 airplane passengers develop a blood clot（血块）, you should still make efforts to move around on the plane, just standing in the aisle or by taking a walk to the toilet. Have a layover（中途停留）? Instead of sitting, make sure to walk around the airport. Taking a road trip? Make plenty of stops to move around. 62\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Whether it is working out at your hotel, taking hikes, or giving up public transport to walk, you'll feel much better if you get in some activity.

2. Prepare snacks smartly.

63\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Though these seem like a convenient choice, they're not the healthiest. I like to pack snacks that are within my calorie budget for the day and 100 calories or under each. When traveling and buying food, I try to choose fresh fruit and vegetables. Is fast food the only choice if you're very hungry? Stick to something simple and whatever you do, don't supersize.

3. 64\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Because of low humidity on planes, many of us can find ourselves feeling thirstier than ever. Drink more water. Make sure when traveling on day trips to carry water with you at all times. 65 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ As a result, you will eat more healthily throughout the day.

|  |
| --- |
| A. Eat, eat, eat.  B. Drink, drink, drink.  C. Here are some practical tips.  D. Once you get to your location, don't forget to do exercise.  E. Water will also help you to be able to stay full between meals.  F. While at the airport or on road trips, you'll pass countless fast restaurants. |

**第II卷（非选择题共50分）**

注意事项：必须使用0. 5毫米黑色签字笔在答题卡上题目所指示区域内作答, 答在试题 卷上无效。

**第四部分 综合知识运用（共三节, 满分50分）**

**第一节 单词填空（共10小题；每小题1分, 满分10分）**

根据句意及首字母提示写出所缺单词的适当形式, 并把单词完整地填写在答题卡上。

66. S\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the day of the week after Saturday and before Monday.

67. My teacher has two cute children, a son and a d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

68. It's our duty to save energy. Please r\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to turn off lights and computers when you leave the office.

69. Mike invited me to his birthday party, but I r\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ politely at once because I was preparing for an exam.

70. Speak English as much as possible and you'll make great p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in spoken English one day.

71. After lots of practice, he passed the driving test s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and got the driver's license.

72. The teacher asked us to c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the first report with the second to find their similarities and differences.

73. My father used to be serious, but he is very h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ now and often tells us funny jokes.

74. Mike breaks the school rules now and then, that is to say, he doesn't b\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_well in school.

75. We all keep s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about the matter, for it's a secret between us.

**第二节 语法填空(共10小题；每小题1. 5分, 满分15分)**

阅读下而短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

During the unusual winter holiday in 2020, we stayed at home for two 76 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(month) because of COVID-19. But my father, a member of the Communist Party of China, didn't stay 77 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ us at home for too long.

When my dad heard about some 78\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (use) work, he became a volunteer in a rural area to help check people's information and spread knowledge about COVID-19. As the situation became much 79\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (bad), 24-hour traffic checkpoints were set up on the main roads to the village. There was only 80\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ simple tent, a few chairs and two heaters for volunteers 81 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (spend) the night. The winter night was very cold and the volunteers could hardly sleep. But my father 82 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(final) chose to stay because he wanted to guard the gate for other people.

Dad 83\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(join) the Party a few years ago. At first, I didn't know much about it. After the pandemic, I learned that the Party members are people 84\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ will step forward when China is in trouble. When I grow up, I want to become one of 85\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (they). Even if I am not a Party member, I will make contributions to our society, making it a much better place.

**第三节 书面表达(满分25分)**

假定你是李华, 你校将为在自贡的英国交换生举办一次中国文化体验活动。请根据以下 提示写封邮件给交换生负责人Peter, 告知体验活动当天的相关安排, 内容包括：

1. 统一集合, 乘车前往；

2. 活动内容：参观恐龙博物馆；观看彩灯制作；欣赏二胡演奏等；

3. 注意事项。

注意：

1. 词数80左右；

2. 可以适当増加细节, 以使行文连贯；

3. 开头语和结束语已为你写好。

参考词汇：恐龙:dinosaur化石:fossil彩灯：colorful lantern

Dear Peter,

How's everything going? I'm writing to tell you something about the Chinese cultural activity which our school will organize for your exchange students.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Hope you enjoy your trip.

Yours,

Li Hua