

七年级英语试题

注意事项:

1. 本试题测试时间 90 分钟, 分值 80 分;
2. 请将试卷每题答案填/写答题卡上, 本试卷不上交;
3. 本次测试卷面书写质量分 5 分, 希望你认真书写。

一、阅读理解 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

Welcome to Our School Clubs

<p>Chinese Calligraphy (书法) Club</p>  <p>Do you want to learn how to write traditional Chinese characters(字符)? Do you want to enjoy Chinese Calligraphy? Ms Zhao is waiting for you.</p> <p>Time: Every Thursday afternoon Room: 105</p>	<p>Beijing Opera Club</p>  <p>Are you interested in music, dancing, painting or beautiful clothes? You can enjoy all of these in our club. Sometimes we go to Mei Lanfang Theatre to watch Beijing Opera.</p> <p>Time: Friday afternoon Room: 107</p>
<p>Taijiquan Club</p>  <p>Choose something new and fun. Taiji is an interesting and traditional kind of exercise. It's slow and quiet, but very good for your health.</p> <p>Time: 5: 30 pm- 6: 30 pm (from Monday to Friday) Room: 201</p>	<p>Chinese Knot (结) Club</p>  <p>Do you like art? Come to our Chinese Knot Club. Make your own knots and learn something about Chinese culture. The traditional red knots bring you good luck.</p> <p>Time: Tuesday afternoon Room: 308</p>

1. How many clubs are there in our school?
A. Two . B. Four . C. Six . D. Ten .
2. Why do Chinese people like Chinese Knot? Because _____
A. It's traditional. B. It's interesting.
C. It brings good luck. D. It means healthy.

3. Which is NOT true according(根据) to the passage?

- A. Ms Zhao is a calligraphy teacher.
- B. You can enjoy dancing and painting in our school Clubs.
- C. Taiji is a traditional kind of Chinese exercise.
- D. We can buy some Chinese Knot in Chinese Knot Club.

B

In Thailand(泰国) there are many elephants. The elephants are very big and kind. They can carry heavy things, so they can do a lot of hard work for people. And they are very cute and clever. They can act(表演) and dance. Sometimes they can play games with people. Now people from all over the world go to Thailand to have fun with elephants. It is very interesting.



But do you know there is a festival for the elephants in Thailand? It is Elephant Day. It comes at the third weekend of November(十一月). On that day, the elephants don't work or act, so they can have a good rest. The elephants can also wear colorful clothes. And people give them a lot of good food, such as fruit and vegetables, so they are happy and have a good time.

4. What can't elephants do in Thailand in this passage?

- A. Dance and act.
- B. Carry heavy things.
- C. Take photos for people.
- D. Play games with people.

5. What does Paragraph(段) 2 mainly talk about?

- A. Something about Elephants Day.
- B. Elephants do a lot of hard work.
- C. Elephants eat good food and have a rest.
- D. The elephants can wear colorful clothes.

6. What does the underlined(划线) word "they" refer to(指)?

- A. The people in Thailand.
- B. The elephants in Thailand.
- C. The fruit and vegetables.
- D. The people from all over the world.

7. Why are the elephants in Thailand happy on Elephant Day? Because _____

- a. They don't work or act.
- b. They can have a good rest.
- c. They can meet some kind people.
- d. They can eat a lot of good food.

- A. abcd
- B. abc
- C. abd
- D. bcd

C



Many people like animals. Now a lot of people keep animals as pets. Usually people like to keep dogs, cats, fish and other animals. Many young people keep animals because they think these animals are interesting. Some old people keep pets because they don't live with their children.

Molly lives in No. 20 Garden Street. He is a doctor (医生), but he helps dogs. People usually call him The Dog Doctor. When their dogs get sick (生病), they call him on the telephone. He goes to the people's houses and helps them. He gives the dogs medicines (药物). Wherever (无论) he goes, he is always welcome.

8. What pets do people like to keep as pets?

- A. Dogs B. Cats C. Fish D. A, B and C

9. Why do young people keep pets?

- A. Because they don't live with their parents.
B. Because they don't have children.
C. Because they think animals are interesting.
D. Because they want to help animals.

10. How does Molly help sick animals?

- A. He gives them some food. B. He gives them some medicines.
C. He sends them to the hospital. D. He keeps them at home.

11. What is the best title (题目) of the passage?

- A. Pets and Doctors B. A New Pet Store
C. Dog Doctor D. An Interesting Animal

D

The crow (乌鸦) is an ordinary (普通的) bird. It is about twenty inches (英寸) long and black all over. Crows are dirty birds because they live on old bad food. Crows eat a lot of waste food. In this way they are more useful to us than any birds. They clean up the dirty things in our streets. Crows are always hungry. They look for food all day long, and in the evening you can see them in large numbers flying back to their nests (窝) in the trees. They sleep there at night.



Crows are much noisier than other birds. Very often a large number of crows will get together on one house and talk. Sometimes they talk together, and sometimes they do it by turns (次序) like human beings (人类). It is easy to tell from (区别) crows' sounds whether (是

否) they are pleased or angry. Perhaps crows talk a lot because they are friendly birds. A pair of crows will live together all their lives, and if one of them dies, the other one becomes very sad and quiet for the rest of its life and sometimes it dies, too.

12. Which one isn't the crows's talking way (谈话方式)?

- A. They talk together.
- B. They get together and talk.
- C. One talks, the others listen.
- D. They talk by turns.

13. Why are crows more useful birds for us?

- A. They live on old bad food.
- B. They eat a lot of waste food.
- C. They are friendly birds.
- D. They live together all their lives.

14. What can we know from crows' sounds?

- A. whether they are hungry or full.
- B. whether they are ill or healthy.
- C. whether they are pleased or angry.
- D. whether they are living or dead.

15. What do you think of a pair of crows?

- A. They are noisy.
- B. They are dirty.
- C. They are loving.
- D. They are helpful.

二、语言知识运用 (共 39 小题, 满分 31 分)

(一) 完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读短文, 从每题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。



Do you like shopping? Maybe you can say “Yes”. But If you go to a 16 and find that there is no cashier (收银员), would you still pay for your things?

People in our neighbourhood are having a test of honesty(诚信测试) now. The supermarket here has a special area. This area sells 17 things such as pens and pencils. People need to scan (扫描) their things, and put the 18 into the cash desk all by themselves. 19 watches them.

By now, the supermarket 20 very well. People say they enjoy the feeling of being honest. Once I go to the supermarket 21 a note book. When I am ready to pay, I find I have no change (零钱) on me. I am just going to put the note book back when a neighbour of 22 sees me. He knows what my 23 is. And he says he will be glad to 24 me five yuan. I thank him and pay the note book 25 the money.

Do you think the supermarket is doing a great job? And will you be glad to pay when you are in such a supermarket?

- | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| 16.A. school | B. class | C. bookshop | D. supermarket |
| 17.A. expensive | B. small | C. important | D. special |
| 18.A. things | B. price | C. money | D. name |
| 19.A. Nobody | B. Somebody | C. Everybody | D. Anybody |
| 20.A. is | B. looks after | C. runs | D. takes |
| 21.A. to buy | B. to find | C. to read | D. to enjoy |
| 22.A. his | B. him | C. me | D. mine |
| 23.A. lesson | B. problem | C. notebook | D. idea |
| 24.A. lend | B. take | C. borrow | D. spend |
| 25.A. for | B. of | C. with | D. about |

(二) 单词考查 (共 16 小题; 满分 8 分)

I. 音标写词 (共 6 小题; 每小题 0.5 分, 满分 3 分)

26. /əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ/ _____ 27. /'feɪməs/ _____ 28. /'prɒmɪs/ _____
 29. /streɪndʒ/ _____ 30. /tɔ:t / _____ 31. /fæn'tæstɪk/ _____

II. 词汇运用 (共 10 小题; 每小题 0.5 分, 满分 5 分)

根据首字母或英汉词汇提示, 用单词或短语的正确形式补全句子。

32. The watch isn't _____ (她的) and her watch is blue.
 33. The post office is _____ (在……对面) the cinema.
 34. Some good ideas about life _____ (实现) in the future.
 35. Today online shopping is c _____ our way of life.
 36. There are some t _____ coming to Qingyun Mountain on May Day.
 37. Your brother can c _____ them before he buys one of two pens.
 38. There are more traffic j _____ in the street in big city now.
 39. My friend _____ (not take) the bus to school next year.
 40. Why _____ (not ask) the teachers when you have some questions?
 41. The students will have no homework _____ (do) after school in the future.

(三)选词填空 (共 7 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 7 分)

用方框中选择合适的单词填空, 使短文意思完整, 有两个多余单词。(每词限用一次)

receive, take, first, shopping, prices, product, clothes, advantages, something

There are many new ways of shopping, and online shopping is one of them. You can buy almost everything on the Internet, and it's very easy. 42, you choose 43 -clothes, tickets, a mobile phone, even a new computer-and pay for it. Then you will 44 it a few days later by post.

Online shopping has several 45. First, you can shop at any time. The shops are always open. Second, shopping usually takes a lot of time. But to shop on the Internet you only need a computer and a mouse! You can also compare the 46 of the same product and spend a lot or save money.

But many people like going out and 47 with friends. They don't like shopping on the Internet because they can't see the 48 or try the clothes on. Also paying over the Internet isn't always safe.

(四) 句型转换 (共 6 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 6 分)

按每小题后面的要求做题, 每空填写一词。

49. The books on the desk are theirs. (对划线部分提问)

_____ the books on the desk?

50. The little boy cooks by himself at home. (用上 can 改写否定句子)

The little boy _____ by himself at home.

51. He often plays tennis on the playground in the morning. (用 next Sunday 替换 in the morning 改写句子)

He _____ tennis on the playground next Sunday.

52. Can you tell me the way to the Qingyunhu Park? (写出同义句)

_____ to the Qingyunhu Park?

53. Our school is between the supermarket and zoo. (对划线部分提问)

_____ your school?

54. and, there, school, you, good, make friends, can, is, fun (连词成句)

三、翻译句子（共 6 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 9 分）

用上所给单词，把下列句子译成英语。

55. 他打算在第二个路口往右拐。（turn right）

56. Tom 想线上购买一本关于潍坊的旅行手册。（would like）

57. 人们在匆忙的时候经常会丢失东西。（lose）

58. 他们计划周六在他们房子附近的公园里收集垃圾。（collect）

59. 因为今天打折，商店里所有的东西都是半价。（sale）

60. 你哥哥穿多大码的 T 恤衫？（take）

四、写作（满分 10 分）

教育部最近下发了《关于全面加强和改进新时代学校体育工作的意见》，切实保障学生每天校内、校外各 1 小时体育活动时间，大力推广家庭体育锻炼活动，把体育运动摆在更加突出的位置。

为响应和支持健康中国行动，作为一名中学生，你打算在校园内、校园外积极参加哪些健身活动。请以 “I exercise, I'm healthy and happy” 为题，谈一谈你对体育运动的看法、目前参与体育活动情况和未来的健身运动规划。

写作要求：

结合个人实际情况，自由发挥，内容符合要求，语句连贯、表达清晰、词数 70-80 个，可以选用部分提示词。

提示词：

ride, run, jump, shoot(投), swim, row(划船), gymnastics (体操), Wushu, ice and Snow Sports (冰雪运动), rock climbing (攀岩), walk, skip rope(跳绳), kick shuttlecock(踢毽子), play, take, do, basketball, football, tennis, table tennis.

问题提示：

◆ What do you think of sports?

◆ What sports can you do now?

◆ What sports are you taking now?

◆ What sports are you going to do in the future?

This image shows a full page of handwriting practice paper. It features multiple sets of horizontal lines designed to guide letter formation. Each set consists of three lines: a solid top line, a dashed middle line, and a solid bottom line. These sets are repeated vertically down the entire page, providing ample space for practicing cursive or other handwriting styles. The paper is otherwise blank, with no margins, text, or illustrations.