 人教八年级下Unit 6检测题

听力略

第二部分(笔试共90分)

I.完形填空(共20小题,计20分)

第一节:阅读下面短文,按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求,从所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整，

One midnight, a little girl woke up to drink water. She got up by 1\_\_\_\_\_ The bedroom door 2\_\_\_\_\_ , so she opened it. She looked outside but walked 3\_\_\_\_\_, because it was so dark in the hall that she feared.

Her mother said., "Don't be afraid, honey. Take courage!"

She ran to her mother's bed and asked her mother 4\_\_\_\_ is courage.

“Courage is the brave breath," her mother 5\_\_\_\_.

"Mum, do you have courage?"

"Certainly."

6 \_\_\_\_little girl held out her cold hands, saying, "Mum, blow some of your breath of courage to me."

After her mother blew some of breath into her little cold hands, the little girl clenched her fists(握拳) 7\_\_\_\_. She was afraid that the "breath of courage”8\_\_\_\_ run away. Then she walked out of the bedroom towards the kitchen with nothing to be afraid. Her mother said to herself, "It will be nice if someone can blow some kind of "breath"to me. Then I can also hold it in my 9 \_\_\_\_when I feel terrified.'

In a word, the thing that we are terrified of is nothing 10\_\_\_\_ the fear in our mind. The person who we should defeat is nobody but ourselves

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. herself | B.him | C.himself | D.her |
|  | A. will be locked | | B. is locked |  |
|  | C. was locked | | D. locks |  |
|  | A. forward | B. further | C.out | D. back |
|  | A.if | B. what | C. whether | D.when |
|  | A answer | B.will answer | C. answered | D. answers |
|  | A. The | B./ | C.An | D.A |
|  | A. busy | B. nervous | C.busily | D. nervously |
|  | A will | B. would | C. should | D. shall |
|  | A. hand | B. feet | C. hands | D. foot |
|  | A.but | B.so | C.and | D. because |

第二节:阅读下面一篇短文,理解大意,从所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案,使短文连贯完整。

It was an unforgettable night. The 1l \_\_\_\_\_Mexico City gradually calmed down. The main Olympic stadium(体育场) was in darkness.

12\_\_\_\_\_he finished making the scenes that the marathon(马拉松赛跑) winners celebrated the victory, Greenspan, a world famous documentary producer(纪录片制作人),found the stadium empty. He was leaving for the hotel when he suddenly saw a man running into the stadium. The man ran out of breath, 13\_\_\_\_\_ he didn't stop. After he got to the goal, he 14\_\_\_\_\_ the ground.

Greenspan 15\_\_\_\_\_ this was a marathon athlete. So he went over to ask why the athlete ran to the 16 \_\_\_\_\_ with such a difficulty. The young man replied, "That my country sent me here is not to let me start off a race in the competition, but to make me 17\_\_\_\_\_ the game. I have fallen behind all other runners, but I have a goal 18 \_\_\_\_\_ them. I must run to the goal because my motherland is watching me from behind." Moved by what he 19 \_\_\_\_\_ Greenspan spread the most touching scene in the history of the Olympic Games to every corner of the world.

Life should have a 20\_\_\_\_\_ of reaching the peak(顶峰); yet the most important is not whether we can reach the peak. That we have made the greatest efforts to reach the goal in the mind is a success.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | A. clever | B. noisy | C.quiet | D.easy |
|  | A.Since | B. Before | C.After | D. For |
|  | A.so | B.but | C. and | D.or |
|  | A. slowed down | B. cut down | C. put down | D. fell down |
|  | A. guessed | B.hoped | C.introduced | D.explained |
|  | A.city | B. hotel | C.goal | D. country |
|  | A.play | B. watch | C.complete | D. lose |
|  | A.for | B.like | C.against | D.with |
|  | A. took | B.made | C. built | D. said |
|  | A. story | B.dream | C.suggestion | D. advice |

II.阅读理解(共15小题,计20分)

第一节:阅读下面A、B、C三篇短文,从所给的四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。(共10小题,计15分)

A poor man worked for a rich man. The rich man made the poor man work all day but didn't give him enough food, so the poor man often felt hungry.

One day, when the poor man was having breakfast, the rich man came in and said to the poor man, "It's very **troublesome** to come back for the other meals, so I want you to have your breakfast, lunch and dinner together now before you go to the fields." “How can I eat three meals at breakfast time?" the poor man answered but he said, "All right." He finished his meals and went out. Two hours later, the rich man went out for a walk, he saw the poor man sleeping under a tree. He was very angry and said," Why don't you work in the fields?" The poor man sat up and said with a smile."I have already had my dinner and you know very well that after dinner it is time to go to sleep."

1. What was the poor man doing when the rich man saw him again?

A. He was working in the fields.

B. He was sleeping under a tree.

C. He was still having breakfast.

D. He was cutting a tree

1. What's the Chinese meaning of the underlined word "Troublesome"?

A.迅速的 B.族闲的 C.麻烦的 D.辛苦的

23. From the story, we can learn that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the poor man ate too much

B. the rich man had only one meal a day

C. the poor man was clever

D.the rich man was kind to the poor man

B

Bags of love

Last year, I worked in a middle school near my mother's house. and I stayed with her for a month. During that time, I helped her do some housework and buy some food

After the first week, I noticed that the food was eaten up very quickly. Then I began keeping an eye on my mum To my surprise., I found that she would put some of the food into a paper bag and go out with it at about nine every morning. And finally, I decided to follow her. I saw her taking the food to the street children. She would also spend a lot of time talking and playing with them

One day, I talked to a neighbor and found out that my mum was well-known in the area. The children were very friendly with her and even thought of her as their own mother. Then it hit me--why wouldn't stop buying food if I found out?

When my mum got home, I gave her a hug. I told her she didn't need to keep it a secret from me. And she told me something about the children. Some of them lived with an old lady in a small house. Others slept on the street. For years. she was helping the poor street children by giving them food. After she told me everything, I was so moved by how selfless she was. She helped others in need. As her son, I was so proud of my mum.

I continued to buy food for my mum after that. But I always added one more bag for her other children.

24. After the first week, the writer noticed that

A. the food was put into a big box

B. his mum followed the children

C. the food was eaten up quickly

D.his mum stopped buying food

25. The street children thought of the writer's mum as their

A.old grandma

B.own mother

C.new neighbor

D.dear teacher

26. The writer added one more bag of food to

A. make friends with the children

B. get a hug from his mother

C. become well-known in the area

D. help the poor street children

C

International Children's Book Day (ICBD is on the second day of the fourth month every year, That day is the birthday of one of the most famous children's writers Hans Christian Andersen. The day started in 1967. People celebrate it across the world and the celebrations include appearances of writers, writing competitions, and book awards. It is a busy day for schools and libraries. ICBD wants to help improve international understanding through children's books, develop children's interest in books, and tell people to write good children's books. While you might be familiar with well-known works like Harry Potter and Alice in Wonderland, there is a whole host of wonderful children's books out there waiting to be discovered not just by children but by adults who are young at heart too!

Hans Christian Andersen was born in Denmark in 1805 and died in 1875. He was a great writer. He is best known for his fairy tales. Children all around the world love his stories. Among his best-known stories are The Snow Queen. The Little Mermaid, Thumbelina, and The Ugly Duckling. He became more famous throughout Europe with each book he wrote. His fairy tales have been translated into over 150 languages. Millions of copies are still sold every year. They are so popular that they have become part of the reading culture of most countries. They are always on teachers' reading lists and school library bookcases. When Andersen was a child, he had a love for books. which led him to write stories for children.

27. When is Intentional Children's Book Day?

A. March 12th B. April 2nd. C.August 22nd. D. November 12th.

28. Hans Christian Andersen died at the age of

A.70 B.68 C.65 D.62

29. Hans Christian Andersen is best known for his

A.animal stories B. fairy tales

C. children's stories D. science fiction

30. Which is NOT Hans Christian Andersen's story?

A. The Little Mermaid

B. The Snow Queen

C.Alice in Wonderland

D. The Ugly Ducking.

第二节:根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填人空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。(共5小题,计5分)

Blueberries (蓝莓) were Billy's favorite fruit. Today he planned to make blueberry juice. Billy didn't know how to make juice, so he asked his uncle for help. 31.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_He made carrot juice, apple juice and vegetable juice. But he never made blueberry juice before!

First, Billy and his uncle went to a blueberry farm. They picked blueberries for an hour. It was bard work picking the little blueberries from the trees. 32.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_But he thought these blueberries tasted better than those in the store.

33.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_After that, they put the blueberries in a pot to mash (捣烂) them up. They used a potato masher and really mashed them into a mess. Then they pushed them through a strainer (滤网),34.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

When they tasted it, they could really taste the blueberries. It wasn't very sweet, though. They added grape juice to the blueberry juice, 35.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

He thought it was better to use a natural sweet juice,like apple juice, pear juice or grape juice.They used grape juice, because grapes had a similar color as the blueberries

Finally, they drank it. It was a lot of work to make juice, but it was delicious!

|  |
| --- |
| A. Now, Billy understood why they were expensive in the store.  B. His uncle liked to make juice out of everything  C. The second morning Billy took some blueberry juice to school.  D. Next. they washed the blueberries  E. As a result, Billy's mother asked Billy to learn from his uncle,  F. Billy's uncle didn't want to use white sugar  G. Soon they got a small pot of dark purple juice |

III.完成句子:根据所给汉语意思，用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共5小题 计10分)

36.我们对于即将到来的足球赛很兴奋。

We\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the coming soccer game

37.孙悟空能将自己变成不同的动物，

Sun Wukong can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_different animals

38.那个小男孩足够勇敢地说出了真相。

The young boy is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to tell the truth

39.去年我一来到我们的新校园就爱上了它。

I came to our new campus last year, I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_it.

40.你应该坚持你的梦想,不要放弃，

You should hold on to your dream and don't\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

V.短文填空:用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空,使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次。每空限填一个单词。)(共10小题,计10分)

**problem, can, remember, good, sad, try,eye, violin, want, he**

A friend wrote me a letter a few weeks ago. His life was full of 41.\_\_\_\_\_.

His heart was full of worries. He was low on hope.

He ended 42.\_\_\_\_\_letter to me with this question: "Can't we really change this terrible world?" I answered him immediately (立刻)and started my own letter with these words: "I believe we can certainly change the world by hard work.

I can still 43.\_\_\_\_\_someone who changed my world. She was the music

teacher at my junior school. She was a 44\_\_\_\_\_at our church. I liked her very much and 45.\_\_\_\_\_to impress(给---留下深刻印象) her. But I had no talent at any instrument.

One day she let me play her violin I 46.\_\_\_\_\_my best but couldn't play

well. When I finished it, I put my head down 47.\_\_\_\_\_.“I guess I am not very good," I told her. She looked at me with her kind 48.\_\_\_\_\_, smiled and said: "We are all good at something. You just need to find out what you are good at. Then you 49\_\_\_\_\_share it with the world."

If you want to change the world, you can change it and make it 50.\_\_\_\_\_

than before. If someone asks you whether he can change the world or not, you can certainly say: " Yes, you can!'

V.任务型阅读:阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。(共5小题,计10分)

When you are in Hong Kong, you must be very careful in the streets because the traffic drives on the left. It is different from that in most other areas of China If it is your first time to come to Hong Kong, you must look to the right side and then the left before you cross the street. If the traffic lights are red, the traffic must stop. Then people on foot can cross the road carefully. But if the traffic lights are green, the traffic can go, and people on foot mustn't cross.

When people go to or come from work in the morning and evening, the streets are very busy. Traffic is the most dangerous then, especially for the children.

When you go by bus in Hong Kong, you must always remember the traffic moves on the left. So you must be careful. Have a look first, or you will go the wrong way.

In Hong Kong, there are many big buses with two floors. You can sit on the second floor. From there you can see the view of the whole city well. It's very interesting.

51. Why must you be very careful in the streets in Hong Kong?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It is different from that in most other areas of China.

52. What can people on foot do if the traffic lights are red?

People on foot can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. Does the traffic drive on the left in most other areas of China?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. There are many big buses with two floors in Hong Kong, aren't there?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

55. What should you do before you cross the street in Hong Kong?

I should\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

V.补全对话(共5小题,计5分)

根据下面对话中的情境,在每个空白处填人一个适当的语句,使对话恢复完整。

A: What are you doing, Mary?

B:56.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A:What is the name of the book?

B:It's Little Red Riding Hood. 57.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A:No, I haven't. What is it about?

B:It's about a girl in a red hat.

A:58\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

B:I think it is very educational. It tells us not to believe strangers' words.

A: Sounds interesting. By the way, have you decided where to go for the coming vacation?

B:Yes,59.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A:The Caspian Sea? It's very deep.

B:Really? 60\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A:1,025 meters.

VIII.书面表达(共1题,计15分)

请以“My Life in Twenty Years”为题写一篇文章。

信息提示:

1.What will you do in 20 years? How will you go to work?

2. Where will you live? What will your home be like?

3. What will you do in your free time?

要求:书写规范,内容完整,结构清晰,可适当发挥,不少于70词。

My Life in Twenty Years

人教八年级下Unit 6检测题答案

1--5 ACDBC 6--10 ADBCA 11--15 BCBDA

16--20 CCBDB 21--25 BCCCB 26--30 DBABC

31--35 BADGF

36. were/felt excited about 37.change himself into

38. brave enough 39.The moment; fell in love with

40. give up

1. problems 42.his 43.remember 44. violinist 45.wanted

46.tried 47.sadly48.cyes49.can50.better

51.Because the traffic drives on the left

52. cross the road carefully

53. No,it doesn't.

54. Yes, there are.

55. look to the right side and then the left before I cross the strcet

56. I'm reading a book

57. Have you read it

58. What do you think of the book

59. We've planned to go to the Caspian Sea

60. How deep is i

V .参考答案：

My Life in Twenty Years

My life in twenty years will be colorful. I'm going to be a good doctor after I graduate from the university. I will go to work on foot in order to protect the environment. I believe I'll bring my family and more people health and happiness. So I will live in a small but comfortable apartment with my family. When I'm free, I’ll travel all over the world with my family. That's my life in the future. I hope it will come true.