

2021年大连市“八区联考”试卷 九年级英语

注意事项:

1. 请在答题卡上作答, 在试卷上作答无效。
2. 本试卷共七大题, 70 小题, 满分 140 分, 考试时间 100 分钟。

第 I 卷 选择题 (共 72 分)

I. 单项填空 (本题共 12 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 12 分)

从各题所给的四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

1. 划线字母 “n” 发音为 /n/ 的单词是_____
A. stone B. note C. rose D. boss
2. _____ April 13, China's women's soccer team won a ticket to Tokyo Olympics.
A. In B. Since C. At D. On
3. Please help _____ to some fruit, children.
A. yourselves B. your C. you D. yours
4. If you don't do exercise at all, you _____ weight.
A. are putting on B. will put on C. put on D. has put on
5. English is the subject that I'm best at, _____ my spoken English is not that good.
A. when B. so C. although D. because
6. — What a fantastic film it is!
— Yes, it is one of the year's _____ films that I have ever seen.
A. exciting B. more exciting C. most exciting D. the most exciting
7. — _____ I hand in the project today, Ms Smart?
— No, you needn't. You can do it the day after tomorrow.
A. Can B. May C. Shall D. Must
8. The boy _____ his favourite book *Tom Sawyer* at this time yesterday.
A. read B. reads C. is reading D. was reading
9. In July 2020, Tianwen 1 _____ into space from the Wenchang Space Launch Center.
A. sent B. was sending C. was sent D. has sent
10. Tony offered _____ flags in the hall just now.
A. hanging B. to hang C. hung D. hang
11. — Could you tell me _____ the school leavers' party?
— Next month, I think.
A. where we will hold B. when will we hold
C. when we will hold D. where will we hold
12. — Betty, I am not sure how to write a report. Can you help me?
— Sure! _____
A. Not bad! B. No problem! C. Good idea! D. Never mind!

II. 完形填空 (本题共 8 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 16 分)

阅读下面短文, 理解其大意, 然后从各题所给四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Before my trip to the mountains, I used to be a homebody. I felt completely comfortable spending weeks or even months—in my hometown or sometimes even on my block—without going anywhere. I could be quite _____13_____ by watching the Discovery and National Geographic Channels (频道).

The situation _____14_____ when one day David, my best friend, rushed into my room and talked me into joining him on his journey to the Rocky Mountains. We set off five days later.

This was my first time in the mountains. Unluckily, the weather was foggy (有雾的) most of the time, and the _____15_____ we got into the mountains, the less clearly we could see. On the first day, we were making our way along the foothills; but the next day, we started to climb on one of the peaks (山顶). Though it was not that straight and high, I was still excited. I regularly speeded up (加快速度), and because of that, I ran out of _____16_____ long before we got to the top.

When we finally got there, _____17_____ had really changed. The same fog was nearly covering everything. I felt so _____18_____ because I had, during the whole course of climbing, expected to see the view from above and perhaps to be able to take some photos. We spent a couple of hours on the top, and decided to turn back, when the wind suddenly _____19_____ the clouds, and the place we were standing on was brightened with the sun. I saw a fantastic panorama (全景图) in front of me, and for some moments I couldn't believe my eyes. It was so amazing that I realized I couldn't help looking forward to the next trip to the mountains.





The next day we returned—my legs started to hurt so badly that I could hardly walk. But every time I felt an ache, I remembered the _____20_____ of being high above, with my head touching the skies and the clouds swimming below.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|------------|--------------|
| 13. A. pleased | B. tired | C. bored | D. strange |
| 14. A. continued | B. remained | C. changed | D. repeated |
| 15. A. harder | B. higher | C. nearer | D. faster |
| 16. A. time | B. money | C. courage | D. energy |
| 17. A. anything | B. everything | C. nothing | D. something |
| 18. A. disappointed | B. lucky | C. angry | D. proud |
| 19. A. touched | B. joined | C. cleared | D. pushed |
| 20. A. value | B. feeling | C. reason | D. direction |

III. 阅读理解 (一) (本题共 17 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 34 分)

A. 阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

Passage 1

Posted 2 hours ago by Matt	
	I want to hand my homework in on time and never forget to do it, but I'm terrible at getting myself organized (有条理)! So I was wondering, what are your tips (小窍门) for getting organized? Post a comment below. I'm hoping we can all share some tips to teach us all better study skills. Matt
Comments	
	Good question, Matt. I always spend about five minutes at the end of the day tidying up the desktop on my computer. I make a backup (做备份) of important documents. I delete (删除) things I don't need any more and put everything into the correct folder (文件夹). Linda
	My tip is to start studying a few weeks before the exams and not leave it until the night before! That's just common sense, I think. Amy
	Hi, Matt. My tip is to have a big board in your bedroom, divided into different parts. I've got one. It's a whiteboard. I've got a part for each school subject and another one for other things. I use board pens to write reminders (提示) and I make sure I look at it every day. The best part is when I erase something off the board! Jordan

21. Who is asking for help?

- A. Amy. B. Matt. C. Linda. D. Jordan.

22. Which is Amy's tip?

- A. Tidying up the desktop on the computer.
B. Putting everything into the correct folder.
C. Making a backup of important documents.
D. Going over the lessons earlier before the exams.

23. Jordan uses board pens to _____.

- A. teach better study skills B. take notes
C. learn common sense D. write reminders

24. You may read the passage _____.

- A. in a story book B. in a news report
C. on a website D. in a diary

Passage 2

"Serena, don't forget your promise to me that you will mow (割草) Mrs. Martin's yard this weekend," said Dad. "Don't let me down."

Serena was the oldest child in the family, and one of her chores (家务活) was to mow their yard. Mrs. Martin, their elderly neighbor, was unable to take care of her yard, so Serena's Dad had volunteered Serena for this job. Since Mrs. Martin's yard was not very big, Serena knew the job would go quickly. However, she still disliked her dad's promise.

"Why didn't you ask me first?" Serena had complained.

"Did you ask me first when you volunteered me to be in the school festival last autumn?" asked Serena's father.

"Well, no, I didn't ask you first, but you would have done those things anyway. You're always willing (愿意) to help."

"I try when I can," Dad answered, "Serena, we have known Mrs. Martin for a very long time. She has often helped our family. Now we can do something for her. Besides, the feeling you get from helping someone makes you wonder (感到诧异) who is really helping who."

"I don't know, Dad," said Serena, "The only feeling I get from mowing our yard is tired."

"Just wait and see," said Dad.

After breakfast, Serena made her way to Mrs. Martin's yard. She was good at her job and soon had Mrs. Martin's yard looking tidy. Mrs. Martin came outside with a big glass of orange juice and offered it to her. Serena stopped her work and thankfully enjoyed the drink, while Mrs. Martin talked to her about all of the flowers in her yard. Seeing the joy in Mrs. Martin's eyes, Serena began to understand how much the yard meant to Mrs. Martin.

After finishing her drink, Serena returned to work with a new attitude (态度). A warm feeling began to spread through her body. Her dad was right. It was hard to tell who was helping who!

25. Serena didn't like her Dad's promise because _____.

- A. she didn't know how to mow the yard
B. she had no time to mow Mrs. Martin's yard
C. Mrs. Martin could take care of her yard by herself
D. her Dad volunteered her for the job without telling her

26. The underlined word "complain" may probably mean _____ in Chinese

- A. 抱怨 B. 建议 C. 询问 D. 吩咐

27. Before breakfast, Serena thought the job would make her feel _____.

- A. relaxed B. tired C. happy D. special

28. _____ made Serena change her attitude towards the job at last.

- A. Mrs. Martin's orange juice
B. Mrs. Martin's love for her yard
C. Her father's encouraging words
D. The beautiful flowers in Mrs. Martin's yard

29. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Helping others is to help ourselves.
B. We'd better take our parents' advice.
C. Doing chores helps us grow as a person.
D. Be always ready to help those in trouble.

Passage 3

① We all know that the Earth is getting warmer and warmer. This problem is called "global warming". We also know that global warming is causing a lot of problems. Ocean levels are getting higher and higher. As a result, storms are getting stronger and stronger. This list of problems goes on and on.

② Animals are suffering a lot because of global warming. Polar bears are suffering more than most animals. They live in the North Pole, where global warming is making ice melt (融化). Polar bears hunt (追捕猎物) from large pieces of floating (漂浮的) ice. They jump off the ice and hunt for food. Polar bears have to swim and find these floating pieces of ice. These days, they have to swim more and more to find the floating ice. Many of them don't have enough energy. They get too tired, and they die in the water.

③ Polar bears are suffering because of other problems, too. Pollution makes their water dirty. Many countries go to the North Pole to look for oil and gas, and they damage (破坏) the bears' environment. Also, when ships sail through the North Pole, they cause a lot of damage. Finally, people hunt and kill too many polar bears. However, melting ice is the biggest problem.

④ Now the number of polar bears is becoming smaller and smaller.

⑤ It's important to study polar bears. When we learn about polar bears, we also learn about the health of the North Pole. If polar bears are doing well, then the environment in the North Pole is probably healthy. If polar bears are suffering, then there are probably serious problems in the North Pole.

⑥ Right now, governments around the world are working to help polar bears. There are new laws that protect polar bears. However, if global warming continues to get worse, polar bears may disappear forever.

30. The underlined sentence in Paragraph 1 means that ____.

- A. global warming leads to terrible weather
- B. we should continue to study the problems
- C. global warming causes many more problems
- D. we should make a list of the possible problems

31. Which is TRUE according to Paragraph 2 and Paragraph 3?

- A. Some Polar bears die because they're too weak.
- B. Melting ice makes it difficult for polar bears to live on.
- C. Dirty water is the most serious problem to the polar bears.
- D. Polar bears have to swim more and more to look for their friends.

32. It is important to study polar bears because ____.

- A. they tell us if there is oil nearby
- B. they help us stop ice from melting
- C. they are the world's most important animals
- D. they tell us whether the North Pole is healthy or not

33. What is the best title for the passage?

- A. Time to Save the Earth!
- B. No More Polar Bears?
- C. Ways of Protecting Polar Bears
- D. The North Pole -- Polar Bears' home

B. 阅读短文，根据短文内容，从所给的六个选项选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项，使短文意思完整，语句连贯。有两项为多余选项。

Passage 4

When you want to buy a pair of running shoes, will you choose Nike or Li-Ning? 34

According to a recent survey (调查) by the Global Times Research Center, Chinese people generally prefer buying local brands (品牌) over foreign brands. They are drawn by the low price, good quality (质量) and creative design (设计).

Some Chinese brands have risen in recent years. 35 A global survey showed that 71 percent of consumers (消费者) said Chinese brands are important to them.

36 For example, Huawei is the world's second-biggest mobile phone company and a top telecoms equipment manufacturer. DJI (大疆创新) holds 70 percent of the global drone (无人机) market. Shein (跨境电商服装品牌) saw its operating income (营收) reach more than 10 billion dollars last year, a 100-percent increase over the previous year. It has grown at this rate for eight years in a row. European customers say the brand is affordable, fashionable and of high quality.

In the past, "made in China" made people think of cheap, low-quality goods. 37 Experts say Chinese brands will continue to expand (扩大) over the next 10 years.



- A. But that seems to be changing.
- B. They are not overnight successes.
- C. They have even started to win some fans abroad.
- D. People all over the world like to buy Chinese products.
- E. It's a choice between local and foreign brands.
- F. Some Chinese brands have become more popular in foreign countries.

IV.情景交际 (本题共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据对话内容, 从所给的七个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 使对话内容完整。有两项为多余选项。

A: Hi, Tom. You were off school yesterday. 38

B: I was ill.

A: 39 How are you feeling now?

B: Much better. The fever is gone. But I still have a cough and I feel weak.

A: 40

B: Yes, I have. I went to the doctor's yesterday afternoon. The doctor gave me some medicine and asked me to stay in bed for a few days.

A: 41

B: Because I'm afraid I'll miss more lessons and I'll be left behind.

A: Don't worry. 42 I can help you with your lessons.

B: It is so nice of you.

- A. Have a good day.
- B. Sorry to hear that.
- C. Take care of yourself.
- D. Have you seen the doctor?
- E. What was the matter with you?
- F. Why don't you stay at home today?
- G. How long have you been like this?

第 II 卷 非选择题 (共 68 分)

V. 词语运用

A. 用括号中所给词的适当形式完成下列句子。(本题共 6 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 6 分)

43. Be when you cross the road. (care)

44. Lucy is looking for her wallet. I think this may be . (she)

45. In England, gentlemen usually hold the door for ladies . (polite)

46. Look at the . The party will start at 7 in the evening. (invite)

47. His score was good enough to leave him in the place. (nine)

48. Don't give up. You will improve your writing sooner or later. (able)

B. 阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的词或短语并用其正确形式填空, 使短文通顺, 意思完整。每词限用一次。(本题共 10 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 20 分)

develop teach see especially meal

App Helps Us Save Food

People often use their phones to take pictures of their meals 49 fancy (华丽的) ones - to share online. But Clear Plate, a WeChat mini-program, encourages you to take pictures of your empty plates after a meal. The program's AI "50" that your plates are empty and gives you points. You can use these points to buy yourself gifts or give away the points to buy 51 for children in poor areas.

The program 52 by Liu Jichen, 23, a student at Tsinghua University. Liu came up with the idea in 2017. "Technological innovation (创新) is a good way to cut down food waste," said Liu. He put together a 20-member team to work on the program. 53 the program's AI how to recognize (辨认) empty plates, the team spent half a year collecting 100,000 photo samples (样本) from cafeterias and restaurants in ten cities.

work new many reach take part in

The team also started a campaign (运动) called Clear Your Plate in Chinese universities in 2018. Students compete against each other to see who can get the 54 points in Clear Plate. So far, the campaign 55 1,017 schools. In 2020, almost 1.6 million people 56 it, cutting down food waste by 862 tons and carbon emissions (排放) by 3,337 tons, China Youth Daily reported.

Thanks to his 57, Liu was chosen as one of the United Nations' 2020 Class of Young Leaders for the Sustainable Development Goals (可持续发展目标).

"We hope our efforts can start a 58 trend (潮流) among the young people by encouraging them to value their food and develop the habit of thrift (节约)," Liu told China Daily.

VI. 阅读理解(二)(本题共6小题,每小题2分,共12分)

阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,回答下列问题。

Passage 5

There's Always Room for Improvement

It doesn't matter how good you are. You can always be better... even if you're already the best! This is the lesson we learn from Xu Yuanchong. He is the famous translator(翻译家)who celebrated his 100th birthday on April 18th, 2021.



Xu's mother was interested in literature and painting. Inspired (激励) by her, Xu began to translate Chinese poetry into both English and French when he was still a teenager(青少年). He soon learned that Chinese and European languages were very different. Only about half of the words in these languages could be translated word-for-word. This is why translators have to be creative. They are always trying to improve their translations to make sure they are correct and beautiful. Xu's motto(座右铭) is: *Good, better, best. Never let it rest. Until your good is better, and your better best.* The centenarian(百岁老人) still works every day to try to perfect his translations.

In some ways, Professor Xu is similar to a sportsman. Liu Xiang, for example, was never satisfied(满足) with being the fastest 110-meter hurdler in the world. He always trained hard and tried to become faster. Even injuries(受伤) did not weaken his desire(愿望).

Both Xu and Liu are considered to be the best, but that hasn't stopped them from always trying to become better. They are great role models for all of us. Most of you are good at English and/or some other subjects. A few of you are even the best in your class. But all of you know that you can be better and that the more you learn and the harder you study, the better you will become. There is always room for improvement.

59. What is Xu Yuanchong?

60. When did Xu Yuanchong start to do the translating?

61. In your opinion, what are Xu Yuanchong's translations like?

62. Is Xu Yuanchong, the centenarian, still trying to perfect his translations?

63. What do Professor Xu and Liu Xiang have in common?

64. What can you learn from the passage?

VII. 写

A. 句子翻译。(本题共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

65. 我希望我们可以在毕业后还能保持联系。

I hope that _____ after we leave school.

66. 大连正变得越来越美丽。

67. 在公共场合不要大声喧哗。

68. “祝融”号在五月成功登陆火星。你听到这个消息了吗?

Zhurong successfully landed on Mars in May.

69. 只要你努力,就会成功。

B. 书面表达(共20分)

70. “能独立做事”是青少年成长,成熟的标志之一。你有独立生活能力吗?你能不依赖家长、老师,安排好自己的学习吗?某英文网站正在开展以“我能独立做_____”为主题的征文活动。假如你是李华,请用英语写一篇短文投稿,谈谈你在学习、生活中能独立做那些事情,还需要在哪些方面改进。

内容提示:

①What can you do independently(独立地) in your daily life and your daily study?

②What do you need to improve?

要求:

①中心突出,语义连贯,层次清晰,书写规范;

②文中不得出现真实的姓名、校名;

③词数不少于80词。开头已给出,不计入总词数。

It's very important for teenagers to learn to do things independently.