

中考英语模拟卷(四)

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分第 I 卷(选择题)和第 II 卷(非选择题)两部分,共 8 页。满分 100 分,考试时间 90 分钟。答卷前,考生务必用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、准考证号、座号填写在试卷和答题卡规定的位置。考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。
2. 答题注意事项见答题卡,答在本试卷上不得分。

第 I 卷(选择题 共 55 分)

一、听力测试(共 15 小题,计 15 分)

注意:听力测试分四部分,共 20 小题。做题时,请先将答案画在试卷上,录音内容结束后,将所选答案转涂到答题卡上。

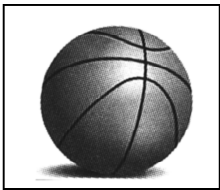
(一)听句子,选择与句子内容相对应的图片。每个句子读两遍。



A



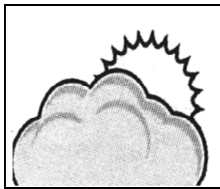
B



C



D



E



F

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

(二)听对话和问题,根据所听内容,选择最佳选项。对话和问题都读两遍。

- () 6. A. Asia. B. Europe. C. Africa.
- () 7. A. The kitchen. B. The bedrooms. C. The bathroom.
- () 8. A. Biscuits. B. Cakes. C. Soup.
- () 9. A. Cloudy. B. Sunny. C. Rainy.
- () 10. A. The boy needs water. B. The boy shouldn't eat the cake. C. The strawberries are healthy.

(三)听短文,根据短文内容,判断下列句子正误,正确的用“A”表示,不正确的用“B”表示。短文读两遍。听短文前,你们有 20 秒钟的时间阅读下列句子。

- () 11. Anna is from Canada.
- () 12. Anna has collected about 8,000 license plates(车牌).
- () 13. Anna is probably 40 years old.
- () 14. Anna spent 4,000 dollars buying license plates from a woman.
- () 15. Jeff has sold many of his license plates.

请考生们翻到第 II 卷,先找到第五大题,你们将有 5 秒钟的准备时间。

二、单项填空(共 8 小题,计 8 分)

选择最佳答案。

- () 16. —Is there _____ amusement park in your city? —Yes, and it's _____ biggest one in our city.
A. a; the B. an; a C. an; the
- () 17. Simon gets knowledge _____ reading books and he thinks books can lead him down the road _____ success.
A. by; over B. from; through C. by; to
- () 18. —How do you like the silk dress, Gina? —The _____ is quite popular, but its color is too bright.
A. place B. style C. service
- () 19. There _____ a football match this weekend. Do you want to go with me?
A. is going to be B. is going to have C. will has
- () 20. —Did Tom get good grades in the final math exam?
—Yes, he did. To my surprise, he could get over _____ difficult problems _____ he succeeded at last.
A. such; that B. so; that C. too; to
- () 21. Not only Bill's parents but also Bill _____ stamps for two years. They're all interested in it.
A. has collected B. collected C. will collect
- () 22. Those cakes _____ nice, so they all had _____ out.
A. was tasted; sold B. tasted; been sold C. were tasted; sold
- () 23. —I'm afraid of the coming exam. — _____. Mr. Li said it would be easy.
A. Good luck! B. Work hard. C. Keep your cool!

三、完形填空(共 8 题,计 8 分)

根据短文内容,从方框中选出恰当的单词或短语填空,使语意通顺完整。第一个方框供 24-27 小题选用,第二个方框供 28-31 小题选用。每个选项只能使用一次,每框有一项剩余。

A. However B. hard C. make a living D. Also E. gone

After long hours of waiting for my friend at the bus station, I became impatient(不耐烦的). As I was considering leaving, there came a man selling culture shoes. He started showing his shoes to me hoping that I could buy a pair. I didn't have an interest in culture shoes, so I just smiled and said, "No, thanks." 24, the man walked closer. He said, "I had a wonderful life, but one day my life just turned upside down... and all was 25." In short, he had an accident and lost his job. His wife left him and it was really 26 time. Then, he decided to pick up the pieces of his life. That was when he started making and selling culture shoes to 27.

A. realized B. something C. surprised D. believe in E. listen to

I stood there listening to him and he poured out his heart. I was 28. How could he be so open to a stranger? Later, I 29 that some people got relieved(得到宽慰) in that way.

We sometimes meet people who have burdens(重负) in their hearts. They need someone to 30 them. I've learned to give them my time to listen to them. Doing this will not only help the speaker, but also help the listener. The listener gets to learn 31 from the speaker and see the other side of life. This makes the world a better place to live in.

四、阅读理解

(一) 阅读短文, 完成 32 - 35 小题。(共 4 小题, 计 8 分)

A

I will never forget that unusual day! I kept hearing a strange noise while I was driving down a mountain in my car, so I stopped on the dirty road to check. There was a little green head looking at me in my backpack. "What are you doing there, little frog(青蛙)?" I said to myself. Well, you can imagine my surprise when I heard this frog answering me in the voice of a frog. "Madam. I love to travel so much that I just can't control myself when I see a backpack. "

I just looked at him with my mouth open and didn't know what to say.

"Oh, dear Madam," continued the frog, "I am Mongy. Nice to meet you!"

"Nice to meet you, too! You can call me Christa. How is it possible that I can hear you, Mongy?"

"You wanted to get to know nature and the living things in the world, and you started paying attention to nature. Most people never pay attention to nature, so they only listen when they are young. But you heard the voices of nature calling you. You went even further than that and you tried to get along well with nature. That's why you can hear me now. "It was at this moment that my life changed and I suddenly knew what my destiny(命运) would be from that day on.

32. The writer was _____ when she heard the strange noise.

A. driving down a mountain B. checking her car C. looking at a frog

33. The writer looked at the frog with her mouth open because _____.

A. it was making a strange noise

B. it looked at her like a human

C. it answered her in the voice of a frog

34. The frog was in the writer's backpack because it _____.

A. wanted to talk to him. B. loved to travel C. wanted to make friends with him

35. What does the writer want to tell us?

A. Her terrible day.
B. About her special ability to talk with frogs.
C. To build a friendly relationship with nature.

(二) 阅读短文, 完成 36 - 43 小题。(共 8 小题, 计 16 分)

B

When everyone in China is wearing masks (口罩) to stop the COVID-19 (新冠肺炎), many people in Western countries don't seem to want to do the same. For example, an Italian officer was criticized (批评) by his workmates when he went to work with a mask. They said he made them nervous. But why do the East and West have different ideas about wearing masks? Let's take a look.



Western ideas about masks

In the West, people should wear masks only when they get sick, for example. People see masks as a tool (工具) to protect sick people and stop disease from spreading (传播), so healthy people don't need to wear them. But as the number of COVID-19 cases is growing around the world, people in the West are changing their ideas.

Mask culture in the East

In Asian countries like China and Japan, wearing masks is common. In 1910, Chinese doctor Wu Liande invented the modern medical mask. During the 2003 SARS epidemic (流行病疫), people in China and East Asia also used masks to protect themselves.

In Japan, wearing masks shows your politeness (礼貌) when you get a cold or flu. Some Japanese also turn masks into fashion accessories (配饰). They have different colors and patterns to choose to match their clothes. Some young women wear masks when they don't have their make-up (化妆品) on.

Many pop stars in Asia also use masks to protect their privacy (隐私). This cultural and historical background has made it easier for people in the East to wear masks when epidemics break out.

根据短文内容, 选择最佳答案。

36. What did the workmates think of the Italian officer?

A. He was too worried to work. B. He made other people nervous.

- C. He was unwilling to go to work.
37. In the past, people in the West wore masks when _____.
A. they were sick B. they were talking to doctors
C. they were shy or worried
38. Where was the modern medical mask invented?
A. In the UK. B. In Japan. C. In China.
39. What is the story mainly about?
A. Why masks are popular in Asian culture.
B. The importance of wearing masks during epidemics.
C. Masks mean different things in different cultures.

C

It's important to get interested in anything around us and have a green lifestyle(生活方式).
Want to have a green lifestyle but don't know how? The following may help.

Know about green lifestyles

40 So be sure to know what a real green lifestyle is. We can go to museums or libraries to look it up. Or we can go to the cinema to learn about it.

Spend time outdoors

It's important to spend some time outdoors. 41 For example, taking a trip to a farm to feed chickens or milk cows. With each new activity, we can learn more about nature and fall in love with it.

Learn about food through practice

We should learn where our food comes from. Go to the farm to pick vegetables or pick apples from the trees. 42 People may learn to save food by doing that.

Learn how to protect the earth

Another great way to have green lifestyle is to learn to protect the earth. 43 For example, we can learn about Earth Day and learn how to save electricity. Also we need to save water in our life.

Follow these things and keep on, and we'll have a real green lifestyle. In this way, we'll make a difference to our life and the earth.

根据短文内容,从方框中选出四个选项填入文中空缺处,使短文内容通顺完整。

- A. Nothing is more important than our health.

B. It's better than buying vegetables at a market.

C. We can plan something for each weekend.

D. We need to learn how to protect it and make it a rule.

E. Someone doesn't know why a green lifestyle is so important.

第Ⅱ卷(非选择题 共45分)

五、听写(共5小题,计5分)

听对话,根据对话内容完成下列句子,每空词数不限。对话读三遍。听对话前,你们有20秒钟的时间阅读下列句子。

44. When will the party be held?
The party will be held on _____.
45. Who will the club invite?
It will invite _____.
46. What kind of music does the boy like best?
He likes _____ best.
47. How will the boy probably get to the restaurant from his school?
He will probably get to the restaurant from his school _____.
48. What are they talking about?
They are talking about the _____.

六、词形转换(共8小题,计8分)

用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空,每空限填一词。

49. It usually takes _____ (near) two hours to go to the airport from my home.
50. Nothing is more _____ (value) than time. Please don't waste it.
51. When you go to England, you may find the traffic rules there are different from _____ (our).
52. Good _____ (speak) use different sentences when they speak to different people.
53. It gives me much _____ (happy) to watch TV in my free time.
54. This kind of fruit tree usually grows in the _____ (north) part of America.
55. My sister, _____ (who) photos I showed you yesterday, will come to see me.
56. Walking is a kind of _____ (expensive) exercise. We pay no money to do it.

七、动词应用(共7小题,计7分)

根据短文内容,用括号内所给动词的适当形式填空,必要时可加助动词或情态动词。

These years, online eating shows, or Mukbang(直播吃饭), have got increasing popularity globally(全球地). Many people like to watch them when they are eating or 57 _____ (feel) hungry.

In fact, the online eating show came from South Korea. Many hosts of such shows become popular for their ability 58 _____ (eat) large amounts of food. But these shows have also received criticism(批评)for their waste of food.

On Aug12, 2020, CCTV exposed(曝光) several Chinese hosts who were pretending(假装) to eat large amounts of food while on camera, but actually later threw it away. To stop this practice, many video platforms, including Douyin, Kuaishou and Bilibili, 59 _____ (delete) videos that show food waste, and have posted messages like “stop food waste and eat reasonably”.

In June 2020, the United Nations 60 _____ (warn) that the world is facing the worst food crisis(危机) in 50 years. About a third of the world’s food—1.3 billion tons 61 _____ (waste) every year. In China alone, 50 million tons of food 62 _____ (end) up in rubbish bins every year.

For this, many places in China started to take steps. In Shaanxi province, local restaurants have been asked to serve half-portioned(半份的) dishes to avoid waste. And in Wuhan, the restaurants have started to use the “N-1 mode”. For example, a group of 10 people should only 63 _____ (order) enough for nine people at first. More food is only brought to the table if required.

八、阅读表达(共5小题,计10分)

根据短文内容,回答下列问题。

At the age of 16, Einstein(爱因斯坦) always played with a group of crazy kids. Because he was so busy playing, he didn’t study enough and failed his final exam.

One morning, when Einstein was holding a fishing tool and was about to go fishing with his friends, his father stopped him and said seriously, “Einstein, you’re so crazy about playing that you failed your exam. I’m worried about your future.” “What are you worrying about? Jack and Robert also failed, but don’t they still get to go fishing?” “My boy, you can’t think like that,” his dad said. “There is a story that people tell in our hometown. Listen to it now.”

“There were two cats playing on the top of a house. One cat was careless and fell down the chimney(烟囱) while holding the other cat. When the two cats climbed out of the chimney, one of the cats had soot(烟灰) on his face, while the other cat’s face was clean. Seeing the soot-faced cat, the clean cat thought its face must be dirty, so it quickly ran to the riverside and washed its face. The soot-faced cat saw the clean-faced cat and thought its face was also clean, so it just walked down the street happily.”

“Einstein, no one can be your ‘mirror’. You have to think for yourself. If you follow others, you will never learn.” Hearing this, Einstein laid down his fishing tool and returned to his room. He studied hard and didn’t follow others from then on. This allowed him to be successful.

So, what kind of people do you usually hang out with? Do they study a lot or do they just want to play all the time? Don’t blindly(盲目地) follow others.

根据短文内容,回答下列问题。

64. Who did Einstein always play with when he was 16?

65. Why did Einstein’s father worry about Einstein’s future?

66. Where did one of the cats clean its face?

67. How did Einstein become successful?

68. What does the passage want to tell us?

九、书面表达(计15分)

“世界上最遥远的距离莫过于我们坐在一起,你却在玩手机”,这是网上流传很广的一句话,当这句话成为现实时,多少会有一些悲凉。近日,临沂市民张先生去爷爷家吃晚饭,饭桌上老人多次想和孙子孙女说说话,但孩子们却个个抱着手机玩,气得老人扔下一句“你们就和手机过吧”,摔盘子离席而去。这与其说是一种不经意的习惯,不如说是对亲情的冷漠,。如今越来越多的人成了手机控,请你仔细观察图片,描述一下图中展现的现象,并且表达自己的观点,如何解决这样的问题。



注意: 1. 100 词左右,首句已给出不计入总词数;

2. 可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯、通顺;

3. 文中不得出现真实的人名、地名等信息。

提示词: a Phone Freak(手机控) mini blog(微博) WeChat(微信) Qzone(QQ 空间)
radiation 辐射

From the picture given above, we can see _____
