2021年初中学业水平模拟考试

英语试题

温馨提示：

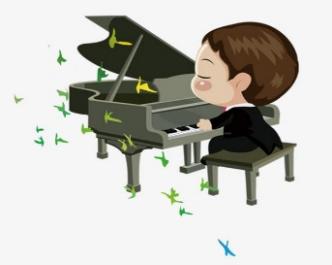
1. 本试卷共四部分，共120分。考试时间为120分钟。

2. 不要在本试卷上答题，1~40题请在答题卡指定的位置上涂答案，其余题目请在答题卡上指定的位置答题。

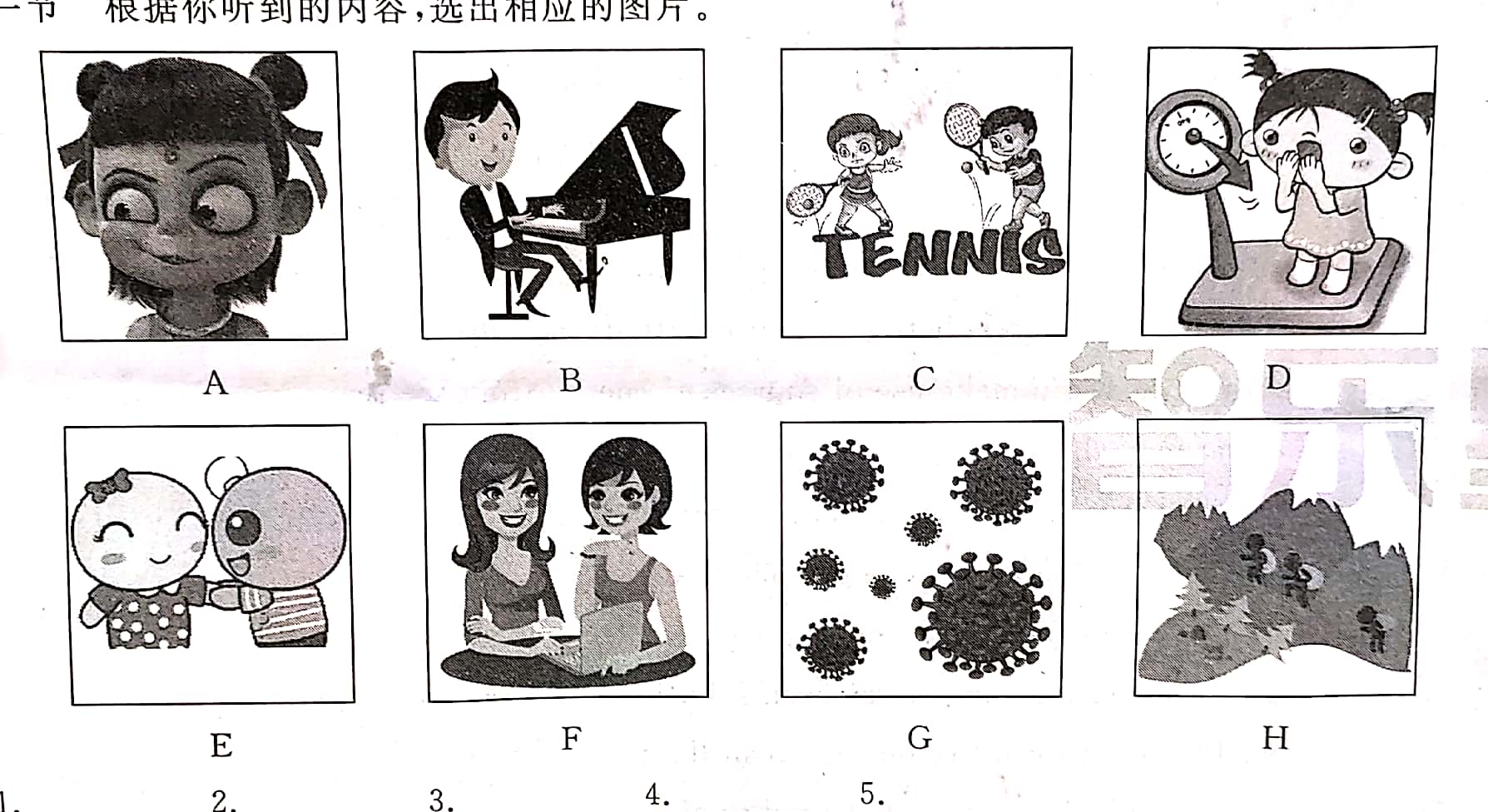
3. 答卷前，请在试卷第一页上方空白处写上姓名和准考证号。考试结束，将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

**第一部分听力（共4节，1~15小题，每小题1分，满分15分；41~45小题，每小题2分，满分10分，共25分）**

第一节 根据你所听到的内容，选出相应的图片，请在答题卡上涂写答案。

A B C D



E F G H

1-5 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

第二节 根据你所听到的内容，判断下面句子的正误。

6. The man has ten days for visiting Ireland in July.

7. Dublin isn’t the most famous city in Ireland.

8. The weather in Galway in July is hot.

9. The woman suggests traveling around by car.

10. The man doesn’t want to visit a crowded place.

第三节 你将会听到五个人叙述，从A到E的列表中，为每个人选择合适的观点。每个字母用一次。

11. Speaker 1 A. Abing lived a hard life and played on the streets when he was young.

12. Speaker 2 B. Abing could play many instruments and was famous for his musical ability.

13. Speaker 3 C. When I listened to Erquan Yingyue, I can sense its sadness and almost cry.

14. Speaker 4 D. Abing’s music has greatly influenced people and it can make people think about their wounds and pain.

15. Speaker 5 E. Abing’s musical skills made him very famous and he played over 600 pieces of music in his life.

**第二部分英语知识运用（第一节完形填空，16~25小题，每小题1分，满分10分；第二节语法填空，46~55小题，每小题1分，满分10分。共20分）**

阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项，把答案涂在答题卡16~25小题的后面。

Sara Bongiorni was a writer. She and her family tried to live without buying anything 16 in China for one year. She recorded that experience in a new 17 *A Year Without Made in China*.

At first the rule was just 18 things that had the *label* (商标) Made in China. Of course, 19 they happened to know that there was a Chinese *component* (元件)in something, they wouldn’t buy it, either.

Ms. Bongiorni found it 20 because so many things in daily use were made in China. The tennis shoes were something that really troubled her. She had to try her best to look for shoes for her child. Little *sneakers* (运动鞋)seemed to be something that was made in China. It took her two or three weeks to search and 21 she found sneakers made in Italy in a store. She paid almost $70 for them. However, a pair of tennis shoes made in China 22 *cost* (花费) $15.

A few months later, Ms. Bongiorni found that although they were *willing* (愿意的) to 23 more money on something, lots of times they just couldn’t find non-Chinese *alternatives* (替代品)to many things. For example, their coffeemaker broke, but they couldn’t 24 it because all the components were made in China.

At the end of the year, they knew they 25 live like this forever. So they ended up buying things made in China again

( )16. A. imagined B. improved C. produced D. promised

( )17. A. book B. song C. film D. poem

( )18. A adding B. inviting C. advising D. avoiding

( )19. A. though B. if C. since D. until

( )20. A easy B. difficult C. simple D. strange

( )21. A. certainly B. probably C. suddenly D. finally

( )22. A. only B. even C. already D. still

( )23. A. process B. take C. spend D. pay

( )24. A. make B. build C. break D. repair

( )25.A could B. couldn’t C. need D. needn’t

**第三部分阅读理解（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）**

阅读下面两篇短文，从26~31各题所给的四个选项（A、B、C、D）中，选出最佳选项。把答案涂在答题卡26~31小题的后面。

A

How to fight against COVID-19(新冠病毒)? We choose some books to help you. The books were translated into 13 languages, including Japanese, French and Russian. They are convenient for readers to enjoy.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| figure | *Virus, Virus, You Cannot Scare Me! (Writer: Mu Xiangzhen)*  The book makes parents and children be able to learn—in a fun way—about how viruses（病毒）spread and what people can do to protect themselves. It tells children not to fear about viruses. Besides, it also introduces the idea of getting well with nature, and hopes children can protect wild life and the natural environment. |
| figure | *A Special Spring Festival (Writer: Gao Jing)*  This book pictures children’s special Spring Festival in China during the outbreak of COVID-19. It tells a story of a common family in China. It tries to answer the child’s question “Why can’t I be allowed to play outside?” It tells the child what COVID-19 is, how it spreads, and how we can protect ourselves from it. The pictures show love between family members, friends and everyone. |
| figure | *Ten Tips to Fight Monsters (Writer: Dong Ruihan)*  Dad leaves 10 tips to help us fight the virus. Who will win the war? The story will gently teach children how to prevent the disease (疾病)in a language that they can easily understand. It will help kids remain calm in the hard time, and encourage them to help family members to prevent the disease. |
| figure | *A Brief History of Viruses for Children*  *(Writer: Changsha White-flag Dolphin Children’s Book Workshop)*  This storybook tells the beginning of the virus, so the readers can understand the history of the virus easily. The book sets up a “Ten Questions about COVID-19” section, which explains the knowledge of COVID-19(including how it spreads), helping children readers to understand the virus basing on (基于)reason and science. |

26．All the four books are about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．children’s daily activities B．ten questions about COVID-19

C．fighting against COVID-19 D．love between family members, friends and everyone

27．The spread of the virus is mentioned in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

①*Virus, Virus, You Cannot Scare Me!* ②*A Special Spring Festival*

③*Ten Tips to Fight Monsters* ④ *A Brief History of Viruses for Children*

A．①②③ B．①②④ C．①③④ D．②③④

28．According to the passage, which one is NOT true?

A．The books were translated into many languages.

B．Children can do something to protect themselves.

C．We can understand the virus basing on reason and science.

D．We have won the war against COVID-19 completely.

B

It's important to be polite and friendly when answering the phone, especially if you're speaking to a stranger. When answering the phone, it's important to know how to answer properly so that you can have a pleasant (令人愉悦的) conversation.

|  |
| --- |
| Answer in a quiet environment. If you're in a loud environment, move somewhere quieter before answering the phone, or turn down the music or television before answering. You want to be in a place that's quiet enough so that you can hear the person talking to you, and that he or she can hear you. |
| Stop your other tasks before answering the phone. Take a short moment to collect your thoughts before answering. Don't be distracted, as this could lead to miscommunication ( 误传) between you and the person you're speaking to. If you're free from distractions, the person you're speaking to will feel that he or she has your full attention. For example, if you are working on your computer or reading a book when the phone rings, stop these tasks and then pick up the call. |
| Say "Hello" and tell your name in a pleasant voice. If you don't know who is calling, you can add "This is Sam. " For a more formal ( 正式的) answer, you can say, for example, "This is the Smiths' house. " If you see on Caller ID ( 来电显示) that a friend or family member is calling, feel free to say "Hi Tom! How are you today?" |
| Take down the caller's information if the family member he or she is trying to reach is unavailable. If the caller is trying to reach someone who is not at home or is unavailable, say "I'm sorry, Mrs. Simpson. My father is not available right now. May I take a message?" Be sure to record the person's name, phone number, and reason for calling clearly. If you don't have a notepad (便条簿) nearby, ask the person on the line to wait when you quickly go to get one. |

29.You should answer the call in a quiet place so that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. you can hear each other clearly
2. you can talk about some personal problems
3. you can spend an enjoyable time
4. your conversation can't be heard by others

30.What may the underlined word "distracted" mean in Chinese?

1. 粗鲁的 B. 分心的 C. 尴尬的 D. 直接的

31.What can we learn from the passage?

1. How to make a personal call politely at home.
2. The right ways to answer a personal call at home.
3. The proper manners to make and answer a call politely.
4. How to avoid killing a conversation in a short time.

C

读下面的文章，然后判断文章后面32~35的问题，正确的答案写T，错误的答案写F。把答案涂在答题卡32~35小题的后面。

There are many kinds of amazing animals in the world. Have you ever watched one of them—Canada geese(雁)? They can teach us a lesson about teamwork(合作).

In autumn, Canada geese have to fly to the warm south to get away from Canada’s cold winter. When they leave the ground and rise into the air, they fly in no order. Then they quickly form a V shape, with one bird leading the group.

This V shape allows Canada geese to save energy. The head bird moves its wings (翅膀) up and down. The resulting (产生的)force of the air helps lift the next bird. Each bird will do so until they get to the southern part. The bird at the head of the group has the hardest job. When it gets tired , another bird moves to the front and takes its place (代替它). By sharing this job, the group can travel great distances. Canada geese flying in a V shape can fly seventy percent farther without having a rest than the birds flying alone.

During the long flying journey, Canada geese communicate with one another. They honk (鸣叫) to encourage the birds up front to keep up the speed. They also cheer one another up while working toward the same destination.

What have we learned from the lovely Canada geese’s experience and skills?

Work together! Whether in our personal lives or our jobs, we need the spirit of teamwork!

根据材料内容判断正（T）误（F）

（ ）32. Because of Canada’s cold winter, Canada geese have to fly to the warm south in autumn.

（ ）33. Canada geese flying in a V shape can fly seventeen percent farther without having a rest than the birds flying alone.

（ ）34. During the long flying journey, Canada geese hardly cheer one another up while working toward the same destination.

（ ）35. From this passage, we’ve learned that the spirit of teamwork is important to us.

D

七选五（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入36~40小题的正确答案。把答案涂在答题卡36~40小题的后面。

It may be difficult to start high school. Thinking about making new friends might make you feel nervous. 36 You are going to school with a group of students of your age. Here are several suggestions for you to follow.

F**orget your fear and just talk to someone.**

It’s easier said than done. But try to take a deep breath and find your voice. Don’t be afraid to *approach*(接近) people. 37 Sit in the middle of the classroom with as many new friends around you as possible.

38

Take part in after-class activities that interest you. Try to make friends in the clubs. If you don’t join anything, you will be just going to class and then going home. Being in a club makes you more social.

**Stay clean.**

No one likes a bad smell that could knock someone over. Shower every day, brush your teeth and wash your hair. 39

**Be *respectful*(尊重的) of people’ s differences.**

40 And everyone believes in different things. It is a good thing to have different friends with different opinions because you can each share your own.

|  |
| --- |
| A. Join clubs.  B. Starting a new life might make you excited.  C. But don’t worry, because you are not alone.  D. Everyone has his or her own opinion of the world.  E. If you respect others, others will do the same to you  F. You are supposed to make yourself look clean and tidy, whatever you wear.  G. Introduce yourself and start a conversation about something you have in common. |

**第四部分写作（共六节，满分65分）**

第一节听力填空题（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）请根据所听内容完成下面的填空。每个空一词。把答案写在答题卡41~45小题的横线上。录音读两遍。

|  |
| --- |
| https://ss1.bdstatic.com/70cFvXSh_Q1YnxGkpoWK1HF6hhy/it/u=3456814422,2790709925&fm=26&gp=0.jpgJinan Zoo is very big and 41.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. There are many rare animals in it. Kangaroos can 42.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and koalas are very cute. The 43.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ part is very large and there are also four lions 44.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ here. The baby panda is very 45.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. |

第二节语法填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）

阅读下面材料并填空。有的答案要填入适当的内容，有的答案要用括号内单词的正确形式，但每个答案不多于3个单词。把答案写在答题卡46~55小题的横线上。

Do you know Stonehenge? The rock circle is not (46)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one of Britain’s most famous historical places but also one of its (47)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (great) mysteries. For many years, historians believe Stonehenge was a temple where ancient (48)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (leader) tried to communicate with the gods. However, historian Paul Stoker thinks this can’t be true because Stonehenge (49)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (build) so many centuries ago. Another popular idea is (50)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Stonehenge might be a kind of calendar. The large stones were put together (51)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a certain way. On midsummer’s morning, the sun (52)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (shine) directly into the center of the stones. Other people believe the stones have a (53)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (medicine) purpose. They think the stones can (54)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (prevent) illness and keep people healthy. No one is sure what Stonehenge was used for, but most agree that the position of the stones (55)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be for a special purpose.

第三节读下面的一篇文章，在答题卡的56~60每个题目下做简单的笔记。（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

Each different part of China has its own special forms of traditional art. These usually try to show the things that are important in life such as love, beauty and family. The most common things, from paper to clay to bamboo, are turned into objects of beauty.

According to Chinese history, sky lanterns were first used by Zhuge Kongming. He sent them out to ask for help when in trouble. Today, sky lanterns are used at festivals and other celebrations. They are made of bamboo and covered with paper. When the lanterns are lit, they slowly rise into the air like small hot﹣air balloons for all to see. They are seen as bright symbols of happiness and good wishes.

Paper cutting has been around for over 1, 500 years. Paper cutting sounds very easy but it can be difficult to do. The paper, usually red, is folded before it is cut with scissors. The most common pictures are flowers, fish, animals, and things about Chinese history. During the Spring Festival, they are put on windows, doors and walls as symbols of wishes for good lucky and a happy new year.

Chinese clay art is famous because the clay pieces are so small but they look very real. The pieces are usually cute children or lively characters form a Chinese fairy tale or historical story. The pieces are carefully shaped by hand from a very special kind of clay and then allowed to air-dry. After drying, they are fired at a very high heat. They are then polished and painted. It takes several weeks to complete everything. These small pieces of clay art show the love that all Chinese people have for life and beauty.

1. The things that the traditional Chinese art forms try to show(three examples)

( 57) The traditional Chinese art forms mentioned(提到) in the passage.

( 58) The usage(用途) of sky lanterns in ancient times:

( 59) The common pictures of paper cuttting:

( 60) The process of making clay art pieces (five words or expressions):

第四节根据汉语意思完成英语句子，每个空格填一个单词。（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）把答案写在答题卡61~65小题的横线上。

61. 如果我们齐心协力,我们的中国梦-定可以实现

If we all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, our China Dream are sure to come true.

62. 他们一大早就动身去伦敦旅行了。

They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for London on a holiday early in the morning.

1. 他过去常常缺课。

He used to be classes.

64. 他后悔和父母顶嘴。

He regretted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to his parents.

65. 广场上有数以千计的人。

There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people in the square.

第五节大意总结（共1题，10分）读下面关于如何处理青少年问题的文章。请根据问题提示，在答题卡的第五节下面，尽可能用自己的话写出大意总结，词数不少于60，不多于80词。注意：在文章后标清你写的字数。

Ladies and gentlemen,

Thank you for coming ­­­­­­­­­today to attend the graduation ceremony at No.3 Junior High School. First of all, I’d like to congratulate all the students who are here today. I remember meeting all of you when you were just starting Grade 7 at this school. You were all so full of energy and thirsty for knowledge. And yes, some of you were a little difficult to deal with! But today I see a room full of talented young adults who are full of hope for the future. You’ve all grown up so much and I’m so proud of you.

Although you’ve all worked very hard over the last three years, none of you did it alone. I hope you’ll remember the important people in your lives who helped and supported you — your parents, your teachers, your friends. Please consider what they have done for you what they mean to you. Never fail to be thankful ­­­­­­­­­­­to the people around you.

Lastly, the end of junior high school is the beginning of a new life. I don’t need to tell you that life in senior high school will be harder and that you have many difficult tasks ahead of you. You’ll make mistakes along the way, but the key is to learn from your mistakes and never give up. But along with difficulties, there will also be many exciting things waiting for you. Behind each door you open are chances to learn new things, and you have the ability to make your own choices. Choose wisely and be responsible for your decisions and actions. Although you have to go your separate ways now, I hope that in a few years’ time, you’ll come back to visit our school. As you set out on your new journey, you shouldn’t forget where you came from. The future is yours. Good luck and hope to see you again sometime soon!

1. Who and where is the speech given about the graduation ceremony?

2. What were the students like in Grade 7?

3. Who should the students thank?

4. What will senior high be like?

5. What will students do in a few years’ time?

第六节 书面表达（共1题，满分15分）

以“What should we do in English class?”为题 写一篇英语短文，谈谈在英语课堂上学生应该怎样做，才能使英语学习 更有效。   
　　提示：（1）Listen to the teacher.  （2）Take part in activities. （3）Be confident in ourselves.   
　　要求：（1）文稿须包括所有提示内容，可适当发挥。 （2）文稿中不得出现真实的人名、 校名和地名。 （3）词数：90-120个。   
　　参考词汇：take notes, work in groups with…， not be afraid of…   
　　What should we do in English class? 

**英语参考答案及评分标准**

**第一部分听力（共4节，1~15小题，每小题1分，满分15分；41~45小题，每小题2分，满分10分，共25分）**

第一节：1-5 EHBGA

第二节：6-10 TFFTT

第三节：11-15 CBAED

**第二部分英语知识运用（完形填空，16~25小题，每小题1分，满分10分；第二节语法填空，46~55小题，每小题1分，满分10分。共20分）**

16-20. CADBB 21-25.DACDB

**第三部分阅读理解（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）**

阅读下面两篇短文，从26~31各题所给的四个选项（ABCD）中，选出最佳选项。

26～28CBD 29～31ABB

读下面的文章，然后判断文章后面32~35的问题，正确的答案写T，错误的答案写F。

32~35 TFFT

七选五（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）

根据短文内容，从短文后的选项中选出能填入36~40小题的正确答案。

36-40. CGAFD

**第四部分：写作（共六节，满分65分）**

第一节听力填空题（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）。请根据所听内容完成下面的填空。每个空一词。把答案写在答题卡41~45小题的横线上。

41. beautiful 42. jump very high 43. African 44. living 45. so lovely

第二节语法填空（共10小题；每小题1分，满分10分）

阅读下面材料并填空。有的答案要填入适当的内容，有的答案要用括号内单词的正确形式。

46. only 47. greatest 48. leaders 49. was built 50. that

51. in 52. shines 53. medical 54. prevent 55. must

第三节读下面的一篇文章，在答题卡的56~60每个题目下做简单的笔记（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）。（评卷时：按照同意异表的原则，不要求字字相应。本次此题冒号后大小写均可，建议以后若答案是句子，那么首字母大写，若答案是单词或短语，那么首字母小写。）

56. Love, beauty and family.

57. Sky lanterns, paper cutting, Chinese clay art.

58. They were sent out to ask for help when in trouble.

59. Flowers, animals, and things about Chinese history.

60. shaped by hand, air-dry, fired, polished, painted

第四节根据汉语意思完成英语句子，每个空格填一个单词。（共5小题；每小题2分，满分10分）把答案写在答题卡61~65小题的横线上。

61. pull together 62. set out 63. absent from 64. talking back 65. thousands of

第五节大意总结（共1题，10分）读下面关于如何处理青少年问题的文章。请根据问题提示，尽可能用自己的话写出大意总结。词数不少于60，不多于80词。注意：在文章后标清你写的字数。

The headmaster gives a speech about the graduation ceremony at No.3Junior High School. Firstly, he remembers the students were full of energy and thirsty for knowledge in Grade 7. Secondly, he tells students to be thankful to their parents, their teachers and their friends. Lastly, he tells the students that life in senior high school will be harder, And he hopes that the students will come back to visit their middle school.

**第六节书面表达（共1题，满分15分）**