

汇川区 2021 年九年级第四次中考适应性考试

英语试题卷

(全卷总分 150 分, 考试时间 120 分钟)

注意事项:

1. 答题前, 务必将自己的学校、班级、考号、姓名等填写在答题卡规定的位置上。
2. 答选择题时, 必须使用 2B 铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其它答案标号。
3. 答非选择题时, 必须使用黑色墨水笔或黑色签字笔, 将答案书写在答题卡规定的位置上。
4. 所有题目必须在答题卡上作答, 在试题卷上答题无效。

第一部分 听力(共 2 小节, 满分 30 分。)

第一节 听力选择(共 15 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 共计 22.5 分)

- A. 图片理解 请听句子, 根据所听句子的顺序选择相应的图片(有一幅是多余的), 并用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。(听两遍)



A



B



C



D



E



F

- B. 小对话理解 请听小对话及问题, 从 A、B、C、中选择正确的答案, 并用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。(听两遍)

- | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 6. A. Play basketball. | B. Play football. | C. Play volleyball. |
| 7. A. 9:30. | B. 9:45. | C. 10:00. |
| 8. A. Rock music. | B. Folk music. | C. Classical music. |
| 9. A. Small and quiet. | B. Small and poor. | C. Big and busy. |
| 10. A. \$30 | B. \$15 | C. \$20 |
- C. 长对话理解 你将听到两段对话, 每段对话后有几个问题。从 A、B、C 中选择最佳答案, 并用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。(听三遍)
- 请听下面一段对话, 回答 11-12 小题。
11. Why did Mike make the girl angry?
A. He borrowed her money. B. He missed the school bus. C. He lost her story book.
 12. Where will they go next?
A. To a bookstore. B. To the school. C. To the library.

请听下面一段对话, 回答 13-15 小题。

13. Where does Lingling's grandparents live?
A. In the city. B. In the town. C. In the village.
14. What did Lingling help her grandma do?
A. Water the flowers. B. Do some housework. C. Pick the bananas.
15. How often does Lingling visit her grandparents?
A. Once a week. B. Twice a month. C. Three times a year.

第二节 听力填空(共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 共计 7.5 分)

D. 短文理解 请听短文, 根据其内容完成表格, 并将正确答案用 0.5 毫米的黑色签字笔填写在答题卡规定的位置。(听三遍)

Mr. Hunt's advice	
To Sandy	You must plan your day <u>16</u> . You may spend time on one <u>17</u> every day. You should exercise for <u>18</u> minutes every day.
To Alex	You shouldn't spend hours playing football after school or <u>19</u> out late. You can help your parents do some chores.
To Claudia	Some rules are good for your development. You'd better have a talk with your parents if you can't <u>20</u> your family rules.

第二部分 语篇完形(共两小节, 满分 25 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 共计 15 分)

阅读短文, 根据其内容, 从 A, B, C, D 中选出最佳答案, 并用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

The Great Wall, one of China's best-known faces, has now become a magic ladder which made an eleven-year-old Australian girl get closer to her dream. Taylor was born with a kind of serious illness. 21, such a disease affected her movement and stopped her from 22 like a normal child. However, she always pushes herself to be the 23 she can be.

In March 2020, she reached the top of the highest mountain in Australia. But her next goal was the Great Wall. In preparation for her dream to climb the Great Wall, Taylor spent 24 training her legs to make them stronger. What's more, in September 2020, Taylor went through a major operation (手术) to improve her motor function(运动功能). After that, she was able to stand straight like other children. When she was asked whether the 25 was painful, she said with a smile: "It's all right." 26 her own efforts, she also got help from Norman Li, a Chinese businessman. He learned about Taylor's dream and was 27 deeply. He decided to support Taylor's trip to Beijing. "I just want to repay those Australians who gave me a 28 years ago," he said. As an old Chinese saying goes, "A drop of water in need shall be returned with a burst of spring indeed."

On May 6 this year, Taylor's wish came true. With the help of her walking aid, Taylor moved ahead 29. Finally, she reached the great wall. Looking at the view below, she said, "It's amazingly beautiful!"

The walk on the Great Wall is 30, not only because Taylor's dream has come true, but also because this experience has given her courage she needs for the next goal.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 21. A. Luckily | B. Hopelessly | C. Sadly | D. Happily |
| 22. A. walking | B. drawing | C. speaking | D. singing |
| 23. A. most | B. better | C. best | D. more |
| 24. A. days | B. months | C. hours | D. years |
| 25. A. operation | B. dream | C. story | D. wish |
| 26. A. Including | B. Besides | C. Except | D. Beside |
| 27. A. surprised | B. excited | C. touched | D. attracted |
| 28. A. start | B. help | C. chance | D. hand |
| 29. A. fast | B. slowly | C. happily | D. hopefully |
| 30. A. successful | B. important | C. interesting | D. exciting |

第二节 口语交际(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 10 分)

情景七选五 请阅读下面一段对话, 根据其情景, 从方框内七个选项中选出能填入对话的五个选项。并用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

- A: Good morning. 31
- B: I'm looking for some books for my father.
His birthday is coming.
- A: Well. What is he interested in?
- B: 32 He goes fishing every week.
- A: It's a good habit. Is he good at it?
- B: No, not really. He often comes back without any fish.
- A: I see. 33
- B: Let me have a look. Oh, it's for beginners.
- A: Yes. It's very helpful. I'm sure your father will like it.
- B: Hmm... Thanks. 24 How much is it?
- A: 35
- B: Here you are.
- A: Thank you.

- | |
|---------------------------------|
| A. What about this one? |
| B. Can you help me? |
| C. It's too expensive. |
| D. 25 yuan. |
| E. What can I do for you? |
| F. I will take it. |
| G. He is interested in fishing. |

第三部分 阅读、词汇与语法(共四小节, 满分 75 分)

第一节 阅读理解(共 20 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 40 分)

阅读材料 A、B、C, 根据其内容选择填空, 并用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;

A

April, 23rd. Cloudy

We bought some flowers and hoped that special gift was a success. This gift expressed our love and thanks to Miss Zhao.

A few days ago, my classmates and I were excited to hear that Miss Zhao, our head teacher, will be married next week, so we decided to prepare a special gift for her wedding(婚礼) secretly.

After discussing, we formed a "special team" to plan the special task. Our classmates were divided into several groups. Then with the help of our art teacher, we spent our spare time making a video of our classmates' wishes. Some said, "Happy wedding", some made a heart with their hands and others wrote a few poems. Finally, we all stood in the shape of a heart and waved to Miss Zhao.


Today everything was finally ready. Our classmates came to the classroom early to prepare the surprise and waited to have Miss Zhao's English class. The class monitor and I were going to act as duty students to lead the teacher to the classroom. The bell rang, and Miss Zhao came in. She was led to the big screen, unaware(不知道的) of the surprise we had prepared.

"The peach tree beams so red; How brilliant are its flowers(桃之夭夭, 灼灼其华)." This is a famous poem from Shijing to congratulate the bride(新娘). Our video caught the teacher's attention. We took

the chance to run out of the classroom, moved the fresh flowers to the back door and showed the flowers to Miss Zhao. Her face burned with happiness, and her eyes were full of happy tears. And the process of making it would become an unforgettable memory.

36. The writer wrote this _____ on April, 23rd.
A. diary B. letter C. poem D. poster
37. What is Paragraph 3 mainly about?
A. How we formed the "special team".
B. When we formed the "special team".
C. How we planned to give Miss Zhao a surprise.
D. Why the students waved to Miss Zhao in our video.
38. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
A. The writer bought a gift for Miss Zhao .
B. Miss Zhang would be married the next week.
C. The writer's art teacher helped to make the special gift.
D. The writer and his classmates tried their best to make the gift all day.
39. Put the events about how we prepared the special gift for Miss Zhao in a correct order.
a. Buy some flowers. b. Show our surprise in class.
c. Make a video of our wishes. d. Form a team to plan the task.
A. b-c-a-d B. d-c-a-b. C. c-b-d-a D. d-a-b-c
40. Why do we put the famous poem from Shijing at the beginning of our video?
A. Because Miaa Zhao is a Chinese teacher.
B. Because Miss Zhao prefers this poem to the others.
C. Because red is a traditional color for Chinese wedding.
D. Because this poem expresses the best wishes to a bride like Miss Zhao.

B

We want you	
Join us at The Youngs --one of the best local restaurants.We are now looking for people who would be interested in working with use.	
cooks: At least one year's experience in a western restaurant kitchen. Able to work on weekends. Work 4: 00-9 :00 every day(\$600/week)	
waiters and waitresses : At least one year of work experience in a cafe or restaurant. Part time welcome. Like a fast-paced work and accept shift changes.(换班) Work6:00-13:00or 16:00-23:00(\$16 /hour)	
cleaners: No experience needed . Part time welcome. Work 12:00 -15:00,or17:00-22:00(\$12 /hour)	
we are also looking for delivery workers who are good at riding a bike. You must be 18 or older to work at The Youngs. Call at 2711-2622.	

41. According to the poster, _____
 A. the Youngs is a new restaurant.
 B. cleaners have to work about 12 hours a day.
 C. cooks should have at least one year of experience,
 D. the Youngs wants full-time waiters and waitresses.
42. Who has to work every day?
 A. Cooks B. Singers. C. Waiters D. Cleaners
43. How much can a waiter make if he works for 7 hours?
 A. \$119 B. \$112 C. \$90 D. \$84
44. Who can't find a job at The Youngs?
 A. An old man who never worked before.
 B. A cook who work in Zunyi for 5 years.
 C. A university student who is 17 years old.
 D. A mother who have to look after her baby in the evening.
45. For more information, you can _____
 A. make a call B. write a letter
 C. send an e-mail D. visit the boss.

C

While Westerners were getting used to paying with credit cards(信用卡) or bank cards at the very beginning of the 21st century, most Chinese people still liked to pay in cash out of habit. However, today, Chinese people may be leading the world in mobile payment, mainly WeChat Pay and Alipay.

Foreigners feel amazed when Chinese people buy everything with their phones. At least, this was the case for Lim Swee Say, Manpower Minister of Singapore.



When Lim was waiting in line to buy some snacks at a street stall in Shanghai, he saw other customers show their phones and take the food without giving over any cash. Soon after, he realized that the customers were using mobile payment. "Singapore is actually backward," said Lim.

The popularity of mobile payment in China has pushed many foreign countries and agencies to accept them. And several reasons might make this mobile payment spread in the whole world.

- Quite a few Western mobile payment services require businessmen to install expensive machines before customers can use them. While using Chinese mobile payment, all it takes is a QR code(二维码) and a smartphone.

- Nowadays, almost everyone has a smartphone, even teenagers. And the mobile payment has helped people save the trouble of taking wallets with them. It's not only safer, more convenient, but also environmentally friendly.

- Most shops in China, from a tiny shop in villages to a huge shopping center in big cities, all offer the service of mobile payment. And by the end of last year, Hangzhou Public Transportation System installed the mobile payment machine on 8,000 downtown buses.

- With Chinese travelers throughout the world, it's now common to see the familiar green or blue QR codes in tourist sights around the world.

46. What can we learn from the first paragraph?
 A. The Chinese people still like to pay in cash today.
 B. More Western people feel like the mobile payment.
 C. Chinese people used the credit card at the beginning of the 21st century.
 D. Both WeChat Pay and Alipay are the most popular payment in China.

47. How do the foreigners feel when they see so many Chinese pay with phones?
A. Interested. B. Amazed.
C. Relaxed. D. Worried.
48. What does Lim mean by saying "Singapore is actually backward."?
A. In Singapore fewer people like to pay in cash.
B. People in Singapore don't know how to pay with phones.
C. It is not so popular for people in Singapore to pay with phones.
D. There are fewer people in Singapore who like the web payment.
49. What does the underlined word "cash" mean?
A. 密码 B. 账号 C. 小票 D. 现金
50. Why does the writer write this passage?
A. To introduce WeChat Pay & Alipay.
B. To remind people to pay with credit cards.
C. To advise more people to use mobile payment.
D. To tell us the mobile payment may spread in the world.

D

阅读 D 篇, 根据短文内容, 从所给选项中选择五个句子填入短文空白处, 使其文理通顺。

DK Children, a well-known British publishing house (出版社), released a children's book named *When I Grow Up—Sports Heroes* on March 5, 2020. 51 Zhu Ting, the captain of Chinese women's volleyball team, has become the only volleyball player written in the book.

Zhu grew up in a small village in Henan, China. 52 Her parents were farmers and she thought she would be one too. But that changed when she went to Zhoukou Sports School.

53 She became the most hard-working child in the sports school, serving (发球) and spiking (扣球) hundreds of times every day. 54 She has won many gold medals including the World Cup and the Olympic Games on behalf of (代表) the Chinese women's volleyball team.

55 we can also learn about the basketball player LeBron James, the football player Lionel Messi and the figure skating prince Yuzuru Hanyu in it.

"Everyone was once a small child learning about the world. Read how sporty kids found what they loved to do, worked hard, and followed their love all the way to adulthood (成年)," says the book.

- A. Her family was very poor.
B. Her father was a businessman and had much money.
C. The book includes other sports stars.
D. There she showed great talent for volleyball.
E. She was interested in basketball when she was young.
F. Through hard work, Zhu became a famous volleyball player.
G. The book talks about inspiring growth stories of eight sports superstars in the world.

第二节 任务型阅读(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共计 10 分)

阅读短文 E, 回答问题及翻译划线部分的句子, 并将其正确答案用黑色墨水笔或黑色签字笔填写在答题卡规定的位置上。

E

History can seem like a boring subject because we have to remember dates and names. ①However, history is also an exciting subject that helps people better understand the world. Find some ways to make history easier and more interesting.

Understand your personal history. Write the history of your life, thinking of the things you experienced. Don't forget to add some difficulties you have faced as well. If you understand your own life as a

historical story, you will feel that the subject is more useful. You can write about something you are proud of, some special events you took part in or some difficulties you met in your life.

Learn the history of your family. Find out the personal histories of your parents and grandparents. Talk to members of your family about your father and your grandfather. Or do a survey of your family. Learning about your family's history and the things that they experienced may make history a little more interesting.

Study the history of the place where you live. Look at the history of your hometown or the place where you live now. Each place has its own special history that has something to do with larger national events. Learning neighborhood history will help you get interested in history, and make you feel a little closer to the place where you live.

56. 把句子①翻译成汉语。

57. 请在文章找出和句子 “You are also supposed to remember to write down the difficulties you have experienced.” 意思相近的句子。

58. List at least one way that we can learn the history of our family.

59. Why should we learn the history of the place where we live?

60. What may be the best title of the passage?

第三节 语篇填空(共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 共计 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的词, 或填入括号中所给单词的正确形式。

Two years ago, I failed in the college entrance exam. It was a heavy shock to my family and me. They always wanted me to go to a great university in 61 south of the country. I was eighteen and my family was poor. They thought that 62 (go) to a good college could change my life. I was under stress and felt 63 (worry) and I stayed at home and didn't want to see anyone.

One night, I dreamed that I went to college and was having an interesting lesson. All the students were laughing 64 (happy). I 65 (wake) up suddenly and found myself in my room. I realized that I couldn't let myself down. I decided to take the next year's college entrance exam. It was a difficult year. I studied day and night to get ready 66 the exam. When the exam came, I found that I wasn't as nervous as before.

Now I am studying in a good university. I try to pay for the 67 (educate) by doing part-time jobs. I believe I can live a better life in the future on 68 (I) own. Please remember: The best time of your life may still be ahead of you, 69 it won't just magically show up. So you have to create it. It's in your power to create whatever future you want for your life. If you work hard today, you 70 (thank) yourself one day.

第四节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加或一个单词的删除, 其他错误为单词的修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 ^, 并在其下面写出该增加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用(\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下画一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

- 注意: 1.每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;
2.在答题卡上答题。
3.只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

As a child, I am very looking forward to grow up.

I am boring with my mother's babble(唠叨). When I am playing computer games, she will ask me to help her on the housework. If I refuse, her anger makes me to feel scared. What nice thing it will be if I just sleep all the day.






But after watch a movie, I realized my bad idea. In the movie, the boy got angry with his mother and goes out of the house. She hung around the street. When it was dark, he missed his mother's food, the comfortable house, even his mother's babble.

The taste of a mother will be remembering by her child forever. It stands for happy.

第四部分 书面表达 (计 20 分)

第一节 完成句子(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共计 5 分)

根据图片和提示词写一个完整的英语句子, 一图一句。

	 Mary	 Li Tao		
81. there be; used to	82. practice; play; now	83. not sure	84. be good for	85. spend; buy; yesterday

第二节 书面表达 (计 15 分)

“谁知盘中餐, 粒粒皆辛苦。”刚刚离世的世界杂交水稻之父——袁隆平先生一生最大的梦想就是让全国人民乃至全世界人民吃饱饭。李华拟请几个好朋友中考结束后在家中聚餐。请以 Saving Food Is Glorious(光荣的)为题, 站在节约粮食, 爱惜粮食的角度给李华一些建, 写一篇 80 词左右的短文, 可适当发挥。

- 内容包含: 1.认识到节约粮食是每个公民的义务。
2.拟好购物清单, 适量购买食材。
3.不挑食, 光盘行动。

Saving Food Is Glorious
