

2020—2021 学年度第二学期期末学习质量抽测

七年级英语

注意事项:

1. 请在答题卡上作答, 在试卷上作答无效。
2. 本试卷分为三部分, 共十一大题。满分 150 分, 考试时间 90 分钟。

第一部分 听力 (共 30 分)

I. 听对话选图 (本题共 4 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 4 分)

听下面 4 段对话, 每段对话后有 1 个问题, 从各题所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中选出符合题意的图片。每段对话读两遍。

1. What did Bill's uncle give him?



A



B

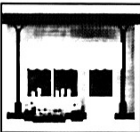


C

2. Where is the woman going?



A



B



C

3. What did the girl do yesterday?



A



B

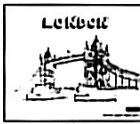


C

4. Where is Tony going on holiday?



A



B



C

II. 小对话理解 (本题共 4 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 8 分)

听下面 4 段对话, 每段对话后有 1 个问题, 从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

5. Who did Jim go to the concert with?
A. His sister. B. His brother. C. His friend.
6. What kind of music does Mary like?
A. Pop music. B. Traditional music. C. Rock music.
7. Where are they talking?
A. In the bank. B. In the classroom. C. In the theatre.
8. Why is the girl worried?
A. She lost her phone. B. She lost her gloves. C. She lost her wallet.

III. 短文理解 (本题共 4 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 8 分)

听下面 1 段短文, 从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。本段短文读两遍。

9. When will they visit the flower show?
A. On October 21. B. On October 22. C. On October 23.
10. What will they do in the afternoon?
A. Listen to a talk. B. Draw some pictures. C. Collect litter.
11. Where will they meet that morning?
A. Near the gate of the park. B. At the school gate. C. At the underground station.
12. How will they go to the park?
A. On foot. B. By bike. C. By bus.

IV. 听独白判断正误 (本题共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

听下面 1 段独白, 判断下面的句子是否符合你听到的独白内容, 符合的选 "T", 不符合的选 "F"。本段独白读两遍。

13. Henry visited Shanghai in China. (T/F)
14. Henry thought the food was difficult to eat. (T/F)
15. Henry went to some schools during his visit. (T/F)
16. Henry thought the students liked their lessons. (T/F)
17. Henry could speak Chinese well. (T/F)

第二部分 语音 词汇 语法 功能 (共 59 分)

V. 单项填空 (本题共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

18. 下列单词中划线字母组合发音为 [u:] 的是 _____。
A. food B. soon C. good
19. Xian Xinghai was born in Macao _____ 1905.
A. on B. in C. at
20. —Don't talk! Lingling _____ an online English lesson. —OK.
A. take B. is taking C. took
21. Mike, please _____ for me at the bus station.
A. waiting B. waits C. wait
22. —Did Tim enjoy _____ at the Beijing Zoo?
—Yes, he was very happy.
A. himself B. his C. him
23. My house is on a _____ street, so it's very noisy during the day.
A. safe B. busy C. clean

24. —Do you get exercise every day?

—Yes, I always _____ half an hour walking after dinner.

A. spend B. take C. pay

25. We decided to go swimming _____ it was hot outside.

A. so B. or C. because

26. —Mike, what club do you want to join?

—Well, I want to join the _____ Club. I like painting.

A. Music B. Sports C. Art

27. —Our class plan to visit the Great Wall next week. —_____

A. Have a good trip! B. I don't believe it. C. You're welcome.

VI. 完形填空 (本题共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 理解其大意, 然后从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

One day, a toad (蟾蜍) met a monkey. They decided to look for something to eat because they both felt ____28____. They saw a woman making something when they came to a farmer's house. They got an idea.

The toad jumped ____29____ the well (水井). Hearing something fall into water, the woman quickly ran towards the well. The monkey at once ____30____ the house, took a basket with a big cake and ran away to the hill.

After a while, the toad met the monkey there. The monkey wanted to eat the cake by himself ____31____ he said to the toad, "Let's roll (滚) the basket downhill. Whoever (无论谁) gets the basket first can have the cake." "But that's unfair (不公平). I can't run as fast as you," said the toad. The monkey said, "You must race (比赛) with me, or the whole cake will be ____32____."

The toad had to agree (同意). They ____33____ the basket downhill and the race started. The monkey ran fast after the basket, but the toad moved ____34____. Suddenly, the cake fell out of the basket and hit (撞) a small tree. The toad stopped under the tree and ____35____ to eat the cake.

When the monkey caught the basket, he found it empty (空的). Then he saw the toad eating the cake. He became angry and wanted to take the ____36____ back. But to the monkey's surprise (吃惊), the toad asked him to eat it together.

The monkey felt _____ for cheating (欺骗) his friend. He decided he would never do that any more.

- | | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|
| 28. A. hungry | B. ready | C. bored |
| 29. A. along | B. from | C. into |
| 30. A. saw | B. left | C. entered |
| 31. A. and | B. so | C. but |
| 32. A. mine | B. his | C. yours |
| 33. A. carried | B. found | C. pushed |
| 34. A. quickly | B. slowly | C. happily |
| 35. A. learned | B. liked | C. began |
| 36. A. basket | B. cake | C. tree |
| 37. A. sorry | B. excited | C. afraid |

VII. 词语运用 (本题共 14 小题; 38-46 每小题 1 分, 47-51 每小题 2 分, 共 19 分)

A. 看音标写单词。

38. We drove through the _____ ['sentə] of London.

39. This apple is bad. Please give me _____ [ə'naðə] one.

40. Laurel was a _____ ['pɜ:fɪkt] girl in every way.

41. There was a strange _____ [saʊnd] coming from the kitchen. Go and find it.

B. 用括号内所给词的适当形式完成下列句子。

42. The new classroom is _____ big. (real)

43. Hey, boys! _____ in the river. It's dangerous. (not swim)

44. Johann Strauss was a great _____. He wrote a lot of waltzes. (music)

45. Some _____ visitors will come to our city next week. (Russia)

46. Betty _____ in Dalian by plane the day before yesterday. (arrive)

C. 用方框内所给词的适当形式完成下面短文。每词限用一次。

hand polite like personal welcome

Body language is very important. It can make others understand you easily. When you are talking with others, you are not only using words, but also using body language. In China, waving your hand is to say "goodbye". A smile and clapping hands (拍手) means "_____". Nodding the head means "yes", but shaking the head means "no".

Different countries have different body language. For example, people in Russia kiss each other when they meet, but people in China or Australia shake ____48____. People in some countries like touching each other, but many people in Britain ____49____ others to touch them at all. People in the Middle East like standing close to others when they are talking, but you have to give people from North America more ____50____ space when you're talking with them. In some Asian countries, it's not ____51____ to touch the head of others.

People from other countries may not understand your language. But they can understand your body language. Body language can help you get on well with others.

VIII. 句型转换 (本题共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

按括号中的要求完成下列句子。

52. He did his homework yesterday. (改为否定句)

He _____ his homework yesterday.

53. When he was twenty, he went to the front. (改为同义句)

_____, he went to the front.

54. The story is very interesting. (改为感叹句)

_____ interesting story it is!

55. I went to Beihai Park last Sunday. (就划线部分提问)

_____ to Beihai Park?

56. life what future be in will the like (连词成句)

IX. 情景交际 (本题共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

根据对话内容, 从所给的七个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 使对话内容完整。(有
两项为多余选项)

- A: The summer holidays are coming. 57
 B: I plan to go to Guangzhou.
 A: Guangzhou? It's hot there.
 B: Yes, but my grandparents live there. 58
 A: Oh, I think they'll be very happy to see you.
 B: Sure. 59
 A: Last year I went to the countryside in Henan. This year I want to go there again.
 B: Why?
 A: Because I like the countryside. 60
 B: Yes, you are right. 61
 A: Thanks.



- A. I hope you enjoy yourself.
 B. I miss them very much.
 C. Who would you like to go with you?
 D. What about you?
 E. What's the weather like in Guangzhou?
 F. Where are you going to visit?
 G. The air is fresh there.



第三部分 读与写 (共 61 分)

X. 阅读理解 (本题共 17 小题; 每小题 2 分, 共 34 分)

A. 阅读下列短文, 从各题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

Passage 1

	<p>THE TIME CAPSULE Author (作者): Robert Campbell ¥25 (in bookstores) Jan makes a time capsule for the history lesson and buries (埋) it beside the apple tree in the garden. One night during a terrible rainstorm, she travels through time, is she in the future or in the past? How does she go back?</p>
	<p>THE SECRET GARDEN Author: Frances Hodgson Burnett ¥30 (in bookstores) ¥23 (online) Mary, a sickly orphan (孤儿), finds herself in her uncle's dark house. Why are so many rooms locked (锁)? Why is one of the gardens locked? Through the power (力量) of hope, friendship, and the magic of nature, the brave girl brings the house and a long-lost garden back to life.</p>

	<p>BLACK BEAUTY Author: Anna Sewell ¥24 (in bookstores) It's a much-loved children's story of a horse, Black Beauty. He begins his life in a loving home. But his owner has to sell him. As he moves from home to home and job to job, he often suffers bad treatment. But he still dreams of the happy life he had when he was young.</p>
	<p>ALICE IN WONDERLAND Author: Lewis Carroll ¥32 (in bookstores) ¥26 (online) It is a story of a dream. Alice and her sister are sitting on the grass in the field on a warm day in July. Alice is bored. She falls asleep and dreams that she follows a white rabbit to a magic place called Wonderland.</p>

62. Where did Jan put the time capsule?
 A. In her uncle's house. B. In the field. C. Beside a tree in a garden.
 63. *Black Beauty* is the name of _____.
 A. a child B. a horse C. a garden
 64. How did Alice go to the magic place?
 A. Through the time. B. Through the power of hope. C. By following a white rabbit.
 65. If you buy *The Secret Garden* and *Alice In Wonderland* online, you have to pay _____.
 A. ¥49 B. ¥40 C. ¥51

Passage 2

①What will future cities look like? Ask eighth-graders at Batavia School in Ohio, US. They built a future city model (模型). It won the top prize (奖励) at a competition (比赛).

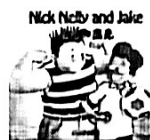
②The model shows a city on an island (岛). The city uses ocean energy (海洋能源). It has a hotel under water and a place to get honey from bees. The model won because it combined (结合) science with creativity (创造力), according to the judges.

③Each of the 28 students helped finish the work in their own way. Some helped research and write about the city. Some built the model. And some made the presentation (展示) about the city.

④"It brought us together," Jessica Jansen, one of the students, told local newspaper The Clermont Sun. "We all got to put in ideas, and we watched it come to life."

66. What did eighth-graders at Batavia School do?
 A. They built a wonderful city.
 B. They built a future city model.
 C. They went to an island.
 67. According to Paragraph ②, the city _____.
 A. is under the ocean B. has a hotel under water C. has many islands
 68. What did Jessica Jansen think of the project (项目)?
 A. Doing research was an important part of the project.
 B. Different ideas made the project hard to finish.
 C. They learned to work together from the project.
 69. What's the title (题目) of the passage?
 A. A model city for the future B. A wonderful competition C. How to build a city

Passage 3



The kids in Room 22 used to be afraid of Nick Nelly. Sometimes he was really rude. He pushed kids in line and said, "Get out of the way and let me in front." One day, a new kid called Jake came to Room 22. He was short and skinny (极瘦的). He had red hair and freckles (雀斑). When the teacher wasn't looking, Nick made faces at Jake and some kids laughed.

Jake was in front of Nick in the line. Nick pushed Jake in line and said, "Let me in front." But Jake just smiled at Nick. "No!" he said, "I won't." Nick went red and was furious. Kids never said no to him. But he couldn't do anything because the teacher was looking.

When Jake went to the classroom, Nick snatched (抢夺) his pencil. But Jake just smiled and said "You can have it. This is my sister's. She likes pink but I don't." The kids laughed. But Nick didn't. He went red again!

At lunchtime, Jake went to play soccer. "Hey, new kid!" shouted Nick. "You're too skinny to play soccer. We don't need you." Jake just smiled. "You will," he said. Jake could play soccer really well. He could stop every ball. Jake kicked the ball to Nick. "Stop this!" he shouted. Nick tried but he fell over. The kids laughed but Jake didn't. He went over to Nick. "My dad showed me how to play," he said. "You're lucky," said Nick. "I haven't got a dad," "I'll show you then," Jake said. So every day, Jake showed Nick all he knew about soccer.

After that, Nick and Jake were friends. And, no one was ever afraid of Nick again.

70. The kids were afraid of Nick because _____.

- A. he was often rude to others
- B. he often makes faces at them
- C. he pushed kids to the ground

71. What does the underlined word "furious" probably mean in Chinese?

- A. 安静的
- B. 暴怒的
- C. 害怕的

72. What made Nick change?

- A. Jake gave him a pink pencil.
- B. His teacher had a talk with him.
- C. Jake helped him play soccer well.

73. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Some ways of making friends.
- B. Try to help others in danger.
- C. Don't be afraid of a rude person.

B. 阅读下面短文，根据短文内容，回答下列问题。

Passage 4



Yuan Longping, China's scientist, spent over 50 years working on hybrid rice and helping the nation out of hunger (饥饿). People call him the "father of hybrid rice (杂交水稻)".

For Chinese families, rice is an important part of almost every meal. But in the past, not having enough rice was a big problem. Many people died in the past because they had no food. As a young student, Yuan Longping decided to

study agriculture (农业).

In the 1960s, many people died because of a serious famine (饥荒). Yuan was sad to see this. He began to work on a kind of hybrid rice. By growing (种植) it, people could have more food. In the 1970s, Yuan successfully grew a new kind of hybrid rice. It could feed (养活) about 70,000,000 more people

every year! In later years, Yuan and his team kept on studying. In 1996, Yuan started growing super hybrid rice.

Yuan's hybrid rice is also grown around the world. People grow it in over 40 countries such as India, Vietnam and the US. It has helped a lot of people.

Yuan was a famous scientist. But he called himself a farmer. He spent most of his time in the field (田地). "If I am not at home, I must be on the farmland; if I am not on the farmland, I must be on my way to the farmland," Yuan once said.

Because of his hard work, Yuan won many prizes. But Yuan still lived a simple life. He always wore cheap clothes. He didn't care too much about money. He donated (捐赠) most of his prize money to help young scientists.

74. How long did Yuan Longping work on hybrid rice? _____

75. Why did Yuan study agriculture? _____

76. What did Yuan do in the 1970s? _____

77. Did Yuan spend most of his time in offices or fields? _____

78. What can you learn from Yuan Longping's story? _____

XI. 写 (共27分)

A. 句子翻译。(本题共6小题; 每小题2分, 共12分)

79. 这是谁的包? 里面有好多东西。

Whose bag is this? _____.

80. 在机场, 我遇到了我的老朋友。我太激动了!

At the airport, _____, I was so excited!

81. 天多好啊! 我们去散散步吧。

What a fine day! _____.

82. Jenny 乐于助人, 我们班的每个人都喜欢她。

_____, and everyone in our class likes her.

83. 大明, 周末你打算做什么?

_____, Daming?

84. 因为网上购物, 我们的生活方式正在发生改变。

Because of online shopping, _____.

B. 书面表达 (共15分)

85. 经历就是财富, 经历引领成长。本学期你有哪些值得回忆的事情, 是一次实践活动、一次比赛, 还是一次郊游……, 请就此主题写一篇文章, 参加学校网站举办的英语征文比赛。

内容提示:

(1) What happened?

(2) What can you get from it?

要求:

(1) 中心突出, 语义连贯, 层次清晰, 书写规范;

(2) 文中不得出现真实的姓名、校名;

(3) 词数60词左右。