八年级英语测试卷（六）

内容:Unit 6 时间:60分钟 分数:100分

一、听力测试(本大题满分25分,每小题1分)

第一节：

( )1.What are they talking about?

A．Their new jobs. B．Their dream jobs. C．Their old jobs.

( )2．Who wants to go to the park?

A．Kate. B．Jim. C．Ann.

( )3．Who did the girl make a promise to last year?

A．Her mother. B．Her father. C．Her teacher.

( )4.Why is Zhang Zheng moving to Henan?

A．Because he’s going to study there.

B．Because he likes staying there.

C．Because his father finds a new job there.

( )5.How is Lucy going to be a computer programmer?

A．She is goig to practice writing. B．She is going to take math lessons.

C．She is going to study computer science.

第二节下面你将听到6段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从每小题A、B、C三个选项中,选出一个与你所听到的对话或独白内容相符的问题的答案.

听第一段材料,回答第6至8小题。

( )6.What’s Jim’s favorite sport?

A．Basketball. B．Volleyball. C．Soccer.

( )7．How often does Jim play soccer?

A．Everyday. B．Once a week. C．Twice a week.

( )8.What’s Jim’s new year’s resolution?

A．To make the soccer team. B．To make the basketball team.

C．To practice basketball every day.

听第二段材料,回答第9至11小题。

( )9.Who is Han Mei going to see in Hubei?

A．Her parents. B．Her grandparents. C．Li Ming.

( )10．Where are Li Ming and his classmates planning to go during the summer vacation?

A．To the zoo. B．To the mountains. C．To the town.

( )11.How do Li Ming and his classmates go there?

A．By bike. B．By bus. C．On foot.

听第三段材料,回答第12至14小题。

( )12.What is Mary going to do?

A．To play computer games. B．To learn to play an instrument.

C．To play ball games.

( )13．What is Mary going to learn to play?

A．The violin. B．Basketball. C．The guitar.

( )14．What is the boy’s resolution?

A．To make a tennis team. B．To make a music team. C．To make a basketball team.

听第四段材料,回答第15至17小题。

( )15．What is Sally going to be when she grows up?

A．A pilot. B．An engineer. C．A policewoman.

( )16．Who is going to be a doctor?

A．Peter. B．Tom. C．David.

( )17．How many people are mentioned(提到)？

A．Three. B．Four. C．Five.

听第五段材料,回答第18至20小题。

( )18.What’s Zhao Kai doing?

A．Doing his homework. B．Playing computer games. C．Readinga book.

( )19．What does Linda think of the computer book?

A．Boring. B．Interesting. C．Exciting.

( )20．What does Zhao Kai want to be?

A．A computer teacher. B．A computer programmer. C．A writer.

听第六段材料,回答第21至25小题。

( )21.What is Betty good at?

A．English and Chinese. B．English and math. C．Chinese and math

( )22．What does Betty want to improve next year?

A．Math. B．English. C．Chinese.

( )23．What does Jack look like now?

A．Tall. B．Thin. C．Heavy.

( )24．What does Bob like eating?

A．Junk food. B．Vegetables. C．Fruits.

( )25.What will Bob eat more?

A．Fruits. B．Chinese food. C．Junk food.

二、单项选择：（15分）

( )1．---How do you know his uncle is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ engineer?

---Oh, I read \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ article about him just now.

A．the; an B．an; an C．a; a D．an; the

( )2．Dale likes flying a plane, so he wants to be a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when he grows up.

A．policeman B．driver C．pilot D．scientist

( )3．---Do you often go dancing in the park?

---Yes. I think it’s one kind of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ exercise.

A．bad B．famous C．physical D．boring

( )4．On New Year’s Day, Jack always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a nice e-card to his teacher.

A．sends B．makes C．buys D．gets

( )5．These days. Most of the students can get a good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_and go to college in our country.

A．book B．education C．help D．habit

( )6．If you make a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about it, you should keep it.

A．program B．promise C．result D．success

( )7．---How are you going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your English?

---I’m going to read English newspapers every day.

A．improve B．promise C．keep D．question

( )8．Please \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to close the door before you leave the room.

A．make sure B．find out C．look at D．take out

( )9．He studied French for a year in our school before he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_English.

A．took off B．took back C．took down D．took up

( )10．---Why do you take a notebook with you?

---Because I’m going to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what the computer programmer says at the meeting.

A．write down B．put down C．turn down D．get down

( )11．---What makes him feel so sad?

---I think it may have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_his lost wallet.

A．do for B．help with C．do with D．help for

( )12．---There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an interesting movie tomorrow evening.

---Really? Exciting news!

A．is going to have B．is going to be C．has D．will have

( )13．---What’s your New Year’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

---I’m going to eat more vegetables.

A．idea B．resolution C．job D．subject

( )14．---Are you going to your grandparents’ home this weekend?

---\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Maybe I will practice basketball.

A．Of course B．I’m not sure C．You’re right D．I hope not

( )15．He always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ his friends about everything. In fact, he has no ideas of his own.

A．agrees with B．plays with C．deals with D．talks with

三、完形填空：（10分）

Yang Mi, born in Beijing on September 12, 1986, is a Chinese actress. At the age of 4, she got her first TV role; at 16, she became a *model* (模特) for a magazine; at 18, she went to her dream *college*(大学). 1\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people think that life smiled at her.

In 2011, the 25-year-old 2\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_played in the time-traveling TV play, Palace. The play was successful and made her very 3\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The number of her microblog followers *increased* (增加)from several thousand to 4\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than three million. Could she be even 5\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? Yang doesn’t think luck had anything to 6\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with her success. “That’s because I 7\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard every day.” Said Yang. She still thinks of the time when people gave her the cold shoulder. “ I have to 8\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ them because they make me *believe*(相信)myself,” she said. That’s 9\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ always helps others when they are in need. Then Yang became the *ambassador* (大使)10\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Climate Group. She calls on people to plant trees on China’s dry land.

( )1.A．Many B．Some C．Nobody D．Few

( )2．A．student B．actress C．player D．teacher

( )3．A．great B．rich C．poor D．famous

( )4．A．less B．little C．more D．much

( )5．A．happier B．luckier C．healthier D．busier

( )6．A．do B．play C．stay D．talk

( )7．A．read B．thought C．played D．worked

( )8．A．help B．ask C．thank D．follow

( )9．A．because B．why C．what D．how

( )10．A．in B．at C．with D．for

四、阅读理解：（20分）

A

When I grow up, I want to be a musician. When I was in a Sunrise Primary School, I was interested in music, so I decided to join the *ensemble* (合奏). Now I am playing the recorder in the ensemble and I am very happy. I don’t mind playing any *instrument*(乐器) and I will be happy as long as I can be a musician. In fact, I love playing the piano. When I was in the kindergarten, I first learned how to play the piano. I like to play the piano because playing it always cools me down when I am angry. Besides playing music, I also like to listen to classical music.

I would like to be a famous pianist playing classical music in *concerts*(音乐会). I hope many people will go to my concerts. I will give part of the money from the concerts to charity (慈善). If I want to become a musician, I will have to practice very hard and pass all the music examinations. I hope my dream will come true.

( )1.The writer is playing the recorder in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．the ensemble B．the middle school C．a concert D．a kindergarten

( )2．the writer likes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ music.

A．classical B．pop C．rap D．rock

( )3．The writer likes playing the piano because it can help him \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．be rich B．cool C．be famous D．cool down

( )4．If the writer’s dream comes true, he must \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．pass all the music examinations B．join the ensemble

C．play the recorder D．give money to charity.

( )5．The main idea of the passage is about the writer’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．dream B．music C．school D．work

B

Do you often make a resolution on New Year’s Day? What will you do next for it? Here is some advice on how to make a good resolution.

●Plan for the Resolution

Having a *goal* (目标) is not enough. You need to think out some clear steps for the resolution. So make your plan. A good plan will tell you what to do next and how to accomplish the goal at last. Making a plan is very important.

●Make Your Plan Right Now

If you make your plan later, you may forget your resolution slowly. It is important that you start making your plan right now.

●\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

You should write down your resolution and plan in some places, such as a notebook or your diary.

●Accomplish the Resolution Slowly

You make a resolution in one day. It doesn’t mean you must finish it in one day. It may need a hundred small steps. New Year’s resolution should be a starting point. You must keep a habit of accomplishing your resolution slowly.

( )6．How many pieces of advice are *mentioned* (提到) in the passage?

A．Two B．Three C．Four D．Five

( )7．What’s the Chinese meaning of the word “accomplish”?

A．经营 B．培养 C．制定 D．实现

( )8．If you make a resolution now, what should you do next according to the passage?

A．Keep it in mind and do nothing. B．Tell it to everyone.

C．Ask others to help you to finish it. D．Think out your plans for it.

( )9．What is the best title for the fourth paragraph?

A．Keep a Diary Every Day B．Make an Important Plan.

C．Write Down Your Resolution D．Finish Your Resolution Right Now

( )10．The passage is mainly about\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．what is good resolution B．how to make a good resolution

C．when to make a resolution D．why we need a resolution

五、词汇：（10分）

A．根据句意及首字母提示，拼写单词完成句子：

1．His father is a d\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in hospital.

2．My sister can speak three f\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language---English, French and Japanese.

3．This is a p\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ letter. You mustn’t read it.

4．Li Dan practices speaking English every day to i\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her English.

5．Anna’s h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are to sing and dance.

Ｂ.用所给单词的适当形式填空：

1．We go and do the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(week) shopping every Thursday morning.

2．We make resolutions at the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（begin） of the year.

3．Mr. Brown is not only a good swimmer, but also a good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(cook).

4．He kept on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（work） after dark.

5．You needn’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（discussion） the matter with me.

六、阅读还原：（10分）

(66)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_But some people spend too much time online. They even can't stop. Doctors say this is a new illness (疾病) They call this sickness Internet Addiction

Disorder(互联网成瘾症)(LAD).

(67) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_They spend hours chatting to their friends or playing online games. Many people with IAD spend more time on the Internet than with family or friends. Some people with IAD even give up(放弃)working！

(68) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Think about these questions: How many hours a day are you online? Is it too long or too short? When you are not online, are you thinking about playing a computer game or checking your messages? When you are online, do you forget the time? Do you get angry when

you can't play a game?

(69) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Dr. Ivan Goldberg and Dr. Kimberly S. Young have some ideas. First, ask yourself "Why am I online a lot？”(70)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ For example, use the computer or play games twice a week, not every day. In this way, you can have a good life with other friends

|  |
| --- |
| A．Then try to take a break(休息). B．If you have IAD, what can you do.  C．People with IAD are online a lot. D．Computers and the Internet are both good things.  E. Do you have IAD? F. People with IAD should talk with friends. |

七、完成句子：（10分）

1．我不确定这个单词的意思。我需要一本字典。

I\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the word. I need a dictionary. (sure)

2．我常常感得累，这与太多的学校作业有关

I often feel tired，and it\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (have)

3．我不喜欢玛丽。她在英语课上一直谈论电视节目。 (keep)

I don’t like Mary. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English class.

4．我们通常在年初制定决心因为他们能提高我们的生活。

We usually\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because they can improve our lives. (make)

5．他长大时想要成为一名演员。

He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. (grow)

八、语法填空：（10分）

There are many ways for students to go to school. Some students walk to school because they live 1 (close) to their schools.Some students live far from their schools, so they may go by car or bus. In big cities, students can take the underground 2 go to school.

Now many people drive cars 3 the fresh air is less and less. I think going to school 4 foot is good for us.

5 (one) of all, walking to school is a wonderful way to exercise and it’s good for health. Next, it’s fun to walk together with friends every day.We can talk about 6 interesting and know each other.Then,if we walk, our parents won’t have to drive 7 (we) to school. There will be 8 (few) cars on the road.More walking and less 9 (drive) help to make our city cleaner.

I hope more and more students will walk to school. 10 everyone can do so,we will have a better life and a greener world.

1．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

6．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 7．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 8．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 9．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 10．\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

九、作文：（15分）

假设你校美校判正在以 I want to be a/an in the future为题进行征文活动请根据以下提示并针对自己的梦想写一篇英语短文。

提示: 1.未来想要从事的职业。

2.谈一谈从事该工作的理由及实现该目标的方法。

3.达到这一目标的想法。

要求: 1.90词左右;

2.包括所有提示要点，可适当发挥;

3.将标题补充完整。

I want to be a/ an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in the future

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

秋八年级英语测试题(六) 参考答案

一、单项选择(15分)

1－5：BCCAB 6－10：BAADA 11－15：CBBBA

二、完形填空：（10分）

1－5：ABDCB 6－10：ADCBD

三、阅读理解：（15分）

1－5：AADAA 6－10：CDDCB

四、词汇：（10分）

A．根据句意及首字母提示，拼写单词完成句子：

1. doctor 2. foreign 3. personal 4. improve 5. happy

B. 用所给单词的适当形式填空：

1. weekly 2. beginning 3. cook 4. working 5. discuss

五、DCEBA

六、完成句子：（14分）

1. am not sure about the meaning

2. has to do with too much homework

3.it’s a good way to watch English movies

4. make resolutions at the beginning of the year

5. wants to be an actor when he grows up

七、语法填空：（10分）

1.close close to为“靠近”。

2.to 句意：在大城市，学生们可以乘坐地铁去上学。to go to school作目的状语。

3.so “现在许多人开车”是导致“新鲜空气老来越少”的原因﹐故填写连词so。

4.on 固定短语on foot意为“步行”。

5.First 固定短语first of all意为“首先”，和下文的next 及then 相呼应，

6.something 句意：我们可以谈论有趣的事清并能相互了解。something 用作代词，意为“某事”，形容词 interesting修饰不定代词时后置。

7.us drive sb.to sp.意为“开车送某人去某地”。drive 为动词，后接人称代词的宾格we的宾格是us。

8.fewer 上文“如果我们步行，我们的父母就不必开车送我们去学校”和下文“在马路上将会有更少 的车辆”进行对比，故填写比较级fewer。

9. driving 根据and前的More walking 和and后的less 可知此处填driving。

10.If 句意：如某每个人都能这样做，我们将会有一个更好的生活和更绿色的世界。if意为“如果”, 引导条件状语从句。

八、作文：（15分）

略