

绝密★启用前

汝州市有道实验学校第一次月考

九年级英语

题 号	一	二	三	四	总分
得 分					

一、听力理解(20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分)

第一节 听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的

A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

1. What is the man doing?

A. He is buying books.

B. He is borrowing books.

C. He is returning books.

2. Where are the two speakers talking?

A. On the street. B. In a bank.

C. In a hotel.

3. What is the man?

A. A waiter. B. A cook.

C. A policeman.

4. How do the two speakers take a trip?

A. By train. B. By car.

C. By plane.

5. Which bus should the man take?

A. No.101 Bus. B. No.57 Bus.

C. No. 75 Bus.

第二节听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、

B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话,回答第 6 至第 7 两个小题。

6. When does the shopping center close?

A. At 8:30 pm. B. At 9:30 pm.

C. At 10:30 pm.

7. What does the girl want to buy?

A. A jacket.

B. A shirt.

C. A sweater.

听下面一段对话,回答第 8 至第 10 三个小题。

8. What are they talking about?

A. Weekend plans.

B. Holiday plans.

C. Favorite sports.

9. What is Bruce going to do on Sunday?

A. Go hiking with his father.

B. Play ping pong with his cousin.

C. Take part in the volunteer activity.

10. Who is ill in the conversation?

A. Bruce's mother.

B. Bruce's father.

C. Judy's mother.

听下面一段独白,回答第 11 至第 12 两个小题。

11. Why were Daniel's parents so angry with him?

A. Because he wasted too much time.

B. Because he made their house dirty.

C. Because he ran to his room and shut the door.

12. What can't Daniel do next week?

A. Play games.

B. Stay at home.

C. Use the computer.

听下面一段对话,回答第 13 至第 15 三个小题。

13. Whom does the girl buy a present for?

A. Her father.

B. Her mother.

C. Her friend.

14. What color may the girl choose?

A. White.

B. Blue.

C. Black.

15. How much will the girl pay at last?

A. 50 dollars.

B. 35 dollars.

C. 25 dollars.

第三节听下面一篇短文,按照你所听内容的先后顺序将下列图片排序。短文读两遍



16. _____ 17. _____ 18. _____ 19. _____ 20. _____

二、阅读理解 (20 小题, 每题 2 分, 共 40 分)

A

Mr. Green's Special Lecture for Students
Topic: How can we help to protect the environment?
Time: 8:00 am—9:30 am, tomorrow, December 22
Place: In the school hall
Attention: Be on time
Content: Our planet is in trouble! Almost every day we seem to hear about problems of the environment—pollution, acid rain, climate change, the destruction of rainforests, and more and more animals and plants are disappearing. Nowadays, most of us know that humans have caused a lot of these problems. We are very worried about the future of our earth. We must find ways to solve these problems, or the earth will no longer support human life. Each of us, whatever age we are, can do something to protect the environment. We are all responsible (有责任的) for the environment. What can we do? Come and listen to Mr. Green's lecture tomorrow. The Students' Union

- () 21. How many problems of environment are mentioned in the passage?
A. Three. B. Four. C. Five. D. Six.
- () 22. When will the lecture be?
A. On December B. On December 22.
C. On December D. On December 24.
- () 23. How long will be the lecture last?
A. An hour. B. 90 minutes.
C. Half an hour. D. 120 minutes.
- () 24. Where will be students go to listen to the lecture?

- A. In their classroom. B. At the gate of their school.
C. In the school hall. D. On the playground of their school.

() 25. The passage is probably a(n) _____.

- A. ad B. poster C. report D. notice

B

What do people do with their old, out of date but still useful computers? Most people don't know what to do with them. Many old computers are put away in homes. Many more are simply thrown out with the rubbish.

Finally, some companies are thinking of ways to bring down the number of old computers. Sony has agreed to help recycle old Sony products (产品). Dell, Hewlett Packard and other companies now also take back some old computers.

In some countries, laws are being passed, too. Computer companies will have to pay for collecting and recycling their used products. And 70% of computer waste must be recycled. The idea behind the laws is that computer companies themselves should pay the cost. That will encourage them to make computers that are easier and cheaper to repair and upgrade (升级).

Yet while many people are throwing away good computers, others can not afford them at all. Hundreds of organizations are working to solve this problem. They collect and repair old computers. Some also teach others how to repair computers. The computers then go to schools, charities (慈善团体) and people who need them. Giving a used computer to one of these organizations can turn one person's rubbish into someone else's useful things and cut down on waste, too.

- () 26. What do many people do with old computers?
A. They repair them. B. They sell them.
C. They send them to others. D. They stop using them.
- () 27. How many computer companies are mentioned in the second paragraph?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
- () 28. According to the laws in some countries, computer companies must _____.
A. recycle most of their products B. collect all their used products
C. repair and upgrade old computers D. make more cheaper computers
- () 29. What do the organizations do to solve the problem of old computers?
A. Help the computer companies to collect them.
B. Repair and send them to those who need them.
C. Help people to learn to use them
D. Turn rubbish into useful things.
- () 30. What is the main idea of this passage?
A. Repairing old computers.

- B. Encouraging to make cheap computers.
C. Recycling old computers.
D. Helping those who need computers.

C

The earth is about 4.600 million years old. Modern man has lived on the earth for only 35,000 years, but during that time, we have changed our planet in many ways. Many of the things that we have done are good, but more are not good for the earth.

Water pollution

A lot of people, birds and fish die each day because of water pollution. Factories have polluted the land and the water. As a result, many rivers and lakes are now dead.

Air pollution

In big cities, factories, as well as cars, trucks and buses are the main causes of air pollution. Many people in cities now have serious health problems. For example, Mexico city used to be a beautiful sunny capital, but today it is always covered by thick brown clouds.

Soil pollution

In order to have a good harvest, most of the farmers use chemicals too much in their fields. That's bad for the soil. But this kind of pollution is difficult to stop.

Hope for the future

These problems are very serious for our future, so all of us should do something to improve our environment. If we can stop pollution, our planet will become more and more beautiful and our health will be better. Let's be greener people!

- () 31. _____ have made the earth change a lot.
A. Human beings B. Animals
C. Plants D. People in other planets
- () 32. There are _____ kinds of pollution in this passage.
A. two B. three C. four D. five
- () 33. _____ is a big problem now.
A. Pollution B. Population
C. Education D. Medical treatment
- () 34. Which sentence is NOT true according to the passage?
A. Most of the things that we have done are good for our planet.
B. We must stop the factories from pouring waste water into the rivers and lakes.
C. Because of water pollution, many rivers and lakes are now dead.
D. Water pollution is very serious nowadays.
- () 35. Which sentence is TRUE?
A. Though Mexico city is always covered by thick brown clouds, it's still a beautiful

sunny capital.

B. Air pollution can make people sick.

C. Now fewer farmers use chemicals in the fields

D. Factories, cars, trucks and buses are the main causes of soil pollution.

D

Dr. Jack Todd is very interested in clean water. 36 _____ so it's natural that he is the developer of a small and affordable system (系统) to clean waste water. His "Living Machine" can clean waste water in your home or in your business.

37 _____ The waste water goes into a big plastic tank where bacteria (细菌) start to break down the waste. A few days later after it is dealt with, the water is brought into a greenhouse filled with plants and fish. 38 _____ the plants and animals remove (去掉) more chemicals from the water, making it cleaner. Then the water can be reused for washing or bathing. 39 _____ but the water is clean enough for watering the flowing, washing the dog, or even for bathing or swimming.

The advantage of this technology is that it is affordable and good for the environment. 40 _____ it can help to use less fresh water, and it can help keep the water supply unpolluted.

A. If enough homes and businesses use "Living Machines",

B. With the help of sunlight,

C. He is also interested in saving money,

D. It cannot be used for drinking or cooking,

E. The "Living Machine" is a system for cleaning waste water.

36 _____ 37 _____ 38 _____ 39 _____ 40 _____

三、完形填空(15 小题, 每小题 15 分)

Natural resources (自然资源) are things that we use that come 41 _____ Earth. Our natural resources are 42 _____. This means that they will not 43 _____ forever. Some are renewable (可再生的) like when you plant a new tree when you 44 _____ one down. Others are not renewable, like when you dig coal out of the 45 _____. Once it is used, it is gone.

People realize the 46 _____ that Earth's natural resources are limited, and can do things to help conserve (节约) those resources. 47 _____ you try to conserve a natural resource, you try to use 48 _____ of it, so it does not get used up so 49 _____. One way 50 _____ people conserve fuel like gasoline, is by riding a bicycle or walking when the 51 _____ is short instead of driving everywhere.

Water is a very important natural resource because we all need it to stay 52 _____. We can conserve water 53 _____ making sure that our pipes and taps do not leak (漏). We can also make 54 _____ choices to conserve water, like only using the dishwasher or

washing machine when they are full. Everyone can make contributions to 55 _____ natural resources.

- ()41.A.from B.out C.with D.through
()42.A.limited B.little C.few D.gone
()43.A.last B.spread C.burn D.change
()44.A.turn B.cut C.put D.move
()45.A.station B.building C.ground D.brick
()46.A.news B.plan C.decision D.fact
()47.A.When B.Although C.Whatever D.Whether
()48.A.less B.worse C.more D.better
()49.A.slowly B.hard C.regularly D.fast
()50.A.that B.which C.what D./
()51.A.money B.space C.place D.distance
()52.A.alive B.alone C.asleep D.awake
()53.A.about B.for C.by D.with
()54.A.generous B.funny C.wise D.surprising
()55.A.protecting B.to protect C.protect D.protected

四、语篇填空(15 小题,每小题 1 分,共 15 分)

possible	desert	plant	throw	city
do	realize	prevent	provide	environment

Each of us wants to live in a beautiful world,but for many of us that is not 56 _____ because of pollution.But everyone in the world should try to do something for our 57 _____.A very good way to make the environment beautiful is making parks.A park in a big city is like an oasis(绿洲) in a58 _____. It59 _____ a place for relaxing and enjoying nature. In China, people in Shanghai and Beijing are 60 _____ trees,developing many parks and making green areas in order to make their cities more beautiful.

Also,people must stop61 _____trash(废物) all over.Several years ago big62 _____ in the USA.,such as New York and Chicago started a program called recycling,and in this program,people collect bottles,newspapers,and other kinds of trash into special containers(容器).Recycling is also being63 _____ in China's cities such as Shanghai and Beijing.

There is a lot of pollution around us now. There is also much work to be done.All of us should64 _____ it and try to 65 _____ it.

56. _____ 57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____
61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____

第二节

阅读短文, 根据语篇要求填空, 使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。

I fell in love with English 66 _____ a very young age, because I thought it was a wonderful language. Full of strong wishes of learning English, I began to lean it. But soon I found it was more difficult67 _____ I expected. There were too many words, expressions and many other things to memorize. And even if you know 68 _____ to write them , you can't use them correctly. And I did rather badly in my first English test. No one laughed at me. While I was69 _____ trouble , my English teacher gave me much help. I joined the English club. I made many friends in class. I did some reading 70 _____ writing every day. Now I learn English happily.I wish to practice speaking English with foreigners every day!

66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____ 69. _____ 70. _____

五补全对话 (5 小题, 每小题 2 分, 共 10 分)

- A:Hi,Amy!71. _____?
B:I'm reading today's newspaper. It says every week students in primary schools have a day without homework. 72. _____?
A:Amazing. How I wish I was still in the primary school!
B:Haha!73. _____. But after the exam, we'll also have a long holiday without homework.
A:I'm looking forward to it. Have you made any plans for it?
B:74. _____. I want to go traveling,but I haven't decided where to go.
A:Have you ever been to Yunnan?
B:No,I haven't.
A:75. _____?
B:Good idea! I hear Yunnan is a nice place. I'll think about it. Thank you for your advice.
A:You're welcome.

六、书面表达(20 分)

梦想是我们前进的动力, 给予我们无穷的力量。人生因为有梦想才精彩, 哪怕它很小。请以“My Dream”为题, 根据要点和要求, 用英语写一篇短文。

要点:1.你的梦想是什么。

2.你为什么会有这样的梦想。

3.为了实现梦想, 你准备怎样做。

要求:1.100 词左右。

2.文章须包括所有要点, 可适当发挥, 使短文意思通顺、语气连贯、过渡自然。

封

非选择题答题区，必须用黑色字迹的签字笔在指定的区域内作答，否则答案无效。

参考答案

一、听力

BCABB BCACC CCACC DEBAC

二、阅读

CBBCD DCABC ABAAB CEBDA

三、完形

AAABC DAADA DACCA

四、语篇

第一节

possible environment desert provides planting
throwing cities done realize prevent

第二节

at than how in and

五、补全对话

1. What are you doing?
2. What do you think of it?/How do you like it?
3. That's impossible.
4. Yes,I have.
5. Why not go to Yunnan./What about going to Yunnan.

六、书面表达

My Dream

My dream is to enter Peking University in the future. This dream came into my life when I visited it one year ago. The beautiful campus, the strong cultural atmosphere really attracted me. I know it sounds so unrealistic and impossible for me to enter Peking University, because I am just a common nobody in my class.

One day I saw a movie. Its name is Turbo. I was so touched and moved by Turbo's spirit. "No dream is too big; no dreamer is too small." That's Turbo's motto. To realize my dream, I will work hard just as Turbo does. I will ask questions in class and ask for help without thinking about losing face; I will not waste a single minute to study. I know, there will be a long hard way to go, but I will stick to my dream and never give up.