

老边区 2020—2021 学年度上学期八年级期中质量监测

英语试卷

※考试时间 100 分钟试卷满分 120 分

注意事项:

1. 本试卷分第一部分(客观题)和第二部分(主观题)两部分。答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号和考场座位号填涂在答题卡上。
2. 回答第一部分(客观题)时,选出每小题答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号框涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其它答案标号框。写在本试卷上无效。
3. 回答第二部分(主观题)时,用黑色签字笔将答案写在答题卡上。请按题号顺序在各题的答题区内作答,超出范围的答案无效。写在本试卷上无效。
4. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分(客观题)

I、单项选择(每题 1 分,共 20 分)

1. — What's \_ symbol of "red" in China?  
— It's \_\_\_\_ symbol of good luck.  
A. a; /                      B. an; the                      C. the; a                      D. /; an
2. When you don't know a word, you can \_\_\_\_\_ in a dictionary.  
A. write down it    B. write it down    C. look up it                      D. look it up
3. —What did Tony tell you yesterday?  
—He \_\_\_\_\_ me some \_\_\_\_\_ on my English study.  
A. gives, advice    B. gave, advice    C. gives, advices                      D. gave, advise
4. Basketball is so exciting that \_\_\_\_\_ people play it for fun.  
A. million of                      B. two millions of    C. two millions                      D. millions of
5. —Remember \_\_\_\_\_ to my daughter's dance show next Friday.  
—Of course I will. I'll never forget \_\_\_\_\_ her dance for the first time last year.  
A. to come; to see                      B. coming; to see  
C. to come; seeing                      D. coming; seeing
6. Japan is \_\_\_\_\_ the east of China and \_\_\_\_\_ the east of Asia.  
A. on, in                      B. in, to                      C. to, in                      D. to, to
7. The population of China is \_\_\_\_\_ than \_\_\_\_\_ of \_\_\_\_\_ country in the world.  
A. more, that, any other                      B. larger, it, any other  
C. larger, that, the other                      D. larger, that, any other
8. \_\_\_\_\_ exercise you take, \_\_\_\_\_ you'll be.  
A. The fewer; the fatter                      B. The fewer; the more fatter  
C. The less; the fatter                      D. The less; the more fatter
9. Tom is a little poor at English. He needs \_\_\_\_\_ it every day.  
A. to practise to speak                      B. to practise speaking  
C. practise speaking                      D. practise speak
10. —I missed the early bus. Bad luck!

— \_\_\_\_\_. There will be another bus in five minutes.

- A. Thank you      B. That's right      C. You're welcome      D. Never mind

11. Listening to the \_\_\_\_\_ music always makes me \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. relaxed, relaxing      B. relaxed, relaxed  
C. relaxing, relaxing      D. relaxing, relaxed

12. Who \_\_\_\_\_ the tennis game yesterday? Jack, he \_\_\_\_\_ all the others.

- A. beat, won      B. won, won      C. won, beat      D. won, beaten

13. -Peter works \_\_\_\_\_ than you, right?

-Yes, and he is \_\_\_\_\_ boy in our class.

- A. more carelessly, most careless      B. more carelessly, the most careless  
C. more careless, the most careless      D. more careless, the most carelessly

14. I want to choose a nice room \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. to live      B. live in      C. to live in      D. living in

15. — \_\_\_\_\_ is it from your home to school?

—It's about ten minutes' walk.

- A. How far      B. How long      C. How many      D. How much

16. I tried several jackets on, but \_\_\_\_\_ of them looked good.

- A. both      B. either      C. none      D. neither

17. They \_\_\_\_\_ in the snow when a boy \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. were playing; was falling down      B. were playing; fell over  
C. are playing; fall down      D. played; was falling down

18. The drive didn't stop his car \_\_\_\_\_, so it hit the tree.

- A. in time      B. at times      C. on time      D. all the time

19. Please don't stand \_\_\_\_\_ the wall. We have to clean it now.

- A. with      B. among      C. against      D. on

20. —I hope to join the Birdwatching Club.

—Good idea, Dick. \_\_\_\_\_ more about it, visit the website.

- A. Know      B. Knowing      C. To know      D. Knows

## II. 完型填空 (每题 1 分, 共 15 分)

Nowadays, more and more teenagers have too much pressure. They find their 21 are getting heavier and hours they spend on their homework are becoming 22. They think they should be allowed to practise their hobbies. But their parents think the hobbies can 23 their schoolwork. Should parents allow their children 24 their own decisions?

Liu Ying, a fifteen-year-old girl, is a singing star at school. She always wanted to be a professional 25 when she grows up 26, her parents don't want her to practise singing because they think their daughter should study hard to get good 27 and go to a good university. "She needs to spend more time 28 her homework because it's 29 to become a professional singing star," says her father. But Liu Ying really 30. "I know my parents 31 me. And they hope that I will have a better life in the future. But I am 32 singing. I should be allowed to make my own decision. Only then will I have a chance to 33 my dream," says Liu Ying.

Doctors say lots of pressure 34 bad for children's development. Society should pay more attention to the health of teenagers. Parents have to own the 35 attitude (态度) towards the

students' development. Although it's normal to want successful children, it's even more important to have healthy and happy children!

- |                   |                  |                |                      |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|
| 21. A. schools    | B. schoolbags    | C. suggestions | D. requires          |
| 22. A. longer     | B. shorter       | C. less        | D. fewer             |
| 23. A. put down   | B. put out       | C. get out of  | D. get in the way of |
| 24. A. make       | B. to make       | C. making      | D. made              |
| 25. A. runner     | B. player        | C. singer      | D. writer            |
| 26. A. However    | B. Though        | C. But         | D. So                |
| 27. A. jobs       | B. books         | C. grades      | D. dreams            |
| 28. A. with       | B. for           | C. in          | D. on                |
| 29. A. easy       | B. interesting   | C. possible    | D. difficult         |
| 30. A. agrees     | B. minds         | C. dislikes    | D. disagrees         |
| 31. A. care about | B. take after    | C. look for    | D. look like         |
| 32. A. angry with | B. serious about | C. sorry for   | D. pleased with      |
| 33. A. miss       | B. know          | C. achieve     | D. change            |
| 34. A. are        | B. were          | C. is          | D. was               |
| 35. A. wrong      | B. correct       | C. hard        | D. simple            |

### III. 阅读理解（每题 1 分，共 15 分）

(A)

Accident Report Form	
Accident	A car hit a tree. Four people and a pet dog were in the car.
Weather condition	There was a heavy rain
Cause(起因)	The driver named Li Jun drank too much.
Date of call	March 20th, 2018
Time of call	8:30 pm
Name of caller	A man called Zhang Wei. (He was taking a walk there at that time.)
Place	Zhongshan Road, Nanjing
Conditions of victims (受害者状况)	Mr Green hurt his head. Mrs Green hurt her left leg. Their daughter felt frightened(害怕的) Their dog died.
Action	Policemen arrived at 8:40 pm and sent the victims to Gulou Hospital at 8:45 pm.

- ( )36. What time did Zhang Wei call the police?  
 A. At 8:30 am.      B. At 8:30 pm.      C. At 8:40 pm.      D. At 8:45 pm.
- ( )37. How many people were there in the car?  
 A. One.      B. Two.      C. Three.      D. Four.
- ( )38. Whose left leg was hurt?  
 A. Mrs Green's.      B. Their daughter's.      C. Mr Green's.      D. Their dog's.
- ( )39. What was the weather like that day?  
 A. It was sunny.      B. It was snowy.      C. It was cloudy.      D. It was rainy.
- ( )40. Which of the following is TRUE?  
 A. The car hit a wall.  
 B. The accident happened on Zhongshan Road in Beijing  
 C. Policemen arrived at 8:40 pm.  
 D. The victims were sent to hospital at 8:50 pm.

( B )

One day an American went to a small town in South America for his holidays. Few people went there because it was far away from the cities. He fell ill and wanted very much to see a doctor. The American went to find out how he could find a fine doctor there. A man told him, That's easy. If there is a patient(病人) that a doctor can't cure(治愈), the doctor has to put a balloon(气球)over his clinic."The American thought, "The less the balloons are, the better the doctor is. He began to look for the best doctor along the street. First he found a clinic. There were 20 balloons. After a few minutes he found another one—30 balloons. He thought neither doctor was good. At last he found the third one. Only five balloons were there. He was very happy and went in. "Wait a minute," said the doctor. "I am too busy, you know. The clinic opened only yesterday .The American was very surprised and said to him, "Where can I find the best doctor?"

- ( )41. \_\_\_\_\_ went to the small town for their holidays.  
 A. Many people      B. Few people      C. A lot of people      D. Everyone
- ( )42. The American wanted to see a doctor because \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. he didn't feel well.      B. he was very happy  
 C. he wanted to find a balloon.      D. he was very tired.
- ( )43. It was \_\_\_\_\_ to find a good doctor in the town.  
 A. safe      B. difficult      C. not hard      D. dangerous
- ( )44. There were \_\_\_\_\_ balloons over the second clinic than the first one.  
 A. less      B. more      C. better      D. 30

( ) 45. The doctor in the third clinic was \_\_\_\_\_ there.

- A. a new doctor    B. an old doctor    C. the best    D. a young doctor

(C)

Once there was a man traveling in a faraway village. As he was passing the elephants, he suddenly stopped. He found that these huge elephants were being held by only a small rope tied to their front leg. No chains(锁链), no cages, it was clear that the elephants could, at any time, break away from their ropes but for some reason, they did not.

He saw a trainer nearby and asked why these animals just stood there and didn't try to get away. "Well," the trainer said, "when they are very young and much smaller we use the same size rope to tie them and, at that age, it's enough to hold them. As they grow up, they still believe they cannot break away. They believe the rope can hold them, so they never try to break free."

How could it be? These animals could at any time break free from their ropes. But because they always stuck right where they were, they believed they couldn't.

Just like the elephants, how many of us go through life believing that we cannot do something, just because we failed at it once before?

\_\_\_\_\_. We should never give up the struggle(斗争) in life.

( ) 46. What did the writer see in the village?

- A. Chains.    B. Elephants.    C. Cages.    D. Farmers.

( ) 47. Why do the elephants never try to break free from the ropes?

- A. Because they think they cannot.    B. Because they are too old to do it.  
C. Because they like their living places.    D. Because they get on well with the trainer.

( ) 48. How did the man feel after he heard what the trainer said?

- A. Moved.    B. Surprised.    C. Angry.    D. Nervous

( ) 49. Which of the following is the missing part in the last paragraph?

- A. Failing is part of learning.    B. We should be different from others.  
C. Helping animals is helping ourselves.    D. Traveling always makes people relaxed.

( ) 50. What is the best title for this text?

- A. A Pleasant Trip    B. A Cruel Trainer  
C. Elephants' Training    D. The Elephants' Rope

## 第二部分（主观题）

### I. 情景交际(共 15 分)

(A) 根据对话内容，从方框中选择合适的句子补全对话，有两个多余选项。(每题 1 分，共 5 分)

A: Where are you going to spend your holiday this year, Tony?

B: \_\_\_\_\_ 51 \_\_\_\_\_.

A: How are you going to get there?

B: We are going to get there by plane.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 52 \_\_\_\_\_.

B: We are leaving the day after tomorrow.

A: \_\_\_\_\_ 53 \_\_\_\_\_.

B: Thank you. Where are you going to spend your holiday, Jim?

A: I am going to Shanghai, China for my holiday.

B: I know Beijing and Shanghai are two big cities in China. Is Shanghai bigger than Beijing?

A: Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ 54 \_\_\_\_\_.

B: Have you ever been here?

A: No, \_\_\_\_\_ 55 \_\_\_\_\_.

B: Have a happy holiday!

A: Thank you.

A. Shanghai has thirteen million people, and it's also the biggest city in China.

B. What's the population in Shanghai?

C. I'm going to Dalian.

D. When are you going to leave?

E. It certainly is.

F. this is my first time to be away from home for so long.

G. I'm sure you'll enjoy yourselves in Dalian.

**(B)填句子完成对话。（每空 2 分，共 10 分）**

A:Hi, Sam. Have you seen the new movie?

B: 56. \_\_\_\_\_. What's it about?

A:It's about some endangered animals.

B: 57. \_\_\_\_\_?

A:It's a great movie. And I have learned a lot about the poor animals. They are really in great danger.

B: 58. \_\_\_\_\_. What can we do to save them?

A:There are many things we can do to save them. I think we can join the Love Animals Club first.

B: 59. \_\_\_\_\_. We can call the club and get more information.

A:Let's do it as soon as possible.

B: 60. \_\_\_\_\_ ?

A:We can also call on more friends to join it.

B:I agree. Many of my friends love animals, too. I am sure they will come.

**II、根据汉语翻译句子（61-63 题每空 1 分，64-67 题每题 2 分，共 15 分）**

61. 我们的老师我们很满意。

Our teacher is \_\_\_\_\_ us .

62. 让我们热烈欢迎布莱克一家人。

Let's \_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_ to the Blacks.

63. 他们打算举办一个音乐会，因为他们想为贫困的孩子筹款。

T hey are going to hold a concert because they want to \_\_\_\_\_ for poor children.

64. 我们都尽可能早到，以便于我们有时间热身。

65. 为了保护野生熊猫，政府正在建立自然公园。

**(B) 将短文中划线部分的句子翻译成中文（共 4 分，每小题 2 分）**

Broadway (百老汇) is a wonderful place in New York. Many new plays (戏剧) are put on first in Broadway. 66.If they are successful, they can later go to many cities all over the country. More than

50 plays are put on each season. So if you go to New York, the visit to Broadway will certainly be one of the highlights (最精彩的部分) of your stay in the city.

Tom was born in New York. He tells me Broadway is a busy place. 67. It's busier and noisier than other places. It's very hot in summer and very cold in winter.

66. \_\_\_\_\_

67. \_\_\_\_\_

**III、完形填空。**阅读下面短文，根据文意，将方框内所给的词或短语填入相应的空白处，使短文意思完整。（每空1分，满分10分）

With think teammate what instead sadness hard fail know himself

David felt down as he walked home alone. He couldn't help 68. \_\_\_\_\_ about his stupid mistake on the school soccer field. He missed scoring that goal. His mistake made the school team 69. \_\_\_\_\_ in the game.

As soon as he arrived home, his mother found his 70. \_\_\_\_\_, for it was shown on his face. After she 71. \_\_\_\_\_ the whole story, she told her son that it was not necessary to be too hard on 72. \_\_\_\_\_ and winning or losing was only half the game. She asked David to communicate with his 73. \_\_\_\_\_. She added that the most important thing was to support each other in a team. 74. \_\_\_\_\_ his mother said made him think a lot.

The next day, David went to school with courage 75. \_\_\_\_\_ of fear in his heart. He apologized to his teammates for his mistake. He said they should continue to work together as a whole team. It was a relief that his teammates all agreed 76. \_\_\_\_\_ him. They promised to encourage each other and work much 77. \_\_\_\_\_ next time.

**IV、任务型阅读（78~82 每题2分，83~87 每题1分，共15分）**

（A）根据短文内容，回答下列问题。

Which is the best city in Europe? Each city has its character (特色). It depends on what one person likes and dislikes. Now let's see three popular cities.

**London, England**

If you like ale(麦芽啤酒), or you are interested in history, you will like this city. The best time to visit London is from May to October. You can visit the British Museum, the Tate Modern, Tate Britain and the Palace of Westminster.

**Amsterdam, Holland**

People who love art will like this city. And it is also a great place to ride bikes. In April or May you can see many beautiful tulips (郁金香) there. July and August are the best months to visit. The Royal Palace and the Van Gogh Museum are great places.

**Paris, France**

People who like traditional food will like this city. Spring is the best time to visit it. Summer is also a good time. The Louvre, the Eiffel Tower and Montparnasse are the great places you should visit.

78. Are the three cities in Europe?

79. When is the best time to visit London?

80. Which city will you go to if you love art?

81. Where can you eat traditional food?

82. What is the passage mainly about?

(B) 还原短文

Good afternoon. Welcome to England. We hope that your visit will be a pleasant one. Today I'd like to tell you something about a few of our laws.

The first one is about drinking. \_\_\_83\_\_\_ if you are under 18 years of age, nor may your friends buy it for you.

The second one, noise. Enjoy yourselves, but don't make unnecessary noise, especially at night. \_\_\_84\_\_\_.

The third one, crossing the road. Be careful. The traffic moves on the left side of the road in this country. Use crosswalk and don't take any chances when crossing the road.

\_\_\_85\_\_\_. It isn't allowed to litter in the street. When you have something to throw away, please put it in your pocket and take it home, or put it in a dustbin.

Finally, smoking. \_\_\_86\_\_\_ if you are less than 16 years of age.

I'd like to finish by saying that if you need any kinds of help, you should get in touch with the police. \_\_\_87\_\_\_. Now are there any questions?

- A. It is against the law to buy cigarettes
- B. You may not buy wine in this country
- C. They will be very glad to help you
- D. My next point is about rubbish
- E. Respect other people that may wish you be quiet

83. \_\_\_\_\_ 84. \_\_\_\_\_ 85. \_\_\_\_\_ 86. \_\_\_\_\_ 87. \_\_\_\_\_

V、书面表达 (共 15 分)

假如你是 Gina, 你有个好朋友叫 Lily, 她总是感觉很累。请结合运动、饮食等方面, 给 Lily 提出一些关于如何保持健康的建议, 不少于 60 词。

提示: 1.充足的睡眠很重要; 2.每天都要锻炼; 3.多吃蔬菜水果, 少吃垃圾食品。

Dear Lily,

I'm sorry to hear that you don't feel well. First, you should \_\_\_\_\_

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

Yours  
Gina