

九年级英语试卷

亲爱的同学,英语试题共8页,包括五道大题,共85道小题和一篇书面表达。全卷满分120分,考试时间为120分钟。

注意事项:

- 答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡上,并将条形码准确粘贴在条形码区域内;
- 答题时,考生务必按照考试要求在答题卡的指定区域内作答,在草纸、试题上答题无效。

第一部分 听力部分(共30分)

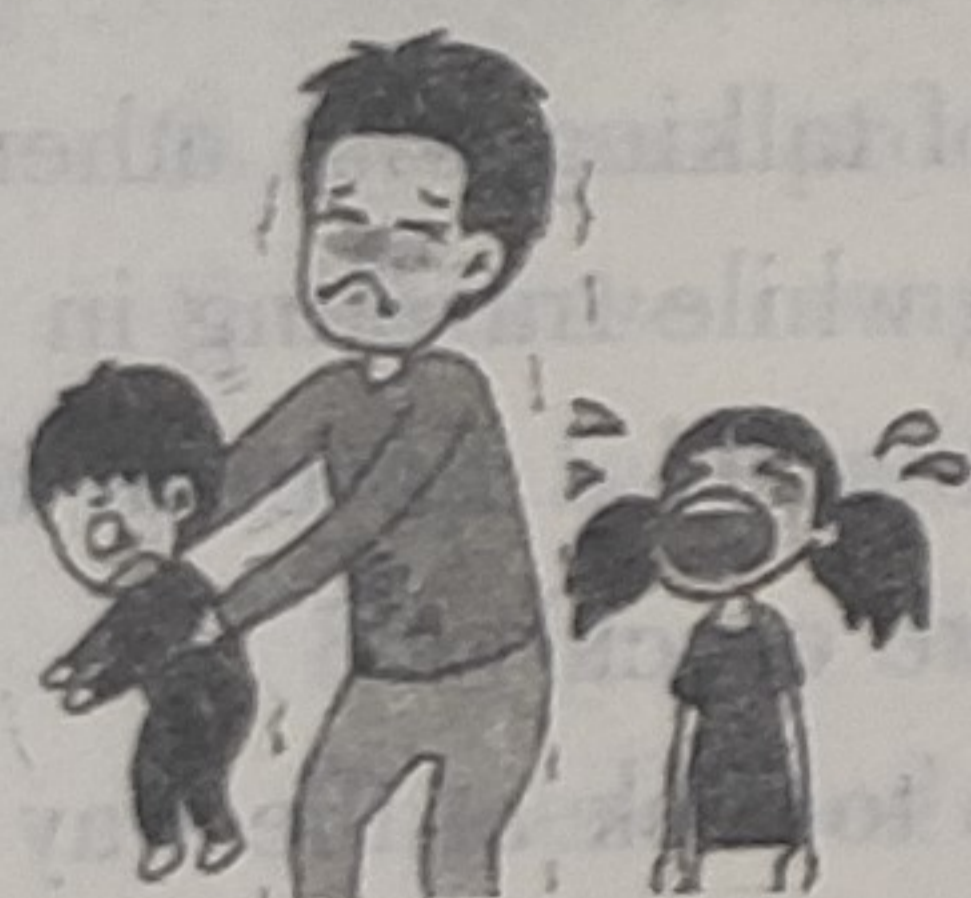
I、情景反应 根据你所听到的句子,选择恰当的应答语。(7.5分)

- | | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| () 1. A. Studying is fun. | B. By reading textbooks. | C. I ride a bike. |
| () 2. A. Rice noodles. | B. Sweet dumplings. | C. mooncakes. |
| () 3. A. It's a bit cold. | B. You can walk there. | C. On the second floor. |
| () 4. A. Yes, I could. | B. Sure, I'd love to. | C. No, I don't. |
| () 5. A. My pleasure. | B. It doesn't matter. | C. With pleasure. |

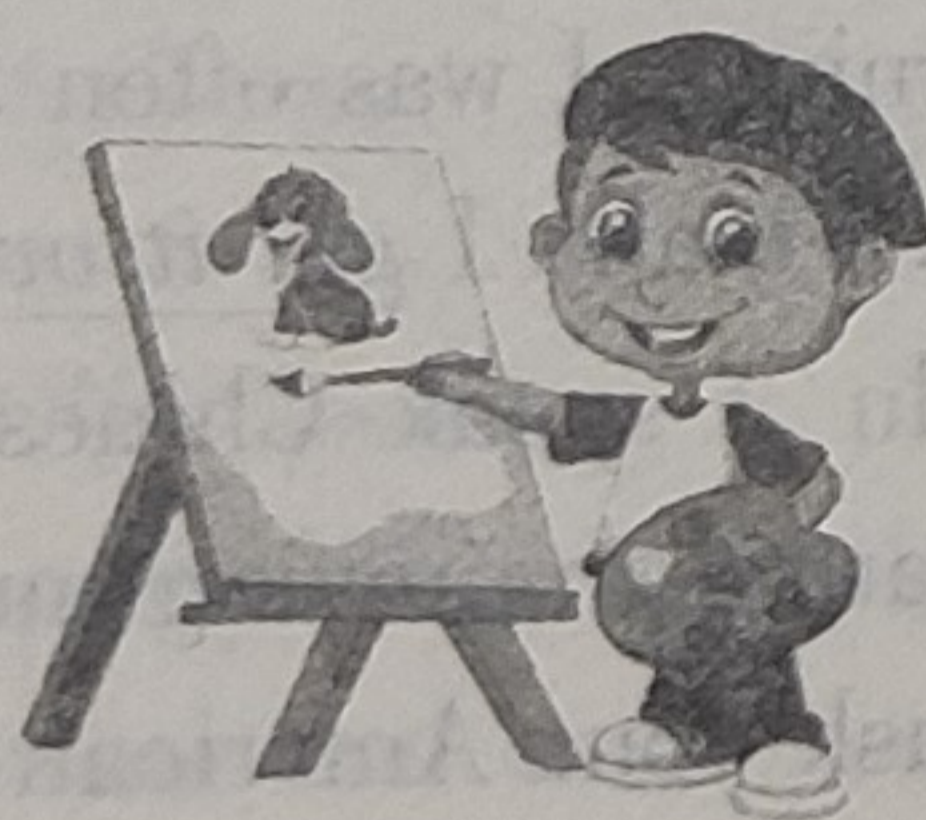
II、对话理解 听对话及后面的问题,选择正确答案。(7.5分)

- | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| () 6. A. A guitar. | B. A watch. | C. A skirt. |
| () 7. A. Twenty. | B. Thirty. | C. Forty. |
| () 8. A. In the school. | B. In the office. | C. In her home. |
| () 9. A. Next Saturday. | B. This weekend. | C. Tomorrow evening. |
| () 10. A. Never. | B. Every day. | C. Once a week. |

III、图片理解 看图听描述,选出与其相符的图片,其中有一幅图片是多余的。(7.5分)



A



B



C



D



E



F

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

IV. 短文理解 听短文,根据下列问题选择正确答案。(7.5分)

- () 16. It was Tuesday yesterday and the weather was _____.
A. rainy B. cloudy C. sunny
- () 17. We were told that our PE teacher, _____ was ill.
A. Mr. Wang B. Mr. Gao C. Mr. Li
- () 18. Our _____ teacher gave us the PE class at last.
A. history B. Chinese C. math
- () 19. The boys played _____ in that unusual class.
A. football B. basketball C. ping-pong
- () 20. What did the writer think of the math teacher?
A. He was serious. B. He was kind. C. He was great.

二、基础知识(15分)

V、根据句意用适当的词汇填空,使句子意思完整,每空一词。(5分)

21. Would you please _____ the numbers? I can hardly follow you.
22. Please don't tell it to others. It's a _____.
23. CCTV is short for China _____ Television.
24. Our English teacher is very _____. He often tells us funny stories after class.
25. In order to _____ the rush hour, I leave home earlier than others.

VI、单项选择。(10分)

26. Tom works in a hospital and he wants to be _____ excellent doctor.
A. the B. an C. a
27. - What's the kite made _____?
- Maybe wood or paper.
A. by B. with C. of
28. A number of books in the bookstore _____ about science.
A. was B. are C. is
29. - Who broke the window?
- _____. The strong wind broke it last night.
A. Nobody B. Somebody C. Anybody
30. You should spend money _____, or you won't afford what you really need one day.
A. alone B. wisely C. quickly
31. - _____ Steve, did you see the lantern show last night?
- Of course! _____ beautiful the lanterns were!
A. How B. What a C. What
32. People are not allowed to go into the supermarket _____ they wear a face mask(口罩).
A. if B. unless C. when
33. - English is not as _____ as you think. As long as you practice it, you can speak it well.
- OK. I will try.
A. hardest B. harder C. hard
34. - Judy, could you please tell me _____ the schoolbag?
- Sure. I bought it in a store on the Internet.
A. where you bought B. where will you buy C. where did you buy

35. - The party was so good that all of us enjoyed ourselves.
- _____ I really had a great time!
A. With pleasure. B. I agree. C. Good idea!

交际运用(15分)

Ⅶ. 完成对话 根据对话内容,从方框中选择恰当的选项补全对话,有一项是多余的。(5分)

- A. Thanks for your advice. B. Take it easy.
C. But I am a slow reader. D. Then you can try to guess the meaning.
E. Well, there's no easy way to success.
F. Just read quickly to get the main ideas first.

A: Susan, I'm worried about the English exam tomorrow. What can I do?
B: 36 You can make it.
A: But I always have difficulty in understanding the passages.
B: 37 When you meet new words, just skip(跳过) it and keep reading.
A: But I don't know many of the words.
B: 38 By the way, you should also memorize as many new words and sentence patterns as possible.
A: That's not easy for me.
B: 39 Just do it. I believe you can improve your English as long as you work hard.
A: OK. 40
B: Good luck!

Ⅷ. 补全对话 根据对话内容,在空白处填写适当的语句(单词、短语或句子),使对话完整、语意通顺。(10分)

A: Excuse me. I'm new here. I wonder if you can help me.
B: I'd love to.
A: Thanks. Could you please tell me 41. _____ in this town?
B: Yes, there are two. One bookstore is on New Street, and the other is on Green Street.
A: 42. _____?
B: I think the one on New Street is better. It has the newest books.
A: 43. _____?
B: You can take a bus and it only takes ten minutes.
A: Thank you. And could you please tell me 44. _____ a restaurant around here?
B: Yes. There's one just on this street. The food there is delicious, but it is always crowded. You should go a little earlier to get a table.
A: I see. But could you tell me how I can get there?
B: Walk straight for about five minutes, and you will see it. It's across from the post office.
A: 45. _____
B: You're welcome.

四、阅读(45分)

Ⅸ. 短文填空 从方框中选择正确选项完成短文,并把字母序号写在短文中对应的横线上。(方框中有两个选项是多余的)(10分)

- A. to show B. change C. making D. teaches E. like F. famous
G. connected H. lay out I. history J. take away K. made L. if

Though chopsticks are used in many Asian countries, they have their beginnings in China. Chinese 46 says that China had chopsticks as far back as the Xia Dynasty(夏朝). In the Spring and Autumn Period copper(铜) and iron(铁) chopsticks appeared. Then in the Han Dynasty lacquered(涂漆) chopsticks came. Gold(金) and silver chopsticks followed later.

Today we have chopsticks 47 of plastic. The most expensive ones are made of tusks(长牙) of elephants and hard green stones.

Chopsticks tell Chinese tradition in their way. In ancient(古代的) times the rich used gold chopsticks 48 their wealth(财富). In history many kings used silver chopsticks to take their food to see 49 it was poisonous(有毒的). It was said that if it was, the silver chopsticks would 50 color. Chopsticks are traditionally given to a daughter when she marries to show that they should have a son very soon, for "chopstick" in Chinese is pronounced 51 "quick a son"!

Tianzhu chopsticks from Hangzhou, wooden chopsticks from Shanyang of Shaanxi Province, and Beijing's chopsticks are 52. Chopsticks appeared in the old Chinese story: An old man 53 his sons a lesson by showing how he can easily break a single chopstick but not a number of them. In China chopsticks are 54 with good luck. So on the Chinese New Year's Eve many families will 55 new chopsticks at dinners as a way of making requests for good luck.

X. 阅读理解。(35分)

(A)

People often ask me for suggestions about how to learn English. As for it, everyone is different. I'll share some of my experience. I once took a school year English course in Wuhan University, but I mostly learned English on my own.

One thing I can tell you is that, once you've started learning, you should try to think in English as much as you can. If you see something when you're riding your bike or walking down the street, just think about "How would I say them in English"? At first, it might be with simple words or phrases, but later you should think about longer phrases and sentences. Now I'm in America, and for most of the time, I would think in English and speak it directly. It's amazing how much this helps.

For several years after I started learning, I was often afraid of talking with others in English because I didn't want to make mistakes. Finally I got it over. And while traveling in America, I'd try to hang out with friends who couldn't speak Chinese, so that I'd have no choice but to speak English. After that, my English started improving much more quickly.

Besides, it may be a good idea to ask your American friends to look at the way you're writing, and give you some suggestions for improvement.

根据短文内容,为下列各题选择最佳答案。(5分)

56. The writer learned English in Wuhan University for about _____.
A. a week B. a month C. a term D. a year
57. According to the writer, _____ is a good way to improve your English.
A. thinking in English B. learning English grammar
C. watching English movies D. reading English books
58. The underlined phrase "got it over" in Paragraph 3 means "_____ " in English.
A. stuck to it B. depended on it C. overcame it D. understood it

59. To the writer's surprise, his English improved quickly _____.
 A. in the university
 B. in the middle school
 C. in China
 D. in America
60. The best title for this passage should be "_____".
 A. The Importance of English
 B. My English Learning Experience
 C. My University Life
 D. My American Friends

(B)

"Made in China" is a label(标签) that can be found on many products in our life. Products produced in China have gradually(逐渐) become a necessary part of the market. These products below will give people an idea of how much our market is shaped by Chinese production.

Food
 According to CNN. com, experts believe that it is almost impossible to have a diet(饮食) without foods produced in China. Products and garlic(大蒜) are produced in canned(罐装的) foods on the market are also made in China.

Clothes
 Chinese factories produce winter coats, gloves and hats for people around the world. T-shirts and suits are among the things sold to people around the world from China. Sports caps are also produced in China.

Toys
 Educational toys such as the Rubik cube(魔方) are created in China. Piggy banks are produced in China. Remote(远程) control cars are produced there as well. And pet toys are often made in China, too.

Bags
 Your briefcase(公文包) is probably made in China. Chinese factories also produce school-bags. Suitcase sets are made in China, as well as shopping bags. Wallets and cellphone cases are also produced in China.

Click [here](#) to know more.

根据短文内容,为下列各题选择最佳答案。(5分)

61. According to the passage, _____ are becoming a necessary part of the market.
 A. products produced in China
 B. vegetables planted in China
 C. Chinese companies
 D. Chinese traditions

62. What do we know from CNN. com?

- A. Foreigners like eating food that is cooked in a Chinese way.
 B. Chinese food is delicious and easy to cook.
 C. It is almost impossible to have a meal without food produced in China.
 D. China has the largest food market in the world.

63. Which product is NOT mentioned by the writer?

- A. Canned food.
 B. The backpack.
 C. The pet toy.
 D. The sofa.

64. Who may be most interested in this passage?

- A. A student who wants to study abroad.
 B. A businessman who wants to sell his products.
 C. A teacher who likes reading international news.
 D. A reporter who likes Chinese traditional works.

65. Where can we read this passage?

- A. On a website(网站).
 B. In a student's diary.
 C. In a supermarket's advertisement.
 D. On a local television program.

(C)

Many people would agree that when we think of Christmas, we probably think of gifts, Christmas trees and Santa Claus. But behind all these things lies the true meaning of Christmas: the importance of sharing and giving love and joy to people around us. The story in A Christmas Carol is perhaps the best example of this.

A Christmas Carol is a famous short novel written by Charles Dickens. It is about an old man named Scrooge who never laughs or smiles. He is mean and only thinks about himself. He doesn't treat others nicely. He just cares about whether he can make more money and he hates Christmas. One Christmas Eve, Scrooge sees the ghost of Jacob Marley, his dead business partner. Marley used to be just like Scrooge, so he was punished after he died. He warns Scrooge to change his ways if he doesn't want to end up like him. He also tells Scrooge to expect three spirits to visit him.

That night, three ghosts visit Scrooge. First, the Ghost of Christmas Past takes him back to his childhood and reminds Scrooge of his happier days as a child. Then the second spirit, the Ghost of Christmas Present, takes him to see how others are spending Christmas this year. Everyone is happy, even poor people. The last one, the Ghost of Christmas Yet to Come, takes him to the future. Scrooge sees that he is dead, but nobody cares. He is so scared that he wakes up in his bed and finds out it is only the next morning—Christmas Day!

He decides to change his life and promises to be a better person. He happily celebrates Christmas with his relatives. He also gives gifts to people in need. He now treats everyone with kindness and warmth, spreading love and joy everywhere he goes. And that is the true spirit of Christmas!

据短文内容,判断下列句子正(T)误(F)。(5分)

66. The true meaning of Christmas is sharing and giving love and joy to people around us.
 67. A Christmas Carol is a short novel written by Charles Dickens.
 68. Marley isn't mean and always treats others nicely.
 69. Scrooge and Marley were punished after they died.
 70. Later, Scrooge decides to change his life and promises to be a better person.

(D)

He Studies Harder Than He Used to

Li Wen is a normal 15-year-old boy from the countryside. He works very hard and does well in school. It is hard to believe that he used to have difficulties in school. When he was a little boy, he seldom caused any problems, and his family spent a lot of time together. 71 His parents moved to the city to look for jobs, and his grandparents came to take care of him. But he missed his parents so much and he often felt lonely and unhappy.

Li Wen's unhappiness began to influence his schoolwork. 72 Sometimes he was absent from classes and failed his examinations. Finally, Li Wen's parents made the decision to send him to a boarding school. However, Li Wen was shy and was not able to make friends quickly in school. He found life there difficult. One day he told his teacher that he wanted to leave the school. 73 She advised them to talk with their son in person. So his parents took a 24-hour

ran and a 5 – hour bus ride to get to Li Wen’s school.
They had a long talk. “It was exactly what I needed,” he said. “Now I understand that even though they are busy, they are always thinking of me. They take pride in everything good that I do.”

After that, Li Wen’s parents had much more communication with their son than they used to. 74 He has become more outgoing and made some good friends in school. He has even joined the school basketball team and become active in many other activities. “I’m much happier now, and I work even harder than I used to. I know my parents love me and they’re always proud of me,” says Li Wen. “ 75 ”

短文还原 根据短文内容,将下方框内的句子还原到文中空白处,使短文内容完整、通顺,每个选项只能用一次。(5 分)

- A. His teacher was worried about him and she called his parents.

B. It’s very important for parents to be there for their children.

C. He became less interested in studying.

D. However, things began to change a few years ago.

E. Now Li Wen has really changed.

(E)

76. _____ Good writing skills will help us improve our grades and benefit(有益于) us later in life. When we write articles, maybe we’re not sure which word is the right one for a sentence. We should look it up in a dictionary. Many of us choose words in a hurry and don’t take the time to decide if they’re proper. Good word choices are necessary for good writing.

77. _____ If we want people to believe what we write, we must make sure our facts are true. We should use dependable(可靠的) facts in our articles. It makes the articles more persuasive(有说服力的).

78. _____ A common problem is that we don’t like to rewrite. In fact, rewriting is the best way to find out and correct some mistakes, like grammar and spelling mistakes. Rewriting makes our writing better, though it takes more time and more work.

79. _____ Sometimes it’s easier to find problems with spelling, word usage, and grammar when we read aloud. Reading aloud helps us not only find out our problems but also develop our writing skills.

80. _____ A list is necessary for writing a good article. Such a list includes: Is there a proper title? Have we explained every point? Are all the parts of the article included? This can help us to make sure that we have covered everything.

根据短文内容,从方框中选出与每段内容相匹配的小标题。(5 分)

- A. Check facts.

B. Rewrite.

C. Prepare a list.

D. Read aloud.

E. Make good word choices.

(F)

Dear Dr. Manners,

My close friend seldom says “please”. She will say “Can you get me that bag?” or “Move it over here!” I have told her a lot of times that it is polite to use “please” and “thank you”, but she hardly remembers. I feel that she is ordering me around without “please”, and I always get annoyed.

We have been close friends for over 10 years. It seems that I can’t stand it any more. What should I do? Can you help me?

Sincerely,
Linda

Dear Linda,

When your friend does not use polite words, it seems that she is ordering you to do something. So you have every right to hate her behaviors.

Ask her why she doesn’t use “please” and “thank you”. Explain to her that it makes you uncomfortable. Also, you don’t want to do anything for her because she doesn’t seem kind or pleasant when she asks you to.

Your friend was probably never taught how to use “please” and “thank you” in normal conversation. So you can try to teach her that. Remember that it is difficult to find another close friend if you lose one.

Yours,

Dr. Manners

根据短文内容,回答下列问题。(10 分)

81. Why does Linda say her close friend is impolite?

82. When did Linda know her close friend?

83. Does Linda have every right to hate her close friend’s behaviors?

84. What should Linda do if her close friend was never taught how to use polite words?

85. Does Dr. Manners advise Linda to break up(绝交) with her friend?

五、书面表达(共 15 分)

XI、假如你是李华,英语学习成绩优异。昨天你的笔友刘强给你发来电子邮件,向你咨询如何才能学好英语。请你结合以下的要点提示,给他回一封电子邮件。(15 分)

要点提示:1. 多读英语方面的书籍;2. 多听或多看英语节目;
3. 多交一些来自说英语的国家的朋友;

要求:语言表达准确,短文连贯通顺,书写规范,80 词左右(邮件的格式、开头和结尾都已给出,不计入总词数)。

Dear Liu Qiang,

I’m glad to hear from you. Here’s some advice about English learning for you.

I hope my advice will help you learn English well.

Best wishes!

Yours,
Li Hua