

2022届长宁区中考英语一模

Part 1 Listening (第一部分 听力)

I. Listening comprehension (听力理解) (本大题共 20 题, 共 25 分)

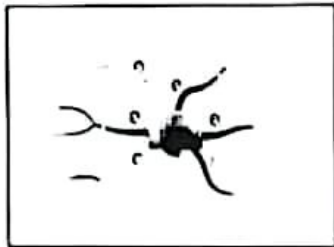
A. Listen and choose the right picture (根据你听到的内容, 选出相应的图片) (5 分)



A



B



C



D



E



F

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (根据你听到的对话和问题, 选出最恰当的答案) (5 分)

6. A) Sunny. B) Windy. C) Snowy. D) Rainy.
7. A) Go to the cinema. B) Play with her sister. C) Watch a basketball match. D) Buy two tickets.
8. A) At a fruit market. B) In a phone store. C) In a computer factory. D) At the booking office.
9. A) Boss and Worker. B) Librarian and Student.
C) Manager and Secretary. D) Shop assistant and Customer.
10. A) The exam had only one page. B) The girl worked out the last two problems.
C) The exam was too difficult for the girl. D) The girl finished the exam in an hour.

C. Listen to the dialogue and tell whether the following statements are true or false (判断下列句子是否符合你听到的对话内容, 符合的用“T”表示, 不符合的用“F”表示) (5 分)

11. John was late for a job interview for 15 minutes yesterday.
12. Mary advised to check travel time and parking the day before the interview.
13. John felt nervous while interviewing because it was too long.
14. Mary thought it unnecessary for John to complain about his past jobs.
15. John had good experience and he got the job at last successfully.

D. Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (听短文, 用听到的单词完成下列句子。每空格限填一词) (10 分)

16. Ann was born in a small town and she was _____ child in her family.
17. Ann spent all her _____ playing tennis from her age of five on.
18. People from her town _____ to help her make her dream come true.
19. One purpose of the camp is to lead the people around her to _____ and happy communities.
20. Ann has used tennis to improve education and teach better health _____ and exercise.

Part 2 Grammar and Vocabulary

(第二部分 语法和词汇)

II. Choose the best answer (选择最恰当的答案) (本大题共 15 题, 每题一分, 共 15 分。每题只有一个正确选项)

21. The young manager dealt with his business problems in _____ unusual way.
A) a B) an C) the D) /
22. John is in charge of training new staff in his company _____ the time being.
A) at B) by C) with D) for
23. You've had too _____ sleep. You doze off in class and can't focus on your lessons.
A) few B) many C) little D) much
24. We don't get lots of customers on Monday, but Saturday is _____ day of the week.
A) busy B) busier C) busiest D) the busiest
25. —Your teammates look _____, boys. What's going on?
—They expected us to win the game, but we lost.
A) sad B) sadly C) happy D) happily
26. You _____ worry about your mother. She will soon be better after taking some medicine.
A) can't B) mustn't C) needn't D) shouldn't
27. Go on a diet, _____ you will not lose your weight.
A) and B) so C) but D) or

28. They are eager to know _____ they may keep the book from the new library.
A) how long B) how fast C) how soon D) how often
29. The lady _____ a walk along the street when a car hit her from behind last night.
A) took B) was taking C) has taken D) had taken
30. In the past several months a new community park _____ and will be open to the public soon.
A) is built B) was built C) has been built D) will be built
31. Tracy suggested _____ to the countryside to breathe fresh air at weekends.
A) to drive B) driving C) drive D) drives
32. Kitty never reads detective stories before going to bed, _____ she?
A) did B) is C) has D) does
33. Why not _____ up yourself beautifully since you are going to the party?
A) dressed B) to dress C) dress D) dressing
34. _____ great fun it is to dance with our headmaster as morning exercises!
A) What B) What a C) How D) How a
35. They read the article very carefully _____ they can find out the answer as fast as possible.
A) as soon as B) so that C) as long as D) now that

III. Choose the proper words or phrases in the box to complete the following passage. Each can be used only once (选择最恰当的选项填入空格。每空格限填一词，每词只能填一次) (本大题共 8 题，每题一分，共 8 分，每题只有一个正确选项)

A) get on well with	B) wonderful	C) angry	D) shake hands with	E) important
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I think I'm a good friend. I always listen to my friends' problems and try to give them good advice. But there are some things that make me very 36. I don't really understand my friends who don't 37 their parents and always complain about them. I often hear 'My mum doesn't understand me, My dad doesn't care about me, My parents never buy me things I want.' I think my friends don't know what they're saying.

It's 38 that teenagers understand your parents are the people who care about you most! They are always there for you. If you don't think so, ask yourself some questions. How did you get a roof over your head? Who gives you food every day? Who gives you a/an 39 home?

A) probably	B) blankets	C) completely	D) freedom	E) go out
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There are other things too. Look in your bedroom. Where did you get all those things? Your bed, the clothes in the wardrobe, the 40 that keep you warm and all the other things. I'm sure most of it came from your parents. I don't like hearing how your parents do 'nothing' for you. They 41 - do more for you

than you realize. Think about it next time you start complaining about your parents ---the people who care about you so much.

Yes, there are problems, of course. Your parents don't let you 42. You think they sometimes treat you like a child. But why do you think they do that? The answer is simple: they worry and care about you, and that's why they sometimes don't give you the 43 you want. So, please stop before you say 'My parents don't care about me.' They do.

IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (用括号中所给单词的适当形式完成下列句子, 每空格限填一词) (本大题共 8 题, 共 8 分)

44. We shared different _____ on the project at that meeting. (opinion)
45. In the _____ part, there is a test in Grammar and vocabulary. (two)
46. The three-year-old boy can't do it by _____. We should give him a hand. (he)
47. The story of "*Fishing with birds*" lets us know about the _____ Chinese skills. (tradition)
48. Mr Wang's son has created a comic strip _____ and it'll be published in February. (recent)
49. To our surprise, even kids can _____ the machine on their own. (operation)
50. The students felt extremely tired because the lecture was nearly three hours in _____. (long)
51. When you _____ the way your parents deal with the problem, you can offer yours. (like)

V. Complete the following sentences as required (根据所给要求完成句子。52-57 小题每空格限填一词) (本大题共 7 题, 共 14 分)

52. Gary had his breakfast at the School Cafeteria this morning. (改为否定句)
Gary _____ his breakfast at the School Cafeteria this morning.
53. Linda walks her pet dog in her nearest park twice a week. (对划线部分提问)
_____ does Linda walk her pet dog in her nearest park?
54. We are just wondering where we will go camping next month. (改为简单句)
We are just wondering _____ go camping next month.
55. There was something wrong with my phone on my way home yesterday. (保持句意基本不变)
My phone _____ on my way home yesterday.
56. Each year people add new records to the *Guinness Book of Records*. (改为被动语态)
Each year new records _____ to the *Guinness Book of Records*.
57. "Have you finished reading the comic strips?" Lucy asked the students. (改为间接引语)
Lucy asked the students _____ they _____ finished reading the comic strips.
58. a useful tool, improve your memory, is, to, taking notes. (连词成句)

Part 3 Reading and Writing (第三部分 读写)

VI. Reading comprehension (阅读理解) (本大题共 25 题, 共 50 分)

A. Choose the best answer (根据以下内容, 选择最恰当的答案) (12 分)

Passage 1

A teenager who spent thousands of dollars using his father's credit card returned home yesterday. Ben Jones, seventeen, 'borrowed' the credit card while his father was out jogging. First, he flew to Rome, where he checked into a very expensive hotel. The next day, he spent thousands of dollars on best clothes, including a \$500 coat, three pairs of best jeans. After his shopping trip, he hired a *limousine* (高级轿车) to go sightseeing. Finally, Jones returned to London, where his parents were waiting ...

'I am not sorry I spent the money,' Jones told journalists, 'because I have lots of lovely things.'

Passage 2

Help! My name is Lori and I am a... bargain-aholic (is that a word???)

My problem is ... I walk into a lot of clothes shops very often and when I see something cheap, I buy it immediately. Do you know the worst thing? When I get home and try them on again, I think, 'That's horrible! Why did I buy it?' My bedroom's full of clothes that don't suit me. I'm sure they're laughing at me. Sometimes I try to give them to my friends but they smile kindly and say things like, 'Thanks Lori, but...no, thanks!!!'

The other day I bought a pair of jeans. They only cost \$10 and they looked okay in the shop ... but now I see they are the wrong size, the wrong colour, they are just ... the wrong trousers!

I think you can see my problem ... but can anyone help me?? PLEEEAASSSSE!!!

Passage 3

Daniel Harding started a successful business at aged 16...in his bedroom.

Q: So how did you get the idea to start your own airline?

A: I knew university wasn't for me. At first, I wanted to be a pilot. Then I had the idea for an airline and I wrote a business plan for a school project.

Q: How did you get the money to start the business?

A: A family friend lent me \$10,000. That was enough to hire our first plane. In the first week, we sold 20,000 tickets and after a few months, I paid the money back.

Q: What do your school friends think?

A: Most of them think I'm crazy ... I work sixteen hours a day!

Q: But I imagine you have a lot more money than your friends?

A: Yes and no. I save everything I earn and put it in the business---I only pay myself pocket money, like my friends. I see myself as a successful businessman in the future.

59. What kind of text is the first passage?

A) A magazine interview.

B) An introduction.

C) A newspaper article.

D) An advertisement.

60. Ben Jones feels _____.

A) sad about spending so much money

B) pleased with the shopping trip

C) sorry that he behaved badly to his parents

D) proud to 'borrow' his father's credit card

61. Lori doesn't like her new jeans because _____.
 A) her friends don't like them B) they were too expensive
 C) her friends are laughing at her D) they don't look good on her
62. The underlined word 'bargain-aholic' in passage 2 probably means 'a person _____.
 A) who is crazy at buying cheap items B) visiting expensive clothes shops
 C) who is always busy shopping D) selling different cheap clothes
63. Daniel Harding had the idea for the airline _____.
 A) while he was doing a school project B) because a friend gave him some money
 C) while he was at university D) because he's interested in spending money
64. Which of the following shows the correct match of the headlines in the box below to the above passages (1-2-3)?

Headlines:

- a. Big Spender Not Sorry
 b. The Meanest Man in the world
 c. Teenage Business Tycoon
 d. Help! I can't stop shopping

- A) 1. b 2. c 3. a B) 1. d 2. a 3. b
 C) 1. a 2. d 3. c D) 1. c 2. d 3. b

B. Choose the best answer and complete the passage (选择最恰当的选项完成短文) (12 分)

Human-wildlife *conflict* (冲突) is a big problem all over the world today, and it's getting bigger. Imagine coming home and finding a *baboon* (狒狒) or two eating breakfast at your table! That would certainly be a conflict between a human, you, and wildlife, the baboons! Because baboons are wild, this type of conflict could be 65.

In Cape Town, South Africa, humans meet with baboons more than ever, right in their own neighborhoods. Because in that region about half of the natural baboons could hardly find their food and places to live in, they needed to find new ways to get food. So they started going into urban areas and 66 the food they need for survival.

Baboons are very 67 animals. Once they learn that they can easily get food from humans, they won't try as hard to hunt for their own food. People who live near there have to control this 68 by preventing the baboons from bringing trouble to them.

Both humans and wildlife need protection from each other. 69 in South Africa, there are people who work as baboon monitors. Their job is to keep baboons away from homes. Because baboons 70 loud noises, monitors use noise-making devices to frighten them away. They might also use paintballs to frighten the baboons.

The monitors don't form relationships with the baboons, but they don't mistreat them, either. They simply work to limit conflicts between humans and wildlife.

65. A) amazing B) dangerous C) powerful D) useless
 66. A) buying B) providing C) cooking D) stealing
 67. A) smart B) healthy C) serious D) amusing
 68. A) fight B) behavior C) trick D) system
 69. A) Suddenly B) Generally C) Luckily D) Especially
 70. A) go in for B) worry about C) get used to D) are afraid of

C. Fill in the blanks with proper words (在短文的空格内填入适当的词, 使其内容通顺。每空格限填一词, 首字母已给) (14分)

How hard is it to learn to read? The challenge is much greater for people with a kind of disease, *dyslexia* (阅读障碍症). Dyslexia is a reading problem that affects about one out of every ten people.

Dyslexia has nothing to do with intelligence, but dyslexics have a 1 time reading written words. When most children begin to read, they learn the sounds that make up words. Then they connect the sounds to letters and blend the sounds to make words. At last they can 2 words they've sounded out. But children with dyslexia have trouble remembering the sounds and the letters that go with them.

A 'dyslexia can't be cured, there are ways to help people with dyslexia learn to read. Students can work with a specially-trained teacher to learn how to remember sounds. They can practice how to m their mouths to make certain sounds.

Another way to help is to give students stories to read, using a special *font* (字体). A font is a set of the letters of the alphabet, in a certain style. Christian Boer is a Dutch designer who created a special dyslexic-friendly font called "dyslexie." Christian has dyslexia, and he wanted to do something to make reading easier for people like him. He made each letter look different, so readers are 1 likely to get confused. Christian has won awards for creating this font.

Scientists are studying special dyslexic fonts to decide w 76 they really help people with dyslexia to read faster and more accurately. So far, the results are mixed. However, scientists are sure that careful font design is an important s 77 toward helping dyslexics meet their challenges.

D. Answer the questions (根据以下内容回答问题) (12分)

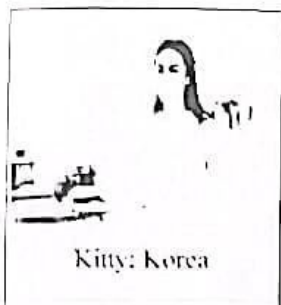
Sometimes it may seem that what you are learning at school will be useless in the future. It may seem that you are wasting your life away or only learning to get into the right university. But you will be surprised to find how much of what you learnt at school is helpful to you one day.

Three people were asked what they found most useful at school, and their thoughts are shared below.

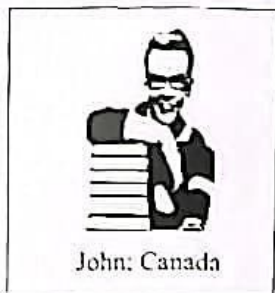


Christine; America

I hated typing at school about 20 years ago. Only secretaries typed in those days; no one had computers at home or at work. What's more, I was no good at all. I was as bad at typing as I was at tennis! I made so many mistakes. But today I'm the fastest typist at the keyboard. I get the job done faster and more easily than my colleagues in the office. That one year of typing class has made my whole life easier.



We had a class called Guidance to learn about making good decisions in life. I found it pretty boring and didn't pay much attention. One day the teacher made us guess which appliance we should buy first once we had our own homes. The answer was a fridge. Without a fridge, you cannot keep your food fresh and will waste a great deal of money with food going off. I learnt that it was true once I had my own place. The first day I bought some chicken meat. By dinner time it smelled and I couldn't even eat it! My housemate and I started saving to buy a fridge immediately even though we were university students without much money.



When I used to ask my teacher how to spell something, she often said, I don't know. Then she would take out the dictionary and look it up. She always dared to admit that she did not know the answer. I learnt two things. You don't have to know everything; and if you don't know how to spell something, just get the dictionary out. Both are very useful lessons!

78. Sometimes at school, it seems that you are only learning for one purpose. What is it?
79. As a school student, Christine wasn't as good at typing or playing tennis, was she?
80. How did Kitty feel when she had the class called Guidance?
81. When did Kitty begin to realize a fridge was very important?
82. What did John use to do when he couldn't spell a word?
83. Why did John's teacher often say she didn't know? (Give two different reasons.)

VII. Writing (作文) (本大题共 1 题, 共 20 分)

84. Write at least 60 words about the topic "I've learned something helpful for my future life" (请以“我学到了对未来生活有用的东西”为题, 写一篇不少于 60 个词的短文, 标点符号不占格。)

阅读文章 (D) 篇中三位年轻人所分享的在校经历表明: 学校生活的目的不仅仅是为了升学, 更重要的是学习对未来生活中有用的一种能力本领、一种精神品质、或者是获取一个经验教训。请你以一个具体的事例谈谈你学校生活中这方面的一点收获。