

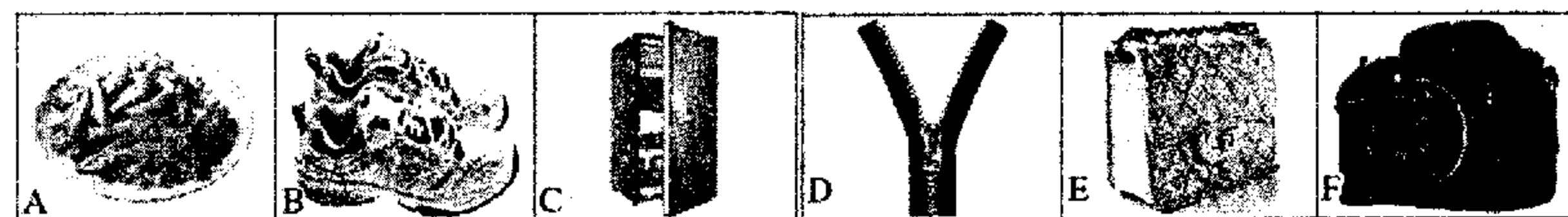
2021 年秋季期九年级英语月考（二）试题

考试时间：120 分钟 满分：120 分

第I卷（选择题，85）

（一）听句子，选图画。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

你将听到5个句子。请根据所听到的内容，选出与句子内容相符的图画选项。每个句子读一遍。



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

（二）对话理解。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

第一节：听下面 5 段短对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。每段对话仅读一遍。

- () 6. Who thinks children should be allowed to go out at night?
A. Linda. B. Alice. C. Sally.
- () 7. How old is Mr. Smith's daughter?
A. Twelve years old. B. Fourteen years old. C. Fifteen years old.
- () 8. What might the two speakers be talking about?
A. School rules. B. School lessons. C. School plans.
- () 9. How often is David allowed to use his father's computer?
A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Three times a week.
- () 10. Where does Sally think she should be allowed to live?
A. In Room 301. B. In Room 302. C. In Room 303.

第二节：听下面两段长对话，每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。每段对话读两遍。

听第一段对话，回答第 11—12 小题。

- () 11. What is NOT true about the song.
A. The lyrics are very touching. B. The rhythm is full of energy.
C. The song is sung by a child.
- () 12. What does the man feel like doing when listening to the song?
A. Dancing. B. Sleeping. C. Crying.

听第二段对话，回答第 13—15 小题。

- () 13. When will the two speakers see *Personal Tailor*?

A. On Friday night. B. On Saturday night. C. On Sunday night.

- () 14. Which cinema will the two speakers go?

A. The Royal. B. The Paradise. C. The Light.

- () 15. Which show will the two speakers see?

A. The 6:30 show. B. The 7:30 show. C. The 9:30 show.

（三）短文理解。（每小题 2 分，共 10 分）

你将听到一篇短文。请根据所听到的短文内容，选择正确的答案。短文读两遍。

- () 16. Mr. Smith lives on _____.
A. the 15th floor B. the 17th floor C. the 20th floor
- () 17. Why didn't Mr. Smith go to work last Monday?
A. He had to look after his sick wife. B. He thought it was Sunday.
C. He was ill in bed.
- () 18. Jessica is _____.
A. Mr. Smith's wife B. Mr. Smith's neighbor C. the cleaning lady
- () 19. What is TRUE about the criminal?
A. He held a gun in his hand. B. He was wearing a pair of glasses.
C. He was short and strong.
- () 20. Where did Mr. Smith keep his money?
A. In the living room. B. In the kitchen. C. In the bedroom.

（四）听短文，填信息。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

你将听到一篇短文。请根据所听到的短文内容，填写正确的信息卡（每空一词）。短文读两遍。

Name	What she/he is wearing	What she/he is like
Susan	Jeans and a red blouse	21 _____ and humorous
Kevin	A 22 _____	Serious but kind
Sam	Shorts and a T-shirt	Crazy but 23 _____
Mary	A blue 24 _____	Clever and 25 _____

21. _____ 22. _____ 23. _____ 24. _____ 25. _____

二、语言知识运用（共 20 分）

（一）单项选择（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

A) 从各小题所给的 A B C D 四个选项选出最佳答案。

- () 26. Mike made _____ effort to stop smoking.
A. the B. a C. an D. /

- ()27. — I hope to take the DIY course at weekends.
— Good idea. _____ more about it, visit the website <http://www.52diy.org>. please.
A. Know B. To know C. Knowing D. To knowing
- ()28. Could you tell me _____ ?
A. how much the car is B. who were you waiting for
C. summer comes after spring D. where do you live
- ()29. — Will Jim come to Yangzhou for a holiday?
— He _____ come, it depends on how much homework he will have.
A. may B. should C. must D. need
- ()30. There is _____ of room for improvement in his work, keep on working hard.
A. a lot B. lot of C. plenty of D. a few
- ()31. _____ she couldn't see his face, she could tell by his voice that he was young.
A. Unless B. If C. Because D. Though
- ()32. Two wide roads _____ in that small mountain village in the past two years.
A. were built B. are built C. have been built D. had been built
- ()33. I am a fan of Liu Qian. _____ his magic _____ his humor attracts(吸引) me.
A. Both; and B. Not only; but also C. Neither; nor D. Either; or
- ()34. Our teacher often suggests us _____ on both sides of the paper.
A. write B. writes C. writing D. to write
- ()35. Tu Youyou is the first Chinese _____ won the Nobel Prize in science.
A. whom B. which C. who D. whose

(二)完型填空(每空1分,共10分)

阅读下面短文,从各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳答案。

"If you support me, please Dianzan." Do you know Dianzan is one of the most popular 36 on the Internet? When you think someone's ideas are right, or when you are 37 by what someone writes, you can click (点击) the praise sign. Anyhow, clicking the praise sign means that you agree with someone or 38 someone.

Dianzan is a kind of Chinese Internet language. People 39 use it when they surf the Internet. There is a function (功能) of Dianzan in the QQ space. The QQ space has had the function since 2010. It wasn't used widely 40 Sina blog (新浪) started the function of Dianzan. In recent years, it has become more and more 41. When the 2015 New Year came, Chinese leader Xi Jinping used the word Dianzan to praise and 42 his thanks to the great Chinese people.

Websites can know how many people support some ideas by counting how many people click the praise sign. Experts can know what teenagers are 43 through what they click the sign for. That can help them solve teenagers' 44.

Clicking the praise sign is really an 45 thing. Have you ever clicked the sign for anybody on the Internet?

- ()36. A. topics B. words C. pictures D. hobbies
()37. A. moved B. scared C. disappointed D. influenced
()38. A. choose B. receive C. greet D. praise

- ()39. A. directly B. hardly C. usually D. suddenly
()40. A. until B. after C. while D. when
()41. A. different B. popular C. helpful D. interesting
()42. A. express B. create C. list D. suppose
()43. A. sticking to B. dealing with C. talking back D. caring about
()44. A. questions B. directions C. problems D. requests
()45. A. impolite B. awful C. easy D. educational

三、阅读理解 (每小题2分,共30分)

阅读A、B、C、D四篇短文,根据短文内容从每小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中,选择最佳答案。

A

Do you learn from your mistakes? I hope so. But have you ever made the same mistake twice? I have. Sometimes I make the same mistake three or four times!

Sometimes, good things happen because of mistakes. Once I got on the wrong train. That was a big mistake. But on that train, I saw a good friend. I was so happy I made that mistake.

Another time I ruined(毁坏) a surprise. My mother planned a surprise party for my father. She told me it was a secret. But I was just a little boy and I couldn't keep the secret. I told my father about the party. At first, my mother was mad at me. But then my father said he was happy he knew about it. He said he didn't like surprises.

When a good thing comes out of a mistake, that's a happy accident!

- ()46. Who did the boy see on the train?
A. His friend. B. His father. C. His mother. D. His teacher.
- ()47. His mother asked him to _____.
A. plan a surprise party B. tell his father about the party
C. keep a secret about the party D. invite his friends to the party
- ()48. What does the boy think of mistakes?
A. A mistake is not welcomed. B. A mistake is a terrible thing.
C. All mistakes mean happy accidents. D. Sometimes a mistake can be good.




B



Fay School

Founded in 1866 and located(坐落)twenty-five miles from Boston. Fay is a boarding school(寄宿学校) for students in grades 8-12. The boarding program serves one hundred and twenty students from all over the United States and twenty foreign students, forming a truly multicultural (多种文化的) school community.

Phone: 508-485-0100 www.fayschool.org

	<p>Groton School A boarding school located in Groton, Massachusetts. There are about 370 boys and girls, forming the eighth through twelfth grades. A member of the Independent School League and one of the world's top high schools for preparing students to enter famous American universities. There are many famous graduates(毕业生) like president Franklin D. Roosevelt. Phone: 978-448-3363 www.groton.org</p>
	<p>Belmont Hill School An independent boys' school located in Boston, Massachusetts. The school includes 440 students in grades 7-12. Members of the Class of 2015 were accepted at 42 colleges and universities. Belmont Hill is also a founding member of the International Boys Schools Coalition. Phone: 617-484-4410 www.belmonthill.org</p>
	<p>The Noble and Greenough School A boarding school for students in grades seven through twelve. Located near Boston, Massachusetts. Now there are 603 students. After graduation, all members of the senior class go on to attend four-year colleges and universities. In 2015, it was given the honor of the 18th best prep school(预科学校) in America by Forbes. Phone: 781-326-3700 www.nobles.edu.</p>

- () 49. _____ has the most students among the above four schools now.
A. Fay School B. The Noble and Greenough School
C. Groton School D. Belmont Hill School
- () 50. Which of the following is TRUE according to the messages?
A. Fay School was set up in 1966.
B. Groton School is the 18th best prep school in America.
C. There are only boy students in Belmont Hill School.
D. The Noble and Greenough School is a member of the Independent School League.
- () 51. What is the passage mainly talking about?
A. It's about education. B. It's about travel. C. It's about culture. D. It's about sports.
- () 52. Where can we probably find these messages?
A. In a science book B. In an advertisement(广告)
C. In a movie poster D. In a travel guide book

C

Many teenagers feel that the most important people in their life are their friends. They believe that their family don't know them as well as their friends do. In large families, it is quite often for brothers and sisters to fight, and then they can only go to their friends for some ideas.

It's very important for teenagers to have one good friend or a group of friends. Even when they are not with their friends, they usually spend much time on the phone. This communication is very important in children's growing up, because friends can be the right one to talk about

something with. These things are difficult to say to the family.

However, parents often try to choose their children's friends for them. Some parents even ask their children not to meet their good friends.

- () 53. _____ is very important to teenagers .
A. To stop meeting friends B. To fight with brothers
C. To make friends D. To phone parents
- () 54. Many teenagers think that _____ can understand them better.
A. parents B. brother C. sisters D. friends
- () 55. When teenagers have something difficult to say to their parents, they usually _____.
A. talk to their friends B. fight with their parents
C. stay alone at home D. go to their brothers and sisters for help
- () 56. Which of the sentence does the writer think is RIGHT?
A. Parents should choose everything they like.
B. Children should choose everything they like.
C. Parents should understand their children better.
D. Teenagers should only go to their friends for help.

D

In Britain, people often invite friends for a meal, a party or just coffee. People who know each other very well---close friends, family members or neighbors may visit each other's house without an invitation, but if we invite new friends, usually an invitation is needed. When people invite someone to their homes, they often say, "Would you like to come for dinner on Saturday?" Answers are, "Thanks, we'd love to. What time?" or "I'm sorry. We'd love to, but we have tickets for the concert." However, it is not polite to say, "No, we wouldn't."

Sometimes, the British use expressions that sound like invitations but they are not real invitations. For example, "You must come over for a drink sometime." or "Let's go out for a meal one of these days." These are usually just polite ways of ending a talk. They are not real invitations because they don't mention an exact time or day. They just show that the person is trying to be friendly and the answers are, "Yes, that would be nice." or "OK, yes, thanks."

So next time you hear what sounds like an invitation, listen carefully. Is it a real invitation or is the person just being friendly?

- () 57. It's always necessary for _____ to visit each other's house with an invitation.
A. close friends B. new friends C. neighbors D. family members
- () 58. It is not polite to answer the real invitation by saying "_____. "
A. No, we wouldn't. B. Thanks, we'd love to. What time?
C. Sure, we'd like to. Thanks a lot.
D. Sorry. We'd love to, but we have tickets for the concert.
- () 59. The British often use "_____" to answer the invitations that are not real.
A. Yes, what time? B. No, that's not a real invitation.
C. OK, yes, thanks. D. No, you just want to be friendly.
- () 60. If the British just want to end a talk politely, they may say, "_____"
A. Would you like to come for dinner on Saturday?

B. Let's go out for a meal one of these days.

C. Let's go out for a meal on Saturday.

D. Shall we go for a drink this afternoon?

四、情景交际 (每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

根据对话内容, 从方框中选出恰当的句子完成下面对话, 其中有两项为多余选项。

A: Lucy 61 _____. What's wrong?

B: Hi, Miss Gao. Because I quarreled (争吵) with my parents last night.

A: Why?

B: Because I love shopping online. My parents don't allow me to shop online since I'm in Grade Three. 62 _____.

A: Oh, I see. 63 _____.

B: Hmm. Yes, I do.

A: Maybe your parents do the right thing. Because you are going to graduate (毕业) soon, 64 _____.

B: That's true. I will try my best to get better grades. but I think I should be allowed to do what I like.

A: OK, 65. _____.

B: Thanks a lot, you're so kind.

- A. I know I should say sorry.

B. and you should spend more time on study to enter a good high school.

C. Why don't you talk to your parents.

D. They think it will influence my study.

E. and I will also talk to your parents about your problem.

F. you look so tired and unhappy.

G. Do you spend a lot of time in shopping online?

61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____

第II卷 非选择题 (共 35 分)

五、语法填空 (每空 1 分, 共 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 从空白处填入一个适当的词, 或填入括号中所给词的适当形式。

Xian Xinghai is a very famous musician in China. He wrote one of the greatest pieces of music of the 66 (twenty) century. In his lifetime he wrote 300 songs and an opera 67 total.

Xian was born in Macao, China in 1905. Because his father died before he was born, Xian moved from place to place with his mother. He began learning to play the violin when he was 20 years old. In the beginning, his violin was so cheap and 68 (bad) made that he could not play it well. Xian did not stop practicing and soon showed his talent. In 1934, he was one of the first Chinese students 69 studied in a special music school in Paris. Before he left, Xian became the school's best student and won several prizes for his talents.

In 1935, he returned to China and helped fight against the Japanese army. Later, he came to Yan'an to teach music at a college. Xian wrote some of his most important music there. His most famous work the Yellow River was written there. Usually it 70 (perform) at some important

national concerts nowadays. It is praised as a piece of 71 (history) music that encourages the Chinese people to stick to 72 (fight) against Japan bravely.

In May 1940, Xian was sent to the Soviet Union (苏联), life was very hard there. Xian got sick and later died of a lung (肺) illness on October 30, 1945. It is 73 pity that Xian died at the age of 40. The Chinese people were in deep 74 (sad) and pain because of his death. His music lives on in the 75 (people) hearts. He is regarded as a musician of the Chinese people's.

66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____ 69. _____ 70. _____
71. _____ 72. _____ 73. _____ 74. _____ 75. _____

六、短文改错. (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

此题要求改正所给文中的错误。对标有题号的每一行做出判断: 如无错误, 在该行右边横线上画个“√”; 如有错误, 则按下列情况改正:

此行多一个词; 把多余的词用“\”划掉, 在该行右边的横线上写出该词, 并也用斜线划掉。
此行缺一个词; 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (Λ), 在该行右边的横线上写出该加的词。
此行错一个词; 在错的词下划一横线, 在该行右边的横线上写出改正后的词。

注意: 原行没有错误的不要改。

Today is the happy day in this holiday. 76. _____
Although I was very tired, I found myself in these busy day. 77. _____
I am afraid of taken a bus usually, the awful smell of the bus 78. _____
drives I mad, make me feel carsick. But today I didn't feel carsick. 79. _____
I can defeat(战胜) carsickness finally. 80. _____
At night I went out with an old friend which I ever helped, 81. _____
but both of us were busy with in the examination at the high school 82. _____
that we hadn't been together. I was so surprising to receive 83. _____
his calling. At first, I thought we would never meet before we graduated. 84. _____
Thank him for giving me happy day! 85. _____

七、书面表达 (15 分)

为配合我市开展“创建文明城市(build a civilized city)”活动, 学校举办以“*How to Behave Well*”为主题的英语征文比赛。现在请你根据所给提示内容, 用英语写一篇参赛短文。

提示: 1. 衣着整洁; 2. 保持城市环境卫生; 不乱扔垃圾 3. 待人有礼, 乐于助人; (如: 让座)
4. 遵守交通规则; (如: 红灯停) 5. 不在公共场合大声谈笑

参考词汇: 1. keep...clean and tidy 2. throw rubbish everywhere 3. be ready to do
4. give seats 5. obey traffic rules 6. traffic lights 5. in public

要求: 1. 文章必须包括所给提示中各项内容, 可展开思路, 适当发挥;
2. 文中不能出现考生的真实姓名、校名和其他真实信息;
3. 词数: 80 词左右。

How to Behave Well?

In order to build a civilized city, we students should try our best to behave well in the activities.

2021秋季期九年级英语月考(二)试题参考答案

1-5 BDAEC 6-10 BCABA 11-15 CABAC 16-20 BCCCC 26-30 CBAAA
31-35 DCBCC 36-40 BADCA 41-45 BADCC
46-48 ACD 49-52 BCAB 53-56 CDAC 57-60 BACB 61-65 FDGBE
听力部分(四)(每小题1分,共5分)

21. **Friendly** 22. **suit** 23. **interesting** 24. **dress** 25. **hard-working**

五、综合填空(每空1分,共10分)

66. **twentieth** 67. **in** 68. **badly** 69. **who/that** 70. **is performed**

71. **historical** 72. **fighting** 73. **a** 74. **sadness** 75. **people's**

六、改错题(每小题1分,共10分)

Today is the happy day in this holiday. 76. happiest

Although I was very tired, I found myself in these busy day. 77. days

I am afraid of taken a bus usually, the awful smell of the bus 78. taking

drive I mad, makes me feel carsick. But today I didn't feel carsick. 79. me

I can defeat(战胜) carsickness finally. 80. √

At night I went out with an old friend which I ever helped, 81. who/that/whom

but both of us were busy ~~with~~ in the examination at the high 82. in school that we hadn't been together. I was so surprising to 83. surprised

receive his calling. At first, I thought we would never meet before we graduated. 84. after

Thank him for giving me ~~^~~ happy day! 85. a

七、书面表达(共15分)

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3. 待人有礼, 乐于助人; (如: 让座) 4. 遵守交通规则; (如: 红灯停)
5. 不在公共场合大声喧哗 (每个要点3分)

参考词汇: 1. **keep...clean and tidy** 2. **throw rubbish everywhere**
3. **be ready to do** 4. **give seats** 5. **obey traffic rules** 6. **traffic lights**
7. **in public**

要求: 1. 文章必须包括所给提示中各项内容, 可展开思路, 适当发挥;
2. 文中不能出现考生的真实姓名、校名和其他真实信息;
3. 词数: 80词左右。

How to Behave Well?

In order to build a civilized city, we students should try our best to behave well in the activities.

It's a good habit to keep our clothes clean and tidy. Our city should be kept clean every day. Don't throw rubbish everywhere. It's good manners to say "Thank you" and "Please" and so on. We should never say dirty words. Be friendly to others and always ready to help the people in need. For example, when we are on a bus, we should give our seats to the old and the women with babies. We should also obey traffic rules. When the traffic lights are red, we should stop. And we'd better not talk or laugh loudly in public.

If everyone behaves well, our city will be more and more beautiful.