

常州外国语学校
2021—2022 学年第一学期九年级学科独立作业二
英 语

命题、审题：九年级英语备课组

注：以下题目的答案，请全部做在答题纸上。

一、听力。（共 20 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 20 分。）

第一部分 听对话回答问题

本部分共有 10 道小题，每小题你将听到一段对话，每段对话听两遍。在听每段对话前，你将有 5 秒钟的时间阅读题目；听完后，你还有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的答案。

() 1. What's the boy going to learn?

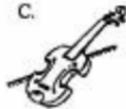
A.



B.



C.



() 2. What is the man?

A.



B.



C.



() 3. What time is it now?

A.



B.



C.



() 4. What's the weather like?

A.



B.



C.



() 5. What does the man mean?

- A. The girl shouldn't be careful.
 B. The girl is too careful.
 C. The girl shouldn't be careless.

() 6. Where does the conversation take place?

- A. In a CD shop. B. In a concert. C. At the Cool Kids' home.

() 7. What do they mainly talk about?

- A. Films B. A well-known actress. C. Audrey Hepburn's films.

() 8. Why is the woman moving to a new house?

- A. Because she needs a quiet place.
 B. Because the new house is cheaper.
 C. Because she likes listening to songs.

() 9. When did the girl watch *Cartoon World*?

- A. After dinner. B. Before dinner C. During dinner.

- () 10. Why won't the boy go out?
 A. It's cool outside. B. It's raining outside. C. It's hot outside.

第二部分 听对话和短文题

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍，听每段对话或短文前，你将有时间阅读相关小题，每小题 5 秒钟，听完后，每小题你仍有 5 秒钟的时间选择你认为最合适的答案。

听一段对话，回答第 11-12 小题。

- () 11. Where are the two speakers?
 A. On a bus. B. In a car. C. On a plane.
- () 12. What does the woman go to Australia for?
 A. To marry an Australian. B. To see her grandson. C. To visit Australia.

听第一篇短文，回答第 13-15 小题。

A few tips to help you be happier	
First	Enjoy the simple things, such as reading a good book, <u>13</u> , or spending time with close friends.
Another	Be <u>14</u> , such as doing sports.
Finally	Help others, such as helping friends or the elderly, or <u>15</u> .

- () 13. A. Climbing the mountains. B. Playing the piano. C. Listening to music.
- () 14. A. active B. brave C. patient
- () 15. A. Doing some housework B. donating some money C. doing sports

听第二篇短文，回答第 16-20 小题。

- () 16. What did the woman speaker worried about?
 A. Bad programmes in films.
 B. Bad websites on the Internet.
 C. Bad programmes on TV.
- () 17. Why do many students wear glasses according to the passage?
 A. Because they study too hard.
 B. Because they read many books.
 C. Because they watch too much TV.
- () 18. Which of the following is TRUE?
 A. The speaker's children have the same idea with their mother.
 B. Reading books can make children think more.
 C. All the programmes are good for children.
- () 19. What did the mother decide to do at last?
 A. Sell the TV set. B. Buy more books. C. Buy a pair of glasses.
- () 20. What's this passage about?
 A. An interesting story. B. A news report on TV. C. A mother's idea.

二、单项选择 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

- () 21. _____ waste of time! The film _____ her novel isn't worth watching.
 A. what a; based upon B. what; was based on
 C. what a; was based upon D. how; based on
- () 22. It is persistent _____ him to put _____ much effort into _____ difficult work.
 A. of; so; such a B. for; such; such C. of; so; so D. of; so; such
- () 23. _____ workers are involved in the construction of the _____ stone bridge.
 A. Two hundred of; 200-foot-long B. Hundreds of; 200-foot-long
 C. Two hundred; 200 feet long D. Several hundreds of; 200-feet-long

- () 24. I wonder _____ he will come tomorrow. _____ he comes, I'll tell you.
A. if; Whether B. whether; Whether C. if; That D. if; If
- () 25. His best-known work, which is _____ all praise, can be seen in the museum.
A. over B. beyond C. above D. than
- () 26. He is so stubborn that he won't believe what you say _____ he sees it with his own eyes.
A. when B. since C. if D. unless
- () 27. My mother was so pleased with _____ I had done _____ she gave me a big hug.
A. what; that B. what; what C. that; that D. that; what
- () 28. — _____ will the concert last? — _____.
A. How soon; Until 10 p.m. B. How soon; Not until 10 p.m.
C. How long; Until 10 p.m. D. How long; Not until 10 p.m.
- () 29. — How soon will you start your journey?
— I'm not sure. I haven't decided _____.
A. where I will go to to spend the holiday B. who I can invite to go —
C. whether I would go by train or by plane D. when shall I ask the boss for leave
- () 30. — Why will you take part in the charity walk? You are not good at running at all!
— _____, I run to help others.
A. Not exactly. B. That's not the point.
C. I can't agree more. D. It sounds like a pity.

三、完型填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

Clapper talk, or Chinese kuaiban, is a traditional art form. Performers talk and sing with a pair of bamboo clappers. You can consider it 31 traditional Chinese rapping.

I'm a big clapper talk fan. I have learned it since I was six years old. The first time I watched a clapper talk performance, I was 32 by its free style and lively language. So I decided to learn it.

33, learning clapper talk is not easy. It 34 clear articulation (吐字) and rhythm (节奏) control, as well as the good ability to control the movements of both hands. Each of these 35 needs to be practiced hard. After training for a whole morning, I can't feel my hands and my throat is dry. Sometimes I think about giving up, but I keep telling myself that persistence 36 success.

After several years of practice, I have mastered these skills and my love for clapper talk is deeper than before. I also start to understand its cultural value --- it shows the 37 of rhythm in the Chinese language, 38 the creativity that comes from playing the clapper in different ways. Clapper talk performances also have 39 messages about respecting one's elders and loving your family.

Performing onstage has helped me enjoy this art form even more. I can put 40 I want to express into my performance, such as my self-introduction, interesting historical stories, or my love for my hometown. I will certainly keep studying it and make more progress!

- () 31. A. as B. like C. to D. for
() 32. A. touched B. amazed C. cheered D. bored
() 33. A. Although B. Instead C. Anyway D. However
() 34. A. directs B. attracts C. requires D. encourages
() 35. A. skills B. talents C. abilities D. roles
() 36. A. offers B. takes C. brings D. prefers

purpose of dreaming through these memories is to help us learn from the past.

Here are a few kinds of dreams and what people think they mean.

• Dream 1: You Meet Someone While in Your Pajamas (睡衣)

Sometimes people dream that they meet someone they know while wearing their underwear (or nothing at all). This dream may be the result of an embarrassing event in your life. Some people think we dream about embarrassing situations if our brains are trying to deal with an event in our own lives.

• Dream 2: You're Flying.

If you dream about flying, you are probably quite happy. This is a good period in your life. You may feel that other people see you as a leader.

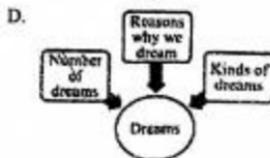
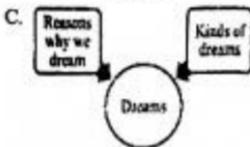
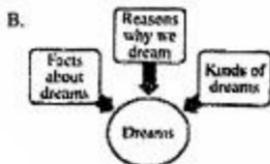
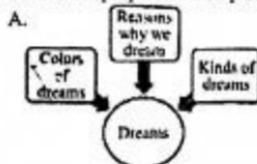
• Dream 3: You Didn't Study for a Test

This probably means you are worried about an important event coming in your life. If you're not prepared for the event, your dream may be telling you, "It's time to get to work!"

• Dream 4: Someone's Running after You

If you dream someone is running after you, it may tell you should face the problems in your life instead of giving it up.

- () 44. Robert Stickgold believes that dreams _____.
- A. can tell us about ourselves
B. are from our past memories
C. help us to have a better sleep
D. help us find out our deep heart
- () 45. Which dream from the passage might they have, if someone says, "My concert is tomorrow, and I haven't had time to practice"?
- A. Dream 1
B. Dream 2
C. Dream 3
D. Dream 4
- () 46. What is the proper mind map of the passage?



C

Dear Monica,

You are much older now, and hopefully wiser, although that's not the case. You have probably forgotten about me.

I'm 12-year-old you feeling terribly nervous and stressed, hating online learning, in this horrible pandemic ... I could go on and on. Does this bring any memory to you?

Anyway, maybe there are time machines in the time where you are, but there aren't any here, so I'm doing the next best thing: I'm writing you a letter that I hope you read every year on New Year's Day, or New Year's Eve.

I've come from 2020 to remind you not to forget. I'm sitting on my bed right now, tears still on my face from a fight with my mom (I love her more than anything or anyone, but we've spent too much time together), and aware of the light blue masks hanging on the hooks next to the door in my

In the years since then, I've traveled about twenty-five percent of the time. Through it all, my lucks held out—no deadly falls, no car accidents or serious infections. For me, adventure travel is a risk worth taking. Travel broadens my world and keeps me connected to nature. What's more, saying "yes" to travel keeps me connected to myself.

- () 50. What does the underlined word "perilous" in Paragraph 1 probably mean?
A. Unique B. Dangerous C. Historical. D. Famous.
- () 51. What did the doctors advise the author to do?
A. Do proper exercise. B. Enjoy the rest of her life.
C. Keep away from traveling. D. Spend more time with her family.
- () 52. Why did the author mention her travel to China?
A. It was her last adventure.
B. She recovered her courage through it.
C. She liked the beautiful scenery in China.
D. It was the most dangerous experience in her life.
- () 53. What is the best title for the text?
A. A business trip to China B. Unique travel experiences
C. Why I still travel to the wild D. How I overcome the fear of disease

五、7选5阅读(共5小题,每小题1分,满分5分)

Muzak

The next time you go into a bank, a store, or a supermarket, stop and listen. What do you hear?
54. _____ It's similar to the music you listen to, but it's not exactly the same. That's because this music was especially designed to relax you, or to give you extra energy. Sometimes you don't even realize the music is playing, but you react to the music anyway.

Quiet background music used to be called "elevator music" because we often heard it in elevators. But lately we hear it in more and more places, and it has a new name "Muzak". About one-third of the people in America listen to "Muzak" everyday. The music plays for 15 minutes at a time, with short pauses in between. It is always livelier between ten and eleven in the morning, and between three and four in the afternoon, when people are more tired. 55. _____

If you listen to Muzak carefully, you will probably recognize the names of many of the songs. Some songwriters don't want their songs to be used as Muzak, but others are happy when their songs are chosen. Why? 56. _____ Music is often played in public places because it is designed to make people feel less lonely when they are in an airport or a hotel. It has been proven that Muzak does what it is designed to do. Tired office workers suddenly have more energy when they hear the pleasant sound of Muzak in the background. 57. _____ Supermarket shoppers buy 38 percent more groceries.

58. _____ They say it's boring to hear the same songs all the time. But other people enjoy hearing Muzak in public places. They say it helps them relax and feel calm. One way or another, Muzak affects everyone. Some farmers even say their cows give more milk when they hear Muzak!

- A. Some people don't like Muzak.
B. The music gives them extra energy.
C. Music is playing in the background.
D. Factory workers produce 13 percent more.
E. Muzak tends to help people understand music better.
F. They get as much as \$4 million a year if their songs are used.
G. Muzak is played in most of the big supermarkets in the world.

六、综合填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

Leonardo da Vinci (1452-1519) was an Italian painter, inventor, anatomist, sculptor, geometer, 59. _____ (music), engineer and scientist.

Da Vinci 60. _____ (bear) in the countryside, near Firenze. From an early age, he showed great 61. _____ (interested) in artistic things. When he was a child, he was noticed 62. _____ (draw) all kinds of straight lines, curves, circles, triangles on his paper every day by his teacher. Later, his teacher surprisingly found that his notebooks 63. _____ (cover) many interesting drawings of flying machines. As he grew older, da Vinci was apprenticed to the artist Verrocchio in Florence. In 1476 Leonardo worked with Verrocchio to paint *Baptism of Christ*. He painted the angel at the front and the landscape while Verrocchio painted the rest, and finally the difference 64. _____ the two artists' work could be seen clearly, with Leonardo's finer brushwork. A legend is that when Verrocchio saw Leonardo's work he was 65. _____ amazed that he decided never to paint again.

In 1517, Da Vinci moved to France. A few months before he died, he finished his most famous painting *Monalisa*, which is thought to be a big success by the art community.

Until now, his 66. _____ (achievement) have been spoken 67. _____ (high) of by people from all over the world. He 68. _____ (consider) as the archetype (原型) of the "Renaissance man" and as a universal genius.

七、翻译句子 (共 6 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 9 分)

69. 他导演的这部电影不仅具有持久价值而且老少皆宜。

The film _____

70. 他把药片 (pills) 误认成糖果是多么愚蠢啊!

How _____!

71. 赫本如此有表演天赋以至于她在很多电影里扮演主角。

Hepburn _____ in many films.

72. 为了吸引更多粉丝的注意, 这个竞赛节目将于下周现场直播。

_____ next week.

73. 为什么上周的古典音乐会取消了?

_____?

74. Rob Cohen 被授予了很多奖项因为他在这一领域的努力。

_____ Rob Cohen because _____.

八、书面表达 (共 1 小题, 满分 10 分)

你发现班级同学自从进入九年级以来都发生着很大变化, 现在学校开展评优活动, 要求你介绍一位周围变化最大的学生。你认为你的同学 Aron 变化最大, 请根据以下表格内容, 写一篇短文。

以前	1. 痴迷于各种电视节目, 导致.....; 2.....
现在	对学习产生兴趣; 平衡学与玩; 发现写作天赋; 只看纪录片.....
期望

注意: 1. 文中不得出现你的真实姓名和学校名称。

2. 语言通顺, 意思连贯, 书写规范。

3. 词数不少于 100 词。文章的开头和结尾已为你写好, 不计入总词数。

I'm very proud to tell you something about my classmate Aron as we can see he has changed a lot.