**人教新目标七年级英语下册第一次月考**

（时间：100分钟，满分：100分）

**第一部分 选择题**

**一、单项选择(本大题共15小题，每小题1分，共15分)**

1．Do you like playing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ violin or playing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ basketball?

A．the, / B．the, the C．/, / D．/, the

2．The man looked around, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he didn’t see anything.

A．so B．but C．or D．because

3．Sarah is Chinese but she can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ good English.

A．say B．talk C．speak D．tell

4．—Can you play chess?

—\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I think it’s easy.

A．Yes, I do B．No, I don’t

C．Yes, I can D．No, I can’t

5．—Oh my God! Ben can use different ways to work out the Maths problem.

—Yes. But I am not surprised at all. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Maths.

A．is well at B．is poor at

C．is good at D．is good in

6．My father usually plays basketball \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 6:00 p.m. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ weekends.

A．at, on B．at, in C．on, on D．in, on

7．—Sam, do you often go to the sports club?

— No. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I don’t like sports at all.

A．sometimes B．usually C．never D．always

8．She plays basketball for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ every day.

A．half an hour B．a half hour C．an half hour D．half hour

9．His brother gets up very so he doesn’t have breakfast and go to school .

A．early;quickly B．late;quickly

C．quickly;early D．quickly;late

10．—Do you have a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

—Yes, I do. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a big club.

A．job; work B．work; work C．work; job D．job; works

11．It’s important people learn team spirit.

A．of; of B．of; to C．for; to D．to; to

12．---\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_is it from the Children's Palace to Nanjing South Railway Station, Tom?

--- About 10 minutes' ride by bus

A．How soon B．How long C．How far D．How much

13．Kate is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ girl.She's very happy at school.

A．a eighteen –year- old

B．an eighteen –year- old

C．an eighteen -years -old

D．a eighteen years old

14．Please cheer up (振作起来)！We believe your dream can\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one day.

A．come in B．come true

C．come out D．come on

15．—Linda never 　　　　 her homework in the evening. What does she do?

—She 　　　　 on the sofa.

A．doesn’t do; watch TV B．doesn’t do; watches TV

C．does; watch TV D．does; watches TV

**二、完型填空(本大题共10小题，每小题1分，共10分)**

Dear Bill,

How are you? Thank you for your letter. Let me tell you something about my \_\_\_\_16\_\_\_\_ in China. I think you want to know it. I live in Li Lei’s home. He is my \_\_\_\_17\_\_\_\_. His father and mother are both teachers. They are very \_\_\_\_18\_\_\_\_ to me. They teach me Chinese \_\_\_\_19\_\_\_\_ I teach them English. Now I can speak \_\_\_\_20\_\_\_\_ Chinese. Mrs. Li often teaches \_\_\_\_21\_\_\_\_ how to cook Chinese food. Hmm! I like Chinese food very much.

My school is not far. I go there by \_\_\_\_22\_\_\_\_. Our classes begin \_\_\_\_23\_\_\_\_ eight in the morning. I have six classes every day. \_\_\_\_24\_\_\_\_, I play games with my classmates. I am in the school football team. I practice football twice a week. I have a good \_\_\_\_25\_\_\_\_ there. Do you want to come? I hope you can come here, too.

Love

Jim

16．

A．friend B．life C．school D．family

17．

A．student B．teacher C．classmate D．boy

18．

A．happy B．cute C．sorry D．friendly

19．

A．but B．so C．or D．and

20．

A．some B．many C．a lot D．lot of

21．

A．them B．me C．him D．us

22．

A．bike B．bus C．train D．plane

23．

A．in B．from C．at D．on

24．

A．In class B．After school C．In the room D．At the gate

25．

A．day B．book C．time D．week

**三、阅读单选(本大题共10小题，每小题2分，共20分)**

**A**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Do you have healthy habits?** | |
| Mary White | Yeah! I think my habits are very healthy. Every day, I get up early and go to bed early. Every morning I eat breakfast and eat well. I eat fruit and vegetables every day. And every day I play tennis for two hours with my friends. |
| Alan Green | No, I don’t. I get up late so I have no time to eat breakfast. For lunch, I usually eat lots of hamburgers. I know they are not good for me but I like them. I never play sports. In the evening, after I finish my homework, I usually play computer games. I go to bed late, at about a quarter to eleven. |
| Helen Brown | Yes. My habits are very good. I never eat unhealthy (不健康的) food. Ice-cream tastes good but I never eat it. Every day I get up at six o’clock and go to bed at eight thirty. I eat well and play sports every day. I run with my father in the morning. So I’m very healthy. |

1. Mary \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with her friends every day.

A．goes to school B．does homework C．plays tennis D．has lunch

27．What does Alan usually have for lunch?

A．Hamburgers. B．Vegetables. C．Chicken. D．Fruit.

28．Alan goes to bed at about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A．10:15 B．10:45 C．11:00 D．11:45

29．Why doesn’t Helen eat ice-cream?

A．Because she doesn’t like it. B．Because it’s not healthy.

C．Because it doesn’t taste good. D．Because her parents don’t let her eat it.

30．Which of the following is true?

A．Mary plays computer games for two hours with her friend every day.

B．Alan usually eats hamburgers for breakfast.

C．Helen gets up early and goes to bed early.

D．Mary, Alan and Helen all have healthy eating habits.

B

Many people like to travel by plane because it is fast, but I don’t like it because an airport is usually far from the city.

You have to get there early and wait for hours for the plane to take off and it is often late. You can’t open the windows. You can’t choose the food. Planes are fast, but they still take hours to go out of the airport and into the city.

I like traveling by train. I think trains are safe. Railway stations are usually in cities. When you are late for a train, you can catch another one. You can walk around in the train and open the windows. You can see many interesting things on your way. I know it takes a little more time. I also like cars. You can start your journey when you want to, and you don’t need to get to a railway station or a bus stop. Also you can take many things with you in a car. But sometimes there are too many cars on the road.

31．Why do many people like to travel by plane?

A．Because it is fast. B．Because it is safe.

C．Because you can walk around in the plane. D．Because it is cheap.

32．Which is not the good thing about the train?

A．It is safe. B．It takes a little more time.

C．You can open the windows. D．You can walk around in the train.

33．If you want to take a lot of things with you, what can you take?

A．A bus. B．A car. C．A train. D．A bike.

34．What is the bad thing about the car?

A．You needn’t go to a station.

B．You needn’t go to a bus station.

C．There are too many cars on the road.

D．You can start your journey when you want to.

35．What does the writer think of the plane, the train and the car?

A．He likes to take a plane because it’s fast.

B．He likes to take a car because he has a car.

C．He likes to take a train because it takes a little more time.

D．He thinks it takes a lot of time to go to and get out of the airport.

**四、补全对话7选5(本大题共5小题，每小题2分，共10分)**

从A—G选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全对话。有二项是多余的。

A: \_\_\_36\_\_\_

B: Yes, please. Could you tell me the way to the First People’s Hospital?

A: Let me see. Oh, it’s far from here.

B: \_\_\_37\_\_\_

A: About five miles. \_\_\_38\_\_\_

B: Which bus should I take?

A: The No.1 bus will take you there.

B: \_\_\_39\_\_\_

A: It takes about 30 minutes.

B: Thanks for your help.

A: \_\_\_40\_\_\_

A．It’s OK.

B．You can take a bus to go there.

C．Can I help you?

D．How long does it take to get there?

E．How far is it?

F．How are you?

G．You’re welcome.

**第二部分 课本知识应用**

**五、根据句意及汉语或首字母提示写单词(本大题共10小题，每小题1分，共10分)**

41．I can see some \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（小船）on the coast.

42．Hold on to your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_（梦想）. One day it may come true.

43．Look at the bridge over there. It is two h\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years old.

44．She doesn't go on a ropeway, because she is very a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

45．Be careful when you c\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the street.

46．It’s getting dark(黑暗的).You should go home \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(迅速地).

47．My aunt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(打扫) all the rooms every day.

48．Can you tell a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(好笑的) story to make me happy?

49．Taking a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(散步) is good for your body(身体).

50．If you don’t do it, Jim doesn’t do it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(也).

**六、用所给单词的正确形式填空(本大题共10小题，每小题1分，共10分)**

51．He often \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (do) his homework after dinner.

52．Too much sugar is bad for your \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (tooth).

53．Jim has a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (health) life.

54．It’s dark. You should go home \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (quick).

55．They enjoy their school \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (life).

56．Bob wants\_\_\_\_\_\_ (join)the Chinese club.

57．Anna can’t\_\_\_\_\_\_ (draw)because she is very young.

58．Bruce is in a story\_\_\_\_\_\_ (tell)club.

59．Let’s\_\_\_\_\_\_ (play)volleyball this afternoon together.

60．I want a\_\_\_\_\_\_ (sport)bag.

**七、阅读回答问题(本大题共5小题，每小题2分，共10分)**

阅读短文，根据短文内容，完成下列各题。

Dear Jack,

How are you? I have a good time in my new school. I usually go to school at half past six. I like to go to school by bike. It takes me about twenty minutes. I’m good with my teachers and classmates in this school. They all like me and I also like them. I like sports and music, so I join two clubs. They are the sports club and the music club. In the music club, I have a good friend. Her name is Helen. She likes music and she is good at singing. She can play the guitar and violin. She says she wants to be a musician. Helen likes sports, too. On the weekend she often plays tennis or volleyball with me. Do you want to make friends with Helen? Look! Here is a photo of her. I think you may like her.

Yours,

Tony

61．Who is Tony good with?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

62．What club does Tony join?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

63．What does Helen want to be?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

64．What can Helen do in the music club?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

65．When does Tony play tennis?

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**八、书信作文(本大题共15分)**

66．假如你是郭燕，你的新笔友Sandy想了解你的个人情况，请你根据表格中的信息，用英语给Sandy写一封信，告诉她你的一些信息，信的格式已给出，不计入总词数。

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 姓 名 | 郭 燕 |
| 年 龄 | 13 |
| 学校班级 | 第五中学七年级一班 |
| 上学方式 | 乘坐公共汽车 |
| 课 程 | 上午4节课，下午3节课 |
| 最喜欢的课程及原因 | 历史；能从过去的事情中学到很多 |
| 喜欢的课外活动 | 跑步 |

要求：1. 根据上述所给提示；

2. 注意语句通顺，语法正确，书写工整；

3. 字数70字左右，开头已经给出，不计入总字数。

Dear Sandy,

Thank you for your letter. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Yours,

Guo Yan

**参考答案：**

1．A

【解析】

句意：你喜欢拉小提琴还是打篮球？

考查冠词辨析。the定冠词，在表示演奏乐器时，乐器的前面要加定冠词“the”，play the violin“拉小提琴”；第二空在球类、三餐、棋类名词前不加冠词，play basketball“打篮球”。故选A。

2．B

【解析】

句意：那人环顾四周，但什么也没看见。

考查连词辨析。so因此；but但是；or或者；because因为。“The man looked around”与“he didn’t see anything”是转折关系，故选B。

3．C

【解析】

句意：萨拉是中国人，但她能说一口流利的英语。

考查动词辨析。say说（内容）；talk谈论；speak说（语言）；tell告诉。根据“English”可知，此处指说语言，故选C。

4．C

【解析】

句意：——你会下象棋吗？——是的，我会。我认为它很容易。

考查一般疑问句。一般疑问句“Can you……?”的回答应该用can，排除A和B，根据“I think it’s easy”可知，空缺处应该是肯定回答，用Yes, I can，排除D，故选C。

5．C

【解析】

句意：——天哪！本可以用不同的方法解这道数学题。——对。但我一点也不惊讶。他擅长数学。

考查形容词短语。is well at错误表达；is poor at在……很差；is good at擅长；is good in在……表现良好。根据“Ben can use different ways to work out the Maths problem.”可知本非常擅长数学，故选C。

6．A

【解析】

句意：我爸爸通常在周末下午6点打篮球。

考查介词辨析。at后跟具体的时刻；on后跟具体的某一天或特定的日期；in后跟年份、月份和季节。第一空后有具体的时刻6:00 p.m.“下午六点”，需用介词at，排除CD选项。第二空后有weekends“周末”，固定结构on weekends表示“在特定的的某个周末”。故选A。

7．C

【解析】

句意：——山姆，你经常去体育俱乐部吗？——不，从来没有。我一点也不喜欢运动。

考查副词辨析。sometimes有时候；usually通常；never从不；always总是。根据“ I don’t like sports at all.”可知此处是指从来不去体育俱乐部，故选C。

8．A

【解析】

句意：她每天打半个小时的篮球。

考查时间表达用法。half an hour半小时；a half hour冠词应该在hour之前；an half hour       冠词an不用于辅音开头单词前；half hour名词hour前缺少冠词。短语half an hour表示半个小时，故选A。

9．B

【解析】

句意：他哥哥起得很晚，所以他不吃早饭，很快就去上学。early早；late晚的；

quickly快的。由句子he doesn’t have breakfast可知，他哥哥起的晚。再由句意可知B正确。

10．A

【解析】

句意：——你有工作吗？——是的，我有。我在一家大的俱乐部工作。

考查名词词义和语境。job工作，职业，是可数名词；work作动词，意为“作品，工作”；作动词意为“劳动，工作”。根据第一空前的冠词a可知用job，表示职业；第二空缺少动词做主语，所以用动词work，故选A。

11．C

【解析】

句意：学习团队精神对于人们很重要。这里是句式it be +形容词+for sb +to do sth做某事对某人来说是怎样的；it be +形容词+of sb +to do sth做某事某人是怎样的，这两个是固定句型。根据句意和用法，故选C。

12．C

【解析】

句意：从少年宫到南京火车站南站多远，汤姆？---大约10分钟的公交车程。A. How soon 多久以后，对将来的时间状语提问；B. How long多长时间，多长，询问时间段或物体的长度；C. How far多远，询问两地距离；D. How much多少，询问量的多少，后跟不可数名词。根据答语“- About 10 minutes' ride by bus”可知，问句是提问路程，故选C。

13．B

【解析】

句意: Kate是一个18岁的女孩儿，她在学校很高兴。根据句意可知，这里表示“18岁的女孩儿”，是复合形容词作定语，这时名词用单数且中间用连词符，即eighteen –year- old, 并且eighteen的发音以元音音素开头，故前用冠词an, 故选B。

14．B

【解析】

本题采用短语辨析法。后一句句意为“我们相信你的梦想有一天会实现的。”come true意为“实现”符合句意；而come in进来；come out出版；come on快点，加油。均与句意不符。故选B。

15．D

【解析】

句意：——Linda从不在晚上做作业。她做什么？——她在沙发上看电视。

考查否定句及动词时态。根据“What does she do”及“She … on the sofa”，可知，她在晚上不做作业，句中已有否定词never，第一个空直接填动词does即可。根据“What does she do”可知，答语也用一般现在时，主语she是第三人称，动词用三单形式，故选D。

16．B

17．C

18．D

19．D

20．A

21．B

22．A

23．C

24．B

25．C

【解析】

本文是Jim写信给Bill，介绍他在中国的生活情况。

16．

句意：让我告诉你关于我生活的一些事情。

friend朋友；life生活；school学校；family家人。根据下文描述，是在介绍自己的生活情况，故选B。

17．

句意：他是我的同学。

student学生；teacher老师；classmate同学；boy男孩。李雷的父母教作者英语，李雷应跟作者是平辈的，ABD不符合，他俩是同学关系，最符合句意，故选C。

18．

句意：他们对我非常友好。

happy开心的；cute可爱的；sorry抱歉的；friendly友好的。根据“They teach me Chinese”及“Mrs. Li often teaches…how to cook Chinese food”可知，李雷的父母对作者非常友好，故选D。

19．

句意：他们教我中文，我教他们英语。

but但是；so所以；or或者；and和。“They teach me Chinese”与“I teach them English”是并列关系，故选D。

20．

句意：现在我可以说一些中文。

some一些；many许多；a lot许多，副词；lot of错误表达。Chinese是不可数名词，many修饰可数名词的复数形式，some修饰可数名词或不可数名词，故选A。

21．

句意：李老师经常教我如何做中国食物。

them他们；me我；him他；us我们。根据“I like Chinese food very much”可知，是教“我”做中国食物，故选B。

22．

句意：我骑自行车去那。

bike自行车；bus公交车；train火车；plane飞机。根据“My school is not far”可知，学校不远，所以是去自行车到那，故选A。

23．

句意：我们的课在上午八点开始。

in后接某年某月某季节；from从；at后接具体时刻；on后接具体某一天。“eight”是具体的时间点，故选C。

24．

句意：放学后，我跟同学玩游戏。

in class在课堂上；after school放学后；in the room在教室里；at the gate在门口。根据“ I play games with my classmates”可知，放学后才会跟同学玩游戏，故选B。

25．

句意：我在那过得很开心。

day天；book书；time时间；week星期。固定搭配：have a good time“过得开心”，故选C。

26．C

27．A

28．B

29．B

30．C

【解析】

【导语】

本文主要介绍了三个学生的生活习惯。

26．

细节理解题。根据“And every day I play tennis for two hours with my friends.”可知，每天和朋友打两个小时的网球，故选C。

27．

细节理解题。根据“For lunch, I usually eat lots of hamburgers”可知，Alan通常午餐吃汉堡包，故选A。

28．

细节理解题。根据“I go to bed late, at about a quarter to eleven”可知，Alan大约十点四十五分去睡觉，故选B。

29．

细节理解题。根据“I never eat unhealthy (不健康的) food. Ice-cream tastes good but I never eat it”可知，因为冰淇淋是不健康的，故选B。

30．

细节理解题。根据“Every day I get up at six o’clock and go to bed at eight thirty”可知，Helen早睡早起，C表述正确，故选C。

31．A

32．B

33．B

34．C

35．D

【解析】

本文作者介绍了乘坐飞机，火车和汽车旅行的利与弊。

31．

细节理解题。根据“Many people like to travel by plane because it is fast”可知，许多人喜欢坐飞机旅行是它很快，故选A。

32．

细节理解题。根据“I know it takes a little more time”可知，火车花费的时间长一点，故选B。

33．

细节理解题。根据“I also like cars…Also you can take many things with you in a car”可知，开车旅行可以带许多东西，故选B。

34．

细节理解题。根据“But sometimes there are too many cars on the road”可知，开车旅行不好的一面就是车上太多的车辆，故选C。

35．

细节理解题。根据“but I don’t like it because an airport is usually far from the city”及“You have to get there early and wait for hours for the plane to take off and it is often late”可知，作者认为坐飞机要花许多时间提早到达机场，并在机场等候很久，故选D。

36．C

37．E

38．B

39．D

40．G

【解析】

这是A与B的对话。主要关于询问路线的对话。

36．

根据“Yes, please.”和“Could you tell me the way to the First People's Hospital?”可知，此句是一个一般疑问句，应该是在询问需要帮助吗，选项C“有什么我可以帮忙的吗？”符合语境。故选C。

37．

根据“Oh, it’s far from here.”和“About five miles.”可知，这里是在询问距离有多远，选项E“有多远呢？”符合语境。故选E。

38．

根据“Which bus should I take?”可知，这里应该是提出可以坐公交车过去，选项B “你可以乘坐公交车去那里。”符合语境。故选B。

39．

根据“It takes about 30 minutes.”可知，是在询问需要多长的时间，选项D“到那要多长时间？”符合语境。故选D。

40．

根据“Thanks for your help.”可知，这里应该说不客气，选项G“不客气。”符合语境。故选G。

41．boats

42．dream

43．hundred

44．afraid

45．cross

【解析】

41．句意：我能看到一些小船在岸上。

“小船”意为“boat”。some后接可数名词复数。故答案为boats。

42．句意：坚持你的梦想。有一天它会实现的。

“梦想”意为“dream”。根据题干中“it”可知要用单数形式。故答案为dream。

43．句意：看那边的桥。它有两百年历史了。

根据题干中“two h\_\_\_\_ years old”可推出此处要填一个以h开头的词与空前two一起构成个数字；由此推出要用hundred表示“百”，用于基数词后时没有词形变化。故答案为hundred。

44．句意：她不上索道，因为她非常害怕。

分析句子结构可知此处要用形容词作表语；结合句意“她不上索道，因为她非常害怕”及首字母a可推出要用afraid表示“害怕的”。故答案为afraid。

45．句意：当你穿过街道的时候，要小心。分析句子结构可知句中缺少谓语动词，结合句意“当你\_\_\_\_街道的时候，要小心”及首字母c可推出要用cross表示“穿过”；从句中主语“you”是第二人称，谓语动词用原形。故答案为cross。

【点睛】

根据句意及首字母提示填空题，做题时要根据句子结构线确定所需词性，然后结合句意和首字母推出所需词，最后根据语法对词汇做出变形。如第5小题，根据句子结构可知要用动词，再结合句意和首字母确定用cross，最后根据主语来确定谓语的形式，从而得出答案。

46．quickly`

47．cleans

48．funny

49．walk

50．either

【解析】

46．go home回家，动词短语，可用副词修饰；根据句意和汉语提示，可知填quickly。

47．every day每天，用于一般现在时，my aunt是单数第三人称，动词需用三单形式；根据句意和汉语提示，可知填cleans。

48．story故事，名词需用形容词修饰；根据句意和汉语提示，可知填funny。

49．take a walk散步，固定短语；根据句意和汉语提示，可知填walk。

50．either也，用于否定句或否定词组后以加强语气；根据句意和汉语提示，可知填either。

点睛：本题是单词拼写题。汉语意思括号里已经给出，可以先根据汉语短语确定单词，再根据前后面单词的词性或者结合句意结构确定用什么形式。

51．does

52．teeth

53．healthy

54．quickly

55．life/lives

【解析】

51．句意：他经常在晚饭后做作业。

根据often可知是一般现在时，因为主语是he，所以第三人称单数谓语动词加s，故填does。

52．句意：(吃) 太多糖果对你的牙齿有害。

根据常识可知这里是对一个人的所有牙齿，用复数，故填teeth。

53．句意：吉姆过健康的生活。

所给的是名词，分析句子可知句子的空白处单词修饰名词life，用形容词作定语，故填形容词healthy。

54．句意：天黑了。你应该快点回家。

所给单词quick是形容词，空格处的单词在第二句中修饰动词go用副词，故填quickly。

55．句意：他们喜欢他们的学校生活。

根据句意可知，既可以是他们共同的学校生活，也可能是各自的学校生活，所以可以填单数或复数，life复数形式是lives，故填life或者lives。

56．to join

57．draw

58．telling

59．play

60．sports

【解析】

56．Want后跟to do不定式。故答案为to join。

57．情态动词后跟动词原形，故答案为draw。

58．讲故事俱乐部是story telling club。故答案为telling。

59．Let’s后跟动词原形。故答案为play。

60．运动包是sports bag。故答案为sports。

61．His teachers and classmates.

62．Sports and music clubs.

63．A musician.

64．She can sing and play the guitar and violin.

65．On the weekend.

【解析】

本文是Tony写给Jack的一封信。信中介绍了Tony和好朋友Helen的学校生活。

61．

根据文章中的“I’m good with my teachers and classmates in this school”可知，Tony与老师和同学相处的很好，故填His teachers and classmates。

62．

根据文章中的“so I join two clubs. They are the sports club and the music club”可知，Tony加入了运动和音乐俱乐部，故填Sports and music clubs。

63．

根据文章中的“She says she wants to be a musician”可知，Helen想成为一名音乐家，故填A musician。

64．

根据文章中的“she is good at singing. She can play the guitar and violin”可知，Helen可以在音乐俱乐部唱歌、弹吉他和拉小提琴，故填She can sing and play the guitar and violin。

65．

根据文章中的“On the weekend she often plays tennis or volleyball with me”可知，Tony在周末打网球，故填On the weekend。

66．Possible version:

Dear Sandy,

Thank you for your letter. Now let me tell you something about my school life.

My name is Guo Yan. I am 13 years old. I am in Class One, Grade Seven in No 5 Middle

School. I usually go to school by bus. I have seven classes every weekday. In the morning I have four classes, in the afternoon I have three classes. My favorite subject is history. I think I can learn a lot from the past. In my spare time I like running.

What about your school life? Please write to me and tell me something about it.

Yours,

Guo Yan

【解析】

1、题干解读：该题目属于记叙文写作，但写作时要按信件的格式写。在写作时应承接短文开头，然后介绍自己的个人情况以及上学方式和最喜欢的课程及原因等，可适当发挥。

2、写作指导：本文应该以第一人称来叙述内容；时态采用一般现在时为主；介绍自己的个人情况以及上学方式和最喜欢的课程及原因时，应详细具体，语句通顺，逻辑性强。

