

2022 年广东省深圳市 27 校中考一模英语试题

英语 (2 月)

命题学校：翠园东晓中学

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审题人：彭进

本试卷分为第一部分（选择题）和第二部分（非选择题），第一部分为 1-35 题，共 50 分，第二部分为 36-45 题和书面表达，共 25 分。全卷共计 75 分。考试时间 75 分钟。 注意事项：

1. 答题前，请将学校、姓名、班级、考场和座位号写在答题卡指定位置，将条形码贴在答题卡指定位置。
2. 选择题答案，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动请用 2B 橡皮干净后，再涂其它答案，不能答在试题卷上。非选择题，答题不能超出题目指定区域。
3. 考试结束，监考人员将答题卡收回。

第一部分选择题（50 分）

一、完型填空（10 分）

阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将相应的字母编号涂黑。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分）

Once upon a time, there lived a wise man. Everyone respected him. His son, however, was very lazy and did nothing all day.

The wise man 1. _____ his son's future. One day, he said to his son, "I want you to go find some 2. _____. I have drawn a map to guide you." Then he handed his son a bag. Inside the bag were clothes, some food, a little money and the map.

The son 3. _____ on his long journey the next day. He had to travel across forests, rivers and mountains. Along the way, he met a lot of people. He was helped by some with food and by some with shelter（住所）. He also 4. _____ robbers（强盗）who tried to rob him. He saw changing landscapes and experienced different kinds of weather.

Finally, after a long year, he reached the treasure's location. He spent days looking and digging for the treasure, but he found 5. _____.

He felt 6. _____ and headed back to his home. On his way back, he experienced the same changing landscapes and 7. _____. Sometimes, he would stop to enjoy the beauty of nature. He also learned to hunt and make meals. He had to fix his own clothes and shelter himself. He met the same people who had helped him 8. _____. This time, he stayed and helped them in return.

When he reached home, he 9. _____ to his father for not finding the treasure.

"There wasn't any treasure in the very first place, my son,, the father answered with a smile. "10. _____ I think you have found your life's true purpose."

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. was satisfied with | B. was concerned about | C. was ashamed of | D. was confident in |
| 2. A. jobs | B. clothes | C. treasure | D. maps |
| 3. A. got off | B. set off | C. put off | D. took off |
| 4. A. came up | B. came through | C. came across | D. came along |
| 5. A. nothing | B. anything | C. everything | D. something |
| 6. A. excited | B. annoyed | C. disappointed | D. embarrassed |
| 7. A. seasons | B. Robbers | C. mountains | D. people |
| 8. A. later | B. finally | C. suddenly | D. earlier |
| 9. A. replied | B. apologized | C. talked | D. wrote |
| 10. A. Because | B. So | C. Although | D. But |

二、阅读理解（40 分）

第一节阅读下列短文，从下面每小題的 A、B、C、D 四个选项选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将相应的字母编号涂黑。（共 15 小題，每小題 1.5 分）

A



SHENZHEN will make full use of its 50 natural beaches to build high-quality (高质量的) coastal (沿海的) public spaces, according to the city's beach protection and management measures (措施).

At present, Shenzhen has a total of 50 natural beaches, mainly in eastern Yantian District and Dapeng New Area. Among them, 28 beaches are put under management, 10 are designed *for* bathing, such as Dameisha and Xiaomeisha, and 12 are *for* leisure (休闲).

Beaches *for* bathing and leisure must gain the right of use of the sea area. Beaches with bathing areas can charge (收费) admissions and should set up public service facilities.

Beaches for leisure purposes must be open to the public free of charge. These beaches can be included in the city's park management system. Those put under management will not offer public services, according to the measures.

The measures also state that beach resources should be protected and cannot be occupied by any organization and/or individual (个人). Permanent (永久性的) buildings are not allowed to be built along protected coastlines.

At present, the city's coastline extends for 260.5 kilometers, including a 100.4-kilometer natural coastline and 160.1-kilometer artificial (人工的) coastline, which meets the provincial requirement of no less than 35 percent natural coastline retention rate (保持率), according to the Shenzhen Municipal Planning and Natural Resources Bureau.

11. Why will Shenzhen take measures to make good use of its natural beaches?

- A. Because the city doesn't have enough natural beaches under management.

- B. Because the city hopes to set up excellent public service along its coastlines.
 C. Because the city needs some beach protection and management measures.
 D. Because the city gets the right of use of the natural beaches.
12. According to the news, how many beaches for bathing in Shenzhen are put under management?
 A. 50 B. 28 C. 10 D. 12
13. The following statements are true EXCEPT _____
 A. Beaches for leisure purposes can charge fee for public service.
 B. Permanent buildings can't be built along protected coastlines.
 C. There is a 260.5-kilometer coastline in Shenzhen.
 D. Shenzhen meets the requirement of natural coastline retention rate.
14. What does the underlined word "occupied" in the fifth paragraph probably mean?
 A. sold out B. visited C. taken up D. protected
15. Where can you probably read the passage?
 A. In a poster B. In a newspaper C. In a novel D. In a fashion magazine

B

When I was a child, there was a pot of butterfly flowers in my room. I often stood on the bench (凳子) and looked at them for a long time. I couldn't help but have a big question mark in my heart: These were such beautiful flowers, but they had no sweet smell. What a pity! So, after thinking about it, I had a wonderful idea and decided to do something for them.

One day, when my parents were not at home, I picked a bottle of perfume from my mother's dressing table. Then I unscrewed (拧开) the bottle cap and sprayed (喷) perfume on the flowers evenly. I was happy that I finally helped the flowers and started to imagine that when my parents came back home, they would be amazed at my brilliant idea. But to my surprise, after a few days, the flowers slowly lost vitality and their petals (花瓣) withered (枯萎). Finally, they died from absorbing the perfumed ethyl alcohol (乙醇). I cried and realized my behavior was ill-considered.

Although butterfly flowers are beautiful, they have no sweet smell. Just like us, they are not perfect, with both advantages and disadvantages. We can't impose (把.....强加于) our own ideas on other things and just look at the surface of things. We should learn the laws of nature when we want to give help or improve our own lives.

16. The writer sprayed perfume on the flowers to _____.
 A. make the flowers more beautiful B. make the flowers smells sweet
 C. make the flowers wither quickly D. make her parents amazed
17. According to the passage, how did the writer feel when the flowers died?
 A. surprised B. excited C. sick D. sad
18. Why does the writer think the butterfly flowers are just like us?
 A. Because they are beautiful though they have no sweet smell.
 B. Because they have advantages and disadvantages.

- C. Because they are natural and perfect.
 D. Because they look at the surface of things.
19. Which word can be used to describe the writer?
 A. creative but cruel B. polite but stupid
 C. kind and hard-working D. curious and thoughtful
20. What's the writer's intention of the last paragraph?
 A. To tell us butterfly flowers have no sweet smell.
 B. To ask us to impose our thoughts on other things.
 C. To encourage us to consider the laws of nature.
 D. To improve our lives by avoiding the disadvantages.

C

Climate change is a big problem humans are facing. How can we deal with it? Reducing carbon emissions (碳排放) is important. But what if we could capture carbon dioxide (CO₂) from the air and use it to do other things?

Recently, SpaceX founder Elon Musk said that his company is working on a new program. It's going to take CO₂ out of the air and turn it into rocket fuel.

It will not only be good for Earth, but "will also be important for Mars," Musk tweeted. The air on Mars is made up of 95 percent CO₂. If we could turn CO₂ into fuel, we could travel the long journey from Mars back to Earth in the future.

The idea may sound strange but it's not totally crazy. There are already some technologies that might help with this. According to Di-Jia Liu, a chemist at the Argonne National Laboratory in the US, the carbon atoms (原子) in CO₂ and the hydrogen (氢) atoms in water can be combined to make methane (甲烷) or ethanol (乙醇). They could be used as fuel. If we do this on Mars, energy from the sun might be used as a catalyst (催化剂).

The idea will also make space travel more eco-friendly. "If the CO₂-based fuel could be used in a rocket launch, we could prevent 715 tons of CO₂ from being emitted into the air," said Stafford Sheehan from Air Company, a US company that focuses on CO₂ capture technologies.

21. What is SpaceX working on?
 A. Reducing CO₂ emissions. B. Building a new rocket.
 C. Turning CO₂ into fuel. D. Traveling long distances on Mars.
22. What advantage will the program bring if it succeeds?
 A. It will take energy from the sun
 B. It will take 95 percent of CO₂ out of the air
 C. It will make it easier to travel from Mars to Earth
 D. It will create free catalysts for chemical experiments
23. What is Paragraph 4 mainly about?
 A. How CO₂ can be turned into fuel.
 B. Where CO₂ can be taken.
 C. Why the program should be carried on Mars.

- ## 第二节短文填空

- A. Philosophy can also help us in our daily lives.
- B. This way, they can make changes if it is wrong.
- C. It celebrates the importance and role of philosophy in our lives.
- D. Philosophy, in fact, is not far from our minds. *
- E. They might sound simple, but they can be quite difficult to answer.
- F. No one questioned if it was right or wrong.

World Philosophy Day is on the third Thursday of November each year. This year, it fell on Nov 18. 27 _____

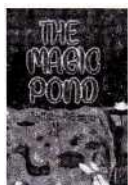
Looking back, philosophy has encouraged social development. For thousands of years, people did what they were told to. 29. _____ But 2,500 years ago, Greek philosopher Socrates started to ask "Why?" Thanks to him and many other philosophers, society changed for the better.

初三英语第5页共8页

第三节信息匹配

下面的材料 **A-F** 是关于六本小说的简介, 请根据五位学生的爱好与需求, 帮他们选 出最适合阅读的书籍, 在答题卡中选择填涂相应的字母。(共 5 小题, 每小题 1.5 分)

A: Author Helene Schweiger tells a story of finding magic in her book *The Magic Pond*. The children in the book get into some supernatural (超自然的) trouble. They⁹11 need help to get things back to normal.



B: Sally, Andrew and Robin have plenty of challenges during the adventure. Will their bravery and friendship be enough to leave the swamp (沼泽) alive? Read the book *Swampfire: A Shockoe Slip Gang Adventure!*



C: Paula Rawsthorne, author of novel *The New Boy*, talks about the possible future of AI (人工智育自) and how it will relate to humans. Although AI helps us a lot, it may also become a problem.



D: *The Book of Boy*, written by Catherine Murdock, is a great fantasy novel with rich imagery (意象). The main character, Boy, is often bullied by other kids because of his looks. The story teaches readers to see others and themselves in a new light.



E: What will happen after people die? *The Great Blue Yonder*, by UK writer Alex Shearer, explains some of it. The book can make people think about the importance of showing love to others.



F: Noodle, who has been trained to be a "world-famous Helper Dog", is the main character in the children's novel *Noodle Helps Gabriel Say Goodbye*. In the book, Noodle tells readers that "helping people is what I was bom to do.,,



31. Betty likes reading adventurous stories. She enjoys overcoming difficulties through wisdom and teamwork.
32. Tracy shows great interest in animal stories. She thinks animals are human's great helpers.
33. Ellie is crazy about science fiction. She is curious about how robots will be like in the future.
34. Henry's grandpa passed away weeks ago. He is sad and feels confused why he has lost such a loving

man.

35. Jimmy often feels ashamed of his looks. He doesn't have any confidence in himself and always complains about the people around him.

第二部分非选择题 (25 分)

三、语法填空 (10 分)

阅读下面短文，在空格处填入一个适当的词或使用括号中的词语的正确形式填空，并将答案填在答题卡规定的位置上。 (共 10 小题，每题 1 分)

I had to stay in China for more than a year because of the COVID-19 pandemic (传染病). Several weeks ago, I finally went back to my school in the UK.

The school 36. _____ (make) many rules to deal with the virus (病毒) since the pandemic. For example, all students must wear masks when going to school. Boarders (住宿生) need to have their temperature 37. _____ (take) every morning. There is sanitizer (消毒液) everywhere on campus. Classrooms are 38. _____ (full) sanitized (消毒) after each lesson.

The dining hall rule has changed as well. 39/ _____ (keep) students from different grades apart (分开的), we need to stay in our classroom for about 25 minutes first and then line up for about 30 minutes. However, some students don't follow 40. _____ rule and still chat with each other.

Students can play sports 41. _____ usual, except for sports like soccer, rugby and hockey 42. _____ have close contact. We must also take COVID-19 tests 43. _____ (two) a week.

Although there are still about 2,000 new cases in the UK every day, I'm not that 44. _____ (worry) because my school has strict rules to deal with it. My dormitory (宿舍) is one of the safest 45. _____ (place), as there are still zero cases now.

四、书面表达 (15 分)

假定你是鹏城中学学生会主席李华，你的学校上学期开展了丰富的课后延时服务课程，其中由学校外教 Mr. Blair 负责的英语特色课程特别受同学们喜爱。校长想让你代表参加该课程的学生给 Mr. Blair 写一封感谢信，请根据以下提示完成信件。

要点：1. 写信目的：表达感谢与喜爱

2. 回忆课堂活动（至少两个）及收获

3. 期待与希望

参考词汇：：课后服务 after-school service

要求：

1. 80 字左右，开头已给出，不计入总词数内；
2. 文中不得出现真实姓名和校名；
3. 可适当增加细节，以使条理清楚、行文连贯；
4. 标点正确，书面整洁。

Dear Mr. Blair,

I'm Li Hua from the students' union. I'm writing to _____

Yours,
Li Hua.

