

**2021学年宁波市海曙区东恩中学八年级下学期期中英语试题**

**听力部分（15分）**

**Ⅰ. 听小对话, 选择答案（共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分）**

1. Where did the man go?

A. Hangzhou. B. Beijing. C. Qingdao.

2. Who does Bob want to visit?

A. The sick children. B. The sick grandma. C. The sick teacher.

3. What was the boy doing when his mother came home?

A. Washing clothes. B. Listening to music. C. Doing his homework.

4. What does Mom want Jim to do?

A. Clean the floor. B. Walk the dog. C. Watch the show.

5. How often does the boy read storybooks?

A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Twice a month.

**II. 听长对话，回答问题（共5小题; 每小题1分，满分5分）**

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第6至第7两小题。

6. What is wrong with Tom?

A. He has a fever. B. He has a cold. C. He has a sore throat.

7. What will Lily do after school?

A. Help Tom with math. B. Send Tom to hospital. C. Buy some food for Tom.

听下面一段较长的对话，回答第8~10三小题。

8. How did Peter go home yesterday?

A. By bike. B. By bus. C. By subway.

9. What happened to Peter yesterday?

A. He missed the bus. B. He was caught in the rain. C. He dropped the soup.

10. Why did the girl call Peter last night?

A. To chat with him. B. To cheer him up. C. To ask for help.

**III. 听短文，回答问题（共5小题; 每小题1分，满分5分）**

11. Where did the son and his father have dinner?

A. At home. B. In the office. C. In the restaurant.

12. Why did the father drop his food on his clothes at table?

A. He ate too much. B. He didn’t like the food. C. He was old and unhealthy.

13. How did other people feel about the old father?

A. Friendly. B. Warm. C. Uncomfortable.

14. What did the son do after they had dinner?

A. He took his father home.

B. He took his father to the clothes store.

C. He took his father to the washroom.

15. What did the old man think of the son?

A. Kind. B. Brave. C. Rude.

**笔试部分（85分）**

**Ⅳ.完形填空（共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分）**

When a fire alarm rings, you know it! The sound makes you realize the 16\_\_\_\_\_\_. What if you were deaf? How would you know if an alarm 17 \_\_\_\_\_\_, or if someone knocked on your door? If you took a walk 18\_\_\_\_\_\_a busy street, you wouldn't hear the sound of a car coming at you. A signal dog could help you with all of these things!

Signal dogs are also called hearing ear dogs. They help people who are deaf by acting 19\_\_\_\_\_\_their owners' "ears". They know 20\_\_\_\_\_\_to do when they hear certain sounds. These dogs can learn up to eight sounds, 21\_\_\_\_\_\_ sounds from sirens（警报器）, doorbells, and crying babies.

Babies cry at night for many reasons. They might be hungry, 22\_\_\_\_\_\_, or wet. When they cry, the sound is pitiful! Even very sleepy parents will wake up quickly to help. But what if a mom and dad can't hear? That's when a signal dog can help. The dog can 23\_\_\_\_\_\_wake his owner up. He might 24\_\_\_\_\_\_him with his nose, or pull at his night clothes. When his 25\_\_\_\_\_\_wakes up, the dog runs to the baby. The dog may sit down near the baby's bed. If his owner doesn't 26\_\_\_\_\_\_, the dog does it again. The dog will run back and forth 27\_\_\_\_\_\_his owner takes action. A signal dog does different things for each sound it knows.

People can train many 28\_\_\_\_\_\_and kinds of hearing ear dogs. They look different and may not all move with beauty and grace, but all signal dogs are smart! Large dogs are 29\_\_\_\_\_\_in public places because they won't get step pennon（踩到）. Small dogs, however, can jump on your lap. Why is that important? Because signal dogs are more than just "ears". They are also 30\_\_\_\_\_\_

16．A. difficulty B. danger C. death D. accident

17．A. put off B. took off C. went off D. got off

18．A. about B. away C. above D. across

19．A. as B. with C. of D. from

20．A. why B. when C. how D. what

21．A. meaning B. borrowing C. including D. depending

22．A. excited B. lonely C. cheerful D. strong

23．A. quickly B. slowly C. suddenly D. recently

24．A. pull B. push C. pick D. throw

25．A. father B. mother C. parent D. owner

26．A. stand B. follow C. imagine D. return

27．A. while B. after C. until D. because

28．A. colors B. shapes C. sizes D. heights

29．A. worst B. worse C. better D. best

30．A. animals B. volunteers C. experts D. friends

**V.阅读理解（共15小题；每小题2分，满分30分）**

阅读下列短文，然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳选项。

**A**

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| To realize the value (价值) of ONE YEAR,  Ask the student who has failed a class.  To realize the value of ONE MONTH,  Ask a mother who gave birth to a premature baby.  To realize the value of ONE WEEK,  Ask the editor of a weekly newspaper.  To realize the value of ONE HOUR,  Ask the lovers who are waiting to meet.  To realize the value of ONE MINUTE,  Ask a person who missed the train.  To realize the value of ONE SECOND,  Ask a person who just avoided an accident.  To realize the value of ONE MILLISECOND,  Ask the person who won a silver medal (银牌)in the Olympics.  Treasure every moment that you have!  Yesterday is history, Tomorrow is ▲ .  Today is a gift. That’s why it’s called the present. |

31. This is a .

A. story B. notice C. poem D. letter

32. Which of the following words can be put in ▲ ?

A. mystery B. trouble C. mess D. difficulty

33. What’s the best title for the passage above?

A. Bright Future B. Time

C. One Minute D. Yesterday and Tomorrow

**B**

Dear Donna,

I’m a 15-year-old middle school student in New York. In eight months, I’m going to take an entrance exam (入学考试). To prepare for it, I’m studying six hours a day. I want to do it well, but I’m really stressed out these days. I can’t sleep well. What can I do?

Yours,

Mary

Dear Mary,

Many students around the world have the same problem as you. Here is some advice to help you with the stress.

◆Make a study plan for yourself. Don’t study for too long in one day. You can remember

more by studying one hour each for six days than six hours in one day. Also, don’t study late at night.

◆Have a rest for 15 to 20 minutes every two hours. Go outside and take a walk. Doing exercise is a great way to **reduce** stress.

◆Don’t have a lot of sugar or drink a lot of coffee. Eat food high in vitamin (维生素) B (for example, eggs, milk, green vegetables and rice). These will give you energy (能量) and help you think more clearly.

◆Study together with others. It can help you prepare for the test. When you’re worried about the exam, you can talk to your friends or classmates. This can reduce stress, too.

May my advice help you. Good Luck!

Yours,

Donna

34. What is Mary’s problem?

A. She is so worried and can’t have good sleep. B. She can’t pass the exam.

C. She can’t communicate with others. D. She can’t study English well.

35. Donna thinks Mary’s problem is .

A. great B. common C. wonderful D. serious

36. The underlined word “reduce” in the material probably means “ ”.

A. make something less B. make something more

C. put off something D. look for something

37. In which column of the newspaper can we find this material?

A. Arts B. Jobs C. Sports D. Health

**C**

A man made a nice talking machine. It could weigh people’s weight. The man wanted to try the machine before he could make a lot of machines. He put the machine into the waiting room of a station. There were always lots of people in and out.

The first one who used the machine was an Indian woman. She stood on the machine, and the machine thought for a few seconds to decide which language to speak.

“Good morning, Madam.” it said in Indian. “Your weight is 72 kilograms. That’s three kilometers more. If you eat more fruit and vegetables, you will soon be all right. Please have a nice day.”

The second one to use the machine was a Chinese girl. She stood on the machine and waited to hear her weight.

“Good morning, Miss.” the machine said in Chinese. “Your weight is 45 kilograms. It’s all right for your age. Keep eating what you eat every day. Please have a nice day.”

The third one to use the machine was a very fat American woman. She thought for a long time to stand on the machine. The machine spoke quickly in English. “Good morning. Will one of you get off?”

38. The man put his first machine\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. in the station B. on a train

C. in the doctor’s waiting room D. in the old people’s home

39. The machine in this passage could\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. weigh and talk to people B. tell people what they should eat

C. only speak English D. make people laugh

40. The machine told the Chinese girl that she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. should eat more B. should eat less

C. had to eat more fruit D. stayed healthy

41. How was the American woman?

A. She was under great pressure.

B. She was completely shocked.

C. She was much heavier than the machine expected.

D. She was worried about her toothache.

**D**

Mobile homes (移动房屋), pulled by specially designed trucks, have been increasing (增长) in numbers all over the United States. Often, driving along, you can see some mobile homes high on the hill. Some stand under trees along a river or a lake. They’re wonderfully built homes. Sometimes they’re as much as 40 feet long, with two to five rooms, and you can find many things you need in them. When you part your mobile home, water, electricity power and telephones are connected, and you can enjoy yourselves there. The fact that these homes can be moved doesn’t mean that they do move all the time. Sometimes their owners stay for years in one place, plant gardens, build walls and so on. These homes are quite expensive. Some even cost $20,000.

Why does a family choose to live in such a home? Well, it’s comfortable, easy to keep clean, easy to keep warm, no need to paint. What’s more, the fast increase of mobile homes in numbers has something to do with the job uncertainty. Nobody knows what will happen tomorrow. If a factory closes down, you may be trapped with the house you can’t sell. However, if you have a mobile home, you can move easily.

The greatest selling attraction (吸引) of these mobile homes is that they can be improved every year. If you are doing well, you may change a new model just as you do with a car. There is a ready market for used ones, so the price of the mobile homes is higher than that of cars.

42. From the passage we know that mobile homes .

A. can be built better than our homes B. need to move all the time

C. can provide (提供) something people need D. must stand only high on a hill

43. is one of the reasons for people to choose mobile homes.

A. The job uncertainty B. The strange design

C. The low price D. The high speed (速度)

44. Which of the following may NOT attract people to buy mobile home?

A. The new model appears every year. B. Walls can be easily built around them.

C. They don’t need to be painted. D. They can be moved here and there.

45. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

A. How to Choose a Mobile Home

B. What Is the Mobile Home Like

C. The Uses of Mobile Homes

D. The Popular Mobile Homes in the USA

**VI. 任务型阅读（每小题1分，满分5分）**

借鉴别人的学习方法是提高学习的捷径之一。请仔细阅读46-50小题中有些学生的经验介绍及下面六条学习秘诀（A、B、C、D、E和F），并一一配对。其中有一项是多余选项。

46. When a teacher asks Denis to do a lot of homework, he usually draws up a timetable, dividing the homework into small parts. “It’s like eating a steak (牛排)，he says, “You chew it one bite at a time.”

47. One student put a vocabulary list in the bathroom. He learned a new word every day while brushing his teeth. Another student used the time to remember Chinese poems while waiting for a bus.

48. In high school, Mike ran track, played football and was in the school band. “I was so busy that I couldn’t waste time looking for a pencil or missing paper. I kept everything right where I could put my hands on it,” he says.

49. In an international class, Chinese students got higher grades than other students. The teacher found that the Chinese students discussed homework problems together, tried different ways to work out the problems and explained solutions to each other.

50. Li Lan is an excellent student at Xiaoshi Middle School. If her math teacher asks her to solve five problems, she does ten. If her Chinese teacher asks her to read six pages, she reads twelve. “Part of learning is practicing,” she says. “And the more you practice, the more you learn.”

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| A. Do more than you are asked.  B. Study anywhere or everywhere.  C. Study together.  D. Make yourself busy.  E. Schedule (安排) your time.  F. Get your things in order. |

**Ⅶ. 词汇运用(本题共有15个小题,每小题1分,共计15分)**

1. **根据句意及汉语提示完成单词。（每空一词）。**

51. Mike’s words \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(意思是) that we had to take a break.

52. My brother had trouble \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(平躺) down so I helped him.

53. I planned to lend Jim my bike, but I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(完全地) forgot it.

54. He arrived early for the meeting as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(通常).

55. His \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(意见,看法) are similar to yours but different from mine.

56. They are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(募集,征集) money to help the poor.

57. I heard that a car \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(击,打,碰撞) a tall tree, but luckily, no one got hurt.

58. I want to hand out \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(通知) to tell students about the sports meeting.

59. The restaurant always \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(提供) us with delicious food when I was working near it.

60. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(既然) you live in one house, you’re supposed to do the housework together.

**B.阅读短文，用方框内所给单词的正确形式填空，每词限用一次。**

somebody listen they be love

Man: This morning I'm talking with a very wonderful young man, Jimmy, the Bike Boy. Good morning, Jimmy.

Jimmy: Good morning.

Man: So, Jimmy, tell our 61\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ what you do.

Jimmy: Well, I find or buy old bikes that 62\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wants. Then I fix up the bikes and give them away to kids who don't have enough money to buy 63\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ own bikes.

Man: That's fantastic. What gave you the idea?

Jimmy: I guess I take after my father. He 64\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_to help people. He always volunteers to help people in need.

Man: Wow! Your parents must 65\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ proud of you.

Jimmy: I guess so. But now I've run out of money, so I can't buy any more old bikes.

Man: Oh, that's too bad.

Jimmy: Yeah. I need to come up with some way of getting money or I'll have to stop.

**VIII.语法填空（本题共有10个小题，每小题1分，共计10分）**

**阅读下面的短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，在空格处填入一个适当的词或使用括号中词语的正确形式填空。**

I work in a cleaning company. Usually people call us, and we give them house cleaning service.

One day, I got a call from a man named Jim. “I want to help an old man. He just had surgery(手术). Can I pay for it without 66\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(let) him know?” he asked. Then he explained to us 67\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ he wanted to help him. This old man is Jim's neighbor, Mr. Brown. He lived alone and just returned 68\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the hospital. There was still something 69\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with his leg. His house was 70\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a mess, but he couldn't do any housework. Even 71\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(sweep) the floor was difficult for him. So Jim offered 72\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(help) Mr. Brown and he said he didn’t want to bring the old man any pressure.

The next day, we went to Mr. Brown's house. 73\_\_\_\_\_\_\_we promised Jim not to tell his name, we didn't tell too much to Mr. Brown. He was touched by the gift from someone he didn't know. Sometimes we don't expect to depend 74\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ others, as we are afraid of making them get into trouble. 75\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, there is always someone who cares for you and tries his best to help you.

**Ⅸ.书面表达（共10分）**

为了进一步增强中学生的安全意识,提高他们的自我保护能力,学校下周将开展以安全为主题的英语演讲比赛.请你根据以下要点提示写一篇演讲稿.

ask for help when in danger

make friends carefully

**How to keep safe?**

……

eat safely

要求：(1)短文必须包括图中所有要点，可再增加1―2条，适当发挥。

(2)文中不能出现真实姓名和校名。语言流畅，书写美观。

(3)词数80左右。首句已给出，不计入总词数。

As we all know, safety is very important for us students.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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**参考答案**

一．听力 略

二．完形填空

16-20BCDAD 21-25CBABD 26-30BCCCD

三．阅读理解

31-33CAB 34-37ABAD 38-41AADC 42-45CABD

四．任务型阅读

46-50EBFCA

五．词汇运用

51.meant 52.lying 53.completely 54.usual 55.opinions

56 raising 57.hit 58.notices 59.provided 60.Since

61.listeners 62.nobody 63.their 64.loves 65. be

六．词汇运用

66.letting 67.why 68.from 69.wrong 70.in

71.sweeping 72.to help 73.Since 74.on 75.However

七．书面表达

As teenagers, we should always keep safety in mind. But how can we keep safe? Here are some of my suggestions.

First, we should be careful when we make friends, especially on line. Second, if we are in danger, we must call the police for help in time so that we can keep ourselves safe. Also, we ought to eat healthily and safely. Eating food that goes bad will do harm to our health. Last but not least, summer is coming, and we must remember it‘s dangerous to swim in the river.

In short, safety must come first！