

乐平市 2021—2022 学年度下学期阶段性评价 (一)

九年级英语

命题: 王歆梅 审校: 汪金妹

一、听力测试(20 分)

现在是试听时间。请听一段对话, 然后回答问题。

What is the boy going to buy?

A. Some juice. B. Some oranges. C. Some apples. 答案是 C。

A) 请听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给出的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都将有10秒钟回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

- () 1. What does the boy mean?
A. He liked the game very much. B. He didn't watch the game.
C. He thinks the game was too boring.
- () 2. When will the boy probably take the math exam?
A. Tomorrow. B. Saturday C. Next week.
- () 3. How long did the concert last?
A. Two hours B. Four hours. C. Six hours.
- () 4. When is it now according to the dialogue?
A. 9:00. B. 9: 20. C. 8:40
- () 5. What does the boy mean?
A. He will go shopping with the girl.
B. The girl likes going shopping.
C. He can't go shopping with the girl.

B) 请听下面4段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给出的A、B、C三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题5秒钟; 听完后, 各小题给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

请听第1段材料, 回答第6、7小题。

- () 6. Who is going to have a party?
A. Jack B. Gina C. Lily
- () 7. Where will they have the party?
A. In the classroom. B. In the meeting-room. C. In the dining hall.

请听第2段材料, 回答第8、9小题。

- () 8. What will Marry do on Volunteer Day?
A. To cheer the sick kids up. B. To work as a doctor C. To help the old in hospital
- () 9. What would Mike do tomorrow?
A. Cleaning up the parks B. Visiting the hospital C. Helping the police

请听第3段材料, 回答第10-12小题。

- () 10. What's the matter with the man?
A. He has a toothache B. He has a headache C. He has a stomachache.
- () 11. How long does he have the matter?
A. For a week. B. For three days. C. For about two days.
- () 12. How should he take the medicine?
A. Before meals B. Twice a day C. Three times a day.

请听第4段材料, 回答第13-15小题。

- () 13. Who got the first prize in the English competition?
A. Eric. B. Alice C. Lucy.
- () 14. How many English classes does Alice have every week?
A. Only one. B. Five. C. Nine.



- ()15. What can we get from the conversation?
 A. Eric won the first prize yesterday.
 B. Alice never reads English in the morning.
 C. Alice is good at English now.

C)请听下面一段独白, 根据独白内容完成下列句子, 每个空格不超过 3 个单词。听独白前你将有50 秒钟的时间阅读句子内容。独白读两遍。

16. National Museum of China _____ Tian'an men Square.
 17. There are many old _____ and some new ones on show in the museum.
 18. You can't _____, touch the inventions or take photos in it.
 19. You can't visit the museum on _____.
 20. The museum is open for about _____ hours .

二、单项填空(8 分)

- ()21. After seeing the movie The Battle at Lake Changjin(长津湖), I do _____ feel proud of our country.
 A. politely B. calmly C. simply D. deeply
- ()22. Smart phones make a big _____ to our life, but it also make it possible for people to be "Heads-down Tribe" (低头族) .
 A. difference B. dependence C. difficulty D. sentence
- ()23. She often helps _____ water and food to those people in need in the Rescue Station.
 A. give out B. give off C. put out D. take off
- ()24. You can't be Eileen Gu(谷爱凌), _____ you practise skiing day and night. She is unique(独特的).
 A. as if B. even if C. so D. until
- ()25. The Chinese students in Ukraine(乌克兰) _____ back home by plane from China. They are safe now.
 A. took B. are taking C. have been taken D. will be taken
- ()26. -Mom, I got a box from the Shentong Express(快递), what's in it?
 - I'm not sure. I bought so many things on line this week, it _____ be your shoes.
 A. should B. must C. could D. need
- ()27. —Would you like to see a movie with me on Saturday night?
 —Sorry, I didn't _____ it. Could you please say it again?
 A. receive B. catch C. find D. finish
- ()28. -What? You don't know who won the game? You are watching the game!
 - Sorry, I _____ with my phone.
 A. played B. play C. had played D. was playing

三、完形填空 (26 分)

A)请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各小题所给的A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入相应空白处的最佳选项, 并写在答题卷上。(15 分)

If Max was staying with his cousin Jeff by the sea. Every day, the boys went to the beach and played football or went fishing. But one day, they 29 on the sand and stared (凝视) across the sea at a small island in the distance. No one lived on the island and the boys had 30 been there.

"I'd like to explore that island," said Max.

"Let's 31 my brother's boat and go there," said Jeff.

"We'll be back before he finds out!"

The boys 32 to the island and left the boat on the sand. They climbed trees, swam in the river and found some caves (山洞) . 33 , they decided to go home, but when they went back to the boat, it wasn't there! The boys were 34 .



"What are we going to do?" asked Max. "35 knows we're here!"

"Let's make a fire," said Jeff. "Someone will see the 36."

"But we haven't got any 37," said Max.

"We can hit two rocks together to make a fire. 38 on! It's easy." But it was dark before the boys had a fire.

Suddenly, there was a splash (扑通声) of water.

The boys stared across the sea. A 39 shape was coming towards them.

"Run!" shouted Max.

"Hey!" said a voice. "Don't you want to go home?" Jeff's 40 was standing on the beach next to the missing boat.

"How did you find us?" asked Jeff 41.

"I saw the boat moving slowly near the 42, so I swam out to get it. Then I saw your smoke and I realized what happened."

"That was lucky," said Jeff.

"Yes, but next time," said Jeff's brother, 43 they rowed back, "tell me before you take my boat out and always tie it to a tree!"

- | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|
| () 29. A. lay | B. sit | C. plays | D. stood |
| () 30. A. always | B. sometimes | C. never | D. seldom |
| () 31. A. buy | B. use | C. sell | D. bring |
| () 32. A. drove | B. rode | C. flied | D. rowed |
| () 33. A. At last | B. In a moment | C. At first | D. In a minute |
| () 34. A. pleasant | B. silent | C. afraid | D. alone |
| () 35. A. Somebody | B. Anyone | C. Everyone | D. Nobody |
| () 36. A. smoke | B. fire | C. boat | D. light |
| () 37. A. friends | B. matches | C. medicine | D. paper |
| () 38. A. Come | B. Carry | C. Look | D. Keep |
| () 39. A. bright | B. dark | C. colorful | D. strange |
| () 40. A. father | B. mother | C. brother | D. sister |
| () 41. A. surprisedly | B. tiredly | C. sadly | D. hungrily |
| () 42. A. sea | B. sand | C. tree | D. coast |
| () 43. A. if | B. though | C. as | D. because |

B) 请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后用方框中所给的词的正确形式填空, 并将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。每个词限用一次。(11分)

suddenly beautiful everyone surprise be smile look although come we serious

There is a sunflower in my yard. Everyone in my family loves it. It 44 into my life three years ago.

At that time, my husband, my son and I just moved into 45 new house, and we were so happy. Soon we decided to clean up the yard to give it a new 46. We tried our best to move the stones and weeds (野草) which grew there. After five hours of hard work, we almost got it done. The yard work appeared to be a success, because 47 in my family looked excited.

48, when my son reached one corner of the yard, he found a sunflower standing tall out of many stones. "Come and look at this," he called out excitedly. We ran over and looked at it with great 49. It didn't let big stones stand in its way of growing. 50 it was a little plant. It was 51 to the difficulties.

"Mom, I want to be like a sunflower," said my son.

"Why?" I smiled at him.

"Even in the darkest days, it stands tall to find the sunlight," he said, with a 52 look on his face.

In our eyes, it is the most 53 part in the yard. So we let the sunflower 54 there.



四、阅读理解(46分)

A)请阅读下面短文,根据短文内容从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项,并写在答题卷上。

A

Beijing Social Chinese Speaking Salons
Room No.240 Entrance B
Zuanhegongguan Building No. 1, Xizhimen, Beijing
Every Saturday from 2: 00 p.m. to 4: 00 p. m
Free drinks and Wi-Fi

It's a mixed gathering of local Chinese and foreigners in Beijing where people from different countries can learn each other's cultures and practice Chinese. A great place to make new friends, practice Chinese and have fun.

Open Lecture: All About Interior Design
Nov. 20, Monday 15: 30 p. m. --18: 00 p. m
Raffles Academy, Beijing

Are you a student who wants to know more about this designing field? Or are you looking for more design ideas for your own house, office or shop?

Sharing is caring! Everyone is welcome to join in this open lecture!

In this open lecture, our speaker Daniel Lee will share with us the basic information.

Chinese Corner
798 Art Zone, Beijing
20 RMB(Drinks not included)

If you want to practice Chinese, you can join us at 3: 00 p. m. every Sunday. You can talk in Chinese and learn some new words and play games. After the event, you can also have fun with other joiners to enjoy some art in 798!

If you are interested, please call us at 13581635000.

- () 55. What can we know about Chinese Corner?
- A. There are 20 joiners B. Games are included
C. It is a monthly event. D. Drinks are free.
- () 56. What do the three events have in common ?
- A. They all offer free Wi-Fi . B. They are all held on weekends.
C. They are all held in the same city. D. They all help improve spoken Chinese.
- () 57. We might read this material in a _____.
A. local newspaper B. kids magazine C. personal diary D. school notice

B

Do you know the two lovely mascots? You may know the five "Fuwa" dolls from the 2008 Beijing Olympic Games. On September 17 of this year, the two lovely mascots first showed on TV. Now, let's see who they are.

Look at the panda! It looks like an astronaut. It wears an ice shell and looks fat, so we call it "Bing Dwen Dwen". White is the colour of ice and snow. "Bing Dwen Dwen" likes ice sports very much and is good at them. That's why it is the mascot of 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Games.

Do you think the red mascot looks like a lantern? The lantern's name is "Shuey Rhon Rhon". When the Chinese New Year comes, people always make or buy red lanterns. Red is the colour of hope and good luck, so people think their dreams will come true in the new year. "Shuey Rhon Rhon" can give players hope and help them do well in the 2022 Beijing Winter Paralympic Games.

Many people in different countries like the two mascots very much, and they show their love for them on the Internet.

- () 58. What does the underlined word "mascot" mean in the passage ?
- A. A song of the Olympic Games. B. A sport of the Olympic Games.
C. A symbol of the Olympic Games. D. A sign of the Olympic Games.
- () 59. _____ is the mascot of 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Games.
A. "Fuwa" dolls B. Bing Dwen Dwen
C. An astronaut D. Shuey Rhon Rhon



- () 60. What's the best title of the passage?
 A. The sports in Olympic Games. B. Two Olympic mascots come to life.
 C. 2022 Beijing Winter Olympic Games. D. 2022 Beijing Winter Paralympic Games.

C

Do you know Pleasure of Farmhouse (农家乐)? It's a new way for holidays in China. Now, more and more people are interested in it, especially young people.

Every weekend, thousands of people drive to the countryside. The farmers invite them to their farms even homes. Many people help the farmers work on the farms, such as fishing, watering the crops or picking apples.

If you come to the farm, you will fall in love with the country life at once. Here you can listen to the birds, enjoy the beautiful view of countryside, breathe the fresh air and watch the crops grow. You can even taste the fresh produce, such as tomatoes and strawberries.

Pleasure of Farmhouse brings a good chance to enjoy the life of countryside, especially for people living in the cities. It can make them relax. One farmer said, "Welcome children to our farms. We will show you where your food comes from."

- () 61. What can visitors probably do in the countryside?
 A. Help with the harvest for money B. Invite the farmers to the city
 C. Catching the birds for food D. Working with the farmers
- () 62. What does the underlined word "view" in paragraph 3 mean?
 A. scenery B. path C. point D. fun
- () 63. Whom can Pleasure of Farmhouse make relax?
 A. Farmers B. Visitors from cities
 C. Young people from the countryside D. Children born on the farms
- () 64. What's the main idea of the last paragraph?
 A. how to work on farm B. where they could grow crops
 C. where they could make food D. the pleasure of working on farms.

D

Do you like drinking tea? If so, here is some advice for you.

Don't drink strong tea.

Strong tea may make the body far too excited and can badly affect the cardiovascular(心血管的) as well as the nervous system. For a person with problems in these parts, to drink overly strong tea may cause heart and blood pressure illness, or even make the old illness much worse.

Don't drink too much tea when you are eating.

Drinking too much tea or strong thick tea may not be good for taking in many constant elements and trace elements. Also, people should not drink tea with milk or other milky food.

Winter is the season to drink black tea.

Chinese medicine believes that different people should drink different tea based on the different characteristics and tastes of each kind of tea. Black can warm the stomach and quicken digestion(消化). Therefore, drinking warm black tea in the cold winter is the most suitable choice.

Green tea is the best choice for office workers.

People who always work in places with air conditioning may face skin problems such as easily dry skin. Among all the drinks, green tea is the best choice. Because there are important things in green tea and they are often called catechins (儿茶酸). Moreover, drinking more green tea can prevent computer radiation(辐射).

- () 65. If people always work with the computer, what kind of tea should they drink?
 A. Black Tea. B. Oolong Tea C. Green Tea D. Black Tea
- () 66. What does the underlined word "suitable" mean?
 A. Funny B. Amazing C. possible D. right
- () 67. What may too much strong tea cause _____?
 A. skin problems B. heart disease C. headache D. stomachache
- () 68. What's the best title for this passage?
 A. How to Help Office workers B. How to Use Black Tea
 C. How to Drink Tea Correctly D. How to Make Tea

E

Do you get angry when your friends sing loudly or when your best friend does not wait for you



after school? If you do, you need to control your feelings and stop getting angry so easily. Getting angry easily can make you lose friends.

Gary Egeberg, an American high school teacher, wrote *My Feelings Are Like Wild Animals* to help you control your feelings. It tells teens how to stay cool when bad things happen to them. The book says that getting angry only makes problems worse. It cannot make them better. "Getting angry is not a natural way to act," the book says. It is just a bad habit, like smoking. The book says you can control your anger easily, and all you have to do is to tell yourself not to be angry.

When a baby falls over, it cries only when people are watching it. Like a baby, you can only get angry if you are sure it is the right thing to do. If you get angry easily, the book gives many suggestions to help you. Read carefully and learn to be happy every day. Here are the top four:

① Keep a record. Every time you get angry, write down why you are angry. Look at it later and you will see you get angry too easily.

② Ask your friends to stop talking to you when you get angry. This will teach you not to be angry.

③ Do something different. When you get angry, walk away from the problem and go somewhere else.

④ Listen to some soft music. It can help you feel relaxed and get away from anger. Try to laugh!

() 69. What may happen to you if you get angry with others easily?

A. Meeting difficulties.

B. Losing friends.

C. Working hard.

D. Helping each other.

() 70. Why did Gary write the book *My Feelings Are Like Wild Animals*?

A. To help stay cool.

B. To help eat less.

C. To help do more exercise.

D. To help learn English well.

() 71. How can you find you often get angry easily?

A. By doing something different.

B. By keeping a record.

C. By asking friends to stop talking to us.

D. By listening to some soft music.

() 72. What is the passage mainly about?

A. It is about how to stop getting ill easily.

B. It is about how to control our weight and become healthy.

C. It is about how to control feelings and stop getting angry so easily.

D. It is about how to become welcomed and make friends with others.

B) 请先阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后根据短文内容从下面方框内的七个选项中选择五个还原到文中, 使短文意思通顺、结构完整, 并写在答题卷上。

There are many important holidays in China. The Mid-Autumn Festival is one of them. It's an important traditional festival in China. 73 At that time, the moon is the fullest and brightest. The festival started in China about 3,000 years ago and has already become a popular tradition. Although nobody knows the reason for the beginning of the festival, there are some stories about it.

Story 1: Harvest

Chinese used the moon as a calendar for harvest. The full moon meant the end of the summer harvest. 74

Story 2: War

During Yuan Dynasty, some bad men took over China and treated the Chinese badly.

75 They put paper messages into the center of the moon cakes. They named the time and places to fight against those bad men.

Story 3: Moon lady

The story of the lady on the moon was described as a beautiful woman named Chang'e. 76 At the Mid-Autumn Festival, people can see her beauty clearly.

77 People will have a family dinner and eat moon cakes.

A. workers will have a day off.

B. Parents often give their children gifts.

C. She lived in the cold palace on the moon.

D. Today people often celebrate it with family and friends.

E. At that time farmers would get together and eat delicious moon cakes.

F. To fight against them, the Chinese planed to send moon cakes to every person.

G. People always celebrate it on the 15th day in the 8th month of Chinese calendar.



请阅读下面对话, 根据对话内容补上所缺句子, 使对话通顺、合理, 意思完整。并将答案填写到答题卷的相应位置。

(Jack and Reem are talking in front of the library. Jack = J Reem = R)

R: Hi,Jack.I hear that you're learning Chinese culture.How is it going?

J: Hi, Reem. Pretty well. I've just learnt the history of paper. 78

R: So it is. Can you tell me something about paper? I'm really interested in it.

J: 79

R: An amazing number. What is it made from?

J: 80 It was Cai Lun who invented paper in the second century.

R: That is to say, paper has a history of about 2, 000 years. How did Chinese make paper at that time?

J: At that time people put the outside covering of a tree and old pieces of cloth into water, and a few days later they took them out. 81

R: When did other countries know how to make paper?

J: In the ninth century, there was a war between China and foreign countries. 82 By the way, the world's earliest paper was found in Gansu in 1986.

R: Well, we can't imagine what our life would be if there was no paper. Thanks for telling me so much.

- A. They are famous inventions.
B. Wood, rice, cotton and other plants.
C. Don't you think they are very useful for us?
D. I think it's the greatest and the most useful invention.
E. Then they made these and other things into pieces of paper.
F. Can you believe that there are almost 7, 000 kinds of paper today?
G. Soon after that the foreign countries knew the art of making paper.

六、书面表达(15 分)

2022 北京冬奥会 2 金一银得主谷爱凌(Eileen Gu)在接受采访说要感谢妈妈对她的教育与帮助。从她的成功经历上可以看出,每一个人的成长与别人的帮助是分不开的。那么在你的学习生活中你最感恩的人是谁?他给了你哪些帮助?请以李华的名义在网上发表你的看法。

提示: 1. 不可出现真实姓名与地址; 2. 观点表述正确, 语句通顺; 3. 不少于 80 词。

参考词汇: Olympic Winter Games Beijing 2022(北京冬奥会);金牌 gold medal, 银牌 silver medal

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