**2021-2022学年广州市外国语学校九年级第二学期Unit 1 英语试题（含答案）**



**一、语法选择（共15小题，每小题1分，满分15分）**

Have you ever felt uncomfortable? Many of \_\_\_1\_\_\_ feel uneasy when someone stands too close \_\_\_2\_\_\_ us, talks to us too \_\_\_3\_\_\_ or makes eye contact (接触) with us for too long. But have you ever wondered why those things make you uncomfortable?

It’s all about personal peace, which means not only \_\_\_4\_\_\_ imaginary space around the body, but also the space around all the \_\_\_5\_\_\_. People feel that their space is being violated(侵犯) when they meet with an unwelcome sound, smell or look. This is probably why a man on a crowded bus shouting into his mobile phone or a woman next to you putting on strong perfume(香水) makes you feel \_\_\_6\_\_\_.

\_\_\_7\_\_\_ people have had a stronger wish to protect their personal space in recent times is hard to say. Yet studies of airlines show that people have a strong desire(渴望) to have space to \_\_\_8\_\_\_. In a survey by Trip Advisor, a travel website, people said that if they \_\_\_9\_\_\_ pay more for some extra service, they would rather have larger seats than extra food.

Although people may need their personal space, some hardly realize it. For example, people on a bus who hold newspapers \_\_\_10\_\_\_ their faces to read in fact keep a distance from strangers.

Go and watch a library table. You will notice \_\_\_11\_\_\_ one of the corner seats will usually \_\_\_12\_\_\_ first, because they are the farthest way. What if someone sits \_\_\_13\_\_\_ you? Maybe you will pile up books as if to make a wall.

Preference(偏好) for personal space are different from \_\_\_14\_\_\_ cultures. Scientists have found that Americans generally prefer more personal space than people from other cultures. In Latin(拉丁人的) cultures, \_\_\_15\_\_\_, people are more comfortable standing close to each other.

1. A. we B. us C. our D. ours

2. A. with B. in C. to D. at

3. A. loudness B. louder C. loudly D. loudest

4. A. a B. an C. the D. /

5. A. sense B. senses C. sensing D. sensings

6. A. anger B. angry C. angers D. angrily

7. A. Whether B. What C. That D. Which

8. A. them B. their C. themselves D. they

9. A. has to B. have to C. had to D. having to

10. A. in the front B. in front C. in the front of D. in front of

11. A. that B. what C. where D. if

12. A. be taken B. be taking C. take D. takes

13. A. opposite with B. opposite to C. opposite at D. opposite for

14. A. another B. others C. other D. the others

15. A. but B. however C. either D. although

**二、完形填空（共10小题，每小题 1.5分，满分15分）**

The first time I remembered noticing the crossing guard was when he waved to me as I drove my son to school. He \_\_\_16\_\_\_ me with a puzzle-all because he waved to me like someone does on seeing a close friend. There was a big, \_\_\_17\_\_\_ smile accompanied his wave. For the next few days I tried to \_\_\_18\_\_\_ his face to see if I knew him. I didn’t. Perhaps he had \_\_\_19\_\_\_ me for someone else. By the time I was quite sure that he and I were strangers, we were greeting each other warmly every morning like old friends.

Then one day I found out the truth. As I drove near to school he was standing in the middle of the road \_\_\_20\_\_\_ his stop sign. I was in line behind four cars. After the kids had reached the safety of the sidewalk, he lowered his sign and let the cars through. To the first car he waved and smiled in just the same way he had done to me over the last few days. The kids already had the window down and were happily waving their reply. The second car got the same \_\_\_21\_\_\_ from the crossing guard, and the driver, a businessman, gave a short wave back. Each of the following car of kids on their way to school responded heartily.

Every morning I continued to watch the man with \_\_\_22\_\_\_. So far I haven’t seen anyone \_\_\_23\_\_\_ to wave back. I find it interesting that one person can make such a(n) \_\_\_24\_\_\_ to so many people’s lives by doing one simple thing like waving and smiling warmly. His cheerfulness armed the start of my day. With a friendly wave and smiling face he had changed the 25 of the whole neighborhood.

16. A. hit B. disagreed C. presented D. bored

17. A. shy B. false C. funny D. bright

18. A. research B. study C. realize D. explain

19. A. praised B. respected C. mistaken D. remembered

20. A. holding out B. handing in C. putting on D. setting up

21. A. idea B. reply C. notice D. greeting

22. A. surprise B. interest C. doubt D. hope

23. A. fail B. try C. wish D. manage

24. A. offer B. promise C. mess D. difference

25. A. habits B. expression C. rules D. feelings

**三、阅读理解（满分45分）**

**第一节 阅读理解（共20小题，每小题2分，满分40分）。**

**A**

One August afternoon, Richard Allen dropped off his last passenger, Mrs. Carey. Lifting two grocery bags, he followed her across the yard and stood on the step of her house. Glancing up, he saw a large wasp (黄蜂) nest under the roof. Allen had heard that wasps can become more likely to sting in summer. He mentioned this to Mrs. Carey, who had opened the door.

“Oh, they don’t bother me,” she said lightly. “I go in and out all the time.”

Anxiously, Allen looked at the nest again—to see the wasps flying straight at him. “Hurry!” he shouted to Mrs. Carey. “Get in!”

She stepped quickly inside. Allen ran for his mini-bus. Too late; they were upon him. Just as he jumped aboard, half a dozen red spots showed on his arm, and he felt more on his back and shoulders.

As he was driving down the road, Allen felt as if something was burning at the back of his neck, and the “fire” was spreading forward toward his face. And immediate anxiety took hold of him. Allen knew that stings could cause some persons to die. But he had been stung the previous summer and the after-effects soon passed. However, what he didn’t know was that the first sting had turned his body into a time bomb waiting for the next to set off an explosion.

Miles from the nearest medical assistance, Allen began to feel his tongue thick and heavy and his heartbeat louder. Most frightening, he felt his breathing more and more difficult. He reached for the radio mike (话筒), trying to call the mini-bus center, but his words were hardly understandable. Signals were also poor that far out. He knew a rescue team was on 24-hour duty at the Amherst Fire Department’s north station. So his best chance was to make a run for it.

Rushing down the mountain, Allen tried not to panic, focusing his mind on each sharp turn. He was almost through the last of them when he felt sure he was going into shock (休克). Just then he reached for the radio mike again.

“Call fire station,” he shouted, concentrating to form the words. “Emergency. Bee sting. Emergency. There in ten minutes.”

“Five-ten,” the center replied.

Hold on, Allen thought. Keep your eyes open. Breathe. Keep awake.

At last he reached the station. Two firemen ran out. Allen felt their hands grasped him before he hit the ground. You made it, he thought.

26. Allen didn’t know that if stung by wasps again, he would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. have no after-effects B. suffer from sharper pain

C. lose his life D. become much weaker

27. Which of the following is **NOT** true according the story?

A. Allen drove to the fire station because he knew there was a rescue team there.

B. Allen managed to make his request of help clear though he had difficulty talking by then.

C. The mini-bus centre did help in that they got the rescue team ready before Allen arrived.

D. Allen shouldn’t have looked at the wasps when he helped Mrs. Carey.

30. Which would be the best title for the passage?

A. Allen, A Helpless Driver B. Wasps, Bloody Killers

C. A Race against Death D. War against Wasps

**B**

“The world’s oceans are slowly getting more acidic,” say scientists. The researchers from California report that the change is taking place in response to higher levels of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.

The lowering of the waters’ PH value is not great at the moment but could cause a serious threat to current ocean life if it continues, they warn. Ken Caldeira and Michael Wickett, from the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, report their concerns in the journal Nature.

Increasing use of oil fuels means more carbon dioxide is going into the air, and most of it will eventually be absorbed by seawater. Once in the water, it reacts to form carbonic acid. Scientists believe that the oceans have already become slightly more acidic over the last century.

These researchers have tried to predict what will happen in the future by combining what we know about the history of the oceans with computer models of climate change. “This level of acidity will get much more extreme in the future if we continue releasing COZ into the atmosphere,” said Dr Caldeira. “And we predict the amount of future acidity will exceed(超过) anything we have seen over the last several hundred million years, let alone perhaps after rare disastrous events such as asteroid impacts.”

However, it is not absolutely clear what that means for ocean life. Most organisms live near the surface, where the greatest pH change would be expected to occur, but deep-ocean life forms may be more sensitive to PH changes. Coral reefs and other organisms whose shells contain calcium carbonate(小行星) may be particularly affected if the water’s acidity levels keep going up, the team predict. They could find it much more difficult to build these structures in water with a lower PH.

In recent years some people have suggested storing carbon dioxide from power stations in the deep ocean as a way of dealing with global warming. But Dr. Caldeira said that such a strategy should now be re-considered. “Previously, most experts had looked at ocean absorption of carbon dioxide as a good thing---because in releasing CO2 into the atmosphere we warm the planet, and when CO2, is absorbed by the ocean, it reduces the amount of greenhouse warming.”

29. According to Dr. Caldeira, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. ocean absorption of carbon dioxide is a good thing

B. more oil fuels will be used in the near future

C. scientists may predict climate changes with computer models

D. the future situation of the amount of acidity is extremely serious

30. If the water’s acidity level keeps rising, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. ocean life whose structures contain calcium carbonate may be affected

B. the waters’ PH value will become higher and higher

C. organisms living near the surface are more sensitive to pH changes

D. some disastrous events will occur more often than before

31. What does the underlined word “acidic” probably mean?

A. 污染的 B. 酸的 C. 复杂的 D. 温暖的

32. The purpose of this passage is to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. show people the findings of a research team

B. inform people of how acid the ocean is now

C. introduce Dr. Caldeira and his team’s research

D. warn people of the higher level of CO2

**C**

James Cleveland Owens was the son of a farmer and the grandson of black slaves. His family moved to Cleveland when he was 9. There, a school teacher asked the youth his name.

“J.C.”, he replied.

She thought he had said “Jesse”, and he had a new name.

Owens ran his first race at age 13. After high school, he went to Ohio State University. He had to work part time so as to pay for his education. As a second-year student, in the Big Ten games in 1935, he set even more records than he would in the Olympic Games a year later.

A week before the Big Ten meet, Owens accidentally fell down a flight of stairs. His back hurt so much that he could not exercise all week, and he had to be helped in and out of the car that drove him to the meet. He refused to listen to the suggestions that he give up and said he would try, event by event. He did try, and the results are in the record book.

The stage was set for Owens’ victory at the Olympic Games in Berlin the next year, and his success would come to be regarded as not only athletic but also political. Hitler did not congratulate any of the African-American winners.

“It was all right with me,” he said years later. “I didn’t go to Berlin to shake hands with him, anyway.”

Having returned from Berlin, he received no telephone call from the president of his own country, either. In fact, he was not honored by the United States until 1976, four years before his death.

Owens’ Olympic victories made little difference to him. He earned his living by looking after a school playground, and accepted money to race against cars, trucks, motorcycles, and dogs.

“Sure, it bothered me,” he said later. “But at least it was an honest living. I had to eat.”

In time, however, his gold medals changed his life. “They have kept me alive over the years,” he once said. “Time has stood still for me. That golden moment dies hard.”

33. Owens got his other name “Jesse” when \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he went to Ohio State University B. his teacher made fun of him

C. his teacher took “J.C.” for “Jesse” D. he won gold medals in the Games

34. Owens received no telephone calls from the president because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. he was not of the right race

B. he was the son of a poor farmer

C. he didn’t shake hands with Hitler

D. he refused to listen to the suggestion that he give up.

35. Which of the following shows the correct order of James’ life?

a. James worked part time to get the fee for school

b. He was honored by the US

c. He got success at the Olympic Games

d. James set many records in Big Ten Games

e. He went to Cleveland with his family

f. Owens fell down and hurt his back

A. a-e-f-d-b-c B. e-a-d-f-b-e C. a-e-d-f-c-b D. e-a-f-d-e-b

36. What does the underlined sentence in the last paragraph probably mean?

A. They have him famous in the US

B. They have been changed for money to help him live on

C. They have encouraged him to overcome difficulties in life

D. They have kept him busy with all kinds of jobs

**D**

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You’ll spend 4 days touring Greek cities you’ve always heard about. In Katakolon, you will have the only unguided tour to nearby Olympia on the whole journey. Then with a local guide you will visit the Greek islands of Santorini, which is often related to the story of the lost city of Atlantis, and Mykonos, a wonderful island with beautiful beaches.

Your journey ends in Verona, home of the love story Romeo and Juliet, with a fun-filled farewell dinner-a perfect ending to a pleasant journey.

12 Day, 25 Meals: 10 Breakfasts, 6 Lunches,9 Dinners

Day 1 Overnight flight to Italy

Day 2-3 Regina Palace, stresa, Italy

Day 4-10 Costa Victoria (Costa cruises)

Day 11 Hotel Leopardi, Verona, Italy

Day 12 Leave for home

**Please Note:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Leaving date | Price for one person |
| April 7 | $ 2,099 |
| June 2 | $ 2,199 |
| October 6 | $ 2,099 |
| November 3 | $ 1,999 |

37. What can be inferred from the travel plan?

A. The price may get lower than those in the plan.

B. The price includes three meals a day.

C. The price is the highest in summer.

D. The prices include entertainment service.

38. Bob plans to take the 12-day trip with his parents in winter, how much do they need to pay?

A. $5997 B. $6927 C. $6297 D. $6597

39. What does the underlined part “the Costa Victoria” most probably refer to?

A. A famous hotel. B. A beautiful resort.

C. A comfortable ship. D. A long-distant bus.

40. Tourists will travel on their own in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. Stresa B. Olympia C. Mykonos D. Verona

**第二节 阅读填空（共 5小题，每小题1分，满分5分）**

Do you use a computer? I have a Mac iBook G4.I find this little one to be fantastic, and it carries out all the functions I need. \_\_\_\_41\_\_\_\_ Some notebook computers are only a half inch in thickness but still have as much power and capacity as some desktop computers. Still it seems technology is constantly improving.

In today’s world if you are still lacking this important piece of equipment, you are missing out so much! Admittedly some name-brand computers may be a little expensive. \_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_

For many people not having a computer would mean not being able to function. \_\_\_\_43\_\_\_\_ There is the convenience of being able to order your weekly groceries and have the store deliver them to your door, check your bank balance at any time or even fill in your tax return!

Fortunately, computer prices have reduced greatly in recent times. \_\_\_\_44\_\_\_\_ Recently I paid a mere $1000 for a new Apple notebook which has 60 gigs of memory and some really great features. As time moves on, it would seem you can get far more computers for less money!

If you have not yet taken the plunge I would say go for it, get online and start a whole new adventure. \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ You could ask a friend or family member if you could use their computer to search the net, Dell often has some great deals where you can get the whole kit for around $300.

Large superstores such as Circuit City are really good places to go for a look around and get some ideas of what is available.

A. Some of the best deals in computers are actually on the Internet.

B. Technology is moving so fast at the moment.

C. It is possible to buy a relatively cheap computer which still comes with some great features.

D. However, there are huge numbers of far cheaper options available.

E. Having access to a computer and the Internet opens up a whole new world.

**四、写作（满分35分)**

**笫一节 完成句子（共7小题；每小题2分，满分14分）**

46. 这是多么有用的建议啊！谢谢你！

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this is! Thank you!

47. 你奶奶知道怎么才能使用 iPad 读新闻吗？

Does your grandma know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ an iPad to read news?

48. 很快，一封信将会被你寄到你的屋子。

A letter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ your house soon.

49. 假如你不从现在开始努力学习，你的一生都会感到遗憾。

You \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ashamed all your life if you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard from now on.

50. 他花了差不多一个星期来修理好这个飞机模型。

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him nearly a whole week \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ this model plane.

**第二节 根据中文意思写英文单词（每 小题1分，共20分）**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 中文 | 英文 | 中文 | 英文 |
| v. 潜水 | 51. | v. 偷；窃取 | 61. |
| adj. 尴尬的 | 52. | n. 生意 | 62. |
| n. 德国 | 53. | v. 确认，认出 | 63. |
| v. 与……斗争（同时写出过去时和过去分词） | 54. | v. 骑；驾驶 | 64. |
| Pron. 她的 | 55. | adj. 单独的，分别的 | 65. |
| adj. 传统的 | 56. | v. 拼写（同时写出过去时和过去分词） | 66. |
| v. 好像；似乎（同时写出过去时） | 57. | conj. 是否 | 67. |
| Num. 第二十 | 58. | v. 警告；提醒 | 68. |
| Adj. 有幽默感的 | 59. | v. 后悔（同时写出过去时） | 69. |
| v. 张开；传播（同时写出过去时和过去分词） | 60. | adj. 耐心的 | 70. |

**参考答案**

**一、语法选择**

1-15: BCCCB BACCD AABCB

【详细解析】

1. B 代词，many of us 我们中的多数人。

2. C 固定搭配，close to。

3. C 副词，修饰动词 talk 用副词。

4. C 冠词，定冠词 the 表特指。

5. B 名词，sense 表感觉时是可数名词。

6. B 形容词，make sb.+adj.使某人怎么样。

7. A 连词，whether 表是否，并可与 or not 搭配。

8. C 反身代词，人们强烈的渴望有他们自己的空间，themselves。

9. C 宾语从句的时态，主句用一般过去时，从句用相应的过去时态，had to。

10. D 在物体外部的前面用 in front of, in the front of 表示在内部的前面。

11. A 宾语从句的连接词，从句是一个完整的陈述句，用 that 连接。

12. A 被动语态，主语 seats 跟动词 take 是被动的关系。

13. B 固定搭配，be opposite to 在对面。

14. C 不定代词，other+复数名词，表其他的人或物。

15. B 连词，表转折并且在句中，有逗号用 however

**二、完形填空**

16-25: CDBCA DBADD

【详细解析】

16.C 动词，present 表提出、呈现，他给我提出一个难题。

17. D 形容词，灿烂的笑容，bright smile。

18. B 动词，此处 study 表研究，“我努力研究他的脸看看我是否认识他”。

19. C 动词，此处 mistake 表误认，“他把我误认为其他人”。

20. A 非谓语，holding out 举着。

21. D 名词，greet 表问候，第二辆车也得到了同样的问候。

22. B 名词，with interest 表带着兴趣，类似 with pleasure。

23. A 固定搭配，fail to do sth. 表做不到某事。

24. D 固定搭配，make a difference 表有影响。

25. D 名词，feeling 表感觉，改变对周围整个环境的感觉。

**三、阅读理解**

**A**

26-28: CDC

【详细解析】

本文主要讲作者被蜜蜂蜇后求助最终度过难关的故事。

26. C 推断题，由第五段最后一句“ the first sting had turned his body into a time bomb waiting for the next to set off an explosion. ”可知。

27. D 细节题，由第三段“Anxiously, Allen looked at the nest again—to see the wasps flying straight at him.”可知，选项中的 shouldn’t have done 译为“本不该做…却做了”。

28. C 主旨大意题。文章主要讲作者被蜜蜂蜇后求助最终取得成功保住性命的故事。

**B**

29-32: DABD

【详细解析】

本文主要讲由于大气中二氧化碳含量过高导致海洋酸性增大的现象。

29. D 推断题，由第二段首句可知。

30. A 细节题，由第五段倒数第二句“Coral reefs and other organisms whose shells contain calcium carbonate(小行星) may be particularly affected if the water's acidity levels keep going up, the team predict.”可知。

31. B 推断题，由于大气中二氧化碳含量的升高，海洋水酸性增大。

32. D 主旨大意题，本文通过列举大气中二氧化碳含量的升高导致海洋水酸性增大的现象，告诫人们要重视这个问题。

**C**

33-36: BADC

【详细解析】

这篇短文主要描述了美国的著名运动员杰西欧文斯的历史。他出生在一个黑人家庭，青年时代在体育方面

取得了不凡的成就，但因为肤色问题，无论是在国外还是国内都受到了不公的待遇。

33. B 细节题，由第五段可知，Owen 在比赛前一周受伤了但仍然尽力参加比赛。

34. A 细节题，由第六段最后一句“Hitler did not congratulate any of the African-American winners.”可知

35. D 排序题，通读全文可知。

36. C 推断题，由最后一段可知。

**D**

37-40: CACB

【详细解析】

文章向读者讲述了一次地中海之旅以及这次旅行的很多细节情况。

37. C 细节题，对比表格价格可知。

38. A 细节题，1999\*3=5997

39. C 细节题， 由第一段可知， the Costa Victoria 是环海旅游的交通工具。

40. B 细节题，由最后一段“you will have the only unguided tour to nearby Olympia on the whole journey. ”可知

**四、阅读填空**

41-45: B D E C A

【详细解析】

41. B 细节题，与本段最后一句“Still it seems technology is constantly improving.”照应。

42. D 推断题，与前一句讲名牌电脑价格昂贵照应，表转折。

43. E 推断题，与后文讲电脑的好处相照应。

44. C 细节题，从后文列举用低价格买到性价比高的电脑可知。

45. A 推断题，由本段最后一句“Dell often has some great deals where you can get the whole kit for around $300.”

**五、写作**

**第一节 完成句子**

46. What useful advice/suggestions

47. how she can use

48. will be sent to

49. will feel, don’t study

50. It took, to mend/fix/repair