

# 宝安区2021-2022学年第二学期调研测试卷

九年级 英语

2022. 04

(满分75分, 考试时间为70分钟)  
★注意: 请把所有答案填涂或书写在答题卡上相应位置, 书写在试卷上无效。

## 第一部分 选择题 (50分)

### I. 完形填空 (10分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后所给的A、B、C、D四个选项选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将相应的字母编号涂黑。(共10小题, 每题1分)

There once lived an elephant named Peter, who was the most forgetful elephant ever. Suzy, Peter's wife, was tired of Peter forgetting things. Peter didn't miss their 1 on purpose, but he would always end up forgetting. This made Suzy feel 2 in his life. One day Suzy said, "It is my birthday tomorrow and we will go out for 3. If you're not on time this time, we're done for good."

Peter was 4 he would upset Suzy again. There had to be a way for him to remember. He tied a red ribbon(丝带) around his trunk. He thought that next morning when he would look at the ribbon, it would 5 him of the dinner and he would not miss it. That night Peter went to sleep thinking he was on to something.

The next morning when Peter 6 and looked at himself in the mirror, he saw the ribbon. But he had forgotten what it was for. Peter tried to figure out what it was. He called all his friends asking if he made a 7 to anyone, yet there were none. Soon night took over the sky and Peter decided that he would ask Suzy what the ribbon was for. She must 8.

Peter rushed to Suzy but before he had the chance to ask Suzy, she hugged him 9. He had arrived in time for the dinner at last and they ended up having a very 10 night, full of laughter.

But Peter never found out what the ribbon was for.

- |                      |                |                  |                   |
|----------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. chance         | B. train       | C. plans         | D. lessons        |
| 2. A. less confident | B. more useful | C. more valuable | D. less important |
| 3. A. fun            | B. dinner      | C. coffee        | D. lunch          |
| 4. A. worried        | B. thankful    | C. certain       | D. aware          |
| 5. A. free           | B. warn        | C. accused       | D. remind         |
| 6. A. fell over      | B. woke up     | C. passed out    | D. lay down       |
| 7. A. mistake        | B. speech      | C. promise       | D. difference     |
| 8. A. remember       | B. wait        | C. accept        | D. guess          |
| 9. A. sadly          | B. finally     | C. angrily       | D. happily        |
| 10. A. boring        | B. lovely      | C. quiet         | D. lonely         |

### II. 阅读理解 (40分)

第一节 阅读下列短文, 从下面每小题的A、B、C、D四个选项选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将相应的字母编号涂黑。(共15题, 每题1.5分)

A

One of the luckiest things in life is that someone offers help when you are in need. Such warm stories happen these days in our city.

We've never depended on deliverymen for our daily needs so heavily as we do now, when we work from home to stop the spread of the COVID-19. Some of the deliverymen were afraid that they would not be able to come out to work the next day if they went home and found an overnight lockdown(封锁) in their communities. So they chose to sleep under overpasses(天桥) or on park benches. Photos of them sleeping in those outdoor places were put online. The next day, government took action and offered them free places to live in either at hotels, at schools or at courier stations(快递站).

Another recent case that shows ordinary people are cared for was about a bun seller. The man left a message below a post on the Shenzhen Municipal Health Commission's WeChat account. He said he had trouble running his store because of the recent spread of the COVID-19. Community workers in his area paid him a visit to see what they could do to help. On the night of the same day, the man received an unexpected large order from his community.

There is a long list of such small acts of kindness in almost every corner of the city. It tells us love and care is powerful to help us overcome the difficulties.

11. What does the underlined word "they" refer to?
- A. stories  
B. companies  
C. communities  
D. deliverymen
12. Why did some deliverymen choose to sleep in outdoor places?
- A. Their companies stopped them from going home.  
B. They would like to come out to work the next day.  
C. They wanted to stop the spread of the COVID-19.  
D. They discovered a lockdown in their communities.
13. Where can deliverymen live in for free after the government took action?
- A. In hospitals.  
B. At schools.  
C. Under overpasses.  
D. On park benches.
14. What did the community do to help the bun seller?
- A. The community workers gave him a phone call.  
B. The community workers left a message to him.  
C. His community made an unexpected large order.  
D. His community offered him free places to live in.
15. Why did the writer write this article?
- A. To tell us love and care can help us get through hard times.  
B. To invite us to do some voluntary work when we have time.  
C. To ask people to take action to fight against the COVID-19.  
D. To encourage more people to help the deliverymen in need.



**B**  
A wireless electronic thermometer(温度计) was developed by a Shenzhen-based high-tech company. It has played an important role in COVID-19 prevention for the Beijing 2022 Olympic Winter Games.

The intelligent product, independently made by Shenzhen Refresh Intelligent Technology Co., weighs only two grams. It can monitor surface body temperature every three seconds. It has helped provide a safe environment during competitions at the "Ice Cube."

"As far as we know, there is no smaller thermometer than ours in the global market. Users can hardly feel the thermometer while wearing it," said Wang Lei, the vice president and marketing director of Refresh.

"The wireless electronic thermometer is very small and comfortable to wear. It also has excellent temperature measurement accuracy(准确性). Our product was chosen because of its higher level of convenience and accuracy, compared with the infrared(红外线的) thermometer," Wang said.

The thermometer's monitoring management system monitors the temperature of each staff and volunteer in real time for 24 hours at the "Ice Cube." Abnormal body temperature will cause an alarm to work by sending messages to the management workers.

Wang said that the wireless thermometer is mainly developed for family users. For parents who are not with their sick children, they can know of the children's body temperature changes at any time with the thermometer through the app.

16. What do we know about the intelligent thermometer according to paragraphs 2 and 3?  
A. It's the smallest thermometer around the world.  
B. It can check people's temperature per 3 minutes.  
C. It's light enough to make users feel that they wear it.  
D. It was developed with the help of a foreign company.
17. According to Wang Lei, why is their product chosen instead of the infrared thermometer?  
A. It's much smaller.  
B. It's much cheaper.  
C. It's more convenient and more accurate.  
D. It's more comfortable for people to wear.
18. When will the wireless thermometer send messages to the management workers?  
A. When the volunteer begins working.  
B. Before the alarm makes a loud sound.  
C. As soon as each staff is ready to work.  
D. After it monitors abnormal temperature.
19. Who will most probably buy the wireless thermometer?  
A. Children. B. Parents. C. Sportsmen. D. Volunteers.
20. Which of the following is the best title for the passage?  
A. Families in China needs more intelligent thermometers.  
B. Intelligent thermometer is becoming lighter and lighter.  
C. Shenzhen-based high-tech company develops a lot of new products.  
D. Intelligent thermometer supports Winter Games' COVID prevention.



**C**  
On Saturday, an underwater volcano(火山) in Tonga erupted(爆发) in the South Pacific Ocean. Tonga is an island nation in the South Pacific ocean, home to about 105,000 people. The volcano, known as Hunga Tonga-Hunga Ha'apai, is located

off the coast of Tonga. Even though the volcano was underwater, it sent lots of gas, ash(灰烬) and stones 12 miles into the sky.

It took a while to get reports from Tonga because the event **knocked out** internet service in the area. Like most island nations, Tonga gets its internet through a cable that runs deep under the sea. Experts say it's not yet clear whether the cable was broken during the event or simply lost power.

A four-foot wave hit the capital, Nuku'alofa. People in low-lying areas were forced to go to higher ground. There are reports of serious damage in Tonga. Many houses near the shore were flooded. At present, the biggest danger is probably from the smoke and ash from the volcano that has covered much of Tonga. The ash makes the air dangerous to breathe, and it is believed to have polluted many sources of drinking water.

New Zealand and Australia have sent teams to Tonga to help out. Some of the teams will use airplanes to get a better idea of the damage across the island nation. The large cloud of ash high above Tonga is making it impossible to get a good picture of what's happening in the area from high in the air.

21. What information can we get about the volcano in paragraph 1?  
A. It is underwater and in an island nation.  
B. More than 105,000 people live next to it.  
C. It's quite far away from the South Pacific Ocean.  
D. It's under the ocean and sent stones into the water.
22. What does the underlined expression "knocked out" mean?  
A. changed B. improved  
C. destroyed D. brought
23. Which of the following can we infer(推断) from paragraph 3?  
A. The ash from the volcano has covered much of Tonga.  
B. The ash makes the air in Tonga dangerous to breathe.  
C. Houses in low-lying areas were completely damaged.  
D. People in Tonga will be short of clean drinking water.
24. Why is it hard for the teams to know exactly what's happening in the area?  
A. There is still a lot of ash in the air above Tonga.  
B. The airplanes cannot take off because of the ash.  
C. The teams don't know how to take a good picture.  
D. The clouds in the sky stop the teams seeing clearly.
25. Where can we probably read this article?  
A. In a comic book. B. In a newspaper.  
C. In a science fiction. D. In a fashion magazine.

**第二节** 请阅读下面的短文, 并从下列方框里的六个句子中选择五个还原到原文中, 使原文意思完整、连贯。(共5小题, 每题2分)

- A. Have courage to say what you think.  
B. The gestures should get larger as the groups become larger.  
C. Wait for the other person to finish speaking before you talk.  
D. When you have good communication skills, you can be successful.  
E. Developing good communication skills begins with simple dialogues.  
F. Fortunately, there are some tips to improve your communication skills.

Having good communication skills is important. However, maybe some of you



have trouble communicating with others. 26. With the help of the tips, you'll be able to be a fantastic communicator.

27.

Be confident in knowing that you can make contributions to a conversation. Take time each day to be aware of your opinions and feelings so you can completely express them to others. Be brave to share your ideas.

**Practice.**

28. Simple dialogues happen every day. New skills take time to develop, but each time you use your communication skills, you open yourself to more opportunities. Practice makes perfect.

**Use gestures.**

These include gestures with your hands and face. Make your whole body talk. Use smaller gestures for a person and small groups. 29.

**Develop good listening skills.**

Not only should one be able to speak well, one must listen to the other person's words carefully. 30. It's a polite way to communicate with others.

**第三节 信息匹配**

下面的材料 A~F 分别介绍了 6 个不同的 APP, 请根据以下五位主人公的需求, 帮助他们选择合适的 APP, 并在答题卡上将相应的字母编号涂黑。(共 5 小题, 每题 1.5 分)

- A. **What's Worth Buying** is an app for shopping guide for Chinese. It focuses on giving suggestions on high-quality products, famous brands and shopping stores.
- B. **WeChat Read** is designed to work with WeChat. You can read eBooks without advertisements. You can also buy eBooks for your friends as a gift through WeChat.
- C. **Pleco Chinese Dictionary** is a very useful app to learn Chinese. You can look up words by Chinese characters and Pinyin with fullscreen handwriting input.
- D. **Yummly** is a mobile app that provides different kinds of recipes(食谱). If you want to learn how to cook, you can find some useful information.
- E. **Translate** lets you quickly and easily translate your voice and text into another language. There are 11 languages inside the app.
- F. **Snapseed** is a photo-editing app that provides users with several different choices. You can edit your photos as you like with it before you share them on the Internet.

- 31. Jason enjoys cooking and trying different delicious food. However, he is not good at cooking now.
- 32. Amy's mother's birthday is coming. Amy doesn't know what to buy for her mother's birthday.
- 33. Li Wei is a Chinese who likes travelling, but he can't speak very good English. He plans to travel abroad this summer holiday.
- 34. Eden likes reading books in his free time. He wants to find a reading app without any advertisements.
- 35. Linda is fond of taking photos and she prefers to make the photos look better before she shares them on the Internet.

**第二部分 非选择题 (25 分)**

**III. 语法填空 (10 分)**

阅读下面短文, 在空格处填入一个适当的词或使用括号中词语的正确形式填空, 并将答案填写在答题卡规定的位置上。(共 10 小题, 每题 1 分)

A long time ago, there was a monster named Nian. Nian loved to visit a little village in China each year, and scare everybody that he saw. He thought that was great. 36. (funny) He liked to do this just when the new year began, to remind people that Nian was still around.

This 37. (probable) would have gone on forever. But one day, just by luck, one of the villagers was wearing a red coat when Nian jumped out and tried to scare him. Nian 38. (take) one look at the red coat and ran away. The villager was so frightened 39. he dropped the heavy metal bucket which he had been carrying. It made 40. horrible noise. Nian looked fearfully over his shoulder, and began running even 41. (fast).

The villager told everyone of his good luck. His red coat had scared Nian. And the loud noise of the bucket had made him run away. This was good news. The villagers spent several months 42. (prepare) for the fight. When Nian appeared the following year, everyone in the village ran 43. the red banners(旗帜) and the loud rattles(拨浪鼓) they had made. They shook 44. (they) rattles and waved banners. And Nian ran away. The villagers never saw him again.

That's the reason why people in China believe the color red means luck. And all the 45. (child) and many adults light firecrackers and make all kinds of noise on Chinese New Year's eve. This was to scare away Nian in the past, but now it's a celebration to welcome the new year.

**IV. 书面表达 (15 分)**

为进一步加强深圳中小学劳动教育, 促进五育并举, 深圳中小学已从 3 月 1 日起独立开设劳动教育必修课。请你根据以下要点, 写一篇关于劳动教育的短文, 谈谈你对开设劳动课程的建议及你对开设该课程的理解。

- 要点:** 1. 开设课程的建议: ① 开设剪纸、木工课;  
② 开辟屋顶农场, 教学生种植蔬果;  
③ .....

- 要求:** 2. 开设课程的意义: 学会生活技能, 参与社会活动。(请补充至少一条意义)
- 1. 80 词左右, 开头已给出, 不计入总词数;
  - 2. 要点齐全, 可适当增加细节信息;
  - 3. 条理清晰, 语句通顺, 意义连贯, 书写规范;
  - 4. 文中不能出现真实的姓名与校名。

**参考词汇:** 开设 run 课程 course  
木工 woodworking 屋顶农场 a rooftop farm  
Primary and secondary schools in Shenzhen have set up at least one labor class per week starting from March 1.

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九年级 英语答题卡

学校: \_\_\_\_\_ 班级: \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名: \_\_\_\_\_

贴条形码区

注意事项:

1. 选择题必须使用 2B 铅笔填涂, 修改时用橡皮擦干净;
2. 非选择题使用黑色墨水的钢笔或签字笔, 在各题目的答题区域内作答, 超出答题区域的书写答案无效;
3. 保持答题纸面整洁, 不要折叠、不要弄破。

学校自行电子阅卷填涂码区

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

第一部分 选择题 (50 分)

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|---|---|---|---|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 11. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D   | 16. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 7. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 12. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D   | 17. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 8. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 13. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D   | 18. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D |
| 4. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 9. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 14. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D   | 19. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D |
| 5. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D  | 10. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D   | 15. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D   | 20. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D |
| 21. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D | 26. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 31. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |   |
| 22. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D | 27. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 32. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |   |
| 23. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D | 28. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 33. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |   |
| 24. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D | 29. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 34. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |   |
| 25. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D | 30. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F | 35. <input type="checkbox"/> A <input type="checkbox"/> B <input type="checkbox"/> C <input type="checkbox"/> D <input type="checkbox"/> E <input type="checkbox"/> F |   |

第二部分 非选择题 (25 分)

III. 语法填空 (10 分)

- |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|
| 36. _____ | 37. _____ |
| 38. _____ | 39. _____ |
| 40. _____ | 41. _____ |
| 42. _____ | 43. _____ |
| 44. _____ | 45. _____ |

IV. 书面表达 (15 分)

Primary and secondary schools in Shenzhen have set up at least one labor class per week starting from

March 1. \_\_\_\_\_

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请勿在此区域作答或作任何标记

