

杭州市开元中学 2021 学年第二学期七年级期中检测

英语学科问卷

命题：

审核：

考生须知：

1. 试卷满分为 120 分，考试时间为 100 分钟。
2. 本卷答案必须做在答题卷（卡）相应的位置上，做在试卷上无效。
3. 请用 2B 铅笔、钢笔或圆珠笔将相关内容填涂在答题卷（卡）的相应位置上。

第 I 卷

第一部分 听力（共三节，满分 30 分）

第一节：听下面五段小对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确的选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What can Jim do?

- A. He can sing. B. He can paint. C. He can swim.

2. What club does Peter want to join?

- A. The chess club. B. The music club. C. The art club.

3. When does the boy's sister take a shower?

- A. At 6:00. B. At 7:00. C. At 8:00.

4. How does the boy go to school today?

- A. On foot. B. By car. C. By taxi.

5. Where can the two speakers eat lunch?

- A. In the classroom. B. In the dining hall. C. In the hallways.

第二节：听下面两段较长对话。每段对话后有 2 至 3 个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确的选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完对话后，你有 10 至 15 秒钟的时间回答有关小题。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段较长对话，回答下面 6-7 两个小题。听对话前，你将有 10 秒钟的时间阅读有关内容。

6. How far is it from Steve's home to school?

A. About thirteen kilometers. B. About thirty kilometers. C. About fifty kilometers.

7. How does Nina get to school?

A. By bike. B. On foot. C. By subway.

8. How long does it take Nina to get to school?

A. About twelve minutes. B. About twenty minutes. C. About forty minutes.

听下面一段较长对话，回答下面 8-10 三个小题。听对话前，你将有 15 秒钟的时间阅读有关内容。

9. Who has the black bike?

A. Ben. B. Jim. C. Tina.

10. How far is it from Ben's home to school?

A. 5 kilometers. B. 15 kilometers. C. 50 kilometers.

11. How will Ben go to school tomorrow?

A. By bike. B. By bus. C. On foot.

第三节：听下面一段独白。从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确的选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听独白前，你将有 25 秒钟的时间阅读有关内容。独白读两遍。

12. When does Mike get up?

A. At 6:00. B. At 6:30. C. At 7:00.

13. What can Mike do on weekends?

A. He can meet friends. B. He can watch TV. C. He can play soccer.

14. What housework does Mike do at home?

A. Do the dishes. B. Do some cooking. C. Do some washing.

15. What does the passage talk about?

A. Family rules. B. School rules. C. Library rules.

第二部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中选出最佳选项。

A

Help for Children

Are you free in March? Are you good with children? We need your help at Children's Home. We want you to play games with the children and talk to them. Are you good at your lessons? You can also help them with their lessons. Please call us at 203-3948.

Students Wanted for the School Art Festival

Do you like painting pictures? Can you sing or dance? Can you play the guitar or the violin? Our school needs students to join the art festival. It's great fun! Please call Mr. Brown at 999-4653.

Story Telling & Writing Contest(竞赛)

Can you tell interesting stories? Are you good at writing? We have a story telling and writing contest for children from 12-14 years old. If you have interest in our contest, please send your stories to cinest@Goodstory.mail.com. If you have any question, you can e-mail at this address or call us at 475-2836.

16. What can you do at Children's Home?

- ①Help children with their lessons. ②Talk to children.
③Play games with children. ④Speak English with children.
A. ①②③ B. ①②④ C. ①③④ D. ②③④

17. If we want to know more about the contest, how many ways can we use?

- A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.

18. Where can we see the material(材料)?

- A. At Children's Home. B. On the noticeboard.
C. At a writing contest. D. At an art festival.

B

Gardening is popular in many parts of the world. It brings us sweet-smelling flowers, fresh fruit and vegetables. But you can get more from your garden.

Gardening helps to keep healthy. Today's people sit indoors for too long and don't get much exercise. When you garden, you have to move around. It's a good chance for you to exercise your body by watering flowers or doing some digging. Also, when you are in your garden, you can feel the warm sunshine. This means you are getting Vitamin D. It helps your body use calcium(钙), which is necessary to keep your bones(骨骼) strong.

Gardening is a great activity to do with children. It gets them off computers, televisions and phones. Gardening can be a great teacher to teach children about nature and healthy

Songkran Festival is a very important festival in Thailand. Thai people call it Tai New Year, too. It is from April 13th to April 15th every year. At that time, Thai people usually go back home to celebrate(庆祝) the festival with their family. The word Songkran means “to move” or “to change”. It is the day when the sun changes its position (位置) in the zodiac(黄道带). Thai people also call Songkran Festival “Water Festival”, because they always celebrate the festival with water. They throw water at each other. And they think water can wash away bad luck of the old year and bring good luck to the new year. Songkran Festival is also a time for Thai people to clean their houses. If you go to Thailand during Songkran Festival, you can see many Thai people sing and dance on the street.

27. How long does Songkran Festival last(持续) in Thailand?

- A. For a day. B. For two days. C. For three days. D. For four days.

28. Which of the following is right?

- A. Songkran Festival is very important in America.
B. The word Songkran means “to move” or “to exchange”.
C. The time of Songkran Festival is different every year.
D. People in Thailand celebrate Songkran Festival with water.

29. Thai people usually do the following EXCEPT(除了) _____ during Songkran Festival.

- A. singing and dancing B. cleaning their houses
C. throwing water D. visiting friends

30. What does the passage mainly talk about?

- A. Some traditions(传统) in Thailand. B. Some festivals in Thailand.
C. Something about Songkran Festival. D. Something about Thai people.

第二节（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

很多人喜欢喝茶，但泡茶是一门很讲究技巧的艺术。请阅读有关泡茶的几个最基本的步骤，然后从所给选项 A--E 中，选出符合文字内容的图示。

31. _____ Step 1: Rinse the tea set. This step is to clean the whole tea set and to take away the dust from the tea set. Also, it is to warm up the teapot and other tea stuff.

32. _____ Step 2: Put some tea leaves into the teapot. Don't put too much or too little.

33. _____ Step 3: Pour the boiled water into the teapot. But make sure to wait for about one or two minutes before pouring out the tea into the cups. Don't keep too long to save the aroma of the tea leaves.

34. _____ Step 4: Divide the tea into every smaller cup. This means pouring the tea from

the teapot into small tea cups.

35. _____ Step 5: Serve and drink the tea. But don't drink it too fast. Watch it carefully, enjoy its sweet smell and drink it slowly.



A

B

C

D

E

第三部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 25 分)

第一节:完形填空(共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 满分 15 分)

通读下面短文掌握其大意, 然后在各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中选出一个最佳选项。

Once there was a boy called Meng Ke. His dad died, so he lived 36 with his mom, Mengmu.

Mengmu wanted her son to study and make progress. 37 little Meng Ke was a naughty boy. He followed the children next door to climb the tree to catch birds, jump into the 38 to catch fish, and steal melons in fields. Mengmu thought, "My 39 doesn't study hard because the living environment isn't good."

Then they moved to a house next to a 40. People moved around the market, chatting and bargaining, while sellers 41 at the top of their voices trying to attract customers. Meng Ke saw this and 42 himself by acting like a seller. He learned to bow to the passers-by, welcoming them to buy his goods and even bargained just like other sellers. Mengmu was terrified by the sight and told 43, "No, this is not the proper place to raise my child, either." So she took Meng Ke away 44 the market.

At last they settled down beside a 45. There Meng Ke saw the good pupils. He 46 from their manners. He saw the students 47 books and he did so. Soon he developed an interest in reading and searching for 48. Mengmu thought the school was the 49 environment she had been looking for.

Later Meng Ke 50 to be a well-mannered, knowledgeable man, and today we know him as Mencius.

36. A. alone B. lonely C. gradually D. suddenly
37. A. So B. Because C. And D. But
38. A. forest B. river C. field D. park

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 39. A. brother | B. sister | C. son | D. daughter |
| 40. A. supermarket | B. museum | C. restaurant | D. market |
| 41. A. shouted | B. looked | C. smiled | D. knocked |
| 42. A. helped | B. enjoyed | C. told | D. did |
| 43. A. myself | B. yourself | C. herself | D. himself |
| 44. A. about | B. for | C. with | D. from |
| 45. A. school | B. bank | C. hospital | D. shop |
| 46. A. heard | B. learned | C. kept | D. dated |
| 47. A. buying | B. selling | C. reading | D. making |
| 48. A. knowledge | B. advice | C. ways | D. directions |
| 49. A. special | B. common | C. strange | D. educational |
| 50. A. gave up | B. grew up | C. woke up | D. stayed up |

第 II 卷

第三部分 英语知识运用（共两节，满分 25 分）

第二节:(共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

阅读下面材料，在空白处填入适当的内容（1 个单词）或括号内单词的正确形式。将答案填写在答题卷的相应位置。

After a month of competition, all of the table tennis matches were over. Two students won 51. _____(one) prize, two students won second prize 52. _____ four students won third prize. I was very lucky to be one of 53. _____ two first-prize winners.

As more Chinese table tennis players have become famous through various games, table tennis has become one of the most popular sports in the world. More and more people play table tennis and love it, and I am one of 54. _____(they).

I began to play table tennis 55. _____ I was just a Grade 2 student. There was a table tennis room downstairs in my home, so every day I 56. _____(get) to play it.

I always wanted to have a chance 57. _____(show) my skills at table tennis, but there was no chance until a few 58. _____(month) ago when the school organized the table tennis competition. I took part 59. _____it and fought hard. I won championship(冠军). Later, my friends asked me how I won the match. I told them, "There was no magic. If you work hard enough, you can be 60. _____(success) like me. After all, no pain, no gain."

第三节 口语运用（共 5 小题，满分 5 分）

根据对话内容，从方框中选择恰当的句子完成对话，使其完整、通顺，有一项多余。

A. What about you?	D. Have a good time.
B. How far is it from your home to the bus station?	E. How do you usually go to school?
C. Do you like your school?	F. Bye.

(A=Peter, B=Sally)

A: Hello! Sally.

B: Hi, Peter.

A: 61

B: Well, first I ride my bike to the bus station.

A: 62

B: It's about 1 kilometer. Then I take a bus to school. 63

A: I walk to school. My school isn't far from my house.

B: That's cool. 64

A: Yes, I do. Our school is beautiful and I love my teachers.

B: Sounds great. Oh, I have to go now. Bye-bye.

A: 65

第四部分 写作（共两节，满分 25 分）

第一节:单词拼写（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

66. The little girl is good at d_____ pictures. I like her pictures.

67. Bill, r_____ to arrive at school on time tomorrow morning!

68. The terrible accident of MU5735 made one h_____ and thirty-two people lose their lives.

69. Tom wants to share the apple with his sister so he cut it into two h_____.

70. "I am s_____ for being late because I missed the early bus." said Paul.

71. He thinks his dream can come t_____.

72. At the party, you can e_____ sing or dance.

73. There isn't a bridge b_____ the village and the school, so students can't go to school easily.

74. Don't eat too q_____. It's bad for your health.

75. My son likes singing. He wants to be a m_____ when he grows up.

76. 第二节：书面表达（共 1 小题，满分 10 分）

假如你是开元中学(Kaiyuan Middle School)的李华，你的澳大利亚笔友 Sam 想作为交换生到你学校学习，请根据 Sam 的邮件给他写封 70 词左右的回信介绍情况。

Hi Li Hua,
How are you? I hope you're fine and not too busy. I can't wait to leave for Hangzhou this summer. But could you please tell me the weather in Hangzhou, especially in summer? Is Kaiyuan Middle School far from the West Lake? How long does it take me to get there from your school? Are there any special rules in your school?
I'm looking forward to your early reply.
Sam

Hi Sam,

I'm looking forward to seeing you!
Yours,
Li Hua