**2021-2022学年第二学期期中形成性调研**

**九年级英语试卷**

（满分120分考试时间100分钟）

**听力部分（每小题1分, 共20分）**

一、听力理解（每小题1分, 共20分）

第一节 听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话读两遍。

1. When did the twins begin to study in the school?

A. In 2015. B. In 2017. C. In 2019.

2. What does the man do?

A. A conductor. B. A driver. C. A football player.

3. Where do you think the two speakers are talking?

A. At the airport. B. At the bus stop. C. At the train station.

4. Which statement is true according to the conversation?

A. Chris is in. B. Chris is on the phone. C. Mr. Lee is Kitty's father.

5. What is the weather like now?

A. Windy. B. Sunny. C. Rainy.

第二节 听下面几段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳答案。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听下面一段对话, 回答第6至第7两个小题。

6. Why doesn't the woman eat those dishes?

A. Because she's ill. B. Because she's on a diet. C. Because she doesn't like them.

7. What does the man advise the woman to do?

A. To eat less. B. To have a good rest. C. To do more exercise.

听下面一段对话, 回答第8至第9两个小题。

8. Why does the girl join the group?

A. To improve her English. B. To make more friends. C. To share her experience.

9. How often will the group meet every week?

A. Once a week. B. Twice a week. C. Three times a week.

听下面一段独白, 回答第10至第12三个小题。

10. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Spacesuits. B. Computers. C. Mobile phones.

11. Which isn't mentioned in the passage?

A. Sending e-mails. B. Listening to music. C. Chatting with key pals.

12. How many new fields of use are mentioned in the passage?

A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.

听下面一段对话, 回答第13至第15三个小题。

13. How many people are there in the girl's family?

A. Three. B. Four. C. Five.

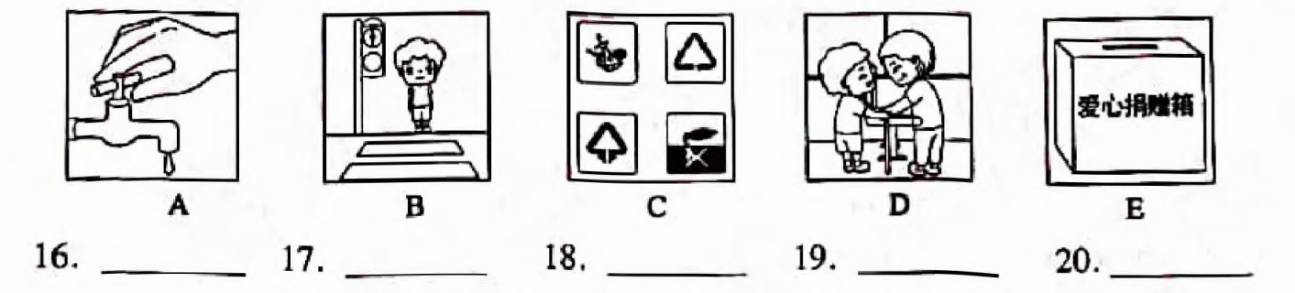
14. Who uses the computer for drawing?

A. the girl's mother. B. the girl's sister. C. the girl's father.

15. What does the girl use the computer for?

A. Writing programs. B. Drawing and designing. C. Helping with her subjects.

第三节 听下面一篇短文。按照你所听内容的先后顺序将下列图片排序。短文读两遍。

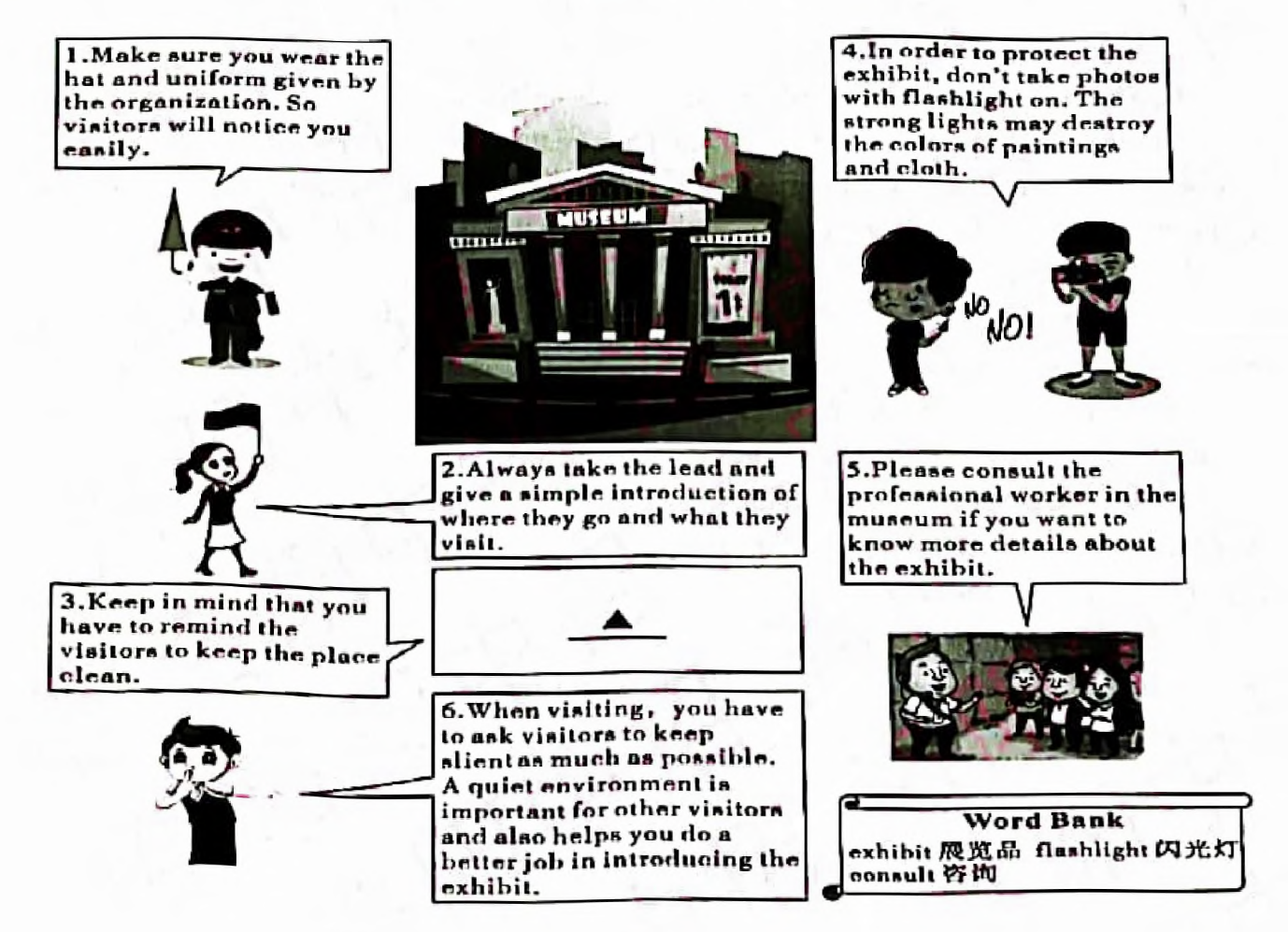


**笔试部分（100分）**

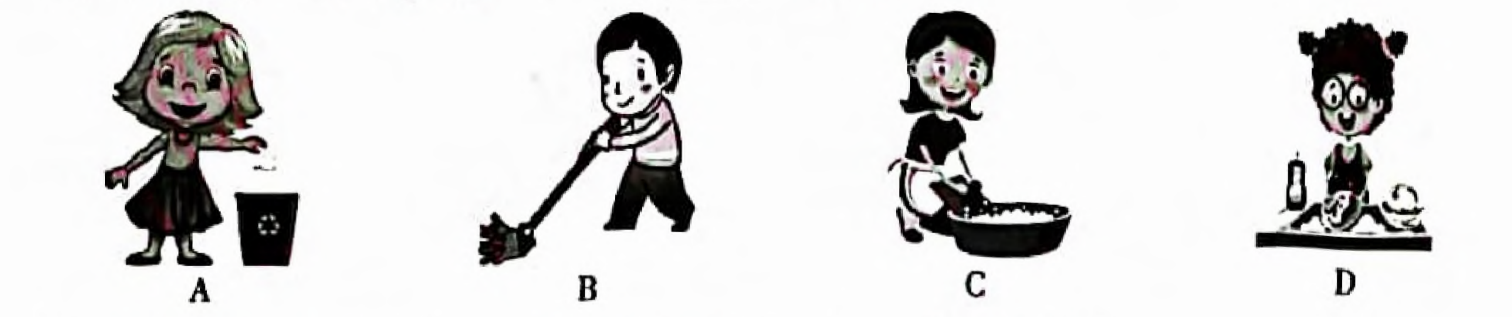
二、阅读理解（20小题, 每小题2分, 共40分）

阅读下面四篇语言材料, 然后按文后要求做题。

A

Rules for Volunteer Museum Guide

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

21. Which picture is proper for the“\_\_\_”in the text?

22. What can you do if you want to know more about the exhibit?

A. Search on the Internet. B. Call your teacher to help you.

C. Look up in your guidebook. D. Ask the professional worker for help.

23. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_rules in the text.

A. two B. four C. six D. eight

24. Which is listed in the text?

A. If you wear white gloves, people will notice you easily.

B. You can let people touch the exhibit if they want.

C. Rule 4 explains the reason why flashlights aren't allowed.

D. You have to give a detailed introduction of the exhibit to visitors.

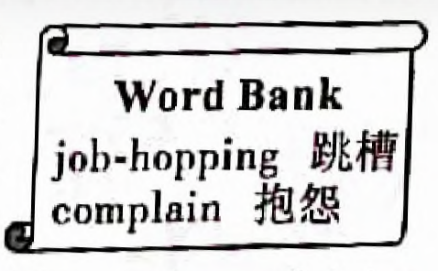
25. Where is the text most probably from?

A. A business newspaper. B. A volunteer guidebook.

C. A science report. D. A sports magazine.

B

One afternoon last year, I walked with one of my friends along the road in my home- town. He was not a clever student but studied harder than all of us when we were at school. We were all encouraged by him at that time. And now, he is an excellent worker in his company. That day l came to visit him and wanted to ask him for help because I had some trouble with my work.

At first, we talked about the past happy life in the school while eating. Then I talked with my friend as we were walking. When we came to a wide bridge, we met a blind man who went to the same direction as ours. Because he needed to find the way with the stick in his hand, he walked very slowly. Since I was in trouble, I didn't pay much attention to him. I talked about my five job- hopping experiences within two years and complained the trouble I was still going through. My friend just listened to me, nodded and smiled, and he kept **mute** all along the way.

After a while, when I looked forward, I found that the blind man walked farther than we did. I couldn't believe it. I asked, “How did the blind man walk farther than we did?” My friend said, “Because he put his whole heart into walking. He was trying his best to walk and that's the only thing he did. ”

That was for sure. He just kept walking, but I was always talking and complaining while walking.

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

26. Why did the writer visit his friend?

A. Because he missed his friend.

B. Because he wanted to ask for help.

C. Because he planned to treat his friend.

D. Because he invited his friend to his school.

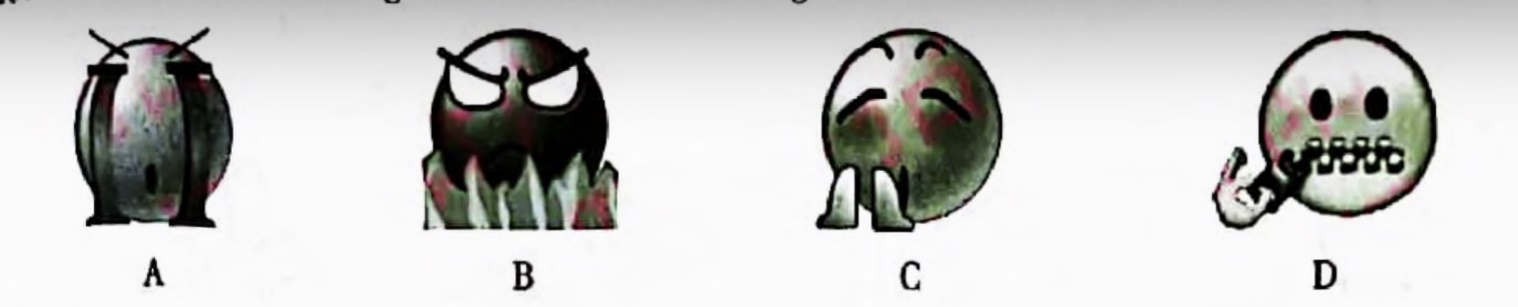
27. What did the writer do with the blind man at first?

A. He helped him walk across the bridge.

B. He laughed at him for walking so slowly.

C. He didn't pay too much attention to the blind man.

D. He talked to the blind man about his past experiences.

28. Which of the following best shows the meaning of the underlined word “mute”?

29. Put the sentences in the right order according to the passage.

a. I talked with my friend as we were walking.

b. I walked with one of my friends along the road.

c. I found that the blind man walked farther than we did.

d. We met a blind man who went to the same direction as ours.

e. My friend told me that the blind man just kept walking and I was always talking while walking.

A. a-c-b-d-e B. b-a-d-c-e C. b-d-a-c-e D. a-b-d-c-e

30. How might the writer feel when he saw the blind man walked farther?

A. Happy. B. Angry. C. Upset. D. Surprised.

C

In the past, if you wanted to learn something new, you might have to go to school or some other places to attend a class. But online learning changed that. Last year, the online learning market was worth $1, 665 billion. In the latest survey of Global Shapers, among 25, 000 young people across the world, 77. 84% of them reported having taken online courses.

However, the growth of online education has not been without challenges. Since its early start in the 1960s, online education has been always criticized （批评）for being short of quality control, especially for being short of high -quality teachers. It's also been said that online learning keeps students away from some of the advantages of being in a class- room, such as the teacher - student communication face to face. Besides, being in a class- room doesn't always **demand** the Internet connection and the electricity supply.

Regardless of these concerns, online education has made great improvements in recent years. For starters, more and more schools of higher learning have introduced or improved their online education platforms. And a number of providers have also turned to user ratings （评价）. ＂Star leacher＂, for example, has become a popular rating method in some countries. It commonly uses star symbols to show users' opinions about teachers and their les- sons, which helps good teachers stand out from others.

The development of education technology has also made online education become easier to get and more controllable. What a student needs are a computer, an Internet connection and some basic IT skills. Besides, some people say that online education has greatly helped make education easier lo gel, thus achieving the goal of “education for all".

根据材料内容选择最佳答案。

31. What does the writer want to show by using the numbers in Paragraph 1?

A. Online education has been popular recently.

B. People can make a lot of money online.

C. There are different kinds of online classes.

D. Online learning is very expensive for people.

32. Why has online education been criticized?

A. It is short of English teachers.

B. It wastes too much electricity.

C. It brings more challenges to students.

D. It fails to provide high-quality education

33. What does the underlined word “ demand” in Paragraph 2 mean?

A. Hope. B. Cause. C. Change D. Require.

34. How can we understand “Star teacher" mentioned in Paragraph 3?

A. A teacher having great knowledge of stars.

B. A website for users to choose their lessons.

C. A way to show if a teacher is good at teaching.

D. A teacher having taught online for a long time.

35. What does the last paragraph mainly talk about?

A. The advantages of online education.

B. The disadvantages of online education.

C. The challenges traditional teaching faces.

D. The skills for attending the online classes.

D

Recently, teenagers face many kinds of problems. Like many of them, I was once troubled with worries and dissatisfaction. Few people could understand my feelings. \_36\_\_

“The problem with your generation is that you always expect to be happy”, my mother once said. \_\_37\_Shouldn't we try hard to achieve it?

But now I have noticed a change in my thinking. I gradually realize what my mother said was correct. Over these years, many studies have shown that we are crazy about happiness and high personal confidence. \_\_38\_In fact, we may often be happier when we stop focusing on happiness.

We should also reset our expectations of the future. Don’t expect miracles （奇迹）, and accept that no matter how hard we try, feelings of failure and unhappiness will appear from time to time. When we feel sad, it's often because we have learned something painful but important. \_39\_At the same lime, we should learn how to deal with them better than trying to make them disappear.

\_\_40\_As my mother tried to teach me all those years ago, “Prepare for the worst, hope for the best, and be unsurprised by everything in between.”

A. Surely happiness was the purpose of living.

B. Neither could my parents.

C. That may make us less satisfied with our lives.

D. Happiness arrives when we are least expecting it.

E. So it's necessary for us to accept sad feelings as part of life.

三、完形填空（15小题, 每小题1分, 共15分）

先通读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从A、B、C、D四个选项中选出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

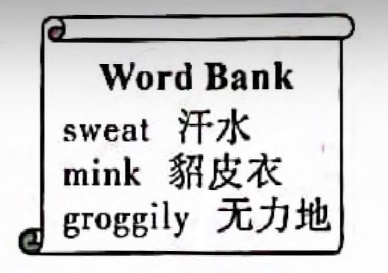
When Jim woke up in the morning, his wife said she was going to give him a big. \_\_41\_\_and it would be of great help. He was \_\_42\_\_ the big surprise all the day.

After work, Jim arrived home happily. As soon as he entered the house, being shocked, he\_43\_\_his wife lying on the floor. She was in a pool of sweat. He felt very worried and \_\_44\_\_ . He rushed over and woke her up. \_45\_he noticed she's in a warm coat and a mink. Now it is summer. Why did his wife wear such heavy clothes? Was she ill? Jim \_46\_\_ brought a cup of water and gave it to his wife.

“What's\_47\_\_ with you? Are you OK? What are you doing?" he asked.

“You've been promising to \_\_48\_the living room for months, " she explained groggily. “I wanted to show that I could just do a\_\_49\_\_ job, and paint faster, too.”

“Well, you don't have to do it well\_50\_me. I can finish it myself. It's difficult for \_\_51\_\_. "Jim said.

“I just can't wait \_\_52\_\_ you haven't taken any actions on it. ”Jim's wife replied.

“Well, it does look like you did a good\_53\_, ” Jim said, looking around. “But \_\_54 \_\_do you wear so many clothes?”

“I followed the \_\_55\_\_on the can. I know how to read.” Jim's wife answered. “The can says, 'For the best results, put on two coats.”

41. A. hug B. notice C. surprise D. problem

42. A. worrying B. receiving C. making D. expecting

43. A. supported B. guessed C. found D. doubted

44. A. excited B. proud C. happy D. strange

45. A. But B. And C. So D. Or

46. A. never B. then C. seldom D. already

47. A. wrong B. angry C. friendly D. polite

48. A. buy B. build C. clean D. paint

49. A. bad B. great C. special D. boring

50. A. before B. like C. across D. under

51. A. me B. them C. you D. her

52. A. because B. though C. if D. while

53. A. test B. research C. model D. job

54. A. when B. how C. where D. why

55. A. words B. secrets C. dates D. numbers

四、语篇填空（15小题, 每小题1分, 共15分）

第一节阅读短文, 从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空, 使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词。请将答案填写在答题卡相应位置上。（10分）

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The sweetest memory of my childhood is about a round table. When I was still little, my whole family would get together on different traditional\_56\_\_ to have dinner. We kids would be sitting around or playing hide -and -seek under the table while the grown-ups were having a\_57\_\_.

When I got a bit older, my aunt brought back her boyfriend and my grandma cheerfully\_58\_\_ another seat to the round table. It seemed a little more crowded, but we all felt much \_\_59\_\_ to each other. When I was twelve, my grandpa passed away. That made us \_\_60\_\_ sad. However, when the whole family got together once again, we \_\_61\_\_ agreed that his chair, his bowl and his chopsticks should remain the same, even though his seat was empty, we felt like that he had never left us.

We all have a table like this in\_62\_\_ homes. It is a sign of reunion of our family showing our feelings. \_63\_the reason why we come together may be different, the feelings behind it are the same. Usually different cultures are \_\_64\_by us around the table. What's more, we express the love not only for our family, but also for a community, our nation and even the whole world.

The history of our nation has been the stories of looking for or running to the round table \_\_65\_\_ we belong to. The round table has been a symbol of the Chinese feelings. It was, it is and will always be.

56. \_\_\_\_57. \_\_\_\_58. \_\_\_\_59. \_\_\_\_60. \_\_\_\_

61. \_\_\_\_62. \_\_\_\_63. \_\_\_\_64. \_\_\_\_65. \_\_\_\_

第二节 阅读短文, 根据语篇要求填空, 使短文通顺、意思完整, 每空限填一词。（5分）

A rich woman was so proud of a valuable antique vase that she decided to have her bedroom painted the same color\_66\_\_ the vase. Several painters tried to mix the color right, but none came close enough to satisfy the woman.

Eventually, a painter came. He was so confident\_67\_\_ he could mix the proper color. The woman was pleased \_\_68\_\_ the result, and the painter became famous. Years \_\_69\_\_he retired and turned the business over to his son. “Dad, ” asked the son, “there's \_\_70\_\_

I've not got to know. How did you get those walls to match the vase so perfectly?” “Son, ” the father replied, “I painted the vase. ”

66. \_\_\_\_67. \_\_\_\_68. \_\_\_\_69. \_\_\_\_70. \_\_\_\_

五、补全对话（5小题, 每小题2分, 共10分）根据下面的对话情景, 在每个空白处填上一个适当的句子, 使对话的意思连贯、完整。

A: Hello, may I speak to Ava?

B: Speaking, please.

A: Oh! This is Jasper speaking.

B: Hi, Jasper. 71. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

A: I want to say “thank you", for I really had a good time at the party yesterday.

B: It's my pleasure! Hope we can enjoy ourselves together next time.

A: Well, I hope so. By the way, 72. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

B: Picnic in the zoo? Wow, I'd like to, but when is it?

A: How about this weekend?

B: That's good. I can prepare food for us. What would you like to eat?

A: 73. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I think it's healthy.

B: I agree with you. Let's meet at 8: 30 on Sunday morning, OK?

A: 74. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

B: What will the weather be like?

A: 75. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I have already checked the weather.

B: Well, see you then.

六、书面表达（20分）

中国赢得2022年第二十四届冬季奥林匹克运动会的举办权, 假如你叫李磊, 你想在2022年做一名冬奥会的志愿者, 请你写一封推荐信给冬奥会组委会介绍自己的情况。

1. 个人情况: （1）光明中学九年级（2）班的班长;

（2）爱好: 读书, 读书的感悟（至少两点）;

（3）喜欢的颜色: 自己发挥, 并说出喜欢的原因（至少两点）;

2. 个人自荐条件: （1）自信: 不害怕在全校面前演讲, 善于与他人打交道;

（2）办事有条理; 保持一切井井有条, 从来不会忘记需要做的事情;

（3）乐于助人: （举1-2个事例）

要求: 1. 词数100字左右, 开头和结尾不计入总字数。

2. 必须包括所有要点, 适当发挥, 使短文连贯通顺。

Dear sir,

I'm very excited to hear that China has successfully bid for the success of the 2022 Winter Olympics. I'd like to be a volunteer for it. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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If you can agree with me, I will improve myself in all aspects （方面）. I’m sure I will be an excellent volunteer. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Yours,

LiLe