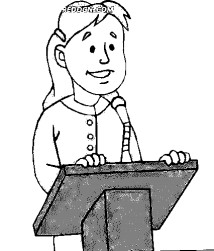
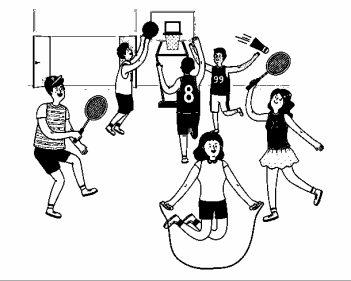
九年级英语



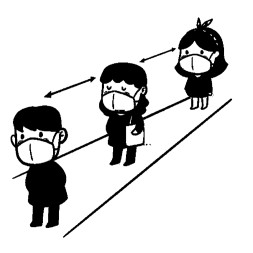
**Part 1 Listening (**第一部分 听力**)**

**I. Listening Comprehension (**听力理解**) (**共 **25** 分**)**

**A. Listen and choose the right the picture (**根据你听到的内容，选出相应的图片**)** （**5** 分）



**A B C**



**D E F**

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.

**B. Listen to the dialogue and choose the best answer to the question you hear (**根据你听到的

对话和问题，选出最恰当的答案**)** （**5** 分）

( ) 6. A. By car B. By bus C. On foot D. By taxi

( ) 7. A. Walk along a zigzag bridge. B. Eat a tasty meal.

C. Do paper cutting. D. Visit Yu Garden.

( ) 8. A. 9:00 B. 9:15 C. 9:30 D. 10:00

( ) 9. A. Waiter and customer. B. Manager and secretary.

C. Doctor and patient. D. Husband and wife.

( ) 10. A. Mike is too tired to study any more.

B. Mike often goes over his lessons quite late.

C. Mike should perform better in the exam.

**C. Listen to the passage and tell whether the following statements are true or false (**判断下

列句子是否符合你听到的短文内容**,** 符合的用“**T**”表示，不符合的用“**F**”表 示**) (5** 分**)**



( ) 11. Jill didn’t enjoy her day at the amusement park.

( ) 12. Jill has been riding roller coasters for three hours before she felt sick.

( ) 13. The large order of fries finally fell off and left all the salt on Jill’s food.

( ) 14. Jill went through the rest of the day almost blind because her glasses fell off into water.

( ) 15. At the end of the day, Jill was offered some money to go to the amusement park again.

**D. Listen to the passage and complete the following sentences (**听短文，完成下列内容。每 空格限填一词**) (10** 分**)** .

16. Ben stayed up all night to his Chinese exam.

17. After having coffee, Ben can this afternoon.

18. Mary thinks drinking too much coffee may cause \_.

19. Although coffee helps us work quickly in exams, we won’t have

.

20. Ben needs to

his well for his health.

**Part 2 Phonetics, Vocabulary and Grammar**

（第二部分 语音、词汇和语法）

**II. Choose the best answer (**选择最恰当的答案**): (**共 **15** 分**)**

( ) 21. The day when I first saw the Notre Dame Cathedral is amazing day to me.

A. a B. an C. the D. /

( ) 22. Bing Dwen Dwen, the mascot of the Beijing 2022 Winter Olympics, is waving

left hand to welcome altheletes around the world.

A. it B. its C. it’s D. itself

( ) 23. Problem Based Learning provides children a new way of learning which makes learning more attractive.

A. by B. from C. for D. with

( ) 24. is waiting for you at the gate. He wants to say thanks to you.

A. Somebody B. Anybody C. Everybody D. Nobody

( ) 25. It is not safe for teenagers to give out too much about themselves on the

Internet.

A. information B. question C. idea D. knowledge

( ) 26. The twin sisters look so similar that I can’t tell one from \_.

A. other B. another C. the other D. others

( ) 27. The students take turns the classroom after school every day.

A. clean B. cleaning C. cleaned D. to clean. ( ) 28. I be late, so don’t wait for me to start the meeting.

A. mustn’t B. needn’t C. can D. may

( ) 29. The idea he gave yesterday sounded really and we prepared to try it.

A. great B. well C. wonderfully D. usefully

( ) 30. smart electric car! I really want to have one.

A. How B. What C. What a D. What an

( ) 31. He to work when he heard the exciting news on the radio.

A. was driving B. is driving C. has driven D. will drive

( ) 32. Leave the reference books behind, you won’t be able to think on your own.

A. so B. and C. or D. but

( ) 33. Look! The light is still on in Mr. Smith’s office. He his task.

A. isn’t finishing B. doesn’t finish C. hasn’t finished D. won’t finish

( ) 34. A large number of tea plants on the sides of the mountain every year.

A. will be grown B. are grown C. is grown D. grow

( ) 35. The firemen rushed out they received the phone call for help.

A. while B. since C. until D. as soon as

**III. Complete the following passages with the words or phrases in the box. Each can only be used once (**将下列单词或短语填入空格。每词只能填一次**)**（共 **8** 分）

**(A)**

A. wisdom B. allowed C. effect D. attracted E. solution

In recent years, some people are heading to Gansu



Province for the north-western desert scenery while others are

36 by the Mogao Grottoes(莫高窟壁画) in Dunhuang. There are nearly five hundred caves with huge Buddhist sculptures( 雕塑 ) and fantastic paintings at Mogao. The

building on caves ended about 800 years ago and gathered the 37 of

countless Chinese craftsmen. The caves are important for understanding the ancient cultures of north-western China. Visitors are only 38 in from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. The limit is necessary, for too many visitors will bring large amount of CO2 to the cave. That will have a bad 39\_ on the Grottoes. Please follow the website of online booking to learn more details.

**(B)**

A. included B. specially C. exactly D. compared E. common

Why do people use dictionaries? Three ways make dictionaries useful: They show us how to spell words; they tell us the meaning of words; they show us how words are used with other words to make people understand 40 what we want to say or write.

This dictionary does all things above with a bit more than 3,000 words. It not only gives the meanings of words in an easy form, but also shows how the words are used by using the words in

41\_ chosen sentences.

If we want to look up the meaning of a word, it will not help us if some unknown words are

42\_ in the explanation. So, in this dictionary, a fixed list of about 1,500 43 words is used to explain all the words in the book. For example, ‘friendly’ and ‘friendship’ are explained with the sentences made from ‘friend’. This list of words will be found at the end of the book.

**IV. Complete the sentences with the given words in their proper forms (**用括号中所给单词的

适当形式完成下列句子。每空格限填一词**)**（共 **8** 分）

44. The website gives you quite a few useful on invterviewing for high schools. (tip)

45. My family has been to Beijing to climb the Great Wall. (two)

46. Simon is measuring the of his desk to see if it will fit the new study. (long)

47. The great is respected by the world. (art)

48. My grandma has become very these days. (forget)

49. Her house had been searched and a necklace was missing. (clear)

50. Some interesting things came up in our yesterday. (discuss)

51. Nothing is if you set your mind to it. (possible)

**V. Complete the following sentences as required** （根据所给要求，改写下列句子。每空格 限填一词）（共 **14** 分）

52. The fashion show delayed for the heavy snow. (改为一般疑问句)

the fashion show for the heavy snow?

53. I opened the safe with the key Tom gave me. (对划线部分提问)

you open the safe?

54. The grey puppy was not as heavy as the white cat. (保持句意基本不变) The white cat was the grey puppy.

55. I practiced hard and finally got the first prize in the speech contest. (保持句意基本不变)

I finally got the first prize in the speech contest my hard practice.

56. Our government offers free medical care to COVID-19 patients. (改为被动语态) Free medical care to COVID-19 patients.

57. “Did you take your pet for a walk last night?” the reporter asked the actress. (改为间接引语)

The reporter asked the actress she taken her pet for a walk the night before.

58. it, to achieve something, found, through hard work, I, great fun (连词成句)

.

**Part 3 Reading and Writing** （第三部分 读写）

**VI. Reading comprehension**（阅读理解）（共 **50** 分）

**A. Choose the best answer** （根据短文内容，选择最恰当的答案）（**12** 分）

Dear friends and community,

We are happy to introduce recent activities in our community. Choose any one you like and enjoy the time with your family and friends.



|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **On Broadway**  This will be a night of the most entertaining and thrilling Broadway shows set on stage. We would like to honor some of these world-class acts in the show. You will  experience dramatic tangos(探 戈), elegant  waltzes(华尔 兹) and much more. This production will attract you with its creative dancing, exciting music and beautiful costumes.  Date: January 25—February 2, 6-8 pm  Admission:￥20 presale/￥25 on the door | **Winter Camp**  Our unique and fun winter camp features dancing, fitness, games and other activities. While having a good time, campers can improve their  body coordination(协 调), balance, posture and  physical condition.  For the last day, we have planned a performance for family and friends to show everything we have learned during the camp.  Date: Monday January 15—February 14, 9 am-  8:30 pm  Children aged 5 & up |
| **North Skyline Open**  Located in the beautiful Ballantyne Resort, this is an event you won’t forget. Enjoy dancing with world-class performers and professionals. Relax in the spa or get away for a round of golf and then take part in a fantastic evening of campfire party.  Date: February 5  Fee:￥300 for B&B (bedroom and breakfast)  General information: Yusimi Cruz, phone:  892-7000 | **Items needed**  Do you have books, lamps, toys, records, DVDs, holiday decorations, jewelry or any other items just collecting dust?  Time to clean out your room and bring your  items to the Community Square.  All electronic items must be in working order.  No clothing, computers, TVs or encyclopedias accepted.  Those with questions or offers to help can call  Jane Lee at 1024-10515.  Community Sale: February 3  Collections start on January 12 and no items will be accepted after January 26. |

( ) 59. How much will you pay for a ticket to On Broadway two days before the show?

A. ￥15 B. ￥20 C. ￥25 D. ￥30 ( ) 60. The winter camp enables children to .

A. learn from famous dancers B. gain useful camping skills

C. learn how to get on with their parents. D. keep fit

( ) 61. Those who attend the North Skyline Open will .

A. have a whole day relax B. play golf with world-class judges

C. get a free spa D. pay for breakfast

( ) 62. If you want to sell electronic items, they must be .

A. completely new B. cleaned carefully

C. running well D. quite small

( ) 63. Which of the following statement is true according to the material above?

A. Peterson will enjoy pop music on Broadway.

B. David’s mum would like to send his young sister aged 3 to attend Winter Camp.

C. Jane’s parents show great interest in campfire party and they will call Yusimi Cruz for more information.

D. Michelle’s father wants to sell an old TV set so he will connect Jane Lee.

( ) 64. You can read the material above probably from the .

A. science book review B. noticeboard in the community

C. sports section of a newspaper D. news section on a website

**B. Choose the words or expressions and complete the passage**（选择最恰当的单词或词语完 成短文）**:**（**12** 分）

Three years ago, a group of researchers at Cornell University’s Food and Brand Lab had a

guess. They knew that as part of the National School Lunch Program, apples were served to kids.

But many of them 65 in the rubbish bins, some even untouched. Unlike others,

they wondered why the kids didn’t want the fruit.

They thought the fact that the apples were being served whole, rather than *sliced* (切成片的), made the fruit out of favor. And they wanted to 66 this idea.

They carried out a study at eight schools and found that fruit *consumption*( 消

耗) 67 by more than 60 percent when apples were served sliced. They then made a follow- up study at six other schools, which not only showed the same result, but further 68\_ it. Both the overall apple consumption and the percentage of students who ate more than half of the apple served to them were more than 70 percent higher at schools that served sliced apples.

Based on these results, it seems that even the simplest forms of inconvenience can influence us. Sliced apples did reduce the waste. However, the hardest part is getting kids to 69 eating fruit, and that’s exactly why sliced apples are the way to go. A child holding a

whole apple has to break the skin, eat around the core (果核), and 70 the inconvenience of

holding a large fruit. These problems might seem silly or unimportant, but they’re important when you’re missing teeth or have braces (牙箍), as so many kids do.

It’s one of those situations where what seems like a really small inconvenience actually

makes a huge difference.

( ) 65. A. ended up B. finished off C. followed up D. set off

( ) 66. A. present B. share C. prove D. try

( ) 67. A. decreased B. jumped C. reached D. slowed

( ) 68. A. denied B. supported C. impressed D. described

( ) 69. A. learn B. practice C. continue D. start

( ) 70. A. deal with B. think about C. look into D. point out

**C. Read the passage and fill in the blanks with proper words**（在短文的空格内填入适当的 词，使其内容通顺，每空格限填一词，首字母已给**):**（**14** 分）

**Mary Anning: The Fossil Hunter**

As a fossil(化石) scientist, Mary Anning(1700—1847) made great contributions(贡献) to her field in the 19th Century. Her name is now widely known in Britain and even Europe. But that was not always the case.

Anning was a talented woman. She was born in a poor family in Lyme Regis, Britain. She

did not receive any proper education and had to teach h 71

paleontology(古生物学).

geology( 地质学 ) and

Anning grew up by the sea. At a young age, she showed great interest in studying the fossils along the coastline. Anning worked very hard. She went out in all weathers to search for fossils. At the age of 12, she uncovered a skeleton that looked like a crocodile. Then, after ten years of tireless e 72 , she made an amazing discovery. It was a huge fossil of something that the world had never seen before.

However, many of Anning’s findings d \_73\_ with the widely accepted *theories* (理论) at

that time. So most of the scientists didn’t believe or recognize the value of her findings. What’s more, in that period, people s 74\_ respected women. Anning’s findings were even published without her name. During her lifetime, the woman was never s 75 considered to be a scientist.

But such troubles didn’t stop Anning from making more discoveries. The woman was still keen on studying v 76 sizes and types of fossils alongside the sea. Some of them were as large as a huge rock while others were smaller than an egg. Until 1829, she carefully uncovered a skeleton of a fossil fish which made her known among first-class scientists. Her discoveries

helped to study some extinct(已灭绝的) animals. They formed the basis for Charles Darwin’s *On*

*the Origin of Species* (《物种起源》) .

In recent years, more and more people have come to realize the importance of Anning’s work. She is now listed among the top ten British women who have greatly a 77 the history of science. Anning was an ambitious and hard-working woman in history. She deserves to be remembered.

**D. Answer the questions**（根据短文内容回答下列问题）**: (12** 分**)**

①One night, I was sitting in my kitchen half-listening as my 12-year-old son, Kevin fought with his brother Tommy. I didn't pay attention when Kevin went upstairs with a look of hurt on his

face.

②About 20 minutes later, as I was walking upstairs I heard Kevin crying inside the bathroom. I knocked on the door and asked, "Kevin, do you want a talk?" No answer. I tried again. Still nothing happened.

③So, I took a piece of paper from a notepad and wrote, "If you don't want to talk, we can write notes to each other." and slipped(滑动) it under the door.

④An hour later, I was still sitting outside the bathroom with two piles(堆) of cards in front of me. They are cards from Kevin on which he had put all his unpleasant feelings into words for me. As I read one of Kevin’s notes, I couldn’t help crying. One of Kevin's notes said, "Nobody in this family cares about me. I am not the youngest, and I am not the oldest, and I am not the smartest.

Tommy thinks that I am too weak and Dad wishes he had another Kevin as a kid because he's better at basketball. And you’re never around to even notice me."

⑤He was right about my pa rt . Feeling sorry for him, I wrote back, "Kevin, I do love you and

I am here for you and you are loved in this family." He didn’t reply for a while, but I could hear him crying softly. Kevin ran out of paper, so he wrote "Thanks" on a paper cup. I wrote back "For what?" It was returned to me with the reply "Loving me" written on it.

⑥Since then, I have tried my best to care about my family members. When one of us notices

that the other is unhappy, we’ll smile and say, "Write it on a paper cup".

78. What was the age of Kevin when the fight happened?

79. How did Kevin and his mother talk?

80. What did Kevin write on the paper?

81. In paragraph⑤, what does the underlined words “ my part” refer to?

It refers to the fact that

82. Why did Kevin write on a paper cup at last?

83. What does the writer and his family mean by saying “Write it on a paper cup”?

**VII. Writing (**作文**): (**共 **20** 分**)**

84. Write a passage of at least 60 words on the topic“Love is always around”. (以“爱一直在我 身边”为题写一篇不少于 60 个词的短文，标点符号不占格。)

提示：Kevin 的故事告诉我们无论遇到什么问题，身边总是会有支持或帮助你的人让你感 受到爱。请结合自己的经历，具体谈谈他或她做了什么让你感受到爱一直在你身边。

(注意：1. 短文中不得出现考生的姓名、校名及其他相关信息，否则不予评分；

2. 照抄阅读理解语篇的不给分。)