

滨海名校 2022 年春学期

八年级第一次查漏补缺英语试卷

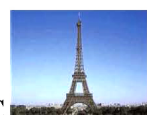
满分：150 分 考试时间：100 分钟

试卷 I（选择题共 100 分）

一、听力。（共 20 题，每小题 1.5 分，计 30 分）

(A) 听对话，回答问题。每段对话听两遍。

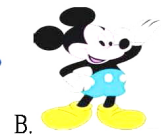
() 1. Where will the man go during Christmas?



() 2. Where does the Girl's father work?



() 3. Who waved to the woman in the parade?



() 4. What's the man's favorite activity?



() 5. What are the two speakers going to do?

A. Draw pictures.

B. Learn to dance.

C. Take photos.

() 6. Who will the girl go to watch fireworks with?

A. Her classmates.

B. Her cousins.

C. Her parents.

() 7. What does the man sometimes do on Sundays?

A. Read books.

B. Listen to music.

C. Go shopping.

() 8. What is Jerry's hometown famous for?

A. Tea.

B. Sight.

C. Food.

() 9. What does the man like to do in China?

A. Learn Chinese language.

B. Visit Chinese gardens.

C. Eat Chinese food.

() 10. How do the two speakers like to travel?

A. By train.

B. By bicycle.

C. By plane.

(B) 听对话和短文回答问题。

你将听到一段对话和两篇短文，各听两遍。听一段对话，回答 11~12 题。

() 11. What's on the wall?

- A. a yellow cat. B. a yellow kite. C. a grey kite.

()12. Whose is it?

- A. It's Nick's. B. It's the woman's. C. It's the man's.

听第一篇短文，完成第 13~15 题。请根据短文内容，选择正确答案，完成信息记录表。

How to learn a language well	
What's the writer's opinion of learning a language?	13
What should you do when people laugh at your mistakes?	14
We should 15 when we make a mistake.	

()13. A. Writing B. Using it C. Listening

()14. A. Don't be sad B. Be happy C. Get angry

()15. A. keep quiet B. feel worried C. keep the sense of humor

听第二篇短文，回答 16~20 小题。

()16. How many meals do many English people have a day?

- A. Two. B. Three. C. Four.

()17. What may people have for their breakfast?

- A. Tea or eggs. B. Porridge, eggs or bread, tea or coffee. C. Tea and coffee.

()18. When do English people have lunch?

- A. Any time. B. One. C. Five.

()19. What don't people eat for their dinner?

- A. Porridge. B. Bananas and apples. C. Meat and fish.

()20. When do some of the English people have dinner?

- A. At one clock. B. In the middle of the day. C. In the evening.

二、单项选择。（共 15 小题，每小题 1 分，计 15 分）

()21. --- We played _____ chess and watched a 3-D movie last Sunday.

--- _____ fantastic time you had!

- A. the; what a B. a; how / C. /; what a D. the; how a

()22. He's never watched such an interesting match, ?

- A. isn't he B. hasn't he C. is he D. has he

()23. My grandfather _____ live in the countryside, but now he _____ living in the city.

- A. used to; used to B. got used to; gets used to
C. used to; gets used to D. got used to, used to

()24. ---I haven't seen Jerry for a long time. Where _____ he _____?

---To Nanjing. He'll stay there until next week.

- A. has; gone B. has; been in C. has; been to D. has; been

()25. ---Tom, why not stop _____ a rest?

---- Oh, no, Mum. The story is so interesting that I can't stop _____ it

- A. having; reading B. to have; to read C. having; to read D. to have; reading

()26. ---Steve Jobs is many people's hero.

----Yes. He and his Apple changed people's life _____.

- A. in the way B. on the way C. in some ways D. by the way

()27. The Little Mermaid is in _____.

- A. Japan B. New Zealand C. Sydney D. Denmark
- () 28. His mother _____ since his father _____.
- A. has been away; has been dead B. has left; was dead
- C. has left; died D. has been away; died
- () 29. ---Have you finished your report _____, Andy?
- Yes. I've done that _____.
- A. yet; yet B. already; yet C. yet; already D. already; already
- () 30. --- What do you think of living _____ in the big flat?
- I think I will feel _____.
- A. on your own; alone B. by yourself; alone
- C. alone; lonely D. lonely; alone
- () 31. ---Did you borrow the comic book from the library?
- Yes. I _____ it for three days. I'll return it this afternoon.
- A. borrowed B. kept C. have borrowed D. have kept
- () 32. ---How long has the weather been like this?---
- A. Until last night B. Since last night
- C. Two days ago D. Two days later
- () 33. I can't buy this coat, because it is _____ expensive.
- A. a bit of B. a few C. a little of D. a bit
- () 34. My father _____ my mother when they were both 20 years old, and they _____ for 20 years.
- A. married; have married B. married with; have been married
- C. got married with; have married D. married; have been married
- () 35. --- We are going on holiday in Hong Kong tomorrow.
- _____. And I will miss you.
- A. Good luck B. You are welcome
- C. That's all right D. Enjoy your holiday

三、完形填空。(每题 1 分，共 15 题，计 15 分)

I walked along the sea for about an hour until I began to feel hungry. It was seven. By that time, I was not far from a favorite restaurant of mine, where I often went to eat two or three times a week. I knew the owner well.

I went into the restaurant, which was already crowded, and ordered my meal. While I was waiting, I looked 36 to see if I knew anyone in the restaurant. Then I saw a man sitting at a corner table near the door keeping looking in my direction (方向), as if he knew me. I certainly didn't know him, for I never forgot a 37. The man had a newspaper 38 in front of him. But I could see that he was keeping an 39 on me. When the waiter brought my soup, the man was 40 puzzled (迷惑) by the familiar (熟悉) way that the waiter and I called each other. He became even more puzzled as 41 went on. He could see that I was well 42 in the restaurant. At last he got up and went into the kitchen. After a few minutes he came out again, 43 for his meal and left.

When I had finished, I called the owner of the restaurant over and asked him 44 the man had wanted. The owner told me he was a detective (侦探). "Really?" I was 45. "He was certainly 46 in me. But why?" I asked. "He followed you here because he thought you were a man he was looking 47," the owner said. "When he came into the kitchen, he showed me a 48 of the wanted man. He certainly looked like you! Of course, since we 49 you here, I told

him that he had made a mistake.” It’s 50 I came to a restaurant where I am known, or I might have been arrested!

- () 36. A. for B. at C. around D. like
- () 37. A. name B. face C. person D. friend
- () 38. A. open B. closed C. opened D. close
- () 39. A. orange B. arm C. apple D. eye
- () 40. A. badly B. fast C. quickly D. clearly
- () 41. A. program B. story C. time D. news
- () 42. A. taken B. made C. known D. brought
- () 43. A. paid B. paying C. spent D. cost
- () 44. A. that B. what C. when D. which
- () 45. A. worried B. surprised C. surprising D. sad
- () 46. A. interested B. interesting C. worried D. sure
- () 47. A. up B. like C. at D. for
- () 48. A. book B. photo C. paper D. magazine
- () 49. A. know B. see C. hear D. look at
- () 50. A. bad B. good C. lucky D. best

四、阅读理解。

A. 阅读下列短文，根据短文内容选择最佳答案。（每题 2 分，共 15 题，计 30 分）

A

Welcome to Franklin Hotel! We will make your stay here as enjoyable as possible. We hope we will give you the best service.

★ Room Service: You can use the service 24 hours a day.

★ Dining Room: You can have three meals a day in the dining room. Breakfast is from 8:00 to 9:30. Also the room waiter may bring breakfast to your room at any time after 7:00. If you need, please fill in a card and hang it outside your room before 6:00. Lunch is from 12:00 to 14:00. Dinner is from 18:30 to 20:30.

★ Telephone: There is a telephone in your room. Dial “0” before you make a call. We will tell you to wait for a moment if the lines are busy.

★ Shop: The hotel shop is open from 9:00 to 17:30.

★ Coffee House: You can drink coffee here at the following times: 12:00 to 14:00, 20:00 to 23:30.

★ Another Service: There is a cinema in the hotel. A film begins at 19:00 On Sundays and Wednesdays.

() 51. When can you use the room service?

- A. Only the daytime. B. Only at night.
C. Anytime during a day. D. Only sometime.

() 52. If you want to have a meal in your room, what should you do?

- A. Phone the service desk.
B. Go to the hotel shop to buy some food.
C. Go to the hotel dining room.
D. Put a message outside the room.

() 53. What should you do if the telephone lines are busy?

- A. We should ask the service centre for help.

- B. We should cut off the phone.
- C. We should wait a moment.
- D. We should use the pay phone.

()54. If you want to have a two-hour business talk in the coffee house, you may go thereat _____.

- A. 12:00
- B. 1:00
- C. 10:00
- D. 11:30

()55. The instructions tell us that you can _____.

- A. go shopping at anytime in the hotel
- B. get at least six services
- C. see a film when you want to
- D. go to the coffee house twice a week

B

Chinese tourists flock(涌入) to Morocco(摩洛哥) during Spring Festival

In the Chinese restaurant of Chefchaouen, one of the top tourist attractions(旅游景点) in Morocco, an area of less than 100 square meters was full of more than a hundred Chinese tourists, with a lot more waiting outside, during the Chinese Spring Festival.

"Boss, can I have my Kung-Pao Chicken now?" "Boss, is my beef noodles ready?" Some visitors were not patient enough to wait long for their ordered foods. Restaurant owner said that during the Spring Festival, her business was much better than usual.

Another Chinese restaurant owner in Fes, Morocco's central city, had the same experience. The waiters said during the Spring Festival, a large number of Chinese tourists waited in lines for meals every day.

In the southern Moroccan town of Marrakech, tourist buses full of Chinese tourists can be found everywhere during the Spring Festival.

In Majorelle Garden, a famous tourist attraction, two girls from Ningbo, a city in East China's Zhejiang province, said they chose Morocco as their Spring Festival travel place to taste the country's special food.

Morocco's Minister (部长) of Tourism Mohamed Sajid said it hopes to attract(吸引) 500,000 Chinese tourists each year by 2020. Sajid also said Morocco is working to improve hotels, transports and tourist reception. He said direct flights between Morocco and China are being discussed, which is one of the key factors (因素) to attract Chinese tourists.

()56. Where can we probably find this article?

- A. In a storybook.
- B. In a sports magazine.
- C. In a newspaper.
- D. In a cookbook.

()57. What do the two girls from Ningbo come to Morocco for?

- A. shopping
- B. Moroccan food
- C. tourist attractions
- D. Chinese restaurants

()58. Which is one of the key factors to attract Chinese visitors?

- A. hotels
- B. transports
- C. food
- D. direct flights

()59. Which are famous places of interest in Morocco?

- A. Chefchaouen
- B. Marrakech
- C. Majorelle Garden
- D. All of the above

()60. We can infer(推断) from the passage that_____.

- A. Chinese restaurants in Morocco can make much money during the Spring Festival.
- B. There are not many Chinese tourists in Festival.
- C. Kung-Pao Chicken may be a kind of Moroccan food.
- D. Sajid is the president of Morocco.

C

Some people believe that schools will not be necessary in the near future. They say that because of the Internet and other new technology, there is no longer any need for school buildings, classes and teachers. Perhaps this will be true one day, but if the world has no schools, I can't imagine how our society will be. In fact, we should learn how to use new technology to make schools better. We should invent a new kind of school that is linked (链接) to libraries, museums, science centers, labs and even companies. Technological companies should create learning programmes for schools. Scientists could give talks through the Internet. TV networks and local stations could develop programmes about things students are studying in school. Labs could set up websites to show technology so that students could see it on the Internet.

Is this a dream? No. There are already many cities where this is beginning to happen. Here the whole city is linked to the Internet, and learning can take place at home, at school, and in the office. Businesses provide programmes for the schools and the society. The schools provide computer labs for people without their own computers at home. Because everyone can go on the Internet, older people use it as much as younger ones, and everyone can visit far-away libraries and museums as easily as nearby one. How will this new kind of school change the usual way of learning? It is too early to be sure, but it is very exciting to think about it. Technology will change the way we learn; schools will change as well; and we will all learn something from the Internet.

() 61. Who thinks that students don't have to learn at school?

- A. Everyone. B. The writer. C. Some people. D. The teachers.

() 62. What does "a new kind of school" mean in the passage?

- A. A school with many new computers. B. A school with many new students.
C. A school with many new teachers. D. A school which is linked to the Internet.

() 63. Older people _____.

- A. never go on the Internet
B. go on the Internet more often than younger ones
C. go on the Internet as often as younger ones
D. go on the Internet less often than younger ones

() 64. What the writer thinks is that _____.

- A. schools are still necessary
B. more schools should be built
C. there should be fewer schools
D. more computers are needed in schools

() 65. Which of the following sentences is NOT true?

- A. Technology will change our way of learning.
B. If you are a student, you can set up websites to show new technology.
C. The schools provide computer labs for those who have no personal computers.
D. On the Internet, you can visit another city's library as easily as the people there.

B. 阅读下面短文，从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。（每题2分，共5题，计10分）

Many young people use computers, but few of them know how to look after them. (66) _____.

*Keep your computer in a cool room. (67) _____, Most computers work best at a temperature of 5°C - 30°C.

*Don't let people smoke cigarette (香烟) near your computer. Smoke of all kinds is very bad for many parts of a computer, (68) _____.

*Don't eat or drink when you are near your computer. Pieces of food and a little water in the keyboard can also cause many problems.

* (69) _____. If you wear glasses, make sure these glasses are correct for using with the computer. Some people use a different pair of glasses when they use a computer.

*Keep your screen clean and don't have it too bright. (70) _____. A very bright screen can also be bad for your eyes.

- A. and it can cause many problems.
- B. Put your wet hands on the computer.
- C. Make sure the screen is the correct distance (距离) from your eyes.
- D. Remember the following when you use your computer.
- E. Too much or too little heat (热量) is bad for computers.
- F. A dirty screen can hurt your eyes.

试卷II (非选择题共 50 分)

C. 阅读短文, 根据短文内容回答问题, 每题 2 分。(10 分)

If you want to go to visit Shanghai Disneyland, you can learn some things about it.

Shanghai Disneyland opened on June 16, 2016. It began selling tickets on March 28 through several ways: the official website, Alitrip website and the central phone. Its price is the lowest of all the Disney theme parks. So far, quite a lot of people have booked (预订) tickets.

The park is built in the 963-acre field and costs \$5.5 billion. Almost 400 designers and engineers have taken part in the design work.

The Disney castle in Shanghai is the tallest and largest one in the Disney family around the world.

When you visit Shanghai Disneyland, you can follow the advice.

Buy souvenirs (纪念品) in advance (提前). Disney is so popular that it is easy to find these souvenirs anywhere. It isn't necessary for you to buy them at Disneyland because they are too expensive there. You can save a lot of money in this way.

Eat breakfast before you arrive. You can save quite a lot of money by eating breakfast before you go to the park.

Take snacks with you. You can enjoy them in the picnic area. Because the snacks there are too expensive.

To save more money, you can plan your trip during the park's off-season (淡季). Lots of things, from airfares (飞机票价) to souvenirs, can be cheaper during these months.

根据短文内容, 回答下列问题。(每题不超过 6 个单词)

71. When did Shanghai Disneyland open?

72. Have almost 400 designers and engineers taken part in the design work?

73. Why isn't it necessary to buy souvenirs at Disneyland?

74. How many pieces of advice are mentioned in this passage?

75. What's the best title for this passage?

五、词汇。(每题 1 分, 计 20 分)

A. 根据句意和提示写出单词, 完成句子, 每空一词。

76. The little girl will travel _____ (在国外) to learn more about art.

77. We decided to make an _____ (采访) with our principle.

78. _____ (交流) with different people in different fields is a skill as well.

79. She's _____ (意识到) she is wrong in this matter, so she feels very sorry.

80. We should encourage these _____ (工厂) not to dump waste again. Let's write a letter to them.

B. 根据句意用所给单词的适当形式填空, 每空一词。

81. My parents both work in the _____ (north) part of the city.

82. These beautiful hair clips are those players' _____ (wife).

83. The air _____ (pollute) makes me feel sick.

84. Last month, I took my first direct _____ (fly) from Shanghai to Taiwan.

85. There _____ (be) a new railway station in our city since 2002.

C. 根据短文内容及首字母提示, 填写所缺单词, 使短文意思完整, 每空一词。

People of different ages like going on a trip during the holiday. Children usually like to go to some fun places, like the theme park. Many of them like experiencing the excitement on the roller coaster. It moves at high speed and children usually scream with excitement. Young people like going to the sea or mountains. They are interested in taking part in some dangerous activities, such as diving, sailing and rock climbing. They often choose some local restaurants and enjoy the food there. Young people don't mind spending money on the trip. So they usually go on a trip by plane. When their plane arrives at the airport, some of their friends in the city may be waiting for them there. Old people are usually interested in history. So they usually go to cities with a long history for a trip. Beijing, Xi'an and Luoyang are all good choices for them. They often take some photos during the trip. At the end of the trip, they can learn more about the city and make some new friends as well. People like having a trip because they can have a good time. Long after the trip is over, they still miss the beautiful views and nice people during the trip.

六、书面表达。(20 分)

请以"Changes in my hometown"为题, 用英语写一篇 80 词左右的短文, 描述你的家乡近几年在居民生活, 交通状况和环境方面的变化。

要求: 文中不得出现真实的人名、校名、地名等相关信息。

Changes in my hometown