

2021 学年九年级第二次模拟检测英语试卷

满分: 90 分 考试时间: 90 分钟

亲爱的同学:

欢迎你参加考试! 请你认真审题, 仔细思考, 细心答题, 发挥最佳水平。答题时, 请注意以下几点:

几点:

1. 全卷满 8 页, 有五大题, 56 小题, 全卷满分 90 分, 考试时间 90 分钟。
2. 选择题的答案一律用 2B 铅笔填涂在答题卡的相应位置上, 非选择题答案填写在答卷纸的相应位置上, 超出规定范围或写在试题卷上无效。
3. 试卷上打*的单词可在试卷最后的“小词典”里查找中文意思。祝你成功!

一、单项填空 (本题有 10 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

请从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案。

1. Hangzhou will be _____ city holding the 19th Asian Games.
A. a B. an C. / D. the
2. — What do you think of the price now?
— As a _____ rule, prices follow needs.
A. general B. private C. central D. difficult
3. David is always full of _____ and he takes exercise every day.
A. knowledge B. courage C. energy D. change
4. Though Mr. Brown has been away from his hometown for about twenty years, he still remembers _____ where he lived in the past.
A. widely B. exactly C. nearly D. hardly
5. Susan got perfect scores in almost every subject. No wonder she was _____ the top three in our class.
A. between B. among C. beside D. against
6. — Look! Mary is talking to Mr. Smith over there.
— It _____ be her. She is ill and in hospital now.
A. mustn't B. shouldn't C. needn't D. can't
7. — Which film do you like better?
— _____. I think they're both boring.
A. Neither B. All C. Either D. None
8. — Sir, I come here to return the book I borrowed two months ago.
— OK. But you should pay extra money as you _____ the books longer than agreed.
A. kept B. was keeping C. have kept D. will keep
9. — Sir, could you tell me _____?
— Yes. Just as President Xi says, "Happiness is achieved through hard work."
A. how we can find happiness B. when we can find happiness
C. who can help us find happiness D. where we can find happiness
10. — How cool the music is!
— _____. I want to dance to it.
A. Good idea B. No problem C. You are joking D. That's true



二、完形填空 (本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 分, 共 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握大意, 然后从每小题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

An eight-year-old boy self-published a lively novel about Christmas. He never 11 the book to attract lots of fans in the US or overseas, but he did it surprisingly.

Author Dillon Helbig wrote the book, titled *The Adventures of Dillon Helbig's Christmas* 12 he likes Christmas and decorations.

Dillon's journey to getting it published is pretty 13, different from the usual way.

During Christmas break, the second-grader wrote the book filled with 14. Readers can enjoy the colorful pages while reading. The book begins with Dillon 15 decorating a Christmas tree. The star on top of the tree 16 into pieces, and then he is sucked into a gate suddenly.

Over just four days, the boy 17 81 pages of his book. Then he went to the local Ada Community Library with his 18. "He wanted to get his story out there, so all the kids can read his adventures," his mother said.

Dillon 19 if he could get his book on the library shelf and he looked around. He planned to walk quietly 20 the librarians. "There were a lot of librarians," Dillon said, but he successfully put his book onto a novel shelf.

After 21 putting his book, Dillon went to check if it was on the shelf the next day. When he went to the library, he found his book was missing!

In fact, one of the librarians 22 it and thought it was interesting. He added it to the book list and put it onto a children's picture-book shelf.

Dillon's novel attracted fans. 120 people were on the 23 list to borrow it.

The library gave Dillon a prize for "best young novelist". "To achieve his dream, he made efforts and took every chance. He was so 24. We want to protect this kind of heart." The manager said.

Dillon said he would 25 to write more. At this time, his two dogs will become the main characters.

11. A. collected
12. A. before
13. A. special
14. A. poems
15. A. himself
16. A. burns
17. A. came up
18. A. brother
19. A. knew
20. A. past
21. A. secretly
22. A. lost
23. A. calling
24. A. serious
25. A. lead

- B. expected
- B. if
- B. helpful
- B. notes
- B. herself
- B. cuts
- B. made up
- B. sister
- B. worried
- B. over
- B. coldly
- B. threw
- B. shopping
- B. brave
- B. agree

- C. wrote
- C. because
- C. perfect
- C. ideas
- C. itself
- C. breaks
- C. handed out
- C. mother
- C. asked
- C. through
- C. easily
- C. bought
- C. selling
- C. proud
- C. attend

- D. sold
- D. though
- D. meaningful
- D. pictures
- D. myself
- D. runs
- D. took out
- D. father
- D. learned
- D. across
- D. clearly
- D. found
- D. waiting
- D. careful
- D. continue



三、阅读理解 (本题有 15 小题, 第 26-28 小题, 每小题 1 分; 第 29-39 小题, 每小题 2 分, 第 40 小题 5 分, 共 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 第 26-39 小题从所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项, 第 40 小题在答题卡规定区域作答。

A

The holiday season is often called the "giving season". People give gifts and have celebrations. However, this can lead to a lot of waste. Experts recently gave some ways to reduce the amount of waste.

Gift wrap*



You can use reusable bags for gifts. You can also wrap gifts in old maps and pages from magazines. You could also wrap a gift in a colorful scarf or tablecloth. This makes the wrapping cloth part of the gift itself.

Holiday cards



For many people, sending holiday cards is a tradition. However, now many people use electronic cards. People are more accepting of electronic holiday cards and get just as much joy out of it.

Decorations



For decorating the home, natural plants can be used to make a room beautiful and smell nice! And one expert suggests using old holiday cards as decorations. Experts also suggest using newer energy-saving lights.

The tree



If people want a Christmas tree, the question is often fake or real. "The greener choice would be buying a real Christmas tree from a local farm." says Ozawa, "New ones are replanted every year." In the US, many cities and towns deal with the holiday trees into a usable product, like small wood pieces for the garden. If you do buy a fake tree, plan to use it for many years.

Tableware



When having a celebration, avoid single-use plastics. Use more environmentally-friendly options, like regular plates and cups.

26. This passage mainly introduces
 - A. how to choose gifts
 - B. how to reduce waste
 - C. how to celebrate holidays
 - D. how to give presents
27. According to the passage, which of the following is proper to decorate the home?
 - A. Old maps.
 - B. Regular cups.
 - C. Energy-saving lights.
 - D. New holiday cards.
28. According to the passage, what may people do with real Christmas trees after holiday?
 - A. To make single-use cups.
 - B. To reuse them the next year.
 - C. To send back to farms.
 - D. To use them in gardens.



Have you ever heard of the deepest hole in the world? The entering place to the center of the earth sits in Murmansk, Russia, not far from Norway. I believe I'm not alone in being a little afraid by the deepest hole — Kola Superdeep Borehole. Because of strange and loud voice from the deep hole, local people call it "the well* to hell".

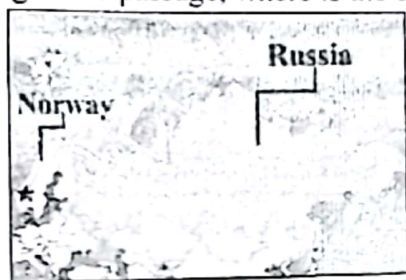


Before the very idea of a Superdeep hole starts coming to your dreams, keep this in mind — the hole is only nine inches in diameter* (or 23 cm). There's no way you could fall into it. Known as the Kola Superdeep Borehole, it reaches about 7.5 miles below the ground (or 12,262 km), which took about 20 years to reach.

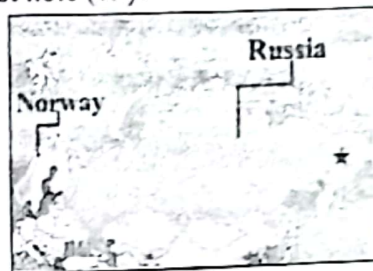
The hole was intended to go "as deep as possible", which researchers expected to be around 9 miles (or 14,500 m). But the scientists and engineers were forced to give up when they hit unexpectedly high temperatures. The 2.7 billion-year-old rocks there reached temperatures of around 180°C. This was almost twice as hot as they'd predicted. Such high temperatures changes the form of the drill*. The rocks themselves are also more easily changed. The Russian scientists in Kola described the rocks in that deep hole as more like plastic than rock.

Since the drilling was stopped in 1992, and the project site was given up around ten years later, the Kola Superdeep Borehole has maintained the record for the deepest man-made point on earth. Humans have since dug longer boreholes, including the 12,289-meter borehole drilled in the Al Shaheen Oil Field in Qatar and the 12,345-meter offshore oil well near the Russian island of Sakhalin. But the hole in Kola remains the deepest.

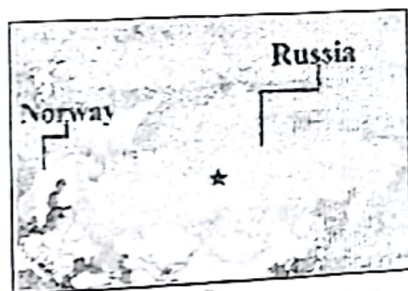
29. According to the passage, where is the deepest hole (★)?



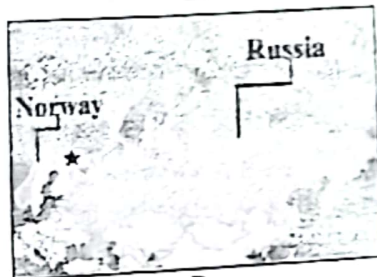
A.



B.



C.



D.

30. The scientists gave up digging the hole at about 7.5 miles because _____.

- A. the rocks there were too hard
- B. the temperature there was too high
- C. they needed more money to keep working
- D. they didn't have proper tools to keep digging

31. The underlined word "maintain" probably means _____.

- A. broken
- B. lost
- C. kept
- D. hidden

32. The Kola Superdeep Borehole is a hole _____.

- A. which is still the deepest point
- B. which you can fall into easily
- C. which is 2.7 billion years old
- D. which was given up in 1992



C

Researchers have developed an artificial intelligence* (AI) system — Ithaca, to help fill in missing words in ancient writings. The system is designed to help historians repair the writings and find out when and where they were written.



Many ancient people used writings, also known as inscriptions*, to record different parts of their lives. The inscriptions have been found on materials such as rock, china and metal. The writings often contained valuable information about how ancient people lived and how they structured their societies. But in many cases, the inscribed objects have been damaged over the centuries. In addition, many of the inscribed objects were moved from areas where they were created. This makes it difficult for scientists to discover when and where the writings were made.

The new AI-based tool helps researchers repair missing inscriptions and estimate the true origins of the records. The researchers, led by Alphabet's AI company DeepMind, call their tool Ithaca. Ithaca was able to correctly predict* missing inscription elements 62 % of the time. In addition, the tool was 71 % correct in telling where the inscriptions first came from. And the system was able to effectively date writings to within 30 years.

When historians work on their own, the success rate for restoring damaged inscriptions is about 25%. But when humans teamed up with Ithaca to help their work, the success rate jumped to 72%.

Thea Sommerschild, a lead researcher, said she hoped systems like Ithaca “can unlock the cooperative* chance” between AI and humans. In one case, Ithaca proved new evidence presented by historians about the dating of a series of important Greek laws. The laws were first thought to have been written before 446/445 BCE*, but the new in the 420s BCE. Ithaca predicted a date of 421 BCE. Sommerschild said that the date change may seem small. But it has “meaningful influence for our understanding of the political history of Classical Athens,” she added.

The team is currently working on other versions of Ithaca trained on other ancient languages. DeepMind has showed a free, interactive tool based on the system for use by researchers, educators, museum workers and the public.

33. Ithaca can help researchers _____.
A. repair inscriptions
B. record lifestyle
C. structure societies
D. discover areas
34. The success rate for repairing would be _____ if humans and Ithaca worked together.
A. 25%
B. 62%
C. 71%
D. 72%
35. According to Sommerschild, Ithaca _____.
A. has unlocked the cooperative chance
B. predicted a far different date from historians
C. proved Greek laws were written in 421 BCE
D. has influences on helping understanding history
36. The main purpose of this passage is to _____.
A. introduce a new AI System to us
B. make us interested in Greek laws
C. encourage people to join DeepMind
D. teach us how to repair inscriptions



D

I felt coming steps. She was coming to teach all things to me, and to love me.

I still remember the morning my teacher came, she led me into her room and gave me a doll*. When I had played with it a little while, Miss Sullivan slowly spelled into my hand the word "d-o-l-l". I was at once interested in this finger play and tried to imitate* it. When I succeeded in making the letters correctly, I was so excited and proud. I did not know I was spelling, even didn't understand everything has a name.



Once, as I was playing with my new doll, Miss Sullivan put my old doll onto my leg, spelled "d-o-l-l" and tried to make me understand they were both dolls. Another time, she tried to tell me that "m-u-g" is mug and that "w-a-t-e-r" is water, but I still mixed them up. In despair she had to teach me from the beginning. ▲, so I threw the new doll upon the floor.

I was quite happy when I felt the pieces of the broken doll at my feet. I was neither sad nor regretful. In my still, dark world, there was no warmth or love. I felt my teacher sweep the pieces aside, and it seemed that my trouble moved away.

Later, we walked down the path to a well-house. Someone was drawing* water and she placed my hand under the spout*. As the cool stream flowed over one hand, she spelled the word "w-a-t-e-r" into the other, first slowly, then rapidly. I stood still and paid my whole attention on her fingers. Suddenly I knew "w-a-t-e-r" meant the wonderful thing flowing over my hand. That living word awakened my soul, gave it light, hope, joy, and set it free!

I left the well-house and had a desire to learn more about the world. As we returned to the house, I remembered the doll I had broken. I picked up the pieces and tried to put them together. Then I cried, for I realized what I had done, and for the first time I felt sad and regretful.

I learned many new words that day. I do not remember what they all were; but I do know that mother, father, sister, teacher were among them. It would have been difficult to find a happier child than I was. While lying in my bed at the end of that day, I was for the first time hoped for a new day to come.

(Adapted from *The Story of My Life* by Helen Keller)

37. What made the writer be interested in imitating at first?
 - A. The doll.
 - B. The letters.
 - C. The spelling game.
 - D. The teacher's hand.
38. Which sentence is proper to be put into ▲?
 - A. I became afraid to lose my new doll
 - B. I became impatient at her repeated actions
 - C. I thought she was laughing at me in her mind
 - D. I thought it was too easy to understand the meaning
39. What was the wonderful thing in Paragraph 5?
 - A. The warmth from her teacher.
 - B. The coolness from the stream.
 - C. The regret of putting the doll into pieces.
 - D. The happiness of walking with her teacher.



40. In the end, why did the writer start to hope for a new day to come? (请用约 40 词回答)

四、词汇运用 (本题有 15 小题, 每小题 1 题, 共 15 分)

A. 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空。每空限用一次。

music	comfortable	punish	loudly	four
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41. Speak _____, please. I can't hear you clearly.
42. Bob _____ because he drove after drinking last night.
43. Lying in the sun in winter is really _____, which can relax and warm ourselves.
44. Jack is good at playing different kinds of instruments and he wants to be a _____.
45. Americans usually celebrate Thanksgiving Day on the _____ Thursday in November.

B. 根据短文内容和所给中文提示, 用单词的正确形式完成以下短文。

A daughter was complaining to her father. She was not 46 (满意的) with her life.

Her father took her to the 47 (厨房). He filled three pots with water on fire. In the first pot he put carrots, in the second pot eggs, and in the 48 (最后的) pot coffee beans. Then he let them boil 49 (没有) saying a word.

The daughter also kept 50 (寂静的, 沉默的) and waited. Twenty minutes later, he put the carrots, the eggs and the coffee beans in 51 (碗).

"My dear, what do you see?"

"Carrots, eggs and coffee beans." She replied.

He brought her much 52 (近) and asked her to feel the carrots, break the eggs and taste the coffee beans. "What does it mean, father?" she asked.

He 53 (解释) that each of them faced the same trouble, boiling water, but not the same result. The carrots went soft, the eggs became hard, and the coffee beans changed the water.

"Which are you?" he asked his daughter. "When trouble 54 (敲) on your door, which one will you be? As you can see, choosing 55 (机智) or not will make all the differences."

"I see! Dad!"



五、书面表达（本题有 1 小题，共 20 分）

56. 端午节 (Dragon Boat Festival) 是中国的传统节日之一, 蕴含着厚重的历史和美好的祝愿。假如你是 Li Hua, 你的外国朋友 Steve 想了解你和你的家人如何过这一节日, 请你写一封邮件, 向他介绍你们家的过节传统。(词数要求: 约 110 词)

Dear Steve,

Yours,
Li Hua

artificial intelligence n. 人工智能
diameter n. 直径
drill n. 钻机
predict v. 预测
wrap n. 包装

小词典
BCE 公元前
doll n. 玩偶
imitate v. 模仿
spout n. 出水

cooperative adj. 合作的
draw v. 汲取
inscriptions n. 铭文
well n. 井

