

2022 年初中学业考试模拟训练

英 语

注意事项:

1. 本试卷共 8 页, 共 100 分。考试时间 90 分钟。
2. 答题前, 考生务必用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、学校、考场、座号和考号填写在答题卡规定的位置上, 再将考号对应的数字用 2B 铅笔涂黑。
3. 需要涂卡的小题, 选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑; 如需改动, 用橡皮擦干净后, 再选涂其他答案标号, 答案选在试卷上无效。
4. 非选择题必须用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将答案写在答题卡指定区域内相应的位置; 如需改动, 先划掉原来的答案, 然后再写上新的答案; 不能使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带。

一、阅读理解 (共六篇短文, 共 25 小题, 计 40 分。其中 1-20 小题, 每小题 1.5 分; 21-25 小题, 每小题 2 分) 阅读 A、B、C 篇, 从文后每小题 A、B、C 选项中选择最佳答案。请将答案编号涂卡。

A

In the past, when people had problems, they usually went to their families or friends to get advice. Today it is possible to get advice from radio shows, TV programs and telephone hot lines. A hot line is a telephone line. It offers a direct way of getting in touch with advisers. Most hot lines are completely anonymous. That is to say, callers do not have to say their names or telephone numbers. Most hot lines are free. Callers do not have to pay for the advice or the phone calls. At some hot lines, the advisers are volunteers. Other hot lines pay their advisers for their work. Usually the advisers are full-time-job people with years of education and experience, but sometimes, the advisers have only taken a short class before starting to work on the hot line. All the advisers listen to people and help them solve their problems.

1. What is a telephone hot line?
A. A hot telephone.
B. A phone call to the listeners.
C. A telephone line for people to get advice
2. What does the underlined word anonymous mean in Chinese in the passage?
A. 匿名的 B. 开放的 C. 免费的

B

According to the finding of a new UN report, the world wastes about one sixth of the food each year. That's about 1,030,000,000 tons, or 121 kilograms for each person on the Earth.

61% of the food waste is from home cooking. Food services, such as restaurants, produce 26% and groceries (食品杂货店) and other stores 13% "We thought waste was a problem in rich countries," says Martina Otto, who works for the UN Environment Program.

"However, the new report finds, food waste is a big problem in nations rich and poor."

Each year, some 690,000,000 people go hungry. At the same time, about 10% of all CO₂ on the Earth is from the activities that produce the food waste. Control on food waste can help deal with hunger and cut down that pollution. It is helpful to both people and the planet. By avoiding wasting food, we can save money and time. More importantly, we can help protect the Earth's most valuable resources (资源).

Then what can we do to stop food waste? Small actions make a difference. Each of us can play a part. Next time, before you throw, think twice!

3. Where is most food waste from?
A. Home cooking. B. Restaurants. C. Groceries.
4. What is the third paragraph mainly about?
A. How we can protect the Earth.
B. Why we should avoid food waste.
C. What we will do with pollution.
5. What is the purpose of the text?
A. To collect money. B. To call for action. C. To get some advice.

C

Wildwood School Library Guide

This will offer you some information about our school library. You can use this guide to help your kids use our library.

Service hours:

3:00 pm—5:30 pm on school days; 8:30 am—11:00 am on weekends

On school days, your kids may borrow or return books during opening hours, only when his classroom teacher allows him to. At the weekend, our library is open to both you and your kids.

Borrowing:

Each student can borrow one or two books at a time. More books can be borrowed only for class reading activities and school research.

Returning:

Books borrowed from the library can be kept for 15 school days. The books must be returned before the due (到期的) date or the kid can't borrow other books.

Damaged (受损的) or Lost Books

When a book is returned in a damaged condition, the kid will have to pay three dollars for the damage. Full price must be paid if a book is lost. We encourage students to carry their library books in plastic bags to protect them from rainy weather.

Please call us at 3362—1323 for more information.

6. Students can borrow more than two books at a time _____.
A. for sending exams B. to do school research C. for after-school activities
7. _____ must be paid when a student loses the book he borrows.
A. Three dollars B. Twice the price of the book C. Full price of the book
8. The students are advised to _____ to prevent rain.
A. carry their library books in plastic bags
B. cover their library books with raincoats
C. put their library books into their pockets
9. This library guide is for _____.
A. teachers from Wildwood
B. visitors to Wildwood School
C. parents of the Wildwood School students
10. Which of the following is NOT true?
A. The library is open for two and a half hours every day.
B. Students' parents can go to the school library on weekends.
C. Students can go to the library during opening hours as they like.

D

阅读短文，根据短文内容判断正(A)误(B)。请将答案填写到答题卡指定位置。

Do you often listen to music at loud volumes (音量)? You should know that this habit is bad for your hearing. Over 1 billion young people are at risk of hearing loss (听力丧失), because of listening to loud noise for long periods of time. Listening to music or watching a TV show at loud volumes can harm your hearing.

The United Nations has standards for safe listening. It is not safe to listen to sounds that are louder than 85 dB (分贝) for eight hours or 100 dB for 15 minutes. The sound of a busy road is about 85 dB and the sound of a rock concert can be about 100 dB.

Loud noise is harmful to the inner ear(内耳). Most of us are born with about 16,000 hair cells (听毛细胞) in our inner ears. These cells notice sounds. However, listening to loud noise for a long time can make these cells work too hard and cause some of them to die. This is what causes hearing loss. Once this happens, it's hard to get your hearing back.

Some people might think that their music isn't all that loud. But this can depend on where you are. For example, if you are in a noisy place like the subway, you might turn up your music too loud without realizing it. Later, when you listen to it at the same volume in a quiet place, you might feel uncomfortable.

The "safe level" for most sound is below 80 dB for up to 40 hours a week. A level of 80 dB is about equal to (相当于) the noise of a subway.

Here is some advice on safe listening. Over-the-ear headphones(头戴式耳机) are better than

in-ear ones. They do a better job of stopping outside noise, so you can listen at a lower volume. Don't listen to loud music on your headphones for a long time. Follow the 60:60 rule: listen to music at 60 percent of your headphones' maximum volume for no more than 60 minutes a day.

11. It is safe to listen to sounds that are louder than 100 dB for 15 minutes
12. Listening to loud noise for a long time can cause some hair cells in the inner ear to die.
13. From the fourth paragraph, we know people don't always realize how loud their music is.
14. In-ear headphones are better than over-the-ear ones because they can stop more outside noise.
15. This article mainly tells us why ears are an important part of our bodies.

E

请仔细阅读短文，根据短文内容，将下面方框中的五个句子还原到短文当中，使短文内容完整。请将答案填写到答题卡指定位置。

Young Chinese would like to wear sweaters with messages. They expect to stop family members from nagging (唠叨) in the seven-day traditional Chinese Spring Festival period, beginning on Feb. 11.

One such sweater features (特载) messages such as "_____ 16 _____" "Your child is really great" "No talking about salary, "I am on a diet, I can't eat too much" and so on.

_____ 17 _____ Why? Because they provide answers to nagging questions from some youths' parents or relatives.

During the Spring Festival, family members gather together and some of the elder ones always ask the younger members of the family questions. _____ 18 _____ For example, "How many points did you get in final examinations?" or "When will you be married?"

_____ 19 _____ They think they help them not need to answer questions if they wear the clothes during the holiday.

However, some internet users are not that optimistic (乐观) about the sweaters.

_____ 20 _____ For example, some netizens (网民) suggest we can please our parents or other elder relatives by listening to their words and doing what they want us to do.

Other internet users hoped they could share with their family members a song called *What I Do is for Your Own Good*, with the lyrics "My dear family members, I have my own life."

- A. They feel unhappy to answer these questions.
- B. Many internet users agree the logo sweaters are lovely.
- C. Please don't ask me the grades in final examinations.
- D. There are also many other methods to keep people from family nagging.
- E. Sweaters with these messages become popular.

F

阅读 G 篇, 根据短文内容简要回答问题。请将答案填写到答题卡指定位置。

It was Saturday again. Grace and Karen disliked Saturdays. That was another thing the twins had in common. They shared the same clothes and tied their hair in the same manner. In fact, it was hard for their classmates and teachers to tell them apart sometimes.

Unlike their classmates, they had to get up early at seven every Saturday to prepare for their lessons. Grace had to attend the art lesson and Karen had to attend her ballet lesson. "How I wish I could do something different today," said the twins with one voice. All at once, an idea came to Grace and Karen at the same time. "How would you like to be me for a day?" they asked each other. It seemed like a wonderful plan to them. After giving each other a description of their own friends, Grace put on Karen's ballet dress while Karen put Grace's brushes and paints into her bag. Then they left for their classes.

When the art lesson started, Karen was lost. Unlike Grace, Karen was poor at drawing. When the art lesson finally ended, Karen didn't dare to hand in her work.

Meanwhile, Grace was struggling in the ballet class as well. As she had no idea about the dance steps, she had to follow her classmates blindly. As a result, she kept knocking into them. Their ballet teacher became impatient with her, "Karen, you should remember the basic steps. You can't rely on copying what others are doing."

When Karen and Grace got home, they were tired out. They decided that they would never try to be someone else they were not. It seemed that the grass was not always greener on the other side.

21. How did Grace and Karen like Saturdays?
22. When did the twins get up on Saturdays?
23. How did Karen feel at the beginning of the art lesson?
24. Why did the ballet teacher become impatient?
25. What does the underlined part "the grass was not always greener on the other side" at the end of the story mean in Chinese?

二、单词拼写 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

根据句意和音标提示以适当形式填写单词。请将答案填写在答题卡指定位置。

26. He lost a lot of _____ / blʌd / in the accident.
27. Look! There is a _____ / 'kæləndə / on the wall above.
28. There are many different kinds of animals on these _____ / 'aɪləndz /.
29. You can find the answer in the following _____ / 'pæsidʒɪz /.
30. I don't think this bowl is of any _____ / 'vælju: /.

31. You can call my _____ / 'sekɹətri / to make an appointment.
32. Do you like some _____ / dʒu:s /?
33. Our _____ / 'gʌvənmənt / has done a lot for us.
34. There seems no reason to _____ / daʊt / his words.
35. Hello, everyone. Please show me your _____ / 'pɔ:spɔ:ts /.

三、动词填空 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

用括号里所给动词的适当形式填空。请将答案填写在答题卡指定位置。

An elephant and a crocodile were once standing beside river. They 36 (argue) about who was the better animal.

"37 (look) at my strength," said the elephant. "I can pull up a tree, roots and all with my trunk"

"Ah! But your skin is not nearly so thick as mine," replied the crocodile. "No knife or tooth can cut through it."

Just as they 38 (come) to blows, a lion happened to pass.

"My dear friends!" said the King of all animals, going up to them. "Let me 39 (know) the cause of your disagreement."

"Will you kindly tell us which is the better animal?" cried both at once.

"Certainly", said the lion, pointing across the river. "Surely you 40 (see) the soldiers' metal hat on that wall." "Yes!" replied the beasts.

"Well, then," continued the lion, "go and get it, and bring it to me, and I 41 (be) able then to decide between you."

Upon hearing this, off they 42 (start). The crocodile, being used to the water, reached the opposite side of the river first, and was soon standing beside the wall.

Here he waited till the elephant came up. The elephant, seeing that the crocodile had no way of reaching their goal, raised his long trunk, and took down the hat quite easily.

They then made their way together back again across the river. The elephant was trying to keep up with the fast-moving crocodile in the water and became careless. When he 43 (force) to turn sharply to avoid a floating tree branch, the elephant dropped the hat and it fell to the river bottom. The crocodile noticed the accident, so down he dived, and brought it up in his huge mouth. They then returned, and the crocodile 44 (lay) the metal hat at the lion's feet. The King took it up, and turning to the elephant, said: "You, because of your size and trunk, were able to reach the hat on the wall. But you lost it and you were unable to get it back. And you," said the lion to the crocodile, "although unable to reach the hat, were able to dive for it and save it. You are both wise and able in your own ways. One 45 (be) no better than the other."

四、完成句子 (共 5 小题, 计 15 分)

根据所给汉语句子完成英语句子, 词数不限。请将答案填写在答题卡指定位置。

46. 茶叶主要产自于中国的南方。
47. 昨晚我直到爸妈回家才睡觉。
48. Tom 和 Tim 都没有看过这部电影。
49. 我不明白为什么他们在这个时候打扫教室的卫生。
50. 记得毕业后要与你的老师和同学们保持联系。

五、短文填空 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

根据短文内容, 选择适当的单词或短语填空, 使短文意思完整。每个选项至多使用一次。请将答案编号填写在答题卡指定位置。

- | | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| A. leave their houses | B. spirits | C. cheer people up | D. creative | E. excited |
| F. lives | G. a better life | H. get them down | I. surprise your readers | J. dance |

Creativity brings cheer

Although most of us are now stuck at home due to the virus outbreak(疫情爆发), there are still many people trying to do some 51 things not only to kill time, but also to help others and others stay positive(积极的) during this difficult period. In their own ways, they're showing others that they won't let the virus 52. Take a look at some of the interesting things they are doing with their spare time.

Encourage people to dance

Matthew Lee is a 16-year-old Chinese American. Although he is now living in Los Angeles, Us. The news about our outbreak in China still hit close to home for him. When he learned that most Chinese are unable to 53, he decided to encourage them to work out at home by making a dance video with his friends. "My friend Jojo was 54 about the opportunity(机会) to lift people's 55 and she said she would dance her heart out for a great cause(目标) — the health and wellness of those quarantined(隔离) in China," Lee told TEENS. In the cooldown part of the 56, Lee chose to dance to the song *We Are The World*. Lee said, "I believe that with sweat and smiles, together, we will make 57."

Write an English poem

Du yiran is a Junior 2 student from Baoding, Hebei. While stuck at home during the outbreak, Du and her classmates wrote several acrostic poems(藏头诗) in English to help 58. "My teacher suggested this form. I found it quite interesting, as you can hide a message in the first letters of each line and 59 as they read downwards," Du said. "As teenagers, we can't go to the front line to save people's 60, but we should learn to care about others and do something meaningful during this time."

六、书面表达 (共1小题, 计15分)

61. 假如你是李华, 在生活中你看到过各种浪费现象。为了培养同学们的节约意识, 学校和英语网站共同以 "Let's save xxx" 为题征文。请你根据下面的提示, 用英语写一篇短文, 向网站投稿。

写作要点:

1. What should we save?
2. Why should we save it?
3. What do we usually do to save it?

要求: 1. 短文应包括提示中所有的写作要点, 条理清楚, 行文连贯, 可适当发挥。

2. 短文中不能出现真实的人名和地名。

3. 词数不少于 120。短文开头已给出, 不计入总词数。

In my point of view, all of us should save ...