# 金凤区良田回中2021-2022 学年第二学期



**九年级 第一次模拟英语试卷**

## （满分：100 分 考试时间：100 分）

**第一部分 选择题（共 50 分）**

**— 、完形填空 (共 10 小题；每小题 1 分， 共计 10 分)**

阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I am sure that all of us have had an unforgettable experience which is regretful in our life. We have all done or said

1 without thinking twice, which we will regret later.

One day a boy in my class left his math workbook at home. I spoke something to the 8-year-old boy angrily. Of course, I just wanted to take the child as a(n) 2 so that other students would learn a lesson from it-- 3 show up without their homework done in the future. The poor boy sat there, head down and tears falling from his face. A little girl sitting next to him told me something 4 a low voice. The little boy’s mother had been 5 to the hospital the night before. He had to spend the whole night at his grandmother’s. His mother was still at the hospital and he didn’t know what was wrong with her. I can’t describe 6 I felt at that moment. I have been so sorry for what I said that day. It has changed the way I 7 my students from then on.

As a young teacher, I was not 8 enough with my students. If I had asked the boy why he forgot his workbook, I would have understood why the homework was the last thing on his mind. We all 9 now and then, but life would be

more enjoyable if we take time to fully understand the situations before acting. So remember, 10 you want to criticize(指责) someone, take a deep breath and think twice before you take action.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ( ) 1. A. something  ( ) 2. A. result  ( ) 3. A. always | B. anything  B. excuse  B. never | C. nothing  C. point  C. often | D. everything  D. example  D. seldom |
| ( ) 4. A. on | B. by | C. in | D. of |
| ( ) 5. A. sent | B. let | C. rushed | D. pushed |
| ( ) 6. A. when | B. how | C. what | D. why |
| ( ) 7. A. treat | B. advise | C. help | D. punish |
| ( ) 8. A. confident | B. patient | C. outgoing | D. active |
| ( ) 9. A. get angry | B. get bored | C. get lonely | D. get worried |
| ( )10. A. wherever | B. whoever | C. whenever | D. whatever |

## 二、阅读理解 (共 20 小题，每小题 2 分，共计 40 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

## A

### Happy Running in Yinchuan

This is a friendly event and it can help you have a healthy lifestyle.

**Date:** March 8th, 2022

**Start point:** 9: 00 at Hai Bao Park(east gate) **End point:** 11: 00 at Zhongshan gym (west gate) **The whole distance:** 5 kms

**Registration fee(注册费):** ¥20(aged above18);¥10(aged under18)

**Closing date for registration:** February 28, 2022

**Register place:** [www.](http://www/) zsedu. net **Meeting place:** Hai Bao Park(east gate) **All the participants(参加者) should:**

\*be healthy

* wearing running shoes
* wearing the event T - shirt
* be with an adult if under 16

### Attention

\*Participants will get an event T - shirt, an apple , a bottle of water & zegg.

\*If it rains heavily, the event may be canceled

\*For more information, please call Mr. Chen at 0951 - 5558899 or visit our website at www.zsedu. net. ( ) 11. When is the Happy Running?

A. On National Day. B. On Women’s Day.

C. On Children's Day. D. On Christmas Day.

( ) 12. If Tom wants to find more information, he may .

A. visit website or make a phone call B. visit Mr. Chen or watch TV

C. make a phone call or watch TV D. visit website or visit Mr. Chen

( ) 13. In order to join the event, the 15 - year - old girl Mary and her father should pay .

A. ¥25 B. ¥40 C. ¥30 D. ¥50

( ) 14. The event encourages people to .

A. run and walk every day B. have fun and make more friends

C. do sports with your parents or friends D. keep fit and live a healthy lifestyle

## B

After a serious earthquake happened, a father left his wife safely at home and rushed to his son’s school, only to find that the building where his son studied had collapsed(倒塌)and looked like a pancake.

He was shocked. He didn't know what he should do for a while, then he remembered the words he had said to his son,

“No matter what happens, I'll always be there for you!" And tears began to fill his eyes. He started digging through the ruins(废墟).

As he was digging, other helpless parents and the firemen arrived and tried to pull him off the ruins, saying, too late!

They're all dead! There's nothing you can do!” To them he replied with one line, "Are you going to help me now?" And

then he kept on digging.

No one helped, however. He went on alone because he needed to know for himself： “Is my boy alive or is he dead?" He dug for 8 hours... 12 hours...24 hours...36 hours... then, in the 39th hour, he pulled back a rock and heard his son's words. He shouted his son's name, "ARMAND!" He heard back, “Dad!? It's me. Dad! I told the other kids not to worry. I

told them that if you were alive, you'd save me and when you saved me, they'd be saved. You promised, 'No matter what happens. I'll always be there for you!' You did it. Dad!"

"What's going on in there? How is it? The father asked.

"There are 14 of us left out of 33, Dad. We're frightened, hungry, thirsty and thankful you're here. When the building fell down, it made a triangle(三角)，and it saved us."

“Come out, boy!”

"No, Dad! Let the other kids out first, because I know you'll get me! No matter what happens, I know you'll always be there for me!”

( )15. What happened to the son's school building?

A. It stood safely in the earthquake. B. It was flooded in the earthquake.

C. It collapsed in the earthquake. D. It was designed like a pancake. ( )16. How did the firemen look upon the father's digging at first?

A. They were pleased with his digging. B. It was dangerous to keep digging.

C. It was helpful. D. It was useless.

( )17. How long did the son was trapped(使陷入困境)in the ruins?

1. For over 39 hours B. For one day C. For half a day D. For 8 hours ( )18. Why did the 14 students survive (生存) in the earthquake?

A. They escaped away before the building collapsed. B. The building fell down and made a triangle.

C. The father and the firemen saved them. D. There were enough food and water under the building.

## C

Zhang Shulin, a woman writer from China's Hubei Province, tells her own story in the book *Xun Xiu Ji*. She spent

about 20 years traveling in Yunnan, Guizhou, Sichuan, Hunan, Shanxi, Shaanxi and Hebei provinces to collect almost 200,000 pieces of embroidery( 刺绣)in the Ming and Qing dynasties ( 朝代).The book *Xun Xiu Ji* means "Looking for embroidery".

The book was designed( 设 计 )by Xu Tianqi, a designer from Chengdu, Sichuan Province. It's very special because there are real embroidery works inside. It was named China's Most Beautiful Book together with 24 other books last year.

And these books will **represent** China to compete in the yearly“Most Beautiful Book in the World" competition this year. The competition of China's Most Beautiful Book started in 2003, by the Shanghai News and Press Bureau. Since then,

321 books named China's Most Beautiful Book have competed in Leipzig, German Nineteen of them have won the Most Beautiful Book in the World and two have won the top prize.

( ) 19.Which of the following is NOT true about *Xun Xiu Ji*?

A. It was written by Zhang Shulin. B.It was designed by Xu Tianqi.

C. It tells the story of a woman writer. D. It collected 200, 000 pieces of embroidery. ( ) 20.*Xun Xiu Ji* is special because .

A. it was a very nice book B. it was named the Most Beautiful Book C.it will compete in the“Most Beautiful Book”competition D. it has real embroidery works inside

( ) 21.What does the underlined word **“represent**" mean in Chinese?

A.代表 B.响应 C. 属于 D.吸引( ) 22.The passage is mainly about .

A. a famous woman writer B. the book of *Xun Xiu Ji*

C. looking for embroidery D. the competition of the Most Beautiful Book

### D

When people watch the Chinese women’s volleyball team play, they see a promise to excellence.

The team successfully kept its title on Sept. 29, 2019, winning the gold medal with a perfect 11-0 record at 2019 FIVB Volleyball Women’s World Cup. This is China’s fifth World Cup victory, and it was set with the tenth world titles in the tournament(锦标赛).

China’s ladies first stood at the top of the World Cup podium( 颁 奖 台 ) in 1981. The following 38 years have

witnessed some ups and downs, but the team’s spirit has inspired one generation(一代) after another, both within the team and across the country.

These talented ladies put in hard work to win on the biggest stage.

The World Cup was played in several different cities in Japan and the team didn’t have much time to train. The girls had to find training time when they could. On Sept. 25, 2019, for example, they arrived in Osaka at 2:30 p.m. and started training only an hour later. That wasn’t enough. They used time given up by other teams or rented other places for extra training time.

They brought this fighting spirit to the court. When the team struggled, Captain Zhu Ting was there, ready to tip a smart dink(吊球) or do whatever needed to carry the team forward.

“Every time we put on our national team jerseys(上衣), we fight for the same goal: to see our national flag raised to

our national anthem( 国 歌 ) at the podium ceremony,” said head coach Lang Ping, after China’s first match at the 2019 World Cup.

( )23.The Chinese women’s volleyball team got the first World Cup victory .

A.on Sept. 25, 2019 B.on Sept. 29, 2019 C.in 1981 D.in 2019

( )24. Who was ready to tip a smart dink when the team struggled?

A. Zhu Ting B.Lang Ping C. Zhang Changning D.Gong Xiangyu ( )25.The fifth paragraph mainly tells us .

A.the Chinese girls were too busy to train B.why the Chinese girls were so busy

C.the Chinese girls tried their best to spare time to train D.the World Cup was played in different cities in Japan ( )26.According to the passage, we know the spirit of the Chinese women’s volleyball team is .

①loving to be busy ②fighting spirit ③never giving up ④fighting for the nation A.①②③ B.②③④ C.①②④ D.①③④

## E

I am Turere. I come from Kitengela, a farming community on the edge (边缘) of Nairobi National Park of Kenya (肯尼 亚 ). Since the age of nine, I have helped to look after my family’s cows. As a child, in my free time, I enjoyed playing with electronics. I made my own inventions, such as electronics toys from car parts and other things. I also built other

electronic devices (仪器) for my neighbors.

At the age of 13, I invented something that changed my life. It also changed the lives of many people in my community. One night, a lion from the park came into my family’s farm and killed one of our cows. I was angry. However, killing the lion, I thought, was not the best way to solve the problem. Instead, I decided to invent a solution.

The first idea I got was to use fire, because I thought lions were scared of fire. But I came to realize that didn't really help, because it was even helping the lions to see through the cowshed (牛棚). But I didn't give up. I continued.

And a second idea I got was to use a scarecrow ( 稻草人). I was trying to trick the lions [into thinking] that I was

standing near the cowshed. But lions are very clever. They will come the first day and they see the scarecrow, and they go back. But the second day, they'll come and they say, this thing is not moving here, **it** is always here! So he jumps in and kills the animal.

So one night, I was walking around the cowshed with a torch ( 手 电 筒 ), and that day the lions didn’t come. And I

discovered that lions were afraid of a moving light. So I had an idea ... ( )27. What was Turere interested in when he was a child?

A. Tricking the neighbors. B. Looking after cows.

C. Playing with electronics D. Making car parts. ( )28. What does the underlined word “**it”** in Paragraph 4 refers to?

A. The lion. B. The scarecrow. C. The cow. D. The cowshed. ( )29. What's the solution to driving the lion away?

A. Using a moving light. B. Using a torch. C. Using a scarecrow. D. Using fire. ( )30. What can we get from the passage?

A. The lion killed all the cows. B. Turere killed the lion at last.

C. The lion no longer lived in the park. D. Turere’s invention made peace with lions.

**第二部分 非选择题(共 50 分）**

## 三、语法填空 (共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式（每空一词）。

*Treasure Island* is a famous story. The hero, Jim Hawkins, finds Captain Flint’s map. Captain Flint was a pirate（ 海盗）and had (31) (lot) of gold. He hid his gold before he died, and there is a cross on the map to show where the gold is. It is on (32) island in the Caribbean Sea. Jim and his friends buy a ship, get some (33) (man) and go to the island to look for the gold.

They set sail but then they discover that Long John Silver, the cook, and the other men on the ship are all pirates. The

pirates are (34) (plan) to kill them. As soon as they get to the island, Jim and his friends fight against the pirates. (35) (final), the pirates take the map.

The pirates go to look for the gold, and Jim follows them. They find the place, (36) the gold is not there.

(37) (late), Jim knows it is because of Ben Gunn. He tells them he was a pirate, a friend of Captain Flint. He has now decided not to be a pirate. Ben Gunn found the gold some time before. He agrees to share it (38) Jim and his friends because they will take him back to England.

When Jim and his friends leave the island, Ben goes with them. All of the pirates have to stay on the island except Long John Silver. On (39) (they) way home, they stop in America for one night. In the morning, they find that Long John Silver has gone, and he has (40) (take) some of the gold.

## 四、单词拼写 (共 5 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 5 分)

根据下列短文，写出与各小题所给汉语相对应的英语单词的正确形式 (每空一词)。

Have you ever seen a “tomboy”? I have a girl classmate, Rose, who acts like a boy. She’s (41) (外向的). She loves soccer and likes to play with boys. She almost looks like a boy. On the (42) f day of school, I was so surprised to learn Rose was a girl that I almost asked her, “Are you a boy or girl?” But that doesn’t matter at all.

Wherever she goes, she carries a smile along. When she plays soccer or basketball, she smiles with joy. If her team wins, her smile shows happiness and (43) (骄傲). If she loses a game, her smile says “They are so good. I had great fun (44) (玩) with them.” When she meets a friend, her smile is a greeting, and when she meets a teacher, her smile is filled with respect.

Every day, before each math class, I see her either helping the class at the front, or bringing the homework of the class (45) (一起). I have never seen her say a word of displeasure or boast (夸耀) about her great success in her study.

## 五、综合填空 （每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

Long ago, there was a mother and a son living in a house. She worked hard every day, but they were always (46) .

One day, her son stole his friend’s bag. “Mom, what do you think of this bag?" his mother praised her son (47) scolding (责骂) him. “It looks great!”

The next time, he stole an overcoat. She praised him again when he stole it.

After a few years, he (48) to be a young man. He stole jewellery ( 珠 宝 ) and brought them to his mother and said, “How beautiful!" This time, she did not scold her son again.

Then, (49) he was never scolded by his mother, he started to steal more expensive things. One day, the police caught him. (50) putting him in prison (监狱), he begged (乞求) the police to meet his mother. Then they agreed and (51) him to his mother.

As soon as he saw his mother, he bit（ 咬 ）her ear. “Ouch! What's the matter with you?" Finally she scolded him (52) . Her son answered. “Why didn't you scold me like that when I stole the first bag? I become a

(53) now."

The (54) heart was broken, she looked at her son going to prison. "If I only could turn back time, I

would scold you." She (55) that she always praised him, whatever he did.

## 六、任务型阅读 (共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,在每小题句子空白处填入适当词语,使其意思与短文内容一致(每空词数不限)。

A little stream (溪流) ran down from a high mountain through many villages and forests. Then it reached a desert. “I

参考词汇：埙 xun 传承人 inheritor

Last Saturday, I went to visit an artist who is the inheritor of a traditional musical instrument called xun with some of my classmates.

went through too many difficulties. I should have no problem crossing the desert,” she thought. As she started, she found herself slowly disappearing into the sand. After many tries, she still failed. “Maybe I can’t reach the sea,” she said sadly to herself.

At this time, a deep voice said, “If a wind can cross the desert, so can a river.” It was the voice of the desert. But the

little stream answered, “That’s because a wind can fly, but I cannot.”

“That’s because you can’t give up what you are. Let yourself evaporate (蒸发) into the wind, it can take you across

me,” said the desert. “Give up what I am now? No! No!” The little stream could not accept this idea. “The wind can carry

the vapor (蒸汽) across the desert and let it leave as rain. The rain will form a river again,” said the desert. “And whether you’re a river or vapor, your nature never changes.” After hearing this, the little stream went into the open arms of the wind. It carried her to the next stage of her life.

The course is like the experience of the little stream. If you want to go through troubles in your life to head for success, you should also change the way you are.

1. A little stream had to go through too many to reach the sea.
2. After many tries, she still to cross the desert.
3. The desert advised her that can take a little stream across the desert.
4. If you want to go through troubles in your life, you’d better the way you are.
5. From the passage we can infer (推断) that the desert is .

## 七、书面表达 （共 15 分）

泥哇呜又名埙，是宁夏民间的一种传统乐器，2006 年被列入国家级非物质文化遗产保护。假如你是李华，你准备给学校校报英语专栏投稿，记录你上周六你和几位同学拜访了一位泥哇呜老艺术家的经历，并简单谈一下感受。

* 1. 活动安排：早上在学校大门口集合，九点出发，下午四点返回: 步行前往他家花费 20 分钟:

看他展示泥哇呜艺术品并听他讲述泥哇呜的历史: 向他学习制作埙和演奏埙（补充两项活动）.

* 1. 谈谈本次活动的感受。

注意：1.词数 80 词左右（开头已给出，不计入总词数）；

* + 1. 合理增加细节，以使行文连贯。
    2. 文中不得出现真实的人名和校名。