

七年级英语试题

时间：120 分钟 总分：120 分

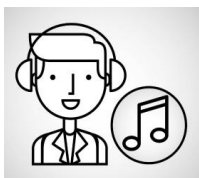
听力（共 20 分）

I. 听句子，选择最佳答语。每个句子读一遍。你将有 10 秒钟的时间完成有关小题和阅读下一小题。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

- | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. A. I'm drawing. | B. I often play football. | C. I went to the farm. |
| 2. A. Glasses. | B. Noodles. | C. Large bowls. |
| 3. A. After supper. | B. By bus. | C. In a bank. |
| 4. A. 20 minutes. | B. 2 kilometers. | C. 2 years. |
| 5. A. She was scared. | B. By bus. | C. Four years old. |

II. 听对话和问题，选择正确答案。对话和问题读两遍。你将有 10 秒钟的时间完成有关小题和阅读下一小题。（每小题 1 分，共 5 分）

6. A.



B.



C.



7. A.



B.



C.



8. A. 45 yuan.

B. 40 yuan.

C. 30 yuan.

9. A. The 1st floor.

B. The 2nd floor.

C. The 20th floor.

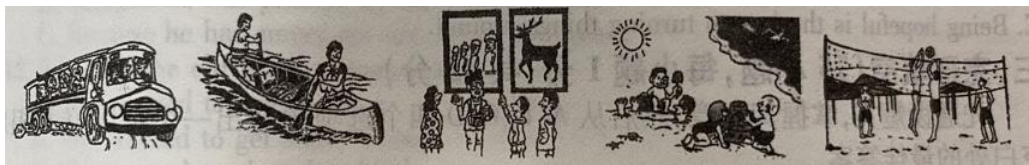
10. A. Go shopping.

B. Go for a coffee.

C. Go to the park.

III. 听短文，完成下列任务。（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

A. 听第一遍短文，按照听到的顺序将图片排序，你将有 15 秒钟的时间阅读下面的内容。



A

B

C

D

E

11. _____ 12. _____ 13. _____ 14. _____ 15. _____

B. 再听这篇短文，根据短文内容，完成 16-20 小题，你将有 15 秒钟的时间阅读下面的内容。短文将再读两遍。

16. Tom went to Qingdao _____.

- A. last week B. last month C. last year

17. They didn't visit _____ because of the rain.

- A. the art museum B. a village C. the beach

18. It was _____ on the afternoon of the second day.

- A. rainy B. windy C. sunny

19. They bought the boating tickets _____.

- A. on the first day B. on the second day C. on the third day

20. They played on the beach for _____.

- A. a day B. two days C. three days

笔试（共 100 分）

IV. 单项选择（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

21. New term started _____ March 1, 2021.

- A. in B. at C. on D. for

22. Nancy, carrots are good for _____ eyes. Eat some, please.

- A. my B. your C. her D. his

23. Wash your hands before meals, _____ you may get ill.

- A. and B. but C. or D. so

24. Think again before you make the decision (决定). _____ else can do it for you.

- A. Somebody B. Everybody C. Anybody D. Nobody

25. I went to the _____ to visit my friend. She was ill.

- A. bank B. hospital C. cinema D. restaurant

26. Keep quiet, Eric. Don't _____ you little brother.

- A. put up B. cut up C. eat up D. wake up

27. --- Could you tell me _____ we can start a talk?

--- Talking about weather is good.

- A. how B. why C. where D. when

28. --- _____? --- He is tall and thin.

- A. What does your cousin like? B. What did your cousin like?
C. What does your cousin look like? D. What did your cousin look like?

29. It was so _____ outside that I couldn't find my keys along the way.

- A. noisy B. dirty C. popular D. dark

30. --- Can you _____, Mary? --- Yes, I love it. I usually eat at home because it's healthy.

- A. cook B. dance C. skate D. jump

V. 完型填空（每小题 1 分，共 10 分）

Cindy is from England. Two years ago, she came to China with her ____31____.

It was ____32____ yesterday. Cindy didn't need to go to school. ____33____ she didn't sleep late. She ____34____ at 7 o'clock in the morning. Her mother was so surprised about that. Because she ____35____ got up so early on weekends.

“ ____36____ are you going , Cindy?” her mother asked . “I'm going to meet a person in the park,” Cindy said, “Who? Do you ____37____ him?” her mother asked. “No, I found his wallet in the library yesterday. I ____38____ him and decided to give it back to him in the park today,” said Cindy. “You are so nice. But how could you find him?” He told me he would wear a yellow shirt and sit in front of the north gate. I think I can find him ____39____, “Cindy said. “All right. Don't forget to take the ____40____ with you!” said her mother. “OK, mom!”

- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 31. A. cousin | B. classroom | C. friends | D. parents |
| 32. A. Monday | B. Thursday | C. Friday | D. Saturday |
| 33. A. So | B. But | C. Or | D. Because |
| 34. A. got up | B. made bed | C. ate out | D. put up |
| 35. A. never | B. always | C. often | D. always |
| 36. A. What | B. Why | C. Where | D. How |
| 37. A. like | B. know | C. need | D. remember |
| 38. A. called | B. followed | C. described | D. saved |
| 39. A. differently | B. quietly | C. easily | D. happily |
| 40. A. book | B. watch | C. gift | D. wallet |

VI. 阅读理解（每小题 1 分，共 15 分）

阅读短文，选出最佳答案。A、B 篇为选择最佳答案，C 篇为六选五。

A

Hand gestures (手势) are part of body language. The same hand gesture means different things in different countries. Here are some examples.

Thumbs (拇指) up In America, you can give somebody the thumbs up if you think something is very good. You can also use it when you're in need of a ride. But in Germany, It means “one”. And giving someone the thumbs up is asking for trouble (麻烦) in some Middle Eastern countries, like Iran and Iraq.

The “V” sign In China, the “V” sign is very popular. People like to make the sign when they take pictures. It makes their faces look cuter and smaller. In America, this gesture means “victory (胜利)”. But in the UK, it is **rude** to make this sign when the back of the hand is facing the other person.

The dog call In America, the dog call is used to call someone to come closer to you. But in China, this gesture isn't welcome because they only do this to pets. It's very rude if you do it to people.

The "OK" sign In most of the English-speaking countries, you can use the "OK" sign if you want to let people know you're alright. But it means something different in other countries. For example, it means "money" in Japan while "zero" or "nothing" in France.

When you visit a new country, it is important to learn what the gestures mean so that you won't offend (冒犯) anyone.

41. In which country should you be careful (小心) when you give the thumbs up?

- A. In the US. B. In France. C. In Iran. D. In Germany.





42. What does the underlined word "rude" mean?

- A. 礼貌的 B. 粗鲁的 C. 舒服的 D. 富裕的

43. Chinese people like to _____ when they take pictures.

- A. make the dog call B. make the "V" sign
C. show your thumb D. make the "OK" sign

44. Which hand gesture has the meaning of "money"?

- A.  B.  C.  D. 

45. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. It's rude to make the dog call in America.
B. The "OK" sign means "three" in France.
C. Americans like to make the "V" sign if they win (赢) a game.
D. Giving the thumbs up isn't welcome in America.

B

"Are you listening, Simon?" Simon's teacher asked. It was a very usual question.

Simon shook his head, smiling. He hardly listened or tried hard in class. Talking was so much fun. He wanted to be heard. He didn't want to listen. "Listen, and you'll learn something." Mrs. Jacobs tried every day, but Simon still talked.

That evening, there was something wrong with his throat (嗓子). The next morning, when he opened his mouth to say "Good morning", he found it was hard to say a word. Simon's mother looked at him. "Oh, you've lost your voice (声音)." "Can I stay at home?" He tried to ask, but words didn't come out. His mother thought it was good for him to go to school, even if he couldn't talk.

When he got to school, Mrs. Jacobs said hello to him, and he just nodded (点头). When his friends asked him what TV shows he watched last night, he just shook his head. After class, almost everyone looked at him as if he had a third eye. Penny asked. "Mrs. Jacobs, why isn't Simon talking?" "He never stops talking," Richard said worriedly.

Everyone started talking. They were excited, worried, and surprised. Simon sat in class, bored. He watched them talk to each other, but he couldn't do that. In math class he couldn't speak. He had to listen to the teacher carefully. So he could do his homework that night.

The next day, his voice came back, but he stayed quiet again. The third day, he could talk fine, but he listened and put up his hand to speak. What a difference that one day made!

46. What did Mrs. Jacobs want Simon to do in class?

- A. To listen. B. To talk. C. To sit up. D. To sleep.

47. What was wrong with Simon that day?

- A. He was ill in bed. B. He was late for school.
C. He lost his voice. D. He lost interest in school.

48. Almost everyone looked at Simon because he _____.

- A. had a third eye B. talked with nobody C. talked too much D. was ill

49. Simon could do his homework that night because _____.

- A. he got his voice back B. he listened carefully in class
C. homework was easy D. he was good at math

50. What is the best title for the text?

- A. Are you talking? B. Is your school fun?
C. Is your voice OK? D. Are you listening?

C

You may not hear the words "freshman (大一新生) fifteen" before, but they are very important for college (大学) students. _____51_____ "Fifteen" means fifteen pounds (磅) added to a college student's weight (体重) in his or her first year. There are a lot of reasons why first-year college students become heavy. _____52_____

There are many kinds of food in the college. Some students choose unhealthy food because now their parents don't help them choose. _____53_____ Late at night, some students get fast food to eat and coke to drink.

If you're careful, you don't have to add fifteen pounds. Here are some ideas:

*Eat more vegetables and healthy meat.

*Try not to eat so much junk food when you study.

*_____54_____

Remember that the "freshman fifteen" can happen to anyone. Talk to your friends about it. Together, try to eat healthy food and not to eat junk food. Walk, run, do sports and you will feel better. ____55____

- A. Some students buy things to eat many times when they study.
- B. It's all right to have a little fast food sometimes, but not often.
- C. You can eat anything you like.
- D. A freshman is a first-year college student.
- E. But it's important to know that freshmen don't have to add these fifteen pounds.
- F. You can have a healthy and happy freshman year.

VII. 综合运用（共 20 小题，每小题 1 分，共 20 分）

A. 从方框中选择合适的单词完成短文，每词限用一次，并将其对应的字母序号填涂到答题卡相应的位置。（有一个多余选项）

A. money B. life C. interested D. kind E. good F. gift

Friendship and kindness go hand in hand. A friendship can last forever (永远) when friends are ____56____ to each other.

People usually become friends because they have something in common. They are ____57____ in the same things. It is easy to be a friend when everything is going great, but a true friend is one who is around in both the ____58____ times and the bad times. A good friend will cheer you up when you are having a bad day. Show a friend you care. Ask the other person, "What can I do to help you?"

Listen to your friends. Send a card, give them a small ____59____ or call them on the phone just to say "I like our friendship". If you are a friend to others, they will usually be a friend to you. Friends make ____60____ better.

B. 用所给词的适当形式填空，每词限用一次。

spend, fly, order, blow out

- 61. After he made a wish, he _____ the birthday candles.
- 62. Anna's sister often _____ much time telling her stories.
- 63. He went into the coffee shop _____ a cup of coffee.
- 64. Look! The boys _____ (放) kites on the beach.

C. 根据句意和所给汉语完成句子。每空一词。

- 65. _____ (幸运), I saw a lot of butterflies in the garden.
- 66. The _____ (婴儿) cried just now. Maybe they were kind of hungry.
- 67. _____ (她) curly hair look so beautiful.
- 68. --- Does Tom sit in front of Mike?
--- Yes, Mike sits _____ Tom.

D. 阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，在空白处填入一个适当的单词或用括号中词语的正确形式填空。

Last Saturday morning, the teacher called a meeting of parents. Mike ___69___ (make) a speech in the meeting. His mom felt happy.

Now his middle school life comes to an end. This summer, He will go to the U. S. and stay for one year to study at an American high school. There he ___70___ (be) in Grade 10. He feels excited. At the same time, He is a little sad ___71___ he has to say goodbye to his old friends and teachers. He wants to take some ___72___ (photo) with them. They will connect with each other by making phone calls or ___73___ (write) letters.

In the past three years, He has learned a lot ___74___ his teachers and had a great time at school. They'll set out on their new journey, but he will never forget where he comes from. In the future, he will work much harder. He hopes to be ___75___ artist when he grows up. I think his dream will come true.

VIII. 阅读表达（共 20 分）

A

What Bill did in April to save our earth (地球)

Week 1-- This week, my family tried to use less electricity (更少的电). We turned off lights when no one was in the room. We turned off the TV when nobody was watching it. Mom used cold water only in the washing machine.

Week 2-- We started to recycle (回收利用) this week. Mom kept the plastic (塑料的) shopping bags from the supermarket to use again. It is a good way to help our earth.

Week 3-- We had short showers. Mom and Dad used less water when they made tea or coffee. My sister and I didn't leave the water running when we brushed our teeth.

Week 4-- My mom often drove my sister and me to school. This week (A) we started riding our bikes to school. It's different but good exercise! Dad and his workmate also started to (B) carpool this week—they drove only one of their own cars together to work. It was cool.

76. 除了节电和改变出行方式，用短语列举 Bill 一家另外两种保护地球的方式。(4 分)

77. 回答问题。How many ways did Bill and his family take to save water? (1 分)

78. 找出“My sister and I turned off water when brushing teeth.”的同义句。(1 分)

79. 从文中找出(A)处划线单词 we 所指代的内容。(1 分)

80. 选出(B)处划线单词 carpool 的汉语意思，将字母代号填写在答题纸上。(1 分)

A. 拼车 B. 租车 C. 检车 D. 买车

81. 根据短文内容填空。每空不超过 3 个单词。(3 分)

Bill and his sister often went to school _____. But in _____ week, they went to school _____.

B

In the forest there lived a rhino (犀牛) and a monkey. The monkey was not very friendly and he troubled the rhino every day. Sometimes he pulled the rhino's tail. Sometimes he jumped onto the rhino's back. But the rhino didn't get angry. He could stand everything patiently and never complained (抱怨).

Other animals in the forest knew that the monkey always made fun of the rhino. They got angry with the monkey. They even told the rhino to punish the monkey.

The rhino smiled and said that sometimes the monkey was unfriendly, but he was thankful to him. He thanked the monkey for teaching him to be **(A) patient**. Other animals just kept quiet with their heads down, without saying anything. At that time, the monkey was sitting in the tree and heard the rhino's words. He felt sorry for what he had done.

He came down from the tree quickly. Then he came up to the rhino and said sorry to him. After that, the monkey and the rhino became friends, and they got on well with each other.

82. 回答问题: (6分)

(1) How did the monkey trouble the rhino? (不超过 12 词)

(2) Who were angry with the monkey?

(3) What did the rhino think of the monkey?

83. 选出(A)处划线单词 **patient** 的汉语意思。将字母代号填写在答题纸上。(1分)

A. 野蛮 B. 耐心 C. 暴躁 D. 怜悯

84. 从这篇文章中, 你学到了什么? 请用 10-20 词表达你的观点。(2分)

IX. 根据汉语和提示词, 将下列句子译成英语。(共 10 分)

85. 孩子们非常想念老师。

86. 我会立刻给他回电话的。

87. 去年夏天, 农民们种了很多花。

88. 熬夜不利于我们健康。

89. 农民们太累了, 他们坐下来喝了点水。(so...that)

X. 书面表达 (共 15 分)

请写一篇短文, 介绍你之前做过的一件令家长、朋友或教师开心的事情, 要求写出起因、过程和感受, 字数 80 左右。
