

绝密★启用前

广元市朝天区 2021 年春季期末教学质量检测

八年级 英语

(试卷总分:150 分 考试时间:120 分钟)

注意事项:

1. 答题时,务必将自己的学校、班级、姓名、准考证号填写在答题卡规定的位置上。
2. 答选择题时,必须使用 2B 铅笔将答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。如需改动,用橡皮擦擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。
3. 答非选择题时,必须使用黑色墨水笔或黑色签字笔,将答案书写在答题卡规定的位置上。
4. 所有题目必须在答题卡上作答,在试题卷上答题无效。
5. 考试结束后,只将答题卡交回。

第 I 卷 选择题(共三部分,满分 100 分)

第一部分 听力理解(共两节;30 分)

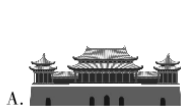
第一节(共 5 小题,每小题 1.5 分,共 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话,每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三幅图片中选出最佳选项。听每段对话前,你都有 5 秒钟的时间阅读各小题。听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话读两遍。

1. What's wrong with the woman?



2. Where has the woman been many times?



3. Where is the man now?



4. What does Joan want to be?



5. Where did the boy go last Sunday?



第二节(共15小题,每小题1.5分,共22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白,每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你都有5秒钟的时间阅读各小题。听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6至第7小题。

6. What did the woman ask the man to show her?

- A. His bags. B. His ID card. C. His ticket.

7. Where are the two speakers probably?

- A. In a bank. B. In a library. C. In a hotel.

听第7段材料,回答第8至第10小题。

8. How long does Dave practice the violin every day?

- A. For one hour. B. For two hours. C. For three hours.

9. What does Dave hope to be in the future?

- A. A violinist. B. An artist. C. A writer.

10. Where are Tom and the girl going this afternoon?

- A. To a science museum. B. To a nature museum. C. To a history museum.

听第8段材料,回答第11至第13小题。

11. What happened to Bill last week?

- A. He hurt his arm. B. He fell in a match. C. He hurt his leg.

12. How long will Bill stay at home?

- A. For three months. B. For two weeks. C. For a couple of days.

13. What will Mary do next?

- A. Go to the hospital. B. Open the door. C. Visit Bill.

听第9段材料,回答第14至第16小题。

14. What happened to Sheila in chemistry class?

- A. She had a test.  
B. She had a fever.  
C. Her mother came to listen.

15. What do you think of Sheila's mother?

- A. Kind. B. Strict. C. Scary.

16. Which is the boy's opinion?

- A. Sheila's mother will punish her.  
B. Sheila's grades are not as good as his.  
C. Studying together will make a difference.

听下面一段独白,回答第17至第20小题。

17. What was the relationship between the old man and the couple?

- A. Boss(老板) and workers. B. Doctor and patients. C. Teachers and students.

18. What did the old man ask the couple not to do?

- A. Leave his house. B. Open the box. C. Look after the box.

19. Why did the woman want to open the box?  
 A. Because she thought there was something expensive in it.  
 B. Because her husband asked her to do that.  
 C. Because she wanted to know how to close it.
20. What did the woman get from the box?  
 A. A note. B. Some money. C. Nothing.

## 第二部分 基础知识运用(共两节;30分)

### 第一节 单项选择(共10小题,每小题1分,共10分)

从下列各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出能填入题中空缺处的最佳选项。

21. —Parents shouldn't try to do everything for their children.  
 —\_\_\_\_\_. Children should learn to do things by themselves.  
 A. Good idea B. Never mind C. Exactly D. I don't agree
22. Mary has been away from her hometown \_\_\_\_\_ ten years.  
 A. after B. in C. for D. at
23. —Hi, guys. How was your party yesterday?  
 —Wonderful! We had a big meal and enjoyed \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. themselves B. myself C. yourselves D. ourselves
24. —Remember, Kids! You \_\_\_\_\_ stop at the red light when crossing the road.  
 —OK, we will.  
 A. must B. may C. can D. might
25. —Jim looks sleepy in class. What's wrong with him?  
 —He stayed up late last night. He \_\_\_\_\_ computer games from 7 o'clock to midnight.  
 A. play B. plays C. has played D. was playing
26. The local guide spoke \_\_\_\_\_ she could to make the visitors understand her.  
 A. as clear as B. as clearly as C. so clear as D. so clearly as
27. \_\_\_\_\_ my father \_\_\_\_\_ my mother are teachers. They work in the same school.  
 A. Either; or B. Not only; but also C. Neither; nor D. Both; and
28. You don't have to \_\_\_\_\_ every new word in the dictionary while reading.  
 A. look for B. look up C. look at D. look after
29. —How about the *Fast & Furious 9*(《速度与激情9》)?  
 —Great. I \_\_\_\_\_ it twice in the cinema.  
 A. watched B. will watch C. have watched D. watches
30. Next month we're going somewhere interesting as soon as the holiday \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. will begin B. begin C. begins D. is beginning

### 第二节 完形填空(共20小题,每小题1分,共20分)

阅读下面的短文,从短文后各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出可以填入文中空缺处的最佳选项。

(A)

Are you the only child in your family? Do you want to have a younger sister or brother? Well, having a new 31 in your family is really special. But please be careful when you 32 the baby.

Always ask your parents 33 you do anything for the baby, and they will show you 34 to look after your brother or sister. For example, don't give salt or sugar to new babies. These things are not good for 35.



Your mom will be 36 if the new baby wakes a lot during the night. You can do something nice to help, like bringing her some 37 when she is thirsty.

You may feel a little bit jealous (嫉妒的) of the baby sometimes. Don't think that you are a "bad person". In fact, it is natural to have such 38. There is one more child in your family, 39 your parents still love you as usual.

The most 40 thing is that you should try to be friendly to your brother or sister. In the future, he or she will help you in many ways.

Now the three-child policy was announced (被公布) on 31st May, 2021 in China. And do you look forward to having a younger brother or sister?

- |                  |                |                 |                  |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 31. A. pet       | B. car         | C. baby         | D. friend        |
| 32. A. laugh at  | B. look for    | C. take care of | D. get ready for |
| 33. A. because   | B. before      | C. after        | D. since         |
| 34. A. what      | B. how         | C. when         | D. where         |
| 35. A. me        | B. you         | C. us           | D. them          |
| 36. A. bored     | B. lazy        | C. tired        | D. excited       |
| 37. A. water     | B. bread       | C. flowers      | D. clothes       |
| 38. A. habits    | B. feelings    | C. activities   | D. chances       |
| 39. A. or        | B. because     | C. and          | D. but           |
| 40. A. important | B. comfortable | C. terrible     | D. interesting   |

(B)

One day, I picked up my daughter Eloise from school and went to the supermarket for a few things. I was hoping to be in and out 41.

I found a short line with just one person in front of me. It was a(n) 42 woman, and she was paying for her things with only 43. After a long day at work, I was unhappy with this old woman.

But then I watched the young clerk (职员). He helped her 44 her change so carefully. I 45 him repeatedly (重复地) say to her, "Yes, Madam." When she asked if she had enough money to buy a bag, he told her she did. Then he went two lines over to get 46 for her. This clerk never got annoyed (厌烦的). He was patient and kind.

As I was watching him, I saw Eloise was too. I realized that my daughter was learning an important 47 from the clerk.

48 the woman was finished, the clerk began serving us and thanked me 49 my patience. I thanked him too.

Then we left the supermarket with a full bag, but also with a 50 full of thanks for such an important lesson.

- |                  |                |              |               |
|------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 41. A. quickly   | B. slowly      | C. quietly   | D. freely     |
| 42. A. rich      | B. old         | C. poor      | D. healthy    |
| 43. A. change    | B. bill        | C. check     | D. card       |
| 44. A. copy      | B. compare     | C. count     | D. borrow     |
| 45. A. called up | B. listened to | C. looked at | D. thought of |
| 46. A. ones      | B. that        | C. this      | D. one        |
| 47. A. class     | B. rule        | C. lesson    | D. skill      |
| 48. A. Though    | B. Before      | C. After     | D. Until      |
| 49. A. with      | B. for         | C. of        | D. to         |
| 50. A. spirit    | B. memory      | C. body      | D. heart      |

第三部分 阅读理解(共两节;40分)

第一节 阅读选择(共15小题,每小题2分,共30分)

阅读下列短文,从短文后各小题所给的A、B、C、D四个选项中选出最佳选项。

(A)

A News Review	
<b>Train Crash</b>	On April 2, 2021, an engineering truck hit a train in Taiwan. Over 490 people were on the train then. About 156 people were hurt, and at least 54 deaths were reported.
<b>Travel Time</b>	Tourists came together to Jianmen Pass(剑门关) on May 1, 2021. It is reported that over 153,000 tourists visited the place of great interest, such as Liangshan Temple, Shisun Peak, Hongxing Square, during the five-day holiday.
<b>Brave Volunteer</b>	Liao Zhi is a dance teacher from Chengdu. She lost her 1-year-old daughter and her legs in the 2008 Wenchuan earthquake(地震). She arrived in Ya'an after the earthquake there. Liao said she had a terrible time herself and knew what people needed most, so she decided to come and offer help.
<b>Tomato Competition</b>	A tomato competition was held(被举行) in Huainan, Anhui Province, on April 16. The judges(评委) chose the best tomatoes according to their shape, color and taste. The competition hoped to encourage the farmers to grow better tomatoes.

51. About \_\_\_\_\_ people were hurt in the train crash.  
A. 54                      B. 220                      C. 156                      D. 490
52. Tourists couldn't visit \_\_\_\_\_ in Jianmen Pass during the May Day holiday in 2021.  
A. Liangshan Temple    B. Shisun Peak            C. Cuiping Mountain    D. Hongxing Square
53. Liao Zhi, the dance teacher from \_\_\_\_\_, came to Ya'an to offer help after the earthquake there.  
A. Huainan                B. Chengdu                C. Taishan                D. Wenchuan
54. Liao Zhi lost her daughter and her legs \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. in Wenchuan earthquake    B. in Ya'an earthquake  
C. when she took a train with her daughter    D. when she traveled with her daughter
55. The tomato competition in Anhui Province was held to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. help the people in Ya'an                      B. save the people on the trains  
C. forget the terrible time                        D. encourage the farmers to grow better tomatoes

(B)

When I was fourteen years old, I made my first visit to the United States. It wasn't the first time I had been abroad. Like many English children, I had often been to France. So when I went to America, I thought I would have a nice and easy holiday without any language problem.

How wrong I was! The misunderstanding(误解) began at the airport. I was looking for a public telephone to tell my friend Danny that I had arrived. Danny has studied in America for two years. A friendly old man saw me looking lost and asked if he could help me.

"Yes," I said, "I want to give my friend a ring."

"Well, that's nice," he said, "Are you getting married? But aren't you too young?"

"Who is talking about marriage(婚姻)?" I replied, "I only want to give my friend a ring to tell him I've arrived. Can you tell me where there is a phone box?"

“Oh,” he said, “there is a phone downstairs.”

When we met at last, Danny explained the misunderstanding to me.

“Don’t worry,” he said to me, “I had so many difficulties at first. There are lots of words which Americans use differently in meaning from English people. You’ll soon get used to all the funny things they say. Most of the time, English and American people understand each other.”

56. The writer was from \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Japan                      B. France                      C. America                      D. England

57. The writer thought \_\_\_\_\_ in America at first.

- A. he wouldn’t have any language problems  
B. he would be lost and he had to call the police for help  
C. he wouldn’t understand the people  
D. he would have a terrible holiday

58. The writer wanted to \_\_\_\_\_ at the airport.

- A. have a meal                      B. buy a map                      C. call his friend                      D. find an old man

59. According to the friendly old man, “give somebody a ring” means “\_\_\_\_\_” in America.

- A. make a telephone call to somebody                      B. be going to get married  
C. buy a telephone for somebody                      D. ask somebody to wear a ring

60. The underlined word “they” in the last paragraph refers to(指代) \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the old man and the boy                      B. the English people  
C. the French                      D. the Americans

(C)

After watching the movie *Hi, Mom*(《你好,李焕英》), a tourist drove to Xiangyang, a city about 300 kilometers away. He and his family took photos at a factory. The factory used to produce chemical products(化工产品) and now is used to make movies.

“I grew up in a factory like this. Everything looks so familiar because I know them very well,” the tourist wrote on WeChat, “All the buildings are just the same style of 1980s in China.”

The tourist also said, “I’m here, to remember my life as a child, not to go sightseeing(观光).” And many tourists had the same feeling.

The factory in Xiangyang has welcomed more than 30,000 tourists so far since the film was on. A manager of a store in the factory said that few people visited there in the past, but after the film *Hi, Mom* was on, the number of tourists suddenly increased.

How could the film *Hi, Mom* make such surprising changes?

It is a film about mother, and the love from a mother hits people’s hearts. In the film, the daughter always felt useless because she couldn’t make lots of money to make her mother proud(骄傲的). But her mother’s biggest wish was that her future daughter would be “healthy and happy”. The director(导演) of this film, Jia Ling, put her real-life experiences in it. The true feelings build a bridge between people’s hearts as well.

61. What is the factory used to do now?

- A. To make movies.                      B. To play basketball.  
C. To produce chemical products.                      D. To receive tourists.

62. What’s the Chinese meaning of the underlined word “familiar” in Paragraph 2?

- A. 熟悉的                      B. 典型的                      C. 精美的                      D. 陌生的

63. Why did the tourist travel to Xiangyang according to his WeChat?

- A. To go sightseeing.                      B. To take photos in the old style.  
C. To look back on his life in the past.                      D. To visit his friends.

64. When did the factory become popular?  
 A. In the 1980s. B. Before the 2021 Spring Festival holiday.  
 C. After the film *Hi, Mom* was on. D. When the film was making.
65. How could the film *Hi, Mom* make such surprising changes?  
 A. The director made the film in an old factory.  
 B. The director put her real-life experiences and true feelings in it.  
 C. The director invited people to remember good memories years ago.  
 D. The director spent a lot of money on it.

## 第二节 阅读填空(共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。

Do you often use a cell phone? Do you take the subway to school every day? These things make our modern life easier. But do you know how we should behave(表现) properly while using them? 66

### For cell phone users

Keep your voice down when you make a phone call in public. 67  
 And you'd better not use it during a meeting.

Don't send messages at a dinner or a party. And you shouldn't play cell phone games. It isn't a good time to communicate with your family and friends.

68 It is not only very dangerous for both you and your passengers but also against the law.

### For subway passengers

You are supposed to wait in a line while buying tickets and getting on the subway.

According to subway rules, you mustn't eat, drink or smoke on the subway. 69 It's necessary to keep the subway clean and tidy.

70 Offering your seat to someone who needs it is good manners(礼仪).

- |  |
|--|
| A. The smell and noise may trouble others.<br>B. Don't make or answer a call while driving.<br>C. The following advice can be helpful.<br>D. Shouting on the phone may make others feel uncomfortable.<br>E. You'd better not lie across the subway seats even if the train isn't crowded. |
|--|



## 第Ⅱ卷 非选择题(共三节,满分50分)

### 第四部分 写(共三节;50分)

#### 第一节 语法填空(共10小题,每小题1.5分,共15分)

阅读下面的短文,在空白处填入一个恰当的单词或括号内所给单词的正确形式。

It is famous that Englishmen go out always with an umbrella or a raincoat. Why? Because the weather in Britain(大不列颠) often changes 71 (quick). It is not very unusual for the same kind of weather 72 (stay) long.

Spring can be rainy or windy, 73 the weather is getting warmer. And you can hope for more 74 (sun) days. In fact, there can be as much sunshine in spring as in summer. Summer is the best time 75 visitors to go to the seaside and other places of interest. The weather can be very nice. People often go out to have 76 walk or swim. Autumn is a beautiful season with trees in the forests and parks 77 (change) color. During autumn, it is still nice to be outside, too. In winter, it 78 (get) cold. It may snow, especially on high lands and in the north. There are also very strong winds in this season.

January and February are the coldest 79 (month) of the year, while July and August are often the warmest. The 80 (different) in temperature between winter and summer is not so great in Britain. The average temperature for winter is about 4.5°C, and for summer, it's about 15.5°C.

第二节 信息提取(共5小题,每小题2分,共10分)

阅读下面的短文,根据短文内容,在下面的表格中填入与文章意思相符的单词,每空限填一词。

Why should students play sports? Some people think that students play sports in order to get exercise. Others think it can help students have fun. But that is not enough. If students play sports, they can get more than healthy bodies. Why? Here are three more reasons.

Playing sports can make students do better in school. Some people think that doing exercise will take up students' study time. But a recent study has shown that sports make students learn, remember things and concentrate(全神贯注) better.

Playing sports can develop students' teamwork spirits(团队精神) and students can get the skills of solving problems. When they are working together with others to win games and reach goals(目标), they're learning how to be successful in practice. And these skills will be useful to them for study or their future work.

Playing sports can also improve confidence(自信). Students who play sports feel better about themselves. When they know they can improve and reach their goals by practicing, it builds their confidence. And sports can also help them communicate with others actively(积极地) and make new friends.

Now, how about going out to play sports with your friends every day?

Why Should Students Play Sports?	
Common reasons	Students play sports to get exercise or have 81 .
More 82	<p>►Playing sports helps students get 83 scores in school. It also helps them learn, remember things and concentrate better. Students who play sports can learn how to be successful in practice.</p> <p>►Students can develop teamwork spirits and learn problem-solving 84 .</p> <p>►Playing sports can improve confidence. Sports can help students 85 with others actively and make new friends.</p>
Advice	Students should go out to play sports with their friends every day.

第三节 书面表达(共25分)

“绿水青山就是金山银山”,请你结合自己平时保护环境的一些做法,以“**How to Make Our Hometown More Beautiful**”为题,向所有学生发出倡议,呼吁大家从小事做起,尽最大的努力保护环境。

要点:

- 1. 节约用电,离开房间要关灯;
- 2. 节约用水,循环利用水;
- 3. 乘坐公共交通工具,减少空气污染;
- 4. 积极参与垃圾分类;
- 5. ....

要求:

- 1. 包含所有要点,可适当发挥;
- 2. 意思连贯,条理清楚,书写规范;
- 3. 不少于70词,开头已给出,不计入总词数。

参考词汇:recycle 循环利用;reduce 减少;garbage sorting 垃圾分类

**How to Make Our Hometown More Beautiful**

The clean water and green mountains are our treasures. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_