

## 九年级英语监测试卷

(满分 140 分, 考试时间 110 分钟)

### 第一部分 选择题 共 80 分

一、听力部分 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1 分, 计 20 分)

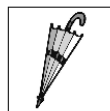
第一部分 听对话回答问题 (计 10 分)

本部分共有 10 道小题, 每小题你将听到一段对话, 每段对话听两遍。

( ) 1. What did Jane forget to take?



A.



B.



C.

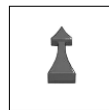
( ) 2. Which direction should the boy go first?



A.



B.

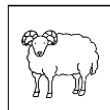


C.

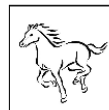
( ) 3. What is Peter's animal sign?



A.



B.



C.

( ) 4. What does the man collect now?



A.



B.



C.

( ) 5. What is Miss Green like?

A. Creative.

B. Organized.

C. Active.

( ) 6. How does Terry contact his friends in America?

A. By Wechat.

B. Over the phone.

C. Through letters.

( ) 7. What is the man doing now?

A. Sweeping the floor.

B. Doing homework.

C. Watching TV.

( ) 8. When did World War I end?

A. In 1916.

B. In 1918.

C. In 1920.

( ) 9. Why wouldn't Jessica like to go to the cinema?

A. Because she has seen it.

B. Because the movie is not interesting.

C. Because she has to prepare for the test.

( ) 10. Who are the two speakers?

A. Two teachers.

B. Two students.

C. A teacher and a student.

第二部分 听对话和短文回答问题 (计 10 分)

听一段对话, 回答第 11-12 小题。

( ) 11. Where are the two speakers now?

A. At the boy's home.

B. At the doctor's.

C. At the teacher's office

- ( )12. How long does the boy watch TV every day?  
A. Two hours and a half. B. Three hours. C. Three hours and a half

听第一篇短文，回答 13-15 小题。

Steven Spielberg	
Date of birth	On 13 18th, 1946.
Events	His 40-minute film won a local competition. He produced a film called Firelight at the age of 14 He made one of his most famous films called <i>Encounters of the Third Kind</i> .
Education	He studied 15 in a university.

- ( )13. A. October B. November C. December

- ( )14. A. 13 B.16 C.18

- ( )15. A. directing B. acting C. English

听第二篇短文，回答 16-20 小题。

- ( )16. The owner of the shop asked \_\_\_\_\_ dollars for the watch.

- A. 500 B. 250 C. 100

- ( )17. The American paid \_\_\_\_\_ dollars for the watch.

- A. 10 B. 50 C. 100

- ( )18. Who is foolish?

- A. The young man. B. The rich man. C. The shop owner,

- ( )19. Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. The young man liked the nice watch very much, too.  
B. The rich man didn't see the young man stealing the watch at all.  
C. The rich American was very happy to buy the stolen watch.

- ( )20. The best title for the reading should be \_\_\_\_\_

- A. A Rich American B. The Watch Shop C. The Stolen Watch

## 二、单项选择（共 15 小题；每小题 1 分，计 15 分）

在下列各题从 A、B、C、D 四个选项选择一个能填入题干空白处的最佳答案。

- ( )21. --President Xi gave \_\_\_\_\_ exciting speech on TV at the end of 2021.

--Yes. What \_\_\_\_\_ great progress we Chinese made last year!

- A. an; a B. /; a C. an; / D. /; /

- ( )22. --The environment \_\_\_\_\_ a child's personality and quality.

--Yes. That's why Mencius's (孟子的) mother moved house three times.

- A. represents B. shapes C. marks D. records

- ( )23. Yuan Longping, the father of hybrid rice, with the other 41 great people, \_\_\_\_\_ the Medal of the Republic (共和国勋章) by President Xi Jinping On Sept. 17, 2019.

- A. was presented with B. had presented to C. were presented to D. has presented with

- ( )24. The film Hi, Mom! directed by Jia Lin is worth \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. watching B. watch C. to watch D. watches

- ( )25. I don't doubt \_\_\_\_\_ he can finish the task, but I doubt \_\_\_\_\_ he is willing to do it.

- A. that; that B. if; if C. that; if D. if; that

- ( )26. Alice, could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. whether she had been married B. what's happened to you  
C. how long Lily has caught a cold D. how you call these animals

- ( )27. He chose to go to the USA for further education against his parents' will, but it \_\_\_\_\_ to be a wise choice.

- A. put out B. broke out C. turned out D. came out

- ( )28. --To save more energy, we can ride shared bicycles.

--Good idea! \_\_\_\_\_, we should form a habit of recycling the waste.

- A. Anyway B. Instead C. Otherwise D. Moreover

- ( )29. --Audrey Hepburn \_\_\_\_\_ cancer.

-- So she did. We all felt very sad about the loss of a great actress.

- A. die of                      B. died from                      C. died of                      D. dead from  
( ) 30. Learning in our school is \_\_\_\_\_ experience that I'll never forget it all my life.  
A. so exciting                      B. such exciting                      C. so an exciting                      D. such an exciting  
( ) 31.--How do you like the book *Little Women*?  
-- Wonderful. I think it is the best one \_\_\_\_\_ tells us the importance of family.  
A. /                      B. what                      C. which                      D. that  
( ) 32. After running a 1000-metre race, he was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. out of breathe                      B. breathed heavily                      C. took a deep breath                      D. out of breath  
( ) 33. Without her glasses, Millie was \_\_\_\_\_ blind.  
A. as well as                      B. as good as                      C. as badly as                      D. as bad as  
( ) 34.--They speak perfect English. How long have they learnt it?  
-- \_\_\_\_\_ they were seven years old.  
A. Since                      B. When                      C. After                      D. Until  
( ) 35.---Are you going to take part in the speech competition ?  
--- \_\_\_\_\_. It's too good a chance to miss.  
A. No problem.                      B. My pleasure                      C. I can't agree more.                      D. That's for sure.

### 三、完形填空（共 15 小题;每小题 1 分，计 15 分）

阅读下列短文，从文后各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

There was a millionaire who was looking for a new artwork for his house. He \_\_\_\_\_ 36 \_\_\_\_\_ all the artists in his city to have a try, and he promised a good \_\_\_\_\_ 37 \_\_\_\_\_.

"Let me paint a picture on a blank wall. It will be more beautiful than \_\_\_\_\_ 38 \_\_\_\_\_ you have ever seen before. I \_\_\_\_\_ 39 \_\_\_\_\_ you will not be disappointed," an artist said one day. The millionaire agreed.

A day later, another man came and said, "Please allow me to work on the opposite wall. I am also a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ 40 \_\_\_\_\_." "What would you like to \_\_\_\_\_ 41 \_\_\_\_\_?" the millionaire asked. "I will make exactly \_\_\_\_\_ 42 \_\_\_\_\_ the man is painting on the opposite wall. \_\_\_\_\_ 43 \_\_\_\_\_, I will do so without looking at his work. I would even \_\_\_\_\_ 44 \_\_\_\_\_ a curtain should put up between the two walls so that either of us cannot see each other." This \_\_\_\_\_ 45 \_\_\_\_\_ the millionaire, so he decided to give him a chance.

A month later, the first artist reported that his work was completed. The millionaire asked the second artist, "When will you \_\_\_\_\_ 46 \_\_\_\_\_ your work? I am coming to see the first wall." The man replied, "My work is ready, too!"

The millionaire was satisfied with the first artist's painting and \_\_\_\_\_ 47 \_\_\_\_\_ him plenty of money. He then asked for the curtain to be opened up. The same painting was seen on the \_\_\_\_\_ 48 \_\_\_\_\_ wall, too! The millionaire wanted to know the \_\_\_\_\_ 49 \_\_\_\_\_. The man said, "I just polished(磨光) the wall every day!"

It was a wall made of white marble(大理石). The man polished it \_\_\_\_\_ 50 \_\_\_\_\_ it shone like a mirror. The reflection of the painting across the room showed up on it.

- |                  |                |               |               |
|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 36. A. advised   | B. ordered     | C. invited    | D. allowed    |
| 37. A. reward    | B. fame        | C. relic      | D. attention  |
| 38. A. nothing   | B. anything    | C. something  | D. everything |
| 39. A. promise   | B. hope        | C. understand | D. realize    |
| 40. A. visitor   | B. collector   | C. player     | D. artist     |
| 41. A. perform   | B. paint       | C. borrow     | D. show       |
| 42. A. where     | B. /           | C. what       | D. how        |
| 43. A. Above all | B. In addition | C. After all  | D. In short   |
| 44. A. request   | B. tell        | C. take       | D. help       |
| 45. A. hurt      | B. reminded    | C. satisfied  | D. surprised  |
| 46. A. do        | B. over        | C. finish     | D. discuss    |
| 47. A. lent      | B. returned    | C. sent       | D. paid       |
| 48. A. opposite  | B. first       | C. others     | D. white      |

49. A. rule                      B. secret                      C. opinion                      D. principle  
 50. A. before                      B. after                      C. when                      D. while

**四、阅读理解(共 15 小题，每小题 2 分，计 30 分)**

阅读下面短文，从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

**A**

**Two little boys**

Two little boys had two little toys Each had a wooden horse. Joyfully they played each summer's day Soldiers (士兵) both, of course. Then Jack broke off his horse's head, Sad for his toy, then cried with joy As his young friend Joe said: Did you think I would leave you crying When there's room on my horse for two? Climb up here, Jack, and don't be crying I can go just as fast with two When we grow up we'll both be soldiers And our horses will not be toys And I wonder if we'll remember When we were two little boys.	Long years past, war (战争) came so _____. Bravely they moved away. Guns (枪) roared loud and in the mad crowd (人群) Wounded and dying lie Up goes a shout, a horse rushes out Out from the crowd, to where Joe lay Then came a voice he knew: Did you think I would leave you dying When there's room on my horse for two? Climb up here, Joe, we'll soon be flying I can go just as fast with two. Now we are both real soldiers And our horses are not toys And I remember When we were two little boys.
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51. What happened to Jack's toy horse?  
 A. It was broken by soldiers.    B. It was broken by Joe.  
 C. Its head was broken off.    D. It was lost in the war.  
 52. The best word for the blank (空格) is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. hard                      B. fast                      C. slow                      D. quick  
 53. What is the song mainly about?  
 A. Dangerous war.    B. Interesting games.    C. Happy summer.    D. True friendship

**B**

You may study differently from your friends, but your study habits are not wrong!

Kelly and Maria are best friends with a lot in common. They love doing things together, such as going to movies and concerts, shopping, or just sitting at a small cafe. Since they take a lot of the same school subjects, they would love to study together, but they find this impossible. Their working styles are so completely different that they can't be in the same room while they are studying!

Kelly would like to study in a clean open space while Maria works best with books, papers and other things around her. Kelly prefers to study in a totally silent room, but Maria loves to play music or even have the TV on. Kelly can sit for hours without moving, and often gets all her homework done in one sitting. Maria, however, is always getting up, and says that she thinks best when she's on the move.

You might be asking yourself: which way of studying gets better results? Many people believe that a silent, tidy setting(环境) is the way to go, \_\_\_\_\_. Some research has even shown that outside noise and untidiness help some people focus(聚焦) their attention, because it makes them form a "wall" in their mind around what they are doing and improves their focus.

So, if you're a student who chooses to study at a table in a busy shopping center, don't worry about it. If you work in total silence, that's OK; too. Judging from Kelly's and Maria's study habits, the best way to study is the way that works for you. In their very different ways, both of them do well in school, and both finish their work within the required time as well.

54. Kelly and Maria are mentioned as an example in this passage to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. discuss two different study habits                      B. compare the differences in their hobbies

61. During Rain Water, what gifts do sons-in-law often give their in-laws?  
 A. Some food, two cane chairs and desks. B. Chairs, pigs, soya and kelp  
 C. Delicious dish, four cane chairs with two meters of red belt.  
 D. Two chairs and a pot of cooked dish.

D

You might have seen beautiful rainbows in the sky before. They form when sunlight falls on water drops in the air. But in fact, moonlight can also create rainbows in the same way. They are called "moonbows". They are similar to rainbows, but they are created by moonlight instead of direct sunlight.

Moonbows are rarer than rainbows. Different weather and astronomical (天文学的) conditions have to be just right for moonbows to be created.

The moon has to be very low in the sky — only 42 degrees from the horizon (地平线). The moon period has to be a full moon or nearly full. The sky must be very dark for a moonbow to be watched clearly — any bright light can obscure it. Water drops must appear in the air in the opposite direction of the moon.

Moonbows appear on the opposite side of the moon and usually look white to the human eye. This is because their colors are not bright enough to be noticed by the human eye. It is possible, however, to view the colors in a moonbow using long exposure (长时间曝光) photography.

Moonbows more often appear in some locations around the world. Most of these locations usually have waterfalls, which create thin fog in the air. Some of these locations are the Yosemite National Park in California and Cumberland Falls State Resort Park in Kentucky, US; Victoria Falls on the border of Zambia and Zimbabwe; and Waimea in Hawaii, US.

Moonbows do really happen. So at a certain time and a certain place, when a moonbow happens to appear, you can't miss it if you're right there.

62. According to the first two paragraphs, moonbows are \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. created by sunlight B. much easier to find C. seen during the day D. more difficult to form  
 63. Which of the following can be the conditions for a moonbow to form?  
 A. A half moon hangs high in the bright sky. B. A full moon is 50 degrees from the horizon.  
 C. A nearly full moon hangs low in the dark sky.  
 D. Water drops are in the opposite direction of the sun.  
 64. What does the underlined word "obscure" in paragraph 3 probably mean?  
 A. cover B. drop C. connect D. produce  
 65. What is paragraph 5 mainly about?  
 A. Conditions of moonbows. B. Background of moonbows.  
 C. Locations of moonbows. D. Development of moonbows.

#### 五、词汇应用 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 计 10 分)

根据句子意思, 用括号中所给汉语提示或英语单词的适当形式填空。(每空一词)

66. The *Golden Rooster Awards* is a \_\_\_\_\_ (国家的) event which started in 1981.  
 67. I \_\_\_\_\_ (取消) the trip to Beijing because of the heavy snow last year.  
 68. They kept practising carefully almost every \_\_\_\_\_ (单个的) day and never gave up their dreams.  
 69. The boy looks much \_\_\_\_\_ (生机勃勃的) in the sports clothes and trainers.  
 70. What difficulty did they have \_\_\_\_\_ (录制) *Happy Camp* because of the bad weather?  
 71. The exciting moment was \_\_\_\_\_ (cover) live by CCTV on Nov. 24th, 2020.  
 72. China wants to make humans use the space \_\_\_\_\_ (peace) and help face common challenges of the world.  
 73. The \_\_\_\_\_ (centre) government has long tried to control the housing market.  
 74. Different people have different \_\_\_\_\_ (think) after seeing this film.

- C. show the importance of a good study habit  
 D. express the writer's worry about their friendship
55. Which of the following is the best to fill in the blank in Paragraph 4?  
 A. and they have difficulty in study                      B. and it can be true for most of them  
 C. but that doesn't seem necessarily true              D. but nobody does research on this question
56. What can we infer from the last paragraph of this passage?  
 A. Students who like to study in silence will be more successful  
 B. Both study habits can help students make progress in their studies.  
 C. Only a small number of students can study well in a noisy situation.  
 D. Friends with different study habits can do better by studying together.
57. What can be the best title for the passage?  
 A. Are you studying the "right" way?                      B. How can you improve your study habits?  
 C. Is it possible for friends to study well together?  
 D. What are the advantages of different study settings?

### C

The traditional Chinese lunar calendar divides the year into 24 solar terms. In China, the 24 solar terms were created thousands of years ago to guide agricultural production.

Rain Water stands for the increase in rainfall and rise in temperature. With its arrival, lively spring-like scenery starts: the river water melt, wild geese fly from south to north, and trees and grass turn green again.

Here are four things you may not know about Rain Water.

#### **Rain in spring is as precious as oil.**

According to an old Chinese saying, the rainfall in spring is as precious as oil. In northern China the spring drought is common and the rain of this season is only 10 to 15 percent of yearly average (平均) rainfall.

#### **Return of a cold period**

Extra care is needed to deal with a returning cold time in the late spring that often happens during Rain Water. The fast increase in air humidity(湿度) can result in lower temperature and wet weather.

#### **Visit to in-laws(姻亲)**

One of the main customs during Rain Water is sons-in-law visiting their in-laws and giving gifts. According to the tradition, gifts are usually two cane chairs with four meters of red belt which represents good health and long life. Another typical gift is a pot of cooked dish that contains pig's knuckles (蹄) with soya and kelp. The son-in-law expresses his respect and thankfulness this way.

#### **Nutritious porridge**

The wet and damp weather during Rain Water is considered harmful to people's health according to Chinese medical practice. So a bowl of nutritious porridge is the best choice to keep the body alive and healthy.

58. When Rain Water arrives, what happens?

- ① The temperature begins to rise.                      ② The river freezes up.  
 ③ Birds fly to the south in small groups.              ④ Trees are green in color.  
 A. ①②                      B. ②③                      C. ①④                      D. ③④

59. We can infer that Rain Water is a key period for \_\_\_\_\_

- A. building houses in the countryside                      B. providing land or crops with water  
 C. keeping sheep, horses, hens and other animals                      D. spending all days on farming

60. During Rain Water, it is strongly advised the elderly and children \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. not to take off thick clothes too early                      B. not to stay up late all night  
 C. to exercise more                      D. to protect them from the heat

75. It was in his \_\_\_\_\_▲\_\_\_\_\_ that Liu Cixin completed his famous novel Three bodies. ( forty )

六、阅读表达 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

认真阅读下列短文, 根据短文内容回答问题 (每题回答字数不超过 6 个词)。

Every day, from morning until night, under the hot sun, the slaves picked cotton and put it in their sacks. When they finished, Legree weighed it, and there was whipping for the slaves that didn't pick enough cotton.

One day a new woman called Cassy started working not far from Tom. Tom noticed that she was very fast. He also noticed an older slave Martha was in pain and slow. Her sack was almost empty. Tom went near Martha, and silently put a lot of his cotton into her sack.

"No, don't!" said the woman, looking surprised. "They will punish you."

Just then Sambo arrived, kicked Martha and whipped Tom across his face. "Work faster, you animal!" But when he left, Tom quickly gave her some more of his cotton. Suddenly, the beautiful new woman put a large quantity of cotton in Tom's sack.

"Tom kept putting cotton into Martha's sack," Sambo told Legree that night. "Then we'll have to teach him a lesson," said Legree. Slowly the tired slaves entered the room for the weighing of the sacks. First Legree weighed Tom's sack, and it was enough. So was Martha's. But Legree shouted at her. "You lazy animal! This is not enough! " Then he said to Tom, " I want to give you a better job than picking cotton, take this woman and whip her--you know how."

"I'm sorry, Master," said Tom. "I can't do it." Legree whipped Tom and hit him with his fists many times. "There!" he said. "Now will you tell me you can't do it?"

"Yes, Master," said Tom, with blood running down his face. "I will work night and day, but I will never whip another person."

"I bought you, and you're mine, body and soul," he said, kicking Tom.

"My soul isn't yours, Master! You can't buy it!"

-- From *Uncle Tom's Cabin*

76. What did the slaves do from morning till night?

77. What would happen if they didn't pick enough cotton?

78. Why did Tom put a lot of his cotton into Martha's sack?

79. What was the new job Legree gave Tom?

80. What do you think of Tom?

七、缺词填空 (共 10 空; 每空 1 分, 计 10 分)

根据短文内容和首字母提示, 在下文空格处填入适当的词使短文完整。(每空一词)

I told my mother everything and we knew that we were in d\_81\_\_\_\_. The sailors were sure to come back for the captain's chest. We quickly went to the nearest v\_82\_\_\_\_ to ask for help. But everyone in the village was a\_83\_\_\_\_ of the Captain and nobody wanted to come back lying on the floor of the parlour. He looked terrible. We soon found his key on a string a\_85\_\_\_\_ his neck. My mother took the key and we hurried up to the captain's room and opened his chest. It was f\_86\_\_\_\_ with clothes and tobacco and other things, but right at the bottom there were some papers and a bag of gold. My mother started c\_87\_\_\_\_ out the money that the captain owed(欠) us.

I suddenly heard the tapping of the blind man's stick outside. We heard him knocking on the door and t\_88\_\_\_\_ to open it, but thankfully it was locked. He walked off and some moments

later, we heard a whistle blowing. My mother took the money she had got and I got some papers to make up the d\_89 \_\_\_\_\_. We quickly left the inn and h\_90 \_\_\_\_\_ near a bridge by the river. Behind us we heard footsteps and we saw a light moving in the darkness.

-- From *Treasure Island*

八、书面表达(计 30 分)

A. 句子翻译(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分, 计 10 分)

91. 到目前为止, Scrooge 从未与他的邻居们相处得好。

92. 作为护士, 她的工作远不止照顾好病人。

93. 除非足够勇敢, 否则你不要看充满恐怖的电影。

94. 剪纸(paper-cutting)不仅有强烈的地方特色, 而且有持久的价值。

95. Simon 再次把真相误认为谎言。

B. 作文 (20 分)

一个民族有自己的“民族梦”, 一个国家有自己的“国家梦”, 同样, 每个人也应有属于自己的“美丽梦想”。最近, 你班就“我们的梦想”展开了一次讨论。下面是你们小组的谈论情况汇总, 请根据所给要点写一篇英语短文, 向英语校刊投稿。

Name	Dream
Tony	想当一个社会工作者, 尤其是帮助孩子们解决青少年问题, 曾经: ..... (举一例给青少年的帮助)
Amy	比起做导演更想当演员, 她在校戏剧社(Drama Club)担任主角, 2018 年首次在电视上亮相.
I	擅长解谜, 梦想成为一名侦探, 查明一切真相
为了实现梦想, 我认为..... (至少两点)	

- 要求: 1. 表达清楚, 语法正确, 上下文连贯;  
2. 必须包括所有相关信息, 并作适当发挥;  
3. 词数: 100 个词左右 (开头已给出, 不计入总词数);  
4. 不得使用真实姓名、校名和地名等。

Our dreams

Recently, we have held a discussion to talk about our dreams. Here is the report about our ideas.

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