2022 年盘锦市初中学业水平考试



英 语 试 卷

(本试卷共 65 道题 试卷满分 100 分 考试时间 90 分钟)

注意： 所有试题必须在答题卡上作答，在本试卷上作答无效。

第Ⅰ卷 选择题(共 44 分)

一、单项选择(每小题 1 分，共 10 分) 一、单项选择(每小题 1 分， 共 10 分)

从各题的四个选项中选出一个最佳选项， 并将其代表字母涂在答题卡的相应位置。

1. My uncle has\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_good habit of swimming every day.

A. an B. the C. a D. /

2. Vincent sometimes sits\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the river and listens to music.

A. on B. by C. over D. under

3. These two boys enjoy reading. They are talking about\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_favorite writers.

A. they B. them C. their D. theirs

4. Leo likes speed skating and he thinks it’s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_event at the Beijing Winter Olympics.

A. exciting B. more exciting

C. most exciting D. the most exciting

5. —I can’t find my dictionary. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_I use yours?

—Sure, here you are.

A. Need B. May C. Must D. Should

6. Don’t run in the hallways, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_you might get hurt.

A. and B. but C. so D. or

7. Listen! My grandpa is playing the erhu. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_beautiful music it is!

A. What B. What a C. How D. What an

8. The little boy won’t go to sleep unless his mom\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_him a story.

A. tells B. told C. is telling D. will tell

9. It’s said that tea\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for the first time about 5, 000 years ago.

A. drinks B. drank C. is drunk D. was drunk

10. He asked\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. how was the weather today B. where Grace rides a bike

C. when Wang Yaping returned to the earth D. that Bryan played soccer well

二、完形填空(每小题 1 分，共 10 分)

根据短文内容， 从各题的四个选项中选择一个最佳选项，并将其代表字母涂在答题 卡的相应位置。

Dear students,

You are leaving our class soon. You will set out on your new journey. It’s going to be strange and new to you for a while, and I hope it will be good to you.

As your \_\_\_11\_\_\_,\_I am proud of you, because you have grown up and you can make your own decisions. You see, up to now, I have been around to take care of you all the time and make you feel better. But now things are going to be different. You are going to \_\_\_12\_\_\_ goodbye and start a new journey, and it will be \_\_\_13\_\_\_ the unexpected. Living in the world will \_\_\_14\_\_\_ love and courage, so I hope someone will take you by your hand and teach you the things you will have to know. At the same time, whenever you celebrate an achievement, \_\_\_15\_\_\_ remember to be thankful to those who made it possible.

Give yourselves quiet time to \_\_\_16\_\_\_ the birds flying in the sky and the flowers smiling on the green hill.

Remember the \_\_\_17\_\_\_ are fantastic, and you can find your favorite articles there.

Remember that it’s better to fail than it’s to give up, and the key is to learn from your failure(失败). But along with difficulties, there will also be \_\_\_18\_\_\_ wonderful waiting for you.

Remember to believe in yourselves, \_\_\_19\_\_\_ someone tells that you are wrong. Treat yourselves gently(温柔地), but don’t \_\_\_20\_\_\_ yourselves away from everything. Facing difficult situations will make you stronger.

Just for today! Please believe that as you give to the world, the world will give to you.

Yours,

Mr. Green

11. A. aunt B. classmate C. teacher D. mother

12. A. say B. tell C. talk D. speak

13. A. good for B. afraid of C. known for D. full of

14. A. provide B. depend C. appear D. require

15. A. sometimes B. always C. never D. seldom

16. A. watch B. prevent C. look D. count

17. A. movies B. songs C. books D. shows

18. A. anything B. something C. nothing D. everything

19. A. since B. though C. until D. because

20. A. help B. enjoy C. keep D. punish

三、 阅读理解(每小题 1. 5 分，共 24 分)

A. 根据短文内容， 从各题的四个选项中选择一个最佳选项，并将其代表字母涂在答题 卡的相应位置。

**Passage** **1**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| SUMMER CAMP  Teenagers study English through lots of fun and creative activities. Camp managers are English speakers from the US and the UK! | |
| Day Camp  Monday-Friday  July11- 15  July18-22  July25-29  Price for one week: $300 a person Healthy snacks and a delicious lunch.  Monday-Friday 8: 00 a. m. - 4: 30 p. m. No more than 20 students one week | Overnight Camp  Sunday-Friday  July10- 15  July17-22  July24-29  Price for one week: $500 a person  Live in comfortable rooms with breakfast, lunch, dinner and snacks included.  Sunday-Friday 7: 00 a. m. -5: 30 p. m.  No more than 15 students one week |
| Ages: 13- 17  Buy two tickets, you can get 10％discount(折扣)!  Email us at: Campactivities@summercamp. com | |

21. What can you do at the day camp?

A. Do activities at 7: 00 am. B. Have a delicious breakfast.

C. Live in a comfortable room. D. Practice English with managers.

22. How much should they pay in total if Kim and Jill go to the overnight camp for a week?

A. $540. B. $600.

C. $900. D. $1000.

23. To get more information, you can.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. call the camp B. send an email

C. visit the website D. write a letter

24. The purpose of the text is to.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. invite students to put up tents

B. share delicious food with students

C. attract(吸引) students to take part in the camp

D. let students know more about America and England

**Passage** **2**

Anna is a 6-year-old girl, and she lives in a big house with her parents, grandparents and her brother.

“What are you busy with, mom?” Anna asked her mother on a cold afternoon.

“Making dinner for our neighbor,” her mother replied.

“Why?” the girl asked.

“She lost her daughter very recently. She’s quite sad now. We should take care of her,” her mother answered.

“Why does she need our care?” the girl asked again.

“Her daughter passed away a few days ago. Now, she can’t do the same things she used to do with her daughter. She doesn’t know what to do. Even little things like making dinner and cleaning the house are harder for her to do now. Maybe you can think of a way to help her,” her mother said.

The little girl thought about this for some time. She wondered what she could do. She decided to go over to her neighbor’s house and pay her a visit. She knocked on the door. The woman came to the door, looking quite tired and down.

“Can I help you?” the neighbor asked.

“My mom told me you’re sad because you lost your daughter...” the girl said slowly as she handed a bandage to her neighbor. The woman looked at the girl in surprise. “Put this on your chest(胸口). Maybe then your heart won’t hurt so much,” the girl continued.

The neighbor was soon moved to tears(眼泪). She gave the girl a big hug and said, “Thank you. This bandage will help more than you ever know.”

25. Who was making supper for the neighbor?

A. Anna’s mother. B. Anna’s father.

C. Anna’s brother. D. Anna’s grandfather.

26. The mother looked after her neighbor because\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. the neighbor didn’t want to clean the house B. the neighbor was too sad

C. the neighbor disliked making dinner D. the neighbor’s chest hurt

27. When the neighbor got the bandage, she was\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_at first.

A. moved B. surprised C. angry D. pleased

28. The passage mainly tells us that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. mother’s love is great

B. helping others is helping ourselves

C. small acts can make a big difference

D. children should make friends with their neighbors

**Passage** **3**

Xu Yuanchong, China’s most famous master translator, died in Beijing at the age of 100 on June 17th, 2021.



Xu Yuanchong was born in Nanchang, Jiangxi Province, in 1921. He began to translate some works during his college years. In 1939, as a freshman, he published an English translation of a poem as his earliest work. Since 1978, Xu has published more than 100 translated novels, anthologies(选集), and plays.

Xu worked on translating for more than 70 years. He has tried his best to pass on the beauty of ancient Chinese poetry all his life. In his opinion, a translated work should be as beautiful as the original(原著). Instead of directly translating words from one language to another, he made the translated words clear and enjoyable to readers. In 2014, Xu became the first Asian winner of the Aurora Borealis Prize for Outstanding Translation of Fiction Literature(北极光 杰出文学翻译奖), which is one of the world’s highest prizes.

Xu pursued(追求) the beauty of language all his life and his works have served as a cultural bridge **linking** the East with the West. His translations are so beautiful that English and French-speaking readers are able to better understand Chinese literature(文学). At the same time, Chinese readers can understand foreign works in the same way they would read novels and poems written in their mother tongue(母语).

29. Xu’s earliest translation work is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. play B. novel C. anthology D. poem

30. Xu thinks a translated work is supposed to be\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the original.

A. as beautiful as B. as famous as

C. less beautiful than D. more famous than

31. The underlined word “**linking**” probably means\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. comparing B. connecting C. dividing D. mixing

32. Which is the best title for this passage?

A. A China’s famous writer

B. The most beautiful poem

C. The world’s highest prize

D. A great translator in China

B. 根据短文内容， 将方框中的选项填入空白处， 使短文意思完整、连贯， 并将其代表 字母涂在答题卡的相应位置。(每个选项限用一次)

**Passage** **4**

Imagine wearing a magic hat that allows you to write words down just by thinking of them. In your opinion, it may only appear in a science fiction, 33. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ They used brain-computer interface (BCI, 脑机接口) technology to write the Chinese “f*u*”. “It’s ‘written ‘ by a robotic(机器人的) arm controlled by our researchers “minds,” said Xu Mingpeng, a teacher at the university.

In the lab, two researchers wore hats with sensors(传感器)while keeping their eyes on a computer screen to “mind write” “f*u*” on the red paper. At last, 34. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

In fact, BCI technology has already been used in several different areas. In 2016, Chinese astronauts Jing Haipeng and Chen Dong used it in the *Tiangong* *Ⅱ* *space* *lab*. They tested a BCI system(系统) in space for the first time. It is hoped that in the future, astronauts can use these systems to do difficult tasks, 35. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

BCIs can be used in smart homes in the future. For example, 36. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ BCI technology can also help with the disabled. The people who have lost their hands or arms can use BCIs to write messages and surf the Internet.

|  |
| --- |
| A. it took the researchers 3 minutes to write it.  B. because it’s not easy for them to move around in space.  C. but the students at Tianjin University did the real research recently.  D. simply thinking “turn on the lights” can turn on the lights in your home. |

第Ⅱ卷 非选择题 (共 56 分)

四、 词语运用(每小题 1 分，共 16 分)

(A) 根据句子意思， 用括号中所给单词的正确形式填空，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。

37. Alisa will pick strawberries and \_\_\_\_\_\_(tomato) with her father tomorrow.

38. Look at the photo! The \_\_\_\_\_\_(nine) boy from the right is my best friend.

39. I hope this excellent report will be \_\_\_\_\_\_(help) in answering your question.

40. There is an old \_\_\_\_\_\_(build) in front of our school.

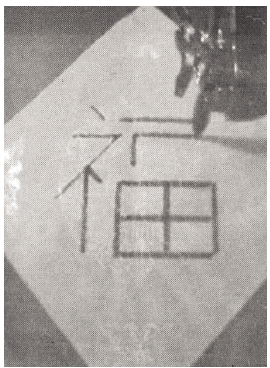
41. It is important to know how to ask for help \_\_\_\_\_\_(polite).

42. We are \_\_\_\_\_\_(try) to make our city cleaner and more beautiful.

(B) 根据短文内容， 用方框中所给单词填空，使短文意思完整、连贯，并将答案写在答 题卡的相应位置。(每个单词限用一次， 有两个多余的单词)

|  |
| --- |
| in spirit afford spent period woke summer cost cold successful saw winter |

During the Jin Dynasty (266-420), there was a child called Che Yin. He was smart and loved to read. He grew up in a poor family and couldn’t 43. \_\_\_\_\_\_ lamp (灯) oil to study at night.



One night, he 44. \_\_\_\_\_\_ fireflies (萤火虫) outside his house and came up with an idea. He caught some fireflies and put them 45. \_\_\_\_\_\_ a cloth (布) bag and hung the bag up as a lamp. It was said that he 46. \_\_\_\_\_\_ all of his summer nights reading like this.

Another child named Sun Kang lived during the same 47. \_\_\_\_\_\_. At that time, a lot of people loved reading very much. One night during 48. \_\_\_\_\_\_, Sun used up all of his lamp oil and couldn’t study at night. When he suddenly 49. \_\_\_\_\_\_ up at midnight, he noticed the thick snow reflecting the moonlight. His first thought was “Oh, I can use the reflected light to read!” He still took out his books and read, even if it was very 50. \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Both of the kids later became 51. \_\_\_\_\_\_ government officers. People were touched by their hard-working 52. \_\_\_\_\_\_. Their stories inspired (启发) the Chinese idiom(成语) *nangying* *yingxue,* or “to read by the light of bagged fireflies or the reflected light of snow”.

五、任务型阅读 (每小题 2 分，共 10 分)

根据短文内容， 回答短文后所提出的问题，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。

Mike and Dave lived in a small village far from the city. One Sunday morning, they walked in the forest and found a big, deep hole. Mike looked at it and said, “Wow! That looks deep.” “It sure does,” said Dave. “Let’s drop some stones into the hole. We can count until we hear the stones hit the bottom.” They threw some stones and waited. There was no sound.

Mike said, “Wow! That is really deep. Let’s throw some big rocks down there. Those should make a noise.” So they picked up a few soccer-sized rocks and threw them into the hole. Again, they heard nothing. They looked at each other in surprise. Mike found a big log (木头). He got an idea. “Help me carry that log,” he said. Finally, they carried the heavy log together and dropped it into the hole. Still, no sound.

Suddenly, out of the forest, a sheep showed up, running like the wind. It rushed towards the two boys, and then right past them. All of a sudden, it jumped into the air and down the hole. Mike and Dave looked at each other. “What just happened?” asked Dave.

Before Mike could answer, a farmer came out of the forest, too. “Hey, did you see my sheep just now?” Mike said, “Yes, we did. It’s the craziest thing that I’ve ever seen. It came running like crazy and jumped into that hole!” “Nah,” said the farmer.” “That can’t be my sheep. My sheep was chained (被链条拴住) to a big log.” Hearing this, Mike and Dave felt guilty (内疚 的). And then...

53. Where did Mike and Dave find the deep hole?

54. Did Dave help Mike carry the log together?

55. How many times did they throw things into the hole?

56. Who was the owner of the sheep?

57. What do you think Mike and Dave might do next?

六、 完成句子(局部翻译每小题 1 分， 整句翻译每小题 2 分，共 10 分) 根据所给中文完成句子翻译，并将答案写在答题卡的相应位置。

58. 多亏了“双减”政策，学生们可以更好地利用他们的课余时间。 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the double reduction policy, students can put their free time to good use.

59. 如今，越来越多的外国朋友对中国的春节感兴趣。

Nowadays, more and more foreign friends \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Chinese Spring Festival.

60. 无论发生什么，你都要保持冷静。

You should no matter what happens.

61. 许多青少年钦佩像袁隆平那样的科学家。

Many teenagers \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the scientists like Yuan Longping.

62. 你多久锻炼一次？ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

63. 当鲍勃(Bob) 到家时， 他的姐姐正在做家务。\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

64. 到目前为止， 我学会了独自处理问题。 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

七、书面表达(共 20 分)

65. 根据要求完成作文，并写在答题卡的相应位置。

假如你是李华，你们学校将组织一次主题为“用行动温暖世界”的志愿者活动， 活动地点在养老院。 你打算邀请你校的交换生 Peter 参加，请你用英语写一封电子邮 件，告诉他活动的时间、地点、内容以及需要做什么准备。

写作要求：( 1 ) 内容包含以上信息，词数 80— 100；

( 2 ) 文中已给出内容，不计入总词数；

( 3 ) 语言准确，行文连贯，层次清晰，书写规范；

( 4 ) 文中不得出现真实姓名、校名和地名。

Dear Peter,

How’s\_it\_going?\_I’m\_writing\_to\_invite\_you\_to\_join\_us\_for\_the\_volunteer\_activity\_“Acts\_make\_the\_world\_warm”.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

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Yours, Li Hua