

英 语

注意事项:

1. 满分 120 分, 答题时间为 120 分钟。
2. 请将各题答案填写在答题卡上。

第一部分(听力 共 30 分)

I. 听对话, 选答案(共 15 小题, 计 20 分)

第一节: 听下面 10 段对话, 每段对话后有一个问题, 读两遍。请根据每段对话的内容和后面的问题, 从所给的三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

- () 1. A. Much worse. B. Much better. C. Much happier.
- () 2. A. Clean up the city parks.
B. Help the old do some housework.
C. Help the old cross the road.
- () 3. A. Mary's mother. B. Mary's father. C. Mary.
- () 4. A. Glasses. B. Watch. C. Water bottle.
- () 5. A. In the living room. B. On the grass. C. In the tree.
- () 6. A. *Hou Yi Shoots the Suns.*
B. *Yu Gong Moves a Mountain.*
C. *Journey to the West.*
- () 7. A. 350 kilos. B. 150 kilos. C. 5,000 kilos.
- () 8. A. Last month. B. Last week. C. Last year.
- () 9. A. Many fishes. B. Many birds. C. Many flowers.
- () 10. A. Because he wants to buy a new one.
B. Because he doesn't like it.
C. Because he wants to walk.

第二节: 听下面两段对话, 每段对话后有几道小题, 请根据每段对话的内容, 从所给的问题和三个选项中选出最恰当的一项。每段对话读两遍。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

听第 11 段对话, 回答第 11、12 小题。

- () 11. What does the boy invite the girl to do?
A. To go to the movies. B. To go swimming. C. To play football.
- () 12. What's the boy's advice for the girl?
A. Communicating with her parents.
B. Doing less homework.
C. Taking part in more activities.

听第 12 段对话, 回答第 13 至 15 小题。

- () 13. When did Tony go to the yard sale?
A. Yesterday morning.
B. Yesterday afternoon.
C. The day before yesterday.
- () 14. What did people sell at the yard sale?
A. Pets and clothes. B. Books and plants. C. Toys and tools.
- () 15. How much are the five old storybooks and a baseball bat?
A. They are 15 yuan. B. They are 20 yuan. C. They are 25 yuan.

II. 听独白, 填信息(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

本题你将听到一段独白, 读两遍。请根据独白内容, 用所听到的单词或短语完成下列各题。(每空不超过三个单词。)

16. The Mount Huangshan lies in the _____ part of Anhui.
17. The best time to visit the mountain is from _____.
18. It takes about two hours to get there _____ or 6 hours in a car.
19. While you are climbing the mountain, you can enjoy the white clouds and _____ around you.
20. In the early morning, the sky looks very _____.

第二部分(笔试 共 90 分)

III. 完形填空(共 20 小题, 计 20 分)

第一节: 阅读下面短文, 按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求, 从所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 使短文连贯完整。

Do you know Alberobello? It is a small town in Italy. I 21 the town several times. It is one of 22 towns in the world. At 23 look, it's like any other small Italian town. The streets are not wide, the houses are white and the sun is shining.

But if you take a closer look at the houses, you may not believe 24 eyes. 25 they are! When you go into them, you can find that these houses 26 actually real. Some are shops and some are homes.

The walls of these small houses are thicker than other 27 walls. So the houses are warm in winter and cool in summer. 28 you stay in them, you will feel comfortable. These houses are different in shape and there are some different symbols 29 the roofs (屋顶) of them.

Alberobello 30 a UNESCO World Heritage Site (联合国教科文组织世界遗产) in 1996. Every year, the small town welcomes tourists from around the world. Many of them choose to spend a lovely night in the small house.

- () 21. A. has gone B. have been to C. have been in D. have been
- () 22. A. the most famous B. most famous
C. the more famous D. more famous
- () 23. A. one B. first C. two D. once

- () 24. A. you B. your C. yourself D. yours
 () 25. A. What a small B. What small C. How small D. How a small
 () 26. A. are B. am C. is D. be
 () 27. A. town's B. towns's C. towns' D. towns
 () 28. A. Until B. Unless C. Although D. Whenever
 () 29. A. in B. on C. of D. for
 () 30. A. is becoming B. became C. becomes D. become

第二节: 阅读下面短文, 理解大意, 从所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案, 使短文连贯完整。

Those old days and all those far things happened thirty years ago. I thought they were out of my 31. But they were always in my mind. And I haven't forgotten them 32.

I was seven years old and I knew nothing about the world outside our mountains. Every morning I could hear some sounds from 33, such as horses, cows and dogs. I sometimes heard men speaking clearly. Although it was noisy, I was happy to hear a lot of 34 things. There were so many special smells (气味) that I really want to enjoy again, for example, the smell from the burning wood when we did cooking.

Dad and Mom made us have a 35 time. Sometimes Dad played football with us. Mom made soft 36 with old and broken scarves for us. On holidays, parents also 37 candies to us. We felt excited to eat these 38 candies. My sister, brother and I often helped our parents 39 the yard. We 40 it as an interesting job. We'd like to keep the yard clean and tidy. Behind our house was a farm. We could see the sheep, horses and cows from the door.

- () 31. A. dream B. idea C. hobby D. memory
 () 32. A. quickly B. actually C. especially D. simply
 () 33. A. skills B. houses C. animals D. fans
 () 34. A. bad B. interesting C. dangerous D. clean
 () 35. A. terrible B. busy C. happy D. boring
 () 36. A. cards B. toys C. light D. pens
 () 37. A. gave away B. gave out C. cut up D. looked for
 () 38. A. old B. sweet C. huge D. heavy
 () 39. A. eat B. hold C. sweep D. hate
 () 40. A. forgot B. kept C. lost D. regarded

IV. 阅读理解 (共 15 小题, 计 20 分)

第一节: 阅读下面 A、B、C 三篇短文, 从所给的四个选项中选出能回答问题或完成所给句子的一个最佳答案。(共 10 小题, 计 15 分)

A

Long time ago, a boy named Peter lived with his parents in a village. The village is very low, and the sea is very high. The people of the village are safe because of high and strong walls called dikes (堤坝).

One day, when Peter rode his bike on the way home, suddenly he heard a noise. Peter got off his bike and went down to see what was wrong. There was a hole in the dike!

Peter thought of ways to solve this problem. He put a small stone in the hole, but it wasn't proper. Then he tried something else and it didn't work. Peter had to put his finger back and use all his force to keep the water out. It seemed very dangerous for him.

Three hours later, someone was coming! Peter shouted for help. A farmer saw Peter and ran to him. Peter showed the farmer the hole and asked him to tell the villagers. The man went as fast as he could. At last, villagers came and they repaired the hole.

All the villagers thanked the boy for saving the village.

- () 41. What was Peter doing when he heard a noise?
 A. He was riding his bike. B. He was playing with his friends.
 C. He was walking home. D. He was flying a kite.
 () 42. Peter spent _____ in keeping the water out before shouting for help.
 A. two hours B. three hours
 C. four hours D. five hours
 () 43. We can know Peter was a _____ boy according to the passage.
 A. stupid B. shy C. brave D. funny

B

Ludwig van Beethoven, one of the greatest musicians, was born in 1770 in Bonn, Germany. When he was four, his father began teaching him to play the piano. His father realized the little boy's talent for music. When Beethoven was about sixteen, he went to Vienna to study.

Soon after Beethoven arrived in Vienna, his mother died. He loved her very much and he was very upset by the news. So Beethoven moved back to Bonn to help care for his younger brothers and sister. He made money by performing and giving music lessons.

In 1792, Beethoven returned to Vienna. He studied with the famous musician Joseph Haydn. Several years later, Beethoven decided to stay and live in Vienna because all the great musicians at that time lived there. He gave many concerts and continued to compose music (作曲) in Vienna.

Around 1796, Beethoven began to lose his hearing. However, Beethoven has a strong mind. Even though he couldn't hear, Beethoven kept playing the piano. Music was the most important thing in Beethoven's life and his loss of hearing tortured (折磨) him. But inside his head, the music continued to play. He continued to compose music, but it was difficult for him to perform in public. He helped to make classical music popular around the world.

- () 44. Who began teaching Beethoven to play the piano when he was four?
 A. His mother. B. His father.
 C. His brother. D. His sister.
 () 45. When did Beethoven study with Joseph Haydn?
 A. In 1770. B. In 1790. C. In 1792. D. In 1798.

- () 46. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?
- A. Beethoven was born in Vienna.
 B. Beethoven returned home from Vienna because his mother died.
 C. Beethoven was deaf when he was a little kid.
 D. Beethoven didn't play the piano after he lost his hearing.
- () 47. We can most probably find this passage in _____.
- A. a music magazine B. a sport magazine
 C. a science report D. a travel guide

C

Exercise not only improves the way you look, it can also improve your health. How much exercise do you need? Experts (专家) say it is easier than you think.

To get the most from your exercise plan, experts say people should do at least two and a half hours of aerobics (有氧运动) each week. Running and swimming belongs to aerobics.

The newer advice says any exercise plan should include at least two days of muscle training (肌肉训练). Each exercise period (阶段) should be at least ten minutes long. Most importantly, experts say people should choose exercise that they find fun from it. This helps them stay with the program.

When you choose a kind of exercise, you should start small and then develop it. Start by exercising ten minutes a day, twice a week. After a few weeks, increase (增加) your time to fifteen or twenty minutes, increase the number of the days, and then increase the intensity (强度). If you have been walking, try walking faster, or take turns between walking and running. The more time you spend exercising, the more health benefits (益处) you will get.

- () 48. How long do experts advise people to do aerobics each week?
- A. At least 90 minutes. B. At least 120 minutes.
 C. At least 150 minutes. D. At least 180 minutes.
- () 49. People should choose exercise that _____.
- A. they can find fun from it B. they are good at it
 C. they can learn it easily D. they think it is the most useful
- () 50. What is the last paragraph (段落) mainly about?
- A. Why to exercise. B. When to exercise.
 C. Where to exercise. D. How to exercise.

第二节: 根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

Many parents don't let their kids do chores when they're still young. But I think they don't realize the importance of giving kids chores. 51 _____

Chores help improve life skills. They're young now, but when they grow up, they need to do washing, cooking and cleaning. They can't learn them at school. 52. _____ Chores help kids learn to be independent.

Chores help teach them to respect (尊重) others. They often can't realize what their par-

ents do around the house until they left their home. 53. _____ So they can respect their parents' work at home.

54. _____ It feels like there are a lot of things to do in a day. How to spend time on them? Chores can help older kids build good habits early. 55. _____ It is also an important skill for them in the future.

- A. They may realize the mess of their rooms by doing housework themselves.
 B. They learn to plan their time in a right way.
 C. Doing chores can make your mother happy.
 D. Chores help improve planning skills.
 E. There are several reasons for kids to do chores.
 F. Do you know the importance of doing washing?
 G. So learning these skills at home is important.

V. 完成句子: 根据所给汉语意思, 用单词或短语完成下列英文句子。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

56. 我妈妈昨天买了一个金戒指。
 My mother bought a _____ ring yesterday.
57. 你要是不懂, 可以随便提问。
 _____ to ask questions if you don't understand.
58. 我能看一看你的新书吗?
 Can I _____ at your new book?
59. 他的箱子里装满了书, 所以很重。
 His suitcase was _____ books, so it was too heavy.
60. 说实在的, 我不喜欢那件连衣裙。
 _____, I don't like that dress.

VI. 短文填空: 用方框中所给单词的适当形式填空, 使短文完整正确。(每个单词限用一次, 每次限填一个单词。)(共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

kind this be we so learn quick shoot happy anymore

Do you like traditional Chinese stories? There are lots of famous people in 61. _____ stories. It's important for us to read them in 62. _____ free time. We can also 63. _____ something from them. Let me tell you the story *Hou Yi Shoots the Suns*.

There 64. _____ once ten suns in the sky. They made the earth very hot and the sea dry, 65. _____ people were scared. There was a man named Hou Yi who was really strong. He 66. _____ nine suns in one breath.

In the end, the last sun saw the bad situation, and 67. _____ knew that he was wrong and hoped to get on well with Hou Yi. Then Hou Yi closed his bow (弓) and ordered the sun to rise and fall on time, so people wouldn't worry about hot days 68. _____.

After that, there was only one sun. It could rise and fall at certain time. Finally, people lived a 69. _____ life than before. And we should learn about Hou Yi's braveness and 70. _____. The world needs more such people.

Ⅶ. 任务型阅读: 阅读下面材料, 根据材料内容, 完成下列各题。(共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

Summer vacation is coming. If you want to travel with your family but don't know where to go, please keep this travel guide.

Mount Huangshan

Mount Huangshan is in Anhui Province. I think it is one of the most beautiful places in China. There are over 1,450 kinds of plants there. You can climb to the top of the mountain, and the sea of clouds will make you realize how small we humans are. If you are tired, you can go to the hot spring (温泉) under the mountain to relax. All in all, if you travel here, you will be surprised at the beauty of nature.

Jiuzhaigou National Park

Jiuzhaigou lies in the northwest of Sichuan Province. If you like animals, you can travel here to see pandas. You can also enjoy the scenery in the park. Walking in the park is a piece of great advice. You can go through the forests on foot.

Jinggang Mountain

Jinggang Mountain is in Jiangxi Province. Here you can dress in army uniform to take a photo. I think this place is educational and it will bring you a different experience. You can travel there with your family.

71. How many kinds of plants are there in Mount Huangshan?

There are over _____ kinds of plants in Mount Huangshan.

72. Where can you go to relax if you are tired in Mount Huangshan?

If you are tired, you can go to _____ under the mountain to relax.

73. Which word means "风景" in the passage?

It is _____.

74. How can you go through the forests of Jiuzhaigou National Park?

You can go through the forests _____.

75. What does the writer think of Jinggang Mountain?

The writer thinks it is _____ and it will bring you a different experience.

Ⅷ. 补全对话 (共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

根据下面对话中的情境, 在每个空白处填入一个适当的语句, 使对话恢复完整。

A: Hi, Tom! 76. _____?

B: Not bad. You know, Alex. I was busy preparing for my test. How about your weekend?

A: Great. I went to the Nature Museum. 77. _____?

B: No, never. I usually watch TV on weekends.

A: 78. _____! You should try something new on weekends.

B: Good idea. By the way, can you tell me something about the museum?

A: It's hard to say. There is so much to see. You'd better visit it.

B: OK. Could you please go with me?

A: 79. _____ When do you want to go?

B: How about next Saturday?

A: OK. 80. _____

B: See you.

Ⅸ. 书面表达 (共 6 小题, 计 15 分)

第一节: 连词成句。请根据图画场景和每题提示词及标点创写语法正确, 符合语境的完整句子。(每题限写一个句子, 提示词以外词语不超过 3 个, 缩写算一个单词。)(共 5 小题, 计 5 分)



81. what, girl, do, last summer

82. she, volunteered, Old People's Home

83. there were, books, there

84. she, books, old people

85. she, took care, well

第二节: 书面表达 (共 1 题, 计 10 分)

86. 假如你是李梅, 你的美国笔友 Jack 想请你介绍一下你的家乡陕西。请根据以下提示和要求, 用英语给他回一封电子邮件介绍你的家乡。

提示: 1. 家乡的美食;

2. 家乡值得游览的地方;

3.

要求: 1. 参考以上提示内容, 可以适当发挥;

2. 词数: 不少于 70 词。(开头和结尾已给出, 不计入总词数)

Dear Jack,

How are you? I'm glad to tell you something about my hometown. _____

Yours,

Li Mei