

# 2021—2022 学年度（下学期）期末质量监测试题

## 八年级英语

| 题号 |  |  | 三 | 四 | 五 | 总分 |
|----|--|--|---|---|---|----|
| 得分 |  |  |   |   |   |    |

亲爱的同学们：

本试卷由 5 部分组成，满分 120 分，答题时间 90 分钟。祝你们取得优异成绩！

注意事项：

答题时，考生务必按照考试要求在答题卡上的指定区域内作答，在草稿、试卷上答题无效。

### 一、听力（共 25 分）

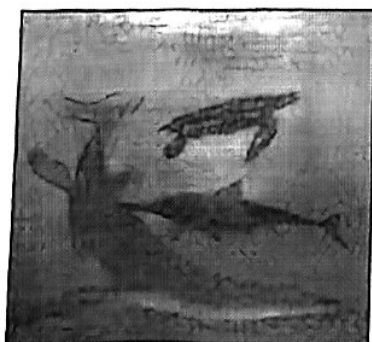
#### I. 根据你所听到的句子，选择最佳答语。（5 分）

- |                             |                 |                       |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. Yes, I can.           | B. Sure.        | C. Thanks a lot.      |
| 2. A. The Yangtze River.    | B. Mount Tai.   | C. Shanghai.          |
| 3. A. I cleaned the window. | B. I was ill.   | C. I was watching TV. |
| 4. A. It doesn't matter.    | B. Not at all.  | C. It's interesting.  |
| 5. A. Yes, I do.            | B. Yes, I have. | C. Me, too.           |

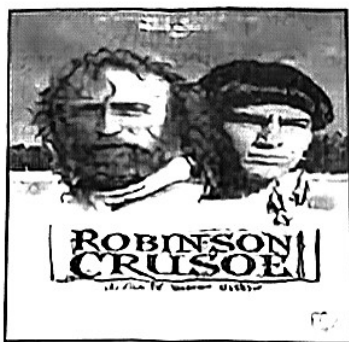
#### II. 根据你所听到的对话和对话后的问题，选择最佳答案。（5 分）

- |                            |                             |                       |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 6. A. For three years.     | B. Two years ago.           | C. Three years later. |
| 7. A. A dictionary.        | B. A skirt.                 | C. A scarf.           |
| 8. A. Over 8,600 meters.   | B. Over 8,700 meters.       | C. Over 8,800 meters. |
| 9. A. To do the dishes.    | B. To take out the rubbish. | C. To clean the room. |
| 10. A. She has a headache. | B. She is late.             | C. She has no time.   |

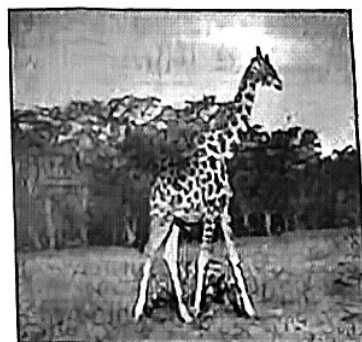
#### III. 根据所听到的描述，选出与其相符的图片。其中有一幅图片是多余的。（5 分）



A



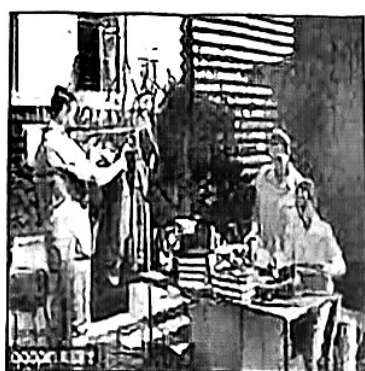
B



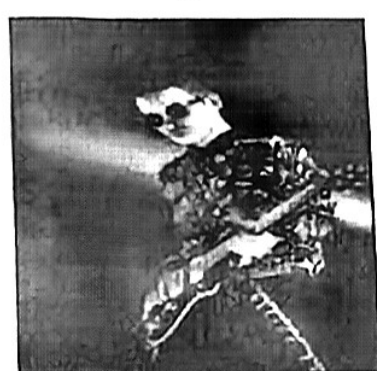
C



D



E



F

11. \_\_\_\_\_ 12. \_\_\_\_\_ 13. \_\_\_\_\_ 14. \_\_\_\_\_ 15. \_\_\_\_\_

IV. 听较长对话, 选择最佳答案。(5分)

听第一段对话, 作答第16~17小题。

16. What kind of food does Jane like best?

- A. Chinese food. B. Japanese food. C. English food.

17. Why doesn't Peter like cooking? Because he thinks it is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. boring B. hard C. noisy

听第二段对话, 作答第18~20小题。

18. How many times has Paul been to Singapore?

- A. Once. B. Twice. C. Never.

19. What doesn't Paul like in Singapore?

- A. The weather. B. The people. C. The food.

20. Paul didn't take any photos because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. he lost his camera B. he left his camera in the hotel C. his camera didn't work

V. 听短文, 根据短文内容选择最佳答案。(5分)

21. Jack will look after \_\_\_\_\_ at home this Sunday.

- A. his sister B. his uncle C. his brother

22. It will take Tim \_\_\_\_\_ hour(s) to get to the farm by bus.

- A. one B. two C. three

23. A \_\_\_\_\_ is in the center of the farm.

- A. river B. mountain C. lake

24. Tim can't \_\_\_\_\_ on the farm.

- A. feed chickens B. milk cows C. ride a horse

25. If Tim wants to go to the farm, he can \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. make a call B. write a letter C. send an e-mail

二、基础知识 (共15分)

VI. 单项选择。(15分)

26. Wang Wei is \_\_\_\_\_ honest girl. We all trust her.

- A. a B. an C. the D. /

27. — The talent show at our school last week was a \_\_\_\_\_.

— I agree with you. It is the best show that I have ever seen.

- A. dream B. success C. chance D. truth

28. They \_\_\_\_\_ lots of meetings because of the serious illness.

- A. took in B. cleaned up C. put off D. gave out

29. As teenagers, I don't think we \_\_\_\_\_ spend much time on Tik Tok (抖音).

- A. would B. must C. might D. should

30. — How long have you had this computer?

— \_\_\_\_\_ two years.

- A. For B. Since C. In D. After

31. The girl is showing the old man how \_\_\_\_\_ the mobile phone. How nice she is!

- A. use B. using C. to use D. used

32. The teacher speaks very loudly \_\_\_\_\_ all the students can hear her.

- A. so that B. even though C. because D. unless

33. Mr. Liu \_\_\_\_\_ England three years ago. He learned a lot about culture there.  
A. has been to      B. has gone to      C. has been in      D. went to
34. —Why do you look so tired?  
—The heavy storm made me \_\_\_\_\_ the whole night.  
A. relaxed      B. surprised      C. awake      D. sleepy
35. We are going somewhere interesting next month as soon as the holiday \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. will begin      B. begin      C. begins      D. is beginning
36. Don't tell anyone about this bad news, \_\_\_\_\_ not to Grandma.  
A. usually      B. especially      C. hardly      D. simply
37. —Where is Mum, Julie?  
—I saw her \_\_\_\_\_ ten minutes ago. Maybe she is in the garden.  
A. go out      B. going out      C. to go out      D. went out
38. Dave drove his car \_\_\_\_\_ he could because of the heavy rain.  
A. as careful as      B. as carefully as      C. so careful as      D. so carefully as
39. I'm very glad that I \_\_\_\_\_ half of my homework already.  
A. finish      B. finished      C. have finished      D. will finish
40. —How about the book *Journey to the West*?  
— \_\_\_\_\_. I have read it three times.  
A. It's so great      B. You are right      C. I can't stand it      D. I don't know

### 三、交际运用（共5分）

VII. 根据对话内容，用方框内所给的选项补全对话，其中有一项是多余的。（5分）

A: Hi, Tom. You were not here yesterday afternoon. 41. \_\_\_\_\_

B: There was something wrong with my eyes. They hurt badly.

A: Sorry to hear that. 42. \_\_\_\_\_

B: Two days ago.

A: 43. \_\_\_\_\_

B: Much better. The pain is gone, but I still can't spend a long time reading.

A: Did you go to the doctor?

B: Yes, I did. The doctor gave me some medicine and asked me not to play computer games anymore.

A: That's not enough! 44. \_\_\_\_\_

B: Thanks for your advice. I will follow your advice and use the mobile phone less, although it is so interesting and useful for me.

A: Eyes are the windows of the soul. I'm a volunteer to help people care for their eyes. 45. \_\_\_\_\_

B: Sure! I'll tell them my experience and advise them to use their eyes healthily.

- |  |
|--|
| <p>A. When did it start?</p> <p>B. What was wrong?</p> <p>C. You should use your mobile phone less.</p> <p>D. I learned a lot from this activity.</p> <p>E. How are you feeling now?</p> <p>F. Would you like to be a volunteer like me?</p> |
|--|

#### 四、阅读 (共 45 分)

#### VIII. 完形填空. (15 分)

先通读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个可以填入相应空白处的最佳答案。

Sometimes you may feel that it is impossible to get on with your parents. However, they are probably your best teachers in \_\_\_\_46\_\_\_\_. If you find you can't get on well with your parents, try to understand \_\_\_\_47\_\_\_\_ better. Spend time with your parents. Your parents won't always be around, \_\_\_\_48\_\_\_\_ spend time with them when you are able to. It doesn't mean just \_\_\_\_49\_\_\_\_ in front of the TV together. Instead, find activities to do together. By doing this, you can \_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_ more about each other.

\_\_\_\_51\_\_\_\_ your parents. To understand your parents better, you have to spend time having a conversation with them. Use this time to learn about their \_\_\_\_52\_\_\_\_ hobbies and opinions. For example, you can \_\_\_\_53\_\_\_\_ them to tell you about their own childhood, or about their jobs. Listen to them carefully. This may seem easy, but it is often \_\_\_\_54\_\_\_\_ than you think. When you are communicating with your \_\_\_\_55\_\_\_\_, make sure you are listening. This \_\_\_\_56\_\_\_\_ looking at their eyes when they are talking, and speaking politely(礼貌地) when responding(回复). If you are not sure \_\_\_\_57\_\_\_\_ they meant, try to ask them to repeat(重复).

Make your parents feel proud. There are many, many \_\_\_\_58\_\_\_\_ that you can move your parents such as getting good marks in exams and sharing the housework. Try your best, and you will show them that you are becoming more \_\_\_\_59\_\_\_\_, and that they can begin to discuss everything \_\_\_\_60\_\_\_\_ you.

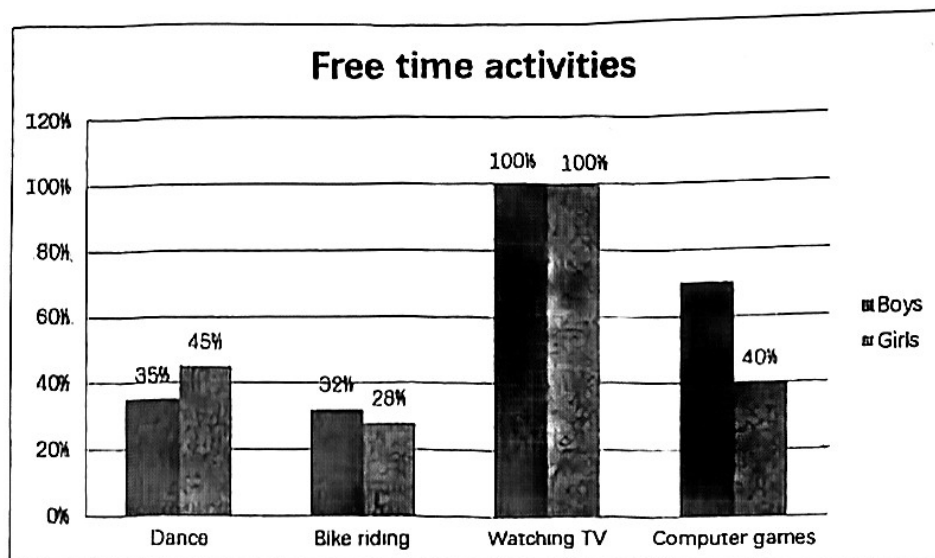
Follow these ways, and you'll get on with each other better.

- |                   |                  |              |                 |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 46. A. surprise   | B. life          | C. time      | D. danger       |
| 47. A. them       | B. her           | C. him       | D. us           |
| 48. A. and        | B. although      | C. so        | D. or           |
| 49. A. working    | B. sleeping      | C. sitting   | D. studying     |
| 50. A. learn      | B. worry         | C. believe   | D. forget       |
| 51. A. Look after | B. Depend on     | C. Talk with | D. Compare with |
| 52. A. serious    | B. terrible      | C. difficult | D. different    |
| 53. A. plan       | B. ask           | C. order     | D. follow       |
| 54. A. easier     | B. smaller       | C. bigger    | D. harder       |
| 55. A. parents    | B. friends       | C. students  | D. teachers     |
| 56. A. sounds     | B. means         | C. causes    | D. reminds      |
| 57. A. where      | B. when          | C. why       | D. what         |
| 58. A. ways       | B. difficulties  | C. jokes     | D. signs        |
| 59. A. creative   | B. understanding | C. careless  | D. talented     |
| 60. A. for        | B. to            | C. with      | D. against      |

#### IX. 阅读理解 (30 分)

##### (A)

To know more about children's free time activities, Sunshine School did a survey in January. The bar chart shows the percent of boys and girls in middle school, who like four kinds of free time activities.



根据图表内容，选择正确答案。(5分)

61. \_\_\_\_\_ of the girls like dancing.  
 A. 35%                      B. 45%                      C. 32%                      D. 70%
62. 70% of the boys choose to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. dance                      B. ride bikes                      C. watch TV                      D. play computer games
63. \_\_\_\_\_ of the students like watching TV.  
 A. None                      B. All                      C. Many                      D. Some
64. Computer games is the second most \_\_\_\_\_ activity of all.  
 A. difficult                      B. boring                      C. popular                      D. important
65. From this passage, we can know \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. more boys choose to dance than girls                      B. half of the students enjoy bike riding  
 C. girls don't like playing computer games                      D. the survey is about activities after school

(B)

After watching the movie *Hi, Mom* (你好，李焕英), a tourist drove to Xiangyang, a city about 300 kilometers away. He and his family took photos at a factory. The factory used to produce chemical products (化工产品) and now is used to make movies.

"I grew up in a factory like this. Everything looks so **familiar** because I know them very well," the tourist wrote on WeChat, "I'm here to remember my life as a child, not to go sightseeing (观光)." And many tourists had the same feeling.

The factory in Xiangyang has welcomed more than 30,000 tourists so far since the film was on. A manager of a store in the factory said that few people visited there in the past, but after the film *Hi, Mom* was on, the number of tourists suddenly increased (增长).

How could the film make such surprising changes?

It is a film about mother, and the love from a mother hits people's hearts. In the film, the daughter always felt useless because she couldn't make lots of money to make her mother proud (骄傲). But her mother's biggest wish was that her future daughter would be "healthy and happy". The director (导演) of this film, Jia Ling, put her real-life experiences in it. The true feelings build a bridge between people's hearts as well.

66. What is the factory used to do now?

- A. To make movies. B. To play basketball.  
C. To produce chemical products. D. To help tourists.

67. What is the Chinese meaning of the underlined word “familiar” in Paragraph 2?

- A. 熟悉的 B. 精美的 C. 典型的 D. 陌生的

68. Why did the tourist travel to Xiangyang according to his WeChat?

- A. To go sightseeing. B. To take photos in the old style (样式).  
C. To look back on his life in the past. D. To visit his friends.

69. When did the number of the tourists to the factory increase?

- A. In the 1980s. B. Before the 2021 Spring Festival Holidays.  
C. After the film was on. D. While the director was making the film.

70. How did the film make such surprising changes?

- A. The director made it in an old factory.  
B. The director put her real-life experience and her true feeling in it.  
C. The director invited a lot of people to watch it.  
D. The director spent much money on it.

(C)

Ways to Reduce (减少) Food Waste

### Food bank

Many countries have food banks. People and food stores can give extra (额外的) food to them and they can give the food to those in need. Shanghai Oasis opened China's first food bank in 2015. In five years, it saved 7 million tons of food and helped 760,000 people, Xinhua reported.

### Buy ugly food

Many fruits and vegetables go to waste because they look ugly. For example, about 25 to 30 percent of carrots don't make it to the store because of their looks, the UN said. So try to buy ugly food next time, as it is just as good as “normal” food.

### Order dishes with the “N-1” formula (公式)

Many Chinese restaurants are telling people to order dishes by using the “N-1” formula. “N” stands for the number of people in your group. So if you're in a group of six people, you should order five dishes.

根据短文内容，判断下列句子正 (T)、误 (F)。(5分)

71. The only food bank in the world opened in China in 2015.

72. We have food banks to save food and give it to those in need.

73. Shanghai Oasis saved 760,000 tons of food in five years according to the report.

74. People don't like ugly fruit because they are not so good.

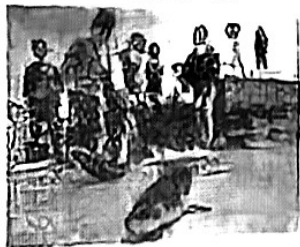
75. Tom will have dinner with ten friends in a restaurant in China, he should order ten dishes according to the passage.

(D)

What kind of fish are they in this picture? They are Chinese sturgeons (中华鲟) and Yangtze sturgeons (长江鲟). In the picture, people are setting the fish free in the middle reaches of the Yangtze



River in Yichang, Hubei Province. 76. \_\_\_\_\_



The fish lived at a breeding center (繁育中心) before they were free. 77. \_\_\_\_\_ They're going back to river so that it will have more wild sturgeons.

In the 1980s, there were several thousand Chinese sturgeons in the Yangtze River. 78. \_\_\_\_\_

As for the Yangtze sturgeon, it has been unable to naturally reproduce (自然繁殖) since 2000. 79. \_\_\_\_\_

The two fish species (物种) are some of the oldest living animals in the Yangtze River. 80. \_\_\_\_\_ It has lived for more than 150 million years.

Since 1983, people have set free about 7 million Chinese sturgeons in the Yangtze River.

根据短文内容，将下面方框内的句子还原到文中空白处，使短文完整。(每个选项只能用一次)(5分)

- A. This is because people were fishing too much and the rivers were crowded.  
B. These fish are endangered.  
C. And the Yangtze sturgeon even has another name: the aquatic (水中) panda.  
D. But in 2014, there were only around 100 sturgeons.  
E. Over 3,000 sturgeons were set free.

(E)

A group of frogs (青蛙) were traveling through the forest. Suddenly, two of them, Kako and Scoon fell into a hole (洞). The other frogs crowded around the hole and wanted to save them. But when they saw how deep the hole was, they told the two frogs that there was no hope for them.

Kako and Scoon didn't care what the others were saying and tried hard to jump out of the hole. Once, they failed (失败). Again, they failed.

Kako and Scoon didn't stop trying though they failed many times. Seeing that, the group of frogs at the top of the hole kept saying that they were just wasting time and that they would hardly make it.

As a result, Kako listened to what the others said and he gave up. He fell down and died. Scoon continued to jump as hard as he could. Again, the crowd of frogs shouted to him to let him stop the pain (痛苦) and just die peacefully.

However, he jumped even harder and finally made it. When he got out, the other frogs asked him in surprise, "Didn't you hear us?"

"Sorry, I didn't, I'm deaf. I thought you were encouraging me all the time," Scoon explained to them.

In fact, failure (失败) is a choice (选择). If you accept it, you will certainly fail. However, if you decide to try, you will possibly succeed.

根据短文内容，回答下列问题。(10分)

81. What was wrong with Kako and Scoon?
82. When did the other frogs stop saving Kako and Scoon?
83. Who gave up jumping and died?
84. Why did Scoon misunderstand (误会) the other frogs?
85. What do you learn from this story?

## 五、语言运用 (共 10 分)

### X. 短文填空

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个恰当的词, 或用括号内所给词的适当形式填空, 使短文内容完整。

Walking out of the violin concert, young Tom felt very excited. "The concert is fantastic! Dad, can I learn to play the violin?" Tom asked his father.

Tom was always 86. \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) for things. His father was not happy 87. \_\_\_\_\_ he had spent a lot of money on his singing, dancing, and then skating classes. But Tom 88. \_\_\_\_\_ work hard and did well in nothing. However, Tom made a promise that he would try his best 89. \_\_\_\_\_ (play) it every day and learn well. At last his father agreed to pay for his lessons for three months. If he played well, continue. If badly, stop. His father soon found a good teacher for him. Three months passed 90. \_\_\_\_\_ (quick). It was time for Tom to play it for his father and Jack, his father's friend. When Tom played the violin, he made 91. \_\_\_\_\_ a loud noise that Jack put his hands over his 92. \_\_\_\_\_ (ear). When Tom finished, his father said, "Well done. You can continue to have lessons." Tom ran happily out of the room. Jack felt 93. \_\_\_\_\_ (amaze). He turned to Tom's father. "You've spent so much money, but the result is disappointing (令人失望的)!"

"Well, that's true." Tom's father said, "But I have been able to buy seven apartments in our building at a low price since he 94. \_\_\_\_\_ (learn) the violin. I'll own the whole building in another three months." said Tom's father 95. \_\_\_\_\_ a big smile on his face.

## 六、书面表达 (共 20 分)

**XI. (A)** 假设你是王丹, 本周六是你的生日, 你想在家里举办聚会。请根据下列表格信息, 给你的朋友写一份邀请函。要求信息完整, 字数不限。(5 分)

|      |          |      |          |
|------|----------|------|----------|
| 地点   | 西安大路 4 号 | 招待   | 零食、水果、饮料 |
| 开始时间 | 本周六晚 6 点 | 回复时间 | 周五前      |

### Invitation

Dear friends,

96. \_\_\_\_\_ my birthday party at my house this Saturday. 97. \_\_\_\_\_ at 4 Xi'an Road. 98. \_\_\_\_\_. There will be 99. \_\_\_\_\_ at the party. 100. \_\_\_\_\_ by Friday if you can come to the party. Hope you can make it!

Wang Dan

**(B)** 生活中我们会遇到各种各样的困难。在我们得到他人的帮助的时候, 我们也应该帮助人。请结合自身经历, 以 "Helping Is Amazing" 为题, 写一写你曾经帮助他人或者被他人助的经历, 并谈谈你的感想。(15 分)

要求: (1) 条理清楚, 行文连贯, 段落分明;

(2) 短文中不能出现真实的人名和地名;

(3) 词数不少于 80, 题目已给出, 不计入总词数。

参考问题: 1. Have you ever helped others or been helped (被帮助)?

2. What did you learn from it?

### Helping Is Amazing