

2021-2022 学年度下学期期末质量监测
八年英语

(时间: 100 分钟 满分: 120 分)

第一部分 选择题 (四大题; 共 52 分)

一、听力部分 (共 20 小题, 每小题 1 分; 满分 20 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一道小题, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. When will the school football match take place?
A. This afternoon. B. This evening. C. Tomorrow morning.
2. What does the woman want to do now?
A. To play computer games.
B. To watch a cartoon on TV.
C. To watch a basketball game.
3. Why does the man apologize to the woman?
A. For holding the phone.
B. For breaking the vase.
C. For making the phone ring.
4. Where are the two speakers probably talking?
A. In a bank. B. In a library. C. In a supermarket.
5. What did the woman's neighbours do last night?
A. They had a party. B. They played cards. C. They sang songs.

第二节 (共 9 小题; 每小题 1 分, 共 9 分)

听下面 3 段对话。每段对话后有三道小题, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

听下面一段对话, 回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. What did Betty do on her holiday?
A. She did her homework.
B. She helped other classmates.
C. She did some voluntary work.
7. What does Sam decide to do?
A. To help poor people in his community.
B. To see a doctor in the children's hospital.
C. To help sick and disabled children with Betty.
8. When will Sam and Betty go there?
A. Next summer. B. Next month. C. Next week.

听下面一段对话, 回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. What's the date of mum's birthday?
A. July 9th. B. July 10th. C. July 11th.



10. Which present (礼物) will the speakers give their mum?
A. Some chocolate. B. Some flowers. C. A pair of shoes.
11. When will they meet?
A. At 2:20 p.m. B. At 3:20 p.m. C. At 4:20 p.m.

听下面一段对话，回答第12至14题。

12. What did the man listen to today?
A. A story. B. A speech. C. Some music.
13. How many members does the WWF have?
A. Nearly 1 million. B. Nearly 4 million. C. Nearly 5 million.
14. What does the WWF do?
A. It protects animals in need.
B. It protects endangered plants.
C. It protects endangered animals.

第三节 (共6小题; 每小题1分, 共6分)

听下面两段独白。每段独白后有三个小题, 从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段独白后, 你将有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段独白读两遍。

听下面一段独白, 回答第15至17题。

15. What does Emma enjoy doing?
A. Playing with her dog.
B. Going to bed early.
C. Playing in the garden.
16. When does Emma walk her dog?
A. In the morning. B. In the afternoon. C. In the evening.
17. What does the dog like doing?
A. Walking along the street.
B. Staying in Emma's arms.
C. Going to school with Emma.

听下面一段独白, 回答第18至20题。

18. What does the space hotel look like?
A. A star. B. A heart. C. A square.
19. Why will the space hotel be environmentally friendly?
A. Because it'll save forests.
B. Because it'll produce less waste.
C. Because it'll use solar energy.
20. What can be used to communicate with people on Earth?
A. A telephone. B. A computer. C. A TV.

二、单项填空 (共10小题, 每小题0.5分; 满分5分)

从A、B、C、D中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

21. —Why does Linda dislike me?
—I don't know. You'll have to find out the _____ yourself.
A. reason B. thought C. message D. meaning



22. —We have worked for a long time.
—Yeah, let's go out for a walk. It is a great way to _____.
A. communicate B. exercise C. travel D. relax
23. We find it's more useful _____ students to do new eye exercises.
A. for B. of C. to D. as
24. The more _____ you drive, the _____ you are.
A. careful; safer B. carefully; safer
C. careful; safely D. carefully; safely
25. Look! Tom is _____ the English speech in the hall.
A. paying for B. caring for C. preparing for D. looking for
26. Tina was unhappy _____ she lost her favourite pet dog.
A. unless B. before C. because D. until
27. I _____ books in the bookshop when the rainstorm came yesterday.
A. read B. reads C. am reading D. was reading
28. The Monkey King is a traditional Chinese cartoon hero. He _____ by people of all ages.
A. loves B. is loved C. was loved D. will love
29. —_____ will our life be like in 2035?
—I don't know, but I'm sure it will be better.
A. What B. How C. Why D. Where
30. —In my opinion, keeping traffic rules is very important for road safety.
—_____ Safety comes first.
A. That's OK. B. I am sorry. C. I agree. D. Sounds bad.

三、完形填空 (共 15 小题, 每小题 1 分; 满分 15 分)

阅读短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Years ago in Scotland, Mr. and Mrs. Clark had a dream of travelling to the United States with their nine children. Clark and his wife worked hard and saved enough 31 and got passports (护照) for the whole family on a new ship to the United States. The whole family was full of 32 about life in America. However, seven days before 33 trip, the youngest son was bitten (咬) by a dog. The doctor 34 that all the family should be separated for fourteen days.

The family's dream 35. They couldn't go on the trip to America. The father was very 36 and said many bad words to both his son and the dog because he didn't want to lose the 37 to travel to the United States.

Five days later, the sad news spread 38 Scotland—Titanic (泰坦尼克号) had gone down. The famous 39 had gone down with hundreds of lives in it. The Clark family was to have been on that ship, 40 because the son was bitten by a dog, they were 41 in Scotland.

When Mr. Clark 42 the news, he hugged his son for saving the 43. He thanked his son and the dog for saving their lives and 44 what he felt was a sad thing into a lucky one. 45 we may not know why, all things happen for a reason.



31. A. food
32. A. excitement
33. A. his
34. A. described
35. A. happened
36. A. nervous
37. A. chance
38. A. around
39. A. story
40. A. or
41. A. left behind
42. A. passed
43. A. journey
44. A. putting
45. A. When

- B. luck
- B. surprise
- B. its
- B. required
- B. started
- B. worried
- B. way
- B. from
- B. ship
- B. so
- B. waited for
- B. heard
- B. people
- B. taking
- B. If

- C. money
- C. fear
- C. their
- C. discovered
- C. worked
- C. frightened
- C. ticket
- C. with
- C. dream
- C. but
- C. brought up
- C. showed
- C. country
- C. carrying
- C. Although

- D. courage
- D. trouble
- D. our
- D. wondered
- D. ended
- D. angry
- D. hope
- D. by
- D. news
- D. for
- D. laughed at
- D. sent
- D. family
- D. turning
- D. Since

四、阅读理解 (共 8 小题, 每小题 1.5 分; 满分 12 分)

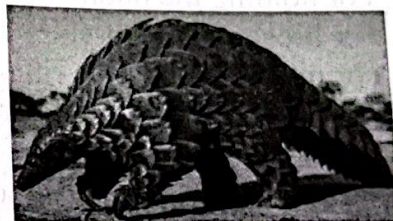
阅读短文, 然后根据其内容从 A、B、C、D 中选出最佳选项。

Like most kids, Landon Kenstrick, 5 years old, has a favorite animal. However, his favorite animal is quite different from other kids'. He loves pangolins.

Pangolins have small heads and long, broad tails. They are toothless. They have small ears, but their hearing is good.

"My favorite thing about the pangolin is the scales (鳞片) it has on its body. They look cool," Landon said.

Landon first learned about pangolins from a TV show, *Wild Kratts*. Knowing that pangolins are facing the danger of dying out, Landon quickly decided to take action to protect them. He wanted to tell everyone he knew about them. On Halloween, he had his parents carve (雕刻) a pangolin into their pumpkin (南瓜), so that when people asked what it was, he could tell them all about his favorite animal. When Christmas came around, Landon had only one wish: to save the pangolins. His parents had him "adopt (领养)" a pangolin in Landon's name. They also came up with a good idea. They helped Landon make Christmas gifts to sell to help raise money for the pangolins at a market. So far, he has raised \$ 400.



If you think a 5-year-old boy is too young to save the pangolins, you'd be wrong. Landon told us nobody's too young to save anything.

46. From Paragraph 1, we know Landon's favourite animal is _____.
A. endangered B. unusual C. popular D. terrible

47. What is mentioned about pangolins in the text?
A. Pangolins' appearance. B. Pangolins' weight.
C. Pangolins' lifetime. D. Pangolins' future.



48. To protect pangolins, Landon _____.
A. carved a pangolin into his pumpkin
B. kept a pangolin carefully in his house
C. raised money by selling Christmas gifts
D. told everyone something about pangolins
49. What does the text want us to do?
A. To keep animals like pangolins.
B. To strongly support our own kids.
C. To learn from Landon Kenstrick.
D. To know more endangered animals.

B

In recent years, there have been many films about robots trying to get control of the world. Studies show that up to 20 million factory jobs in the world could be taken by robots in the next 10 years. Some people are worried about what might happen in the future.

On 8th September, 2020, *The Guardian* published (发表) an article written by a robot called GPT-3. It wrote that “robot” comes from the Greek word for “slave” (奴隶) and humans have nothing to fear from robots. Robots are only here to help humans. However, the fact that a robot could write such an article has made some people feel even more uneasy. Where is the robot technology going? Can robots and humans work together?

YES — they’re here to help humans

Robots are created by humans for humans. Robots do jobs that are too dangerous for people to do by themselves. Although robots might take some people’s jobs, they will create new types of work, and they will possibly create more jobs than they take away. Besides, robots’ programming could actually make them more dependable than humans, because they are not influenced (影响) by feelings.

NO — humans should not believe in robots

Robots are already getting control of the world. Jobs that used to be done by human beings are now being taken by robots. Although robots are under our control now, that might not always be like that. An experiment in Switzerland found that some robots had learnt how to lie (说谎) to each other. With the development of AI, robots could start to act in their own interests. So if possible, humans should do things themselves.

What’s your opinion on this matter?

50. What can we know about GPT-3 from Paragraph 2?
A. GPT-3 comes from Greece. B. GPT-3 wrote an article.
C. GPT-3 was created in 2020. D. GPT-3 is afraid of humans.
51. What does the underlined word “uneasy” probably mean?
A. worried B. difficult C. relaxing D. painful



52. Which of the following is an opinion?

- A. There are many films about robots.
- B. Robots are used to do dangerous jobs.
- C. Some robots have learnt how to lie.
- D. Humans should do things themselves.

53. What topic is the text talking about?

- A. Where is the robot technology going?
- B. Can robots and humans work together?
- C. What's your opinion on this matter?
- D. Will our future life be better and better?

第二部分 非选择题 (五大题; 共 68 分)

五、单词拼写 (共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分; 满分 5 分)

根据汉语提示, 写出单词的正确形式。

54. The car has a _____ window at the front. (宽阔的)

55. What's the _____ of China? (人口)

56. It's easy to _____ the rules of the games. (解释)

57. Don't be _____ in the school library. (吵闹的)

58. He _____ from headaches for a long time last year. (受折磨)

六、回答问题 (共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分; 满分 10 分)

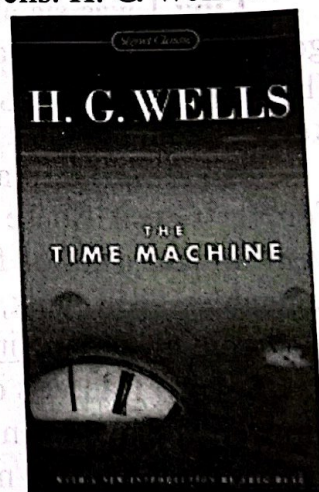
阅读短文, 然后根据内容回答所提问题。

Good evening. You're listening to the *Night Book Club*, with me, Alice Smith. This week's book is *The Time Machine*, by H. G. Wells. H. G. Wells was born in London in 1866, and this famous book first appeared in 1895.

The story is about an inventor. He has invented a time machine. One evening, his time machine takes him into the future. In the future, he finds some creatures. They seem to live perfect lives. However, at night, strange creatures appear from under the ground. The man has to get away from these creatures, and spends a long time trying to get back to his time machine.

The Time Machine is a wonderful book. I hope you'll give it a try.

I'll be back to talk about another book next week. Good night.



59. What is the *Night Book Club*?

60. Who wrote *The Time Machine*?

61. Where do strange creatures appear at night?

62. What does Alice Smith think of *The Time Machine*?

63. How often does the *Night Book Club* take place?

七、阅读填空 (共 8 小题, 每小题 1 分; 满分 8 分)

阅读短文, 然后用短文括号中所给词的适当形式填空。

八年英语下学期期末质量监测 第 6 页 (共 8 页)



扫描全能王 创建

| | |
|--|---|
| <p>Dear Sir,</p> <p>I visited the zoo yesterday, but I was angry about some things. The large animals were in very small cages (笼子). The lion had no room to move, and looked <u>64</u> (bore). The tiger was asleep all afternoon. People were also feeding the fish. They were throwing rice and meat into the aquarium (养鱼缸), but no one tried to stop <u>65</u> (they).</p> <p>Outside the zoo restaurant, the rubbish bins were full, and rubbish was blowing everywhere.</p> <p>The zoo does not look after its animals or visitors very <u>66</u> (good).</p> <p>Yours, Martin Wo</p> | <p>Dear Martin,</p> <p>Thank you for <u>67</u> (tell) me about some of the problems at the zoo.</p> <p>For your information, we have moved the lion into a larger cage. It is important for the lion to have more space to move. We have looked at the <u>68</u> (tiger) cage, there is no problem. Tigers always sleep in the afternoon in summer. People feeding the fish is a big problem. We have put up a notice near the aquarium. It <u>69</u> (say), "Don't feed the fish!"</p> <p>Finally, we put <u>70</u> (third) new rubbish bins near the restaurant.</p> <p>We are not perfect, but we try very hard <u>71</u> (make) the zoo a nice place both for animals to live in and for people to visit.</p> <p>Yours, Steve Jones</p> |
|--|---|

八、综合阅读 (共 10 小题, 每小题 2 分; 满分 20 分)

阅读短文, 然后按要求完成第 72~81 小题。

A

Problems in 2050

Lily: I was staying at the Hotel Whale with my friends last week. After going shopping and having tea at the cafe, I (A) went back to my room to rest. (B) 但是当我打开门, I saw that water was coming in through the window! I knew I should not just stand there, but I did not know what to do...

Mike: At 11:30 a.m. the day before yesterday, I was having lunch in our Forever Green House while our fridge was ordering food. Suddenly a light went on and a lot of food started to arrive (C) _____ the supermarket: meat, vegetables, fruit, milk, and so on. "Stop!" (D) I shouted at the fridge, but the food went on coming in...

Benny: Dad was driving us to the airport in his CJ3, and suddenly the car stopped. The hydrogen in the car failed to mix with the oxygen, so the car did (E) _____ work. "Oh, no!" said Mum. "We will (F) not catch our plane."

72. 写出文中画线部分(A)和(F)的同义词或近义词: _____;
73. 将文中画线部分(B)译成英语: _____;
74. 在文中(C)和(E)的空白处分别填入一个适当的单词: _____;
75. 将文中画线部分(D)改写为: I shouted at the fridge, but the food _____ to _____...
76. 从文中找出能说明本文主旨大意的中心词语: _____

B

Last summer, I decided to visit Wolong in Sichuan Province. Before I started, (A) 我妈提醒我小心 again and again. Because it was my first time to travel alone, I felt really nervous at first.



Wolong is a large nature reserve. I stayed at a small hotel next to Wolong panda Center after I arrived. ① Everything went well at first the next day. ② I saw many pandas playing in the trees. They looked so cute. I was not nervous anymore. I also tried to feed them with some bamboo. They were happy and even wanted to get close to me. Later, I left the center happily. But while I was going back to the hotel, I lost my way. I was (B) _____ worried that I nearly cried. At that moment, a local came up to me and showed me the way. I arrived at the hotel safely in the end.

③ The trip to Wolong not only made me learn about pandas (C) _____ a more pleasant way, but also meet friendly people. (D) This experience gives me the courage to travel alone again in the future.

77. 将文中画线部分(A)译成英语: _____
78. 在文中(B)和(C)的空白处分别填入一个适当的单词: _____
79. 将文中画线部分(D)改写为: This experience _____ me to travel on my again in the future.
80. 在文中①②③选出能够填入“I was going to visit the center the next morning.”的位置: _____
81. 从文中找出两个描写熊猫特点的形容词: _____

九、阅读与表达 (共2节, A节5分, B节20分; 满分25分)

A) 阅读短文, 然后根据其内容从方框中选出可以填入空白处的短语。

much time and money, from your home, shop online,
the best price, to go out and buy them

Millions of people in the world now do some of their shopping online. However, there are both advantages (优势) and disadvantages to online shopping.

First, the advantages:

- You can shop 1.
- It's easy to compare prices by looking on different websites. This will help you get 2.
- Finally, the Internet never closes. You can go shopping at any time.

Now, here are some of the disadvantages:

- It's slower to have things sent to your house than 3.
- In shops, you are able to check things before you buy them. However, you cannot do this when you 4.
- Finally, It's not always easy to tell if a shopping website is safe.

Online shopping is not for everyone, but it can save you 5.

B) 假定你是李华, 参加主题为“Life in the past and present”的世界中学生互联网演讲比赛, 请你写一篇英文演讲稿, 内容包括:

1. 总体介绍过去与现在的生活状况;
2. 具体介绍(交流方式、娱乐方式和出行方式。必须涵盖这三个方面);
3. 你的观点。

注意: 1. 词数 80-100。开头已为你写好, 不计入总词数;
2. 短文须包括所给内容信息。可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear fellow students,
I'm very happy to be here to talk about the life in the past and present.

