

2021-2022 学年度第二学期期末学业水平测试 八年级英语试题

注意事项:

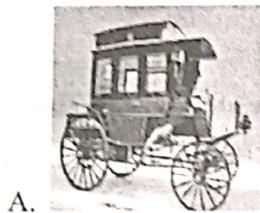
- 1、本试题分为第 I 卷和第 II 卷两部分。第 I 卷为选择题，45 分；第 II 卷为非选择题，55 分；共 100 分。考试时间为 120 分钟（含听力 20 分钟）。
- 2、请将本试卷所有答案都作答在答题纸的相应位置。

第 I 卷 选择题（共 45 分）

一、听力选择（共 15 小题，计 15 分）

(一) 请听录音中八组短对话。每组对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出与对话内容相符的图片或能回答所给问题的最佳答案。(每组对话读两遍)

1. What did Mary see in the museum?



2. What is the keeper doing?



3. Where did the woman go?



4. How long has Susan lived in Shanghai?

A. For two months.

B. For seven years.

C. For ten years.

5. How will they go to the museum?

A. By bus.

B. On foot.

C. By bike.

6. What book did the boy read last night?

- A. Journey to the West. B. Harry Potter. C. Mei Lin.
7. What was Jimmy doing when it began to rain yesterday?
A. Doing his homework. B. Listening to music. C. Watching TV.
8. What's wrong with the girl?
A. She hurt her leg. B. She hurt her arm. C. She hurt her head.

(二) 请听录音中两段较长的对话。每段对话后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中，选出能回答所给问题的最佳答案。(每段对话读两遍)

听第一段较长的对话，完成第 9 至第 11 三个小题。

9. What kind of books does Lucy like?
A. Story books. B. Picture books. C. Science books.
10. What does Lucy think of Alice in Alice's Adventures in Wonderland?
A. She is beautiful. B. She is a hero. C. She is tall.
11. When did Lucy finish reading Around the World in 80 Days?
A. Last week. B. Last year. C. Last night.

听第二段较长的对话，完成第 12 至第 15 四个小题。

12. What's the research about?
A. Parks for animals. B. Weather conditions. C. Endangered animals.
13. Which of the following is Susan's idea?
A. We shouldn't cut down trees anymore.
B. We should learn more about these animals.
C. We should protect animals and live with them in peace.
14. Are there any parks for animals in China?
A. Yes, there are. B. No, there aren't. C. We don't know.
15. What does the boy want to do this weekend?
A. Read the research.
B. Keep an animal.
C. Go to a park to see animals.

注意：请同学们翻到第 II 卷第三大题，继续做听力填词。

二、阅读理解 (共 15 小题，计 30 分)

阅读下面短文，从每小题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出能回答所提问题的最佳答案。

A



Welcome to the Milly & Willy hotel. To make your stay as pleasant as possible, we'd like you to follow the rules below during your stay at the hotel.

Check-in	After 3:00 pm every day
Check-out	Before 2:00 pm every day
Breakfast	* Buffet breakfast (自助早餐): from 7:00 to 10:00 am * In-room breakfast: from 6:00 to 11:00 am * Buffet breakfast at the restaurant on the second floor is free. Prices for meals and drinks served in rooms can be found on the room service price list.
Pets	Guests can have dogs weighing less than 40 kg (no more than two dogs per room) stay with them at a charge (收费) of \$ 85 per night per dog. Service dogs are always welcome at no charge.
Visitors	Guests may have visitors after registering (登记) at the Front Office. Visitors have to leave before 10:00 pm.
Parking	Car parking is free for hotel guests.

16. When could a guest check out of the hotel?

- A. At 1:00 pm. B. At 3:00 pm. C. At 5:00 pm. D. At 8:00 pm.

17. What do we know about the in-room breakfast?

- A. Guests don't need to pay for it. B. It is from the restaurant on the second floor.
C. It starts at 7:00 am every day. D. Prices for it are on the room service price list.

18. What is the charge for a service dog per night?

- A. \$ 40. B. \$ 58. C. \$ 85. D. Nothing.

19. Which of the following is TRUE about living in the hotel?

- A. Guests have to pay for parking. B. A guest can only bring one dog.
C. Visitors can stay until 10:00 pm. D. Guests can cook in their rooms.

B

Four cows lived in a forest near a meadow (草地). They were good friends and did everything together. They walked around together, ate grass together and stayed together, day and night. Because they were always together, they were able to protect each other from tigers and lions that might want to kill them for food.

But one day, the four friends got into a big argument (争论). They couldn't work it out and all decided to leave and go their own way. They each found a new meadow to live in. But a lion soon

found them. He thought that this might be a good chance to kill the cows and enjoy a good meal. One by one, he hunted the cows and killed them until there were none left.

The story gives us something to think about. What the cows did not understand is that there is strength (力量) in numbers. This is true even for humans. If we stay close with our friends and family members, they can give us the strength to get through hard times. And in return, we can help them when they are in need themselves.

20. Why didn't the lions and tigers kill the cows?

- A. Because the cows had many good friends.
- B. Because the cows always stayed together.
- C. Because they wanted to join the cows.
- D. Because they don't eat cows for food.

21. What did the lion find out later?

- A. The cows were having a big argument.
- B. There were no cows living in the forest.
- C. All of the cows were living on their own.
- D. The cows left food in the meadow.

22. What does the underlined phrase mean?

- A. 有危险时
- B. 为了报仇
- C. 有需求时
- D. 作为回报

23. What does the story teach us?

- A. The weak are the food of the strong.
- B. Give a hand to those in need.
- C. There is strength in numbers.
- D. It's okay to argue with your friends sometimes.

C



"I'll finish my homework before playing video games." "Your dress looks beautiful." "I won't spend all the money on snacks."

These are All lies(谎言)! Most of us have told a lie at one time or another. However, scientists found that lying can harm(伤害) your brain (大脑). It may stop you from doing other important tasks.

Hard work

When you tell the truth, your brain doesn't have to do any extra (额外的) work. But lying takes much more work. Imagine you're late to class. The teacher asks why and you decide to lie. So you say: "I borrowed a book from the library." Your teacher asks: "The book I assigned (布置) last time?" Then you must decide how to answer the question. If you say yes, the teacher might ask to

see the book. So you might say: "No." Now you have to think of a book title. You need to make sure it's a book the library actually has. See? When you lie, your brain works a lot more to keep the lie from falling apart.

Expensive lies

You just gave your brain much extra work. An area called the prefrontal cortex (前额皮质) does the work. It's the part in charge of (掌管) short memory. That area also takes care of planning, problem-solving and self-control.

Using too much brainpower (脑力) to lie means there's less available for other things – like solving math problems. Lying is even harder for young people. The prefrontal cortex is not fully developed until age 25. So when young people are busy with lying, they'll have a harder time doing other things, like making study plans or eating a healthy diet. So think twice before lying next time!

24. What can we know about telling lies?

- A. It happens quite often.
- B. Most students have done it.
- C. It is bad for people's brains.
- D. It is an important way to protect oneself.

25. What happens to your brain when you lie?

- A. It works more slowly.
- B. It has to do some extra work.
- C. It often says yes to others.
- D. It becomes better at answering questions.

26. What does the prefrontal cortex help people do?

- a. Build long-term memories.
 - b. Make plans.
 - c. Work out problems.
 - d. Relax our brains.
- A. ab B. bc C. ac D. bd

27. According to the story, why is it harder for young people under 25 to tell lies?

- A. Because they are not clever enough.
- B. Because they have too much brainpower.
- C. Because they are still learning how to talk to other people.
- D. Because they don't have fully grown brains.

D



The Rainbow Magic book series is one of my favorites. It has many short books. The total (全部的) number of books is more than 200, but you don't have to read them in any special order. They are interesting and easy to read, with beautiful pictures.

The main characters are best friends Rachel Walker and Kristy Tate. In each book, they take an adventure (冒险) with a fairy (仙女). Each fairy comes from a group of fairies and each group has a unique theme (特别的主题), such as the Petal or the Night fairies. They all wear beautiful clothes and have their own special magical artifacts (神器).

Icy Jack Frost and his greedy goblins (贪婪的小妖怪) try to cause trouble for the fairies. They steal fairies' magical artifacts. But the fairies always find a way out of these situations with teamwork and wit (智慧).

Rachel and Kristy are role models. They are polite, brave and smart. These are valuable traits (宝贵的品质) that we should all have. They can also stay cool under pressure (压力) and are able to use their wit to solve problems.

All in all, this book is filled with friendship, problem-solving and a lot of reading!

28. What do we know about the Rainbow Magic book series?
- Books in this series are easy to read.
 - Each of the books costs about \$200.
 - It is a collection of short stories.
 - Readers have to read them in a special order.
29. What are Paragraphs 2 and 3 about?
- Why the writer wrote about fairies.
 - What story this book series tells about.
 - How the main characters fight each other.
 - Why there is a special theme for each book.
30. According to the story, what can readers learn from the book series?
- How to face problems.
 - How to change your friends.
 - How to become fashion models.
 - How to make friends with people you don't like.

第 II 卷 非选择题 (共 55 分)

三、听力填词 (共 5 小题, 计 5 分)

请听一篇独白, 完成下面表格中空缺的信息, 每空一词。独白读两遍。

Information about Mount Tai
In the past, it had <u> 1 </u> names.
It is just about <u> 2 </u> meters high.
Many famous people come here and write beautiful <u> 3 </u> about it.
People call Mount Tai a <u> 4 </u> museum.
The tall hills, green trees, beautiful <u> 5 </u> and the sunrise will stop your steps from leaving.

四、单词拼写与运用 (共 8 小题, 计 8 分)

根据句意和提示补全单词, 使补全后的句子意思通顺, 语法正确。

1. When Jim grew up, he became an h and helpful person.
2. My head teacher is a math teacher. He has t math for 20 years.
3. Mary got m yesterday. She became the wife of a policeman.
4. It's a truth that the sun r in the east in the morning.
5. It's (难以置信的) that technology has progressed in such a rapid way.
6. Our living (条件) is getting better and better.
7. The weather at the moment is not (典型的) for April.
8. My mother was (折叠) the clothes when the lights went out.

五、综合语法填空 (共 10 小题, 计 10 分)

阅读短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的单词或使用括号中单词的正确形式填空。

A



For Erer Suansuan, Peach Blossom Spring(《桃花源记》) is not just a story from her Chinese textbook. It's a riddle (谜). For example, why is the Peach Blossom Spring found in so many poems, paintings and plays?

Trying to answer these questions 1 (make) the text much more fun.

Suansuan wants to share her ideas with more people. She paints and makes videos with her paintings.

Since May 2019, she 2 (make) more than 50 videos. Seven are about the 3 (story) behind the texts in Chinese textbooks. The rest are about learning methods (方法) and other works of literature (文学). Now she has more than 1.5 4 (million) fans on Bilibili. Many of them are teenagers. They leave bullet comments (弹幕) and messages of thanks. They say she has made their

school life more interesting.

Suansuan said learning and creating bring her the most happiness. So she 5 (keep) doing it.

B

Qomolangma is one of the world's toughest (最艰难的) mountains 6 (climb). It has got strong winds, cold temperatures and almost 7 oxygen (氧气). 8 May 4, a team of Chinese scientists made it to the top. Once there, they got to work. They 9 (set) up an automatic meteorological monitoring station (自动气象观测站). It's 8,830 meters above sea level (海平面)! Chinese scientists can get direct (直接的) data from the world's 10 (high) mountain for the first time ever.

六、完形填空 (共 7 小题, 计 7 分)

阅读下面短文, 从方框中选择适当的词语填空。方框中有两个词语为多余选项。

drink, led, worst, pour, learning, terrible, skills, study, reminded



Some girls push a girl to the ground, pull her hair and 1 water over her head. She is too scared to fight back.

This is a scene from a short video. The actors are students from Jinsha Primary School in Zhengzhou, Henan. They want to tell people how

2 bullying (霸凌) can be. The video got popular online recently.

"I played the student who is bullied," said fourth-grader Ma Yiran. "Our PE teacher, Ma Chaoqun, designed (设计) the dances, and we spent two days 3 it all. The next day, we worked late at night to finish filming. It was hard work, but I hope more students can learn from this video that bullying is bad. If you see such things, please try to stop it or tell your teacher."

Sixth-grader Li Xinmeng played the leading role. "I played the 4 girl in the video. I 5 others to bully the little girl. I watched movies to learn the facial expressions (面部表情) of a bad guy. It felt really bad to bully others. This feeling 6 me that I should never do things like this in real life."

Online viewers praised the girls' dancing and acting 7. "My heart was aching (疼痛) when I watched it," one viewer said. "It was a great experience," said Ma Yiran.

七、阅读表达 (共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

阅读短文, 根据要求完成文后的题目。

What's your favorite sweet? There is nothing like chocolate. It is popular all over the world.

Chocolate comes from a civilization (文明) called the Maya. About 500 years ago, the Europeans found the Mayans. The Mayans had a special food called cocoa (可可豆). The word cocoa means "gift from God". The Mayans used cocoa to make chocolate.

For hundreds of years, only the rich could enjoy chocolate. It was hard for common people to get. All this changed when European companies started to make chocolate bars (条) in the 19th century.

Chocolate comes in different colors and sizes. White, dark and milk chocolate are what people often eat. The biggest chocolate bar ever was made in Italy in 2011. It was about 6 tons (吨)! That's as big as an elephant.

There are also different shapes of chocolate. People often give these chocolates as holiday gifts. Chocolate bunnies (小兔子) and eggs are popular on Easter, chocolate coins are common on Christmas, and chocolate hearts are great gifts for Valentine's Day. At some parties and wedding ceremonies (结婚典礼), chocolate fountains (喷泉) always surprise people.

Many people say chocolate is bad for our health. But it is not always true. Scientists say it is good for people's hearts and can make people feel good. Just don't eat too much of it!

1. When could common people enjoy chocolate?(no more than 12 words)
2. How heavy was the biggest chocolate bar?(no more than 5 words)
3. What's the advantage(优点) of eating chocolate? (no more than 12 words)
4. 请将文中画线的句子翻译成汉语。
5. 请给短文拟一个适当的英文题目。

八、书面表达 (共 1 小题, 计 15 分)

五四前夕, 诺贝尔文学奖获得者莫言给青年朋友写了一封信, 题为《不被大风吹倒》。其中提到了影响他一生的一本书和一个人, 并鼓励遇到困难或艰难的青年们——“道阻且长, 行则将至”。请结合自身情况, 谈一谈影响你的一本书或者一个人。词数: 100 左右。

要点: 1、介绍这本书或这个人; 2、你拥有它或认识他多久了; 3、为什么是这本书或这个人; 4、它给你带来了什么影响?