

2021—2022 学年下期阶段性检测

八年级英语试题

第 I 卷 (共 95 分)

I. 听力测试。(共 30 分)

第一节 (每小题 1.5 分,共 9 分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的句子,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最恰当的答语,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

- | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. A. You're right. | B. Very well. | C. OK. |
| 2. A. Yes, I do. | B. Thank you. | C. No, you're wrong. |
| 3. A. That's good. | B. See you. | C. I'm sorry to hear that. |
| 4. A. Have a rest. | B. You are right. | C. Take it easy. |
| 5. A. Good idea. | B. I'm seven years old. | C. By bike. |
| 6. A. Yes, she was. | B. No, she won't. | C. Yes, she is. |

第二节 (每小题 1.5 分,共 9 分)

听一遍。根据你所听到的对话和问题,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

- | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
| 7. A. In a library. | B. In a restaurant. | C. In a school. |
| 8. A. Size L. | B. Size M. | C. Size S. |
| 9. A. Tired. | B. Sad. | C. Happy. |
| 10. A. Her friends. | B. Her sisters. | C. Her parents. |
| 11. A. Today. | B. Last Sunday. | C. Yesterday. |
| 12. A. Sweaters. | B. Jeans. | C. We don't know. |

第三节 (每小题 1.5 分,共 6 分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的长对话,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

听第一段材料,回答第 13 和 14 小题。

13. How often does the train start?
- A. Every 30 minutes. B. Every 20 minutes. C. Every 10 minutes.
14. How will the man go to the town?
- A. By plane. B. By bike. C. By train.

听第二段材料,回答第 15 和 16 小题。

15. What does Maria want Peter to do for her?
- A. To buy her a cat. B. To take care of her cat. C. To look for her cat.
16. Who is ill?
- A. Maria's uncle. B. Maria's parents. C. Maria's aunt.

第四节 (每小题 1.5 分,共 6 分)

听两遍。根据你所听到的短文内容,从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出正确答案,并把答题卡上

对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

17. They plan to visit _____.
A. Chengdu B. Chongqing C. Beijing
18. This is the _____ time for them to go travelling together.
A. first B. second C. third
19. They collect some information about the famous places _____.
A. from newspaper B. from schools C. on the Internet
20. They plan to _____ because they all like it.
A. have a picnic B. have hot pot C. go shopping

II. 单项选择。(每小题 1 分,共 10 分)

从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

21. Walking after meals is _____ good exercise.
A. a B. an C. the D. /
22. Wow! The white cheongsam looks so beautiful _____ you.
A. on B. in C. with D. at
23. It seems that Jane _____ unhappy today.
A. looks B. sounds C. smells D. tastes
24. The boy will go swimming if it _____ next Saturday.
A. not rain B. isn't rain C. won't rain D. doesn't rain
25. Our teachers make us run every day to keep _____ strong.
A. we B. our C. us D. ours
26. Kangkang decides _____ hard after the sports meeting.
A. study B. studying C. studied D. to study
27. My mother was watching TV _____ my sister was playing the guitar.
A. when B. while C. until D. as soon as
28. I think Linda does her homework _____ of us.
A. careful B. more carefully C. the most carefully D. the most careful
29. —Do you know _____?
—Yes. He will visit Chongqing tomorrow.
A. when will Michael visit Chongqing B. when Michael will visit Chongqing
C. how does Michael visit Chongqing D. how Michael visited Chongqing
30. —Excuse me, could you help me carry the heavy box?
—_____
A. My pleasure B. It's a pleasure C. With pleasure D. You're welcome

III. 完形填空。(每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

根据短文内容,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出一个能填入相应空格内的最佳答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

One day, a fox(狐狸) saw a cart(运货马车) coming down the road. He 31 down and closed his eyes. The driver thought he 32 be dead. If he sold this animal, he could make some 33. So he picked up the fox and put him into the cart 34 the fish.

Then the driver went on. The fox began to enjoy his 35 meal. When he was very full, he happily 36 out of the cart. A wolf saw this, he asked 37 he was doing in the cart. The fox told him 38, even the place where he got into the cart.

The wolf ran fast in front of the cart. He lay down and closed his eyes, too. The driver was very

happy when he saw 39 dead animal because he could make more money. But this time, he found the wolf was too 40 to carry. So he put it into a bag, tied it and dragged(拖) it home.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 31. A. looked | B. sat | C. lay | D. got |
| 32. A. can't | B. shall | C. must | D. had to |
| 33. A. money | B. shopping | C. homework | D. pictures |
| 34. A. between | B. among | C. from | D. during |
| 35. A. terrible | B. easy | C. clean | D. delicious |
| 36. A. brought | B. jumped | C. looked | D. played |
| 37. A. when | B. where | C. how | D. what |
| 38. A. something | B. everything | C. anything | D. nothing |
| 39. A. others | B. more | C. another | D. some |
| 40. A. heavy | B. clever | C. lazy | D. small |

IV. 阅读理解。(41-43 小题,每小题 1 分,44-59 小题,每小题 2 分,共 35 分)

阅读下列材料,从 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳答案,并把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑。

A

We want you!

Join us at New World Chinese Restaurant — one of the best Chinese restaurants in Canada. We are now looking for people interested in working with us.

Three cooks

- At least one year's experience in a Chinese restaurant
- Able to work on weekends
- From 25 to 45 years old
- Work for 8 hours every day
- \$ 800 every week

Two waiters

- No experience needed
- Over 18 years old
- Part-time welcome
- \$ 15 an hour
- Work at least 20 days a month
- Working time: 11:00 a.m.—3:00 p.m.; 5:00 p.m.—9:00 p.m.

For more information, please call 654 - 5587.

41. If you get a job as a cook in the restaurant, you can make about _____ every month.
A. \$ 800 B. \$ 1,600 C. \$ 2,400 D. \$ 3,200
42. The cooks of this restaurant _____.
A. have to work for 10 hours a day B. don't need to have work experience
C. have to work on weekends D. should be over 30 years old
43. Where may you read the passage?
A. In a newspaper. B. In a menu. C. In a storybook. D. In a guidebook(旅行指南)

B

There is a new video(视频) on the Internet. The video is very popular. Millions of people watch the video. It is about a little boy of two who is good at skateboarding(玩滑板). Lots of people love to watch the video. They say that the boy is amazing. They all believe that the boy will be a great skateboarder when he grows up.

The boy is very young. He is only two years old, but he can ride on a skateboard. He is from Japan. He can skateboard very well. He can even jump over things. He loves skateboarding and it takes him much time to practice skateboarding every day. He never feels tired when he is on his skateboard. He started to learn to skateboard when he was six months old. He learned it from his parents who are good skateboarders.

- Do you feel like watching the boy's video? Go and search for it on the Internet.
44. When did the boy begin to learn to skateboard?
A. When he was six years old. B. When he was six months old.
C. When he was one year old. D. When he was two years old.
45. Who taught the boy to skateboard?
A. His friends. B. His P.E. teacher C. His brother. D. His parents.
46. Which of the following is **True** according to the passage?
A. The boy can never jump over things.
B. People believe that the boy will be a great P.E. teacher.
C. The boy doesn't have much time for skateboarding.
D. The boy doesn't feel tired when he goes skateboarding.
47. What does the passage mainly talk about?
A. An amazing boy and his video. B. A famous little boy's parents.
C. A Japanese boy and his family. D. A great boy and his likes and dislikes.

C

What do you think of fashion? Different people have different ideas. Lisa and Linda are friends. Here are their ideas about fashion.

Lisa thinks fashion seems strange. She says, "People tell us what clothes to wear. That's **weird**. Fashion stores tell us what is 'in' this summer or this winter. Then lots of people buy the same clothes because they all want to be fashionable(时尚的). So I think fashion is strange."

In Linda's opinion, keeping up with fashion is expensive these days. Everyone seems to love fashion. There are some fashionable and expensive sneakers(运动鞋). How can kids afford those? The craziest fashion is the luxury brands(奢侈品牌). Some women even pay a year's salary(薪水) for a handbag. That's so crazy.

I don't mind fashion. I never pay much money for luxury brands. I'm pleased with an unknown brand at half of the price. In my mind, people shouldn't pay too much money for luxury brands. In fact, some cheap clothes can make people fashionable as well.

48. The writer thinks it's _____ to buy luxury brands.
A. not necessary B. necessary C. important D. fashionable
49. The underlined word "**weird**" means _____.
A. important B. different C. strange D. easy
50. The writer mentions(提到) sneakers in the third paragraph in order to show _____.
A. they are very comfortable B. they are in fashion
C. they are too expensive D. all kids love to wear them
51. The best title of the passage can be _____.
A. Fashionable Clothes and Handbags B. Different Ideas About Fashion
C. Luxury Brands and Their Prices D. Women's Salary and Cost

D

The year 2040 sounds like a long way off. By that time, what will technologies(技术) look like, and what changes will they bring to classrooms? Here are some examples of what we may see in schools in the coming years.

Interactive walls(互动墙)

In traditional classrooms, teachers write on blackboards. But in future classrooms, teachers will

write all the important points on interactive walls. The difference is that interactive walls can show what students have written(写) on their desks, too. It can encourage(鼓励) them to take part in classroom activities and to become more active in their learning.

Holograms(全息图)

What does the inside of a planet(星球) look like? Most of us learn about this from photos in books. But it is hard to imagine and to understand a planet only through the use of flat pictures(平面图片). Students in the future are likely to have a very different experience. With the help of holographic technology(全息技术), they can learn from 3-D image(三维图像) that are projected(投射) inside of the classroom.

Virtual reality(虚拟现实)

Virtual reality has been used to teach pilots how to fly planes. In 2040, it may provide students with immersive scenes(沉浸式场景). For example, when they learn about an ancient(古代的) queen, they will be able to "walk" in her castle(城堡). They will not only read about history, but also "experience" it.

52. The writer introduces(介绍) future schools to us by _____.

- A. telling a story B. giving examples
C. listing(列举) numbers D. giving pictures

53. What does the writer think of the classrooms in the year 2040?

- A. Useless. B. Useful. C. Boring. D. Expensive.

54. The underlined word "they" in the third paragraph means _____.

- A. books B. pictures C. students D. photos

55. What can interactive walls do according to the second paragraph?

- A. Show some of the important points written by teachers on the blackboards.
B. Show what students have written on their books.
C. Encourage teachers to take part in classroom activities.
D. Encourage students to take part in classroom activities and become more active in their learning.

E

Friendship is very important. However, it is not easy to build lasting(持久的) friendship. In order to do so, you need to make the person you want to make friends with trust(信任) you. Of course, it is easier said than done. Here is some of my advice about making friends.

First, ▲. He or she may not be as kind as you think. He or she may lie and may cause you trouble. Once I told a secret of mine to one of my friends. I told him not to tell the secret to anybody else. But that was a lie! I was very sad when I found out that he had told the secret to many people. It was so terrible.

Second, it is not easy to maintain(维持) friendship. You should not be selfish(自私的) and you should think about problems from the side of your friends. It is also important to keep calm. Friendship won't last long if you don't care for that friend or blame(责备) him or her whenever there is a conflict(冲突).

My last suggestion is: you don't have to use presents to show that you care for your friends. Friendship is not built on gifts. Instead, it is made up of kindness and true love.

Cherish(珍惜) your friends! They are treasure(财富) in your life!

56. The passage gives us _____ suggestions about how to make friends.

- A. two B. three C. four D. five

57. Which of the following sentences can be put in the ▲?

- A. be careful when you want to make friends with someone
B. friends usually make you happy in your life
C. friends should have the same hobby
D. friends often go shopping together

58. What can we learn from the passage?

- A. Friends never lie or cause you trouble. B. It's easy to build lasting friendship.
C. The writer's friend once lied to him. D. Your friends must be as kind as you think.

59. If we put the passage into three parts, which of the following is the best?

- (①=Para.1 ②=Para.2 ③=Para.3 ④=Para.4 ⑤=Para.5)
A. ①②;③④;⑤ B. ①②③;④;⑤
C. ①②;③;④⑤ D. ①;②③④;⑤

V. 口语应用。(每小题1分,共5分)

阅读下面对话,从方框内7个选项中选择5个恰当的句子完成此对话。

- A. Do you sleep well at night?
B. I hope you will get better soon.
C. I'm so happy today.
D. There is nothing serious.
E. You need to eat less food.
F. I'm not feeling well.
G. Don't forget to eat enough vegetables.

A: Is there anything wrong with you, Mr. White?

B: Yes. 60 I can't do any work, doctor.

A: I'm sorry to hear that. Do you have a cold?

B: No. I don't have a cold.

A: 61

B: Yes, I go to bed early and sleep very well.

A: OK, do you have breakfast every morning?

B: No. And I have only a little food for lunch and dinner to keep thin.

A: Oh, I see. 62 But you need to eat more food and have three meals a day.

B: OK, I will.

A: One more thing. 63

B: Thanks for your suggestions.

A: You're welcome. 64

B: Thank you. I'm sure I will.

第II卷(共55分)

VI. 任务型阅读。(65-67 小题,每小题2分,68 小题3分,共9分)

阅读下面短文,根据短文内容,完成下列各题。

Norway(挪威) is close to the North Pole(北极). It is very cold there in winter. There are only a few hours of sunlight every day.

For most people in Norway, skiing(滑雪) is the best way to have fun in winter. Almost everyone likes skiing. Children learn to ski soon after they learn to walk.

Long, long ago in Norway, there were no buses or trains. The people there had to find a way to walk over the deep snow. Skis were the right answer! Norwegians(挪威人) have been skiing since then. Today, Norwegians ski just for fun. The whole family may go together on skiing trips across the snowy countryside. Some Norwegian young men and women are of the best skiers in the world. They have won many prizes.

Although they love winter, the people in Norway are happy to see summer come. They enjoy

65. Do Norwegians like skiing?

66. Where is Norway?

67. When do Norwegian children learn to ski?

68. Do you like skiing? Why or why not?

根据所给提示, 完成句子。每空一词, 含缩略词。

69. My mother cut up the meat finely.(改为否定句)

My mother _____ **up the meat finely.**

70. My home is 20 minutes' walk from my school. (对划线部分提问)

_____ is your home from your school?

71. It took the girl 2 hours to watch TV last night. (改为同义句)

The girl _____ 2 hours _____ TV last night.

72. 我们习惯于每周收到汤姆的来信。(完成译句)

We get used to Tom every week.

73. 李老師氣得說不出話來了 (完成譯句)

Mr. Li was so angry that he couldn't say a word.

根据下面短文内容, 在短文的空格处填上一个恰当的词, 使短文完整、通顺。

Mensa (门萨) Club was founded in 1946. It is the largest and oldest IQ(智商) club in the world. And it has over 145,000 members in 100 countries around the world. Kashe King, a lovely girl from England, is one of them.

Kashe was born 74 June 24th, 2018. She has black eyes and curly blond hair. In March, 2021, she 75 Mensa Club at the age of 2 with an IQ of 146. And she became the 76 English member.

“Kashe learns things very 77. We just taught her new things once, she remembered them. So when she was only about 18 months old, she knew the English alphabet(字母表), numbers, colors and shapes,” said Kashe’s mother. “We soon found 78 hard to find a right school for her. So we started the Modern Schoolhouse for children from 6 weeks to age of 5. Kashe became a student of this 79.”

Now, Kashe is not only a smart girl 80 also a happy girl. “ 81 a child is important. We just want to make sure that she's childlike(孩子般的) as long as we can. We never really ask her to sit down and do anything. It's out of her natural curiosity(好奇心),” said her mom.

作为初二学生的我们，身体正处于快速发育阶段。而快速成长离不开健康的饮食。那我们应该怎样安排我们的饮食才能满足身体的需求呢？请以 **How to Eat Healthily** 为题写一篇作文。内容必须包括以下要点。

要点:

1.食物多样化.....

2.食物数量.....

3. 饮食习惯.....

4.....

要求:

1.词数:80-120 词, 已给出的词不计入总词数。

2.文中不能出现自己的真实姓名和所在学校的名称。

3.可适当发挥。

How to Eat Healthily