

《课程标准》阶段性达标测试

# 八年级英语试题

(时间:120 分钟)

**注意:**

1. 本试卷分第Ⅰ卷和第Ⅱ卷两部分,第Ⅰ卷为选择题,45 分;第Ⅱ卷为非选择题,55 分;共 100 分。考试时间为 120 分钟(含听力 20 分钟)

2. 答第Ⅰ卷时,必须使用 2B 铅笔填涂答题卡上相应题目的答案选项,如需改动,必须先用橡皮擦干净,再改涂其它答案。

3. 答第Ⅱ卷时,必须使用 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上书写。务必在题号所指示的答题区域内作答。若需改动,先划掉原来的答案,然后再写上新的答案。不准使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带,否则,答案无效。

## 第Ⅰ卷(选择题 共 45 分)

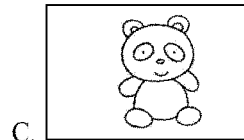
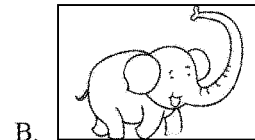
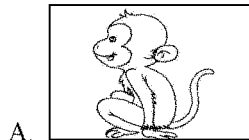
### 一、听力选择 (共 15 小题,计 15 分)

(一)请听录音中八组短对话。每组对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出与对话内容相符的图片或能回答所给问题的最佳答案。(每组对话读两遍)

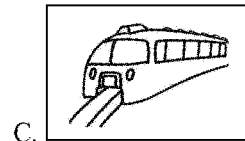
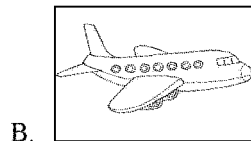
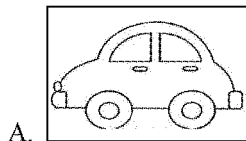
1. When does Rose advise watching "The Eight Hundred" ?



2. What animal is Jack drawing?



3. How did Li Hua go to Chengdu last year?



4. What kind of music does the boy like?  
A. Pop music. B. Country music. C. Rock.
5. When did they buy the bread maker?  
A. About six years ago. B. About seven years ago. C. About eight years ago.
6. Who hasn't visited the space museum?  
A. Sam B. Ann C. Kate
7. How old is Mary now?  
A. 15 years old. B. 16 years old. C. 14 years old.
8. Where is the boy?  
A. In a theater. B. In a hospital. C. In a museum.

(二)请听录音中两段较长的对话。每段对话后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中,选出能回答所给问题的最佳答案。(每段对话读两遍)听第一段较长对话,完成第 9 至第 11 三个小题。

9. What did Mike think of the book?  
A. Boring B. Useful C. Exciting
10. When did Grace borrow a book from Alice?  
A. Last Thursday. B. Last Friday. C. Saturday.
11. Where will Alice and Mike go?  
A. To Grace's home. B. To Alice's home. C. To Mike's home.

听第二段较长对话,完成第 12 至第 15 四个小题。

12. What's the relationship between Paul and Helen?  
A. Brother and sister. B. Wife and husband. C. Mother and son.
13. What did Paul do yesterday afternoon?  
A. Watched a movie. B. Wrote his book report. C. Played soccer.
14. Why didn't Paul write his book report yesterday evening?  
A. Because he swept the floor.  
B. Because he Played soccer with friends.  
C. Because he went to the theater.
15. Who will take out the rubbish?  
A. Helen B. Paul's friend C. Paul

注意:请同学们找到第Ⅱ卷第三大题,继续做听力填词题。

## 二、阅读理解(共 15 小题,计 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从每小题 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最佳答案。

## Want to learn tennis during weekends?

Youth Tennis Camp by coach (教练) Steve Moore

August 31, Saturday    9 a. m. ——— 4 p. m.

September 1, Sunday    10 a. m. ——— 2:30 p. m.

September 7, Saturday 4 p. m. ——— 8:30 p. m.

September 8, Sunday 8:30 am. ——— 3 p. m.

Address: Melly High School, 528 Waverley Street

- # B

I painted my first picture when I was just four. One day, when Mom was cooking, I painted a picture on one blue wall of my bedroom. I painted myself and my dog on the grass, with red flowers around. I painted the sun above us, with a big smile on its face.

I was still painting when Mom walked into my room. Her mouth was open and she stood there quietly, looking at the wall. “I’m in big trouble,” I thought. So I was really surprised when Mom said, “What a beautiful picture, Helen!” The picture stayed on my bedroom wall and is still there today, 30 years later. I see it every time I go home to visit Mom.

I tell this story because it shows how much Mom supported(支持)my love of painting. When I was at school, she cared about my art as much as other subjects. She kept all my paintings and hung many of them on the walls of our house. She often said, “You are so talented. Follow your dream.”

Today I'm a successful painter, I'm happy that people love my paintings and hang them in their homes. I will never forget Mom's great support!

19. Helen painted \_\_\_\_\_ in her first picture.

- A. herself and her mom                      B. herself and her dog  
C. her mom and her dog                      D. her mom and the sun
20. Helen's mom was \_\_\_\_\_ when she saw Helen's first picture.  
A. sad                      B. angry                      C. scared                      D. surprised
21. Helen is now \_\_\_\_\_ years old.  
A. Thirty                      B. thirty—four                      C. forty                      D. forty—three
22. Helen wrote this passage mainly to show \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. how her mom supported her in painting  
B. how people fell in love with her paintings  
C. how talented she was in painting pictures  
D. how her mom became a successful painter

**C**

Once upon a time, there were four seeds(种子). They were good friends. They traveled by wind and came to a forest. They hid themselves in the ground, and hoped that they would be able to grow into big trees.

But when the first seed began to grow, they realized it wouldn't be such an easy task. There lived a group of monkeys, and the smallest monkeys loved to throw bananas at any plant that started to grow. They threw so many bananas at the first seed that she was almost cut into two. When she told the other seeds what happened, they thought that it would be better to wait until the monkeys went away.

They all agreed with that, except the first seed. She thought she would at least try it. When she tried, she was hurt by bananas. The other seeds asked her to stop trying, but she had made up her mind to become a tree. She tried again and again. Every time she was hit by bananas, she would try harder. The scars (伤疤) left by the bananas helped her grow stronger than the other seeds. Later, she could withstand (经受住) the hit of bananas. She had already grown so well that monkeys couldn't hurt her badly.

At last, she grew into the biggest tree in the forest. The other seeds still hid themselves in the ground, hoping the monkeys would go away soon.

23. The monkeys loved to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. eat seeds  
B. play with big trees  
C. throw bananas at any plant that started to grow  
D. throw apples at the plants that started to grow
24. What did the other seeds do when the first seed tried?  
A. They asked her to stop trying.                      B. They asked her to leave there.  
C. They left there.                      D. They asked her to try again.
25. Which of the following is NOT true about the first seed?

- A. Every time she was hit by bananas, she would try harder.
  - B. At last, she couldn't stand the hit of bananas.
  - C. The scars left by bananas helped her grow stronger than the other seeds.
  - D. She had already grown so well that the monkeys couldn't hurt her badly.
26. What did you learn from the story?
- A. Learn to give up.
  - B. Good medicine tastes bitter.
  - C. A man can do no more than he can.
  - D. High risk, high reward (回报).

#### D

"How are you?" is a nice question. It's a friendly way that people greet each other. But "How are you?" is also a very unusual question. It's a question that often doesn't need an answer. The person who asks "How are you?" hopes to hear the answer "Fine", even if the person's friend isn't fine. The reason is that "How are you?" isn't really a question and "Fine" isn't really an answer. They are simply other ways of saying "Hello" or "Hi".

Sometimes, people also don't say exactly what they mean. For example, when someone asks "Do you agree?", the other person might think, "No, I disagree. I think you're wrong." But it isn't very polite to disagree so strongly, so the other person might say "I'm not sure." It's a nicer way to say that you don't agree with someone.

People also don't say exactly what they are thinking when they finish talking with other people. For example, many talks over the phone finish when one person says "I've to go now". Often, the person who wants to hang up (挂断) gives an excuse (理由): "Someone's at the door." "Something is burning on the stove." The excuses might be real, or not. Perhaps the person who wants to hang up simply doesn't want to talk any more, but it isn't polite to say that. The excuse is more polite, and it doesn't hurt the other person.

Whether they are greeting each other, talking about an idea, or finishing a talk, people don't say exactly what they are thinking. It's an important way that people try to be nice to each other, and it's part of the game of language.

27. What do we know about "How are you?" from Paragraph 1?
- A. A friendly way to greet each other.
  - B. A usual question without answers.
  - C. Another way of saying "Goodbye".
  - D. A real question to ask your friends.
28. How do you answer "Do you agree?" most politely according to Paragraph 2?
- A. I disagree.
  - B. I'm not sure.
  - C. You are wrong.
  - D. Of course not.
29. Which of the following is NOT true about how to reply politely?
- A. Don't show your disagreement too strongly.
  - B. Think twice when you want to say exactly.
  - C. Give a real answer to any kind of questions.

- D. Please try to give a proper excuse instead.
30. What does the writer mainly want to tell us in the last paragraph?
- A. Just say truly what you're thinking. B. Finish a talk with no excuse.  
C. Talking is to play games with others. D. Try to be polite to each other.

## 第Ⅱ卷（非选择题 共 55 分）

### 三、听力填词（共 5 小题，计 5 分）

录音中有一段短文，听短文两遍后，根据所听到的内容，写出可以填入下表空格处的适当单词，每空限填一词。

Time	Jack's problems	Jack's solutions (解决办法)
Tuesday	He hurt his <u>1</u> leg when riding his bike.	He took a <u>2</u> to the hospital and got an X-ray.
<u>3</u>	He broke one glass when eating dinner.	He cleaned the living room with his <u>4</u> .
Friday	He argued with Ann because he wanted to copy Ann's <u>5</u> homework. He said sorry to Ann.	

### 四、单词拼写与运用（共 8 小题，计 8 分）

根据句意完成已给出首字母或汉语提示的单词，使补全后的句子意思通顺，语法正确。

- He is an h \_\_\_\_\_ boy. And his classmates all believe in him.
- I think it's really a w \_\_\_\_\_ of time playing computer games.
- We should never give up trying to a \_\_\_\_\_ our dreams.
- Qomolangma, the highest mountain in the world, is about 8844 m \_\_\_\_\_ high.
- No one can \_\_\_\_\_ (成功) without hard work.
- We all enjoyed \_\_\_\_\_ (我们自己) in the Amusement Park yesterday.
- People like going to the countryside, \_\_\_\_\_ (尤其) in spring.
- This lake is much d \_\_\_\_\_ (深的) than that one.

### 五、语法填空（共 10 小题，计 10 分）

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入一个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式（必要时可加情态动词或助动词）。

#### A

In the past 10 years, my hometown 1 (change) a lot in many ways. The 2 (big) change is the environment. The air is fresh and the streets are clean. Many

people don't live in the old houses any more. Builders have set up   3   (thousand) of buildings of different styles.

I think my hometown is becoming more and more beautiful. I think you should think about   4   (visit) the beautiful city. I'm sure you   5   (love) it.

### B

One of the world's most dangerous   6   (sport) is mountain climbing, and one of the most popular places for this is the Himalayas. The Himalayas run along the southwestern part of China. Of all the mountains, Qomolangma rises the highest and is the most famous. It is 8,844.43 meters high and so is very dangerous   7   (climb). Thick clouds cover the top and snow can fall very hard. Even more serious difficulties include freezing weather conditions and heavy storms. It is also very hard to take   8   air as you get near the top.

Why do so many climbers risk their lives? One of the main reasons is because people want to challenge   9   (they) in the face of difficulties. The spirit of these climbers shows us that we should never give up   10   (try) to achieve our dreams. It also shows that humans can sometimes be stronger than the forces of nature.

### 六、完形填空 (共 7 小题, 计 7 分)

阅读下面短文, 从方框中选择适当的词语填空。方框中有两个词语为多余选项。

happy, mess, housework, myself, for, laziest, homework, make, invite
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When I had something difficult to do, I used to ask my mum   1   help. But she always said, "Do it yourself, dear. " I would get so angry, I thought she was the   2   mother in the world!

For example, one day, I decided to   3   some friends to my home. My bedroom was a   4  . Books were all over the table and ground. I didn't   5   my bed. I asked my mother to help me clean it. But she said seriously, "Do it yourself, girl. "

Because of my "lazy mum", I have to wash my clothes and clean my room. I have to help my parents do   6  . I even have to go to the dentist by   7  . It is really hard to do everything on my own, but I have learned a lot.

As time goes by, I understand my mother. Her "laziness" makes me clever and hard-working. What a great mother I have!

### 七、阅读表达 (共 5 小题, 计 10 分)

阅读短文, 根据要求完成文后的题目。

How to clear out your old things and make some money at the same time? A yard sale may be just the best way. Yard sales are easy to plan. You can start by col-

lecting things for sale. Search boxes and shelves for things you don't need any more. And here are some tips which may help you.

\* It can be hard to part with things, even if you never use them. **If you haven't used something for over a year, it probably means that you will never use it any more.**

\* Sell anything you don't want or use anymore like clothes that don't fit you, dishes that you never use, outdated (过时的) board games that you've played, soft toys, and other unwanted things.

\* People will buy just about anything. While there are certain hot sellers like children's toys and old tools. Don't be afraid to try to sell things that you can't imagine anyone buying. The worst thing is that nobody buys it and you'll have to throw it away.

\* Make sure the things are clean and not broken to keep them from hurting others. You might be surprised. Many people will buy broken cookers (炊具), old doors and other things you may consider putting out for free.

1. What can you start for a yard sale? (*no more than 5 words*)

2. What are hot sellers? (*no more than 6 words*)

3. Why things for sale should be clean and not broke? (*no more than 7 words*)

4. 将划线部分句子译成汉语。

5. 给短文拟一个适当的英文标题。

#### 八、写作(共 1 小题,计 15 分)

读书可以成就更美好的自己,让读书伴随我们成长。请根据以下要点提示,以“Growing up with Reading”为题写一篇 100 词左右的英语短文,介绍你曾经读过的一本书,并建议大家多读书,读好书。

要点提示:

1. 读书的重要性;
2. 所读书目对自己的影响及感悟;
3. 对读书的建议。

注意:

1. 短文应包括以上要点,可适当发挥。
2. 文中不得出现自己的真实姓名、学校及地名。

Growing up with Reading

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