

2022 年上期八年级期末质量检测

英 语

温馨提示:本套试卷共四道大题,考试时 90 分钟,满分 120 分

题序	I	II	III	IV	总分	合分人	复分人
得分							

得分	评卷人	复评人

I. 听力技能(两部分,共 20 小题,计 20 分)

题号	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
答案																				

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

1. What does the woman want to buy?



2. What does Lily usually do in the weekend?



3. What's the matter with Judy?

- A. She has a toothache. B. She has a stomachache. C. She has a sore throat.

4. Where is the girl?

- A. In a hotel. B. In a bookstore. C. In a zoo.

5. Where does the girl want to go?

- A. Water park. B. Shopping mall. C. History museum.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 6 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有 2-3 个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听下面一段对话,回答第 6 和第 7 两个小题。

6. When did the boy make calls?

- A. At 7:00 B. At 7:30. C. At 8:00.

7. Where was the girl?

- A. In the bedroom. B. In the living room. C. In the kitchen.

听下面一段对话,回答第 8 和第 9 两个小题。

8. What's the matter with Bob?

- A. Tired. B. Sick. C. Sad.

9. What did Bob do last night?

- A. Studied for a test. B. Went to a party. C. Saw a doctor.

听下面一段对话,回答第 10 和第 11 两个小题。

10. Who did Peter go camping with?

- A. His brothers. B. His friends. C. His parents.

11. What did Peter do outside?
 A. Watching the stars. B. Put up a tent. C. Looking for animals.
- 听下面一段对话,回答第 12 至第 14 三个小题。
12. When did Tom come to the office?
 A. At 3:30. B. At 6:30. C. At 9:30.
13. What happened to Jim?
 A. He lost his schoolbag. B. He failed the maths test. C. He hurt his leg in class.
14. Who took Jim to the hospital?
 A. Mr. Wang. B. Mrs. Liu. C. Miss Li.

听下面一段对话,回答第 15 至第 17 三个小题。

15. Which story is David reading?
 A. *Hansel and Gretel*. B. *Nu Wa Repairs the Sky*.
 C. *The Emperor's New Clothes*.
16. What does David think of the story?
 A. Interesting. B. Boring. C. Difficult.
17. Where was the writer of the story from?
 A. China. B. Denmark. C. Germany.

听下面一段独白,回答第 18 至第 20 三个小题。

18. What does Li Hua do?
 A. A teacher. B. A student. C. A singer.
19. What is Li Hua good at?
 A. English. B. Singing. C. Cooking.
20. Why does Li Hua want to be a volunteer?
 A. Because helping others makes him happy. B. Because he has a lot of free time.
 C. Because he likes staying with the old people.

得分	评卷人	复评人

II. 知识运用(两部分,共 20 小题,每小题 1 分,计 20 分)

题号	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
答案																				

A) 单项选择题 从 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳答案填空。(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分)

21. —What can you see on the map?
 —I can see _____ island. _____ island is a small green dot on the map.
 A. a; The B. an; A C. an; The
22. If you have a toothache, you should see a _____.
 A. policeman B. dentist C. nurse
23. July 1st, 2021 was the _____ birthday of the Communist Party of China.
 A. hundred B. hundred's C. hundredth
24. —What's _____ mountain in the world?
 —Qomolangma. It's 8848.86 meters _____.
 A. high; higher B. higher; highest C. the highest; high
25. The policeman didn't think about _____. He only thought about saving a life.
 A. him B. himself C. his
26. —What about these two sweaters, madam?
 —_____ of them fits me. Please show me another one.
 A. Neither B. Either C. Both
27. —Where was your mother when the rainstorm came yesterday?
 —She _____ dinner in the kitchen.
 A. made B. was making C. makes

28. —Where is your aunt?
—She _____ England and she _____ London for a week.
A. has gone to; has been in
B. has been to; has been in
C. has gone to; has been to
29. I find it important _____ English in the morning.
A. read
B. reading
C. to read
30. You'd better take a pen with you _____ you can write down the tips.
A. so that
B. even though
C. as soon as

B)完形填空 阅读短文,掌握其大意,从每题所给的A、B、C三个选项中选择最佳答案填空。(共15小题,每小题1分)

These days, Chinese children are very busy. Sometimes they are busier on 31 than weekdays because they 32 take so many after-school classes. Many of them are learning exam skills so that they can get into a 33 high school and later a good university. Others are practicing sports so that they can compete and win. 34, this doesn't only happen in China.

Linda Miller, a mother of three, knows all about such stress. "In some families, competition starts very young and continues 35 the kids get older," she says. "Mothers send their small kids to all kinds of classes. And they are always 36 them with other children. It's crazy. I don't think that's fair. Why don't they just let their kids be kids? People shouldn't 37 their kids so hard."

Doctors say 38 pressure is not good for a child's development. Dr. Alice Green says all these activities can cause a lot of 39 for children. "Kids should have 40 to relax and think for themselves, although it's normal to want successful children."

31. A. weekdays
B. Mondays
C. weekends
32. A. have to
B. can
C. may
33. A. beautiful
B. good
C. bad
34. A. So
B. Unless
C. However
35. A. although
B. so that
C. until
36. A. competing
B. comparing
C. communicating
37. A. push
B. call
C. put
38. A. too much
B. any
C. no
39. A. fun
B. stress
C. happiness
40. A. stress
B. time
C. homework

得分	评卷人	复评人

III. 阅读技能(四部分,共20小题,每小题2分,计40分)

题号	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
答案															

A)阅读短文 根据短文内容判断所给句子正(T)误(F)。(共5小题,每小题2分)

Volunteering takes up our time, energy, and sometimes, money. But why do people still do that? Here are the reasons:

Volunteering is good for others. There are many people in need. Governments and professionals try to meet everyone's need, but it is difficult for them to do it all. That is why some people who need help. If people only think of themselves, the world will become a cruel(无情的) place. But when we try to help each other, we can help make our planet a better and happier home.

Volunteers and volunteer groups can bring food for hungry people, provide homes or clothes for those who need them, protect wildlife and natural areas. They can help people learn to read or do better at school.

On the other hand, volunteering is good for yourselves. You might get in return for your giving, for example, getting happier and healthier.

41. The world needs volunteers because there are many people in need.
42. It is difficult for governments to meet everyone's need.
43. Volunteers can help people in trouble, but can't protect wildlife and natural areas.
44. Volunteers can become happier and healthier in return.
45. From the passage, we know that we should think of ourselves first.

B) 阅读图表,从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案回答问题或完成句子。(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分)

阅读下面的表图,做 46—47 小题。

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Deposit(押金)—Free ◆ 4 Easy Steps: Open Alipay app Scan the QR code(扫码) to unlock Ride Park(停车)&Lock ◆ 1 yuan per hour 	
--	--

46. How can we unlock the shared bikes(共享单车)?
A. By using the keys. B. By scanning the QR codes. C. By using the ID cards.

What does "Deposit Free" mean?

- A. 存入押金 B. 退还押金 C. 免押金

阅读下面的材料,做 48—50 小题。

Summer is here again. People like swimming in summer because water makes them cool. To make sure the safety, remember these tips(提示):

- ◆ Let your parents or friends know before going swimming.
- ◆ Don't get into water when you are alone.
- ◆ If there is a "No swimming" sign, don't get into water.

(救命!!)



48. The tips are about _____.
A. Swimming B. playing C. singing
49. Can you swim when you are alone?
A. Yes, we can. B. No, we can't. C. Sure.
50. The sign "No swimming" means
A. You can't swim here. B. You can swim here.
C. You can swim here with your parents or friends.

C) 阅读短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳答案回答问题或完成句子。(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分)

When you meet problems, whom will you ask for help? Your parents, your teachers or your friends? You'd better tell others your bad feelings, and not face all the difficulties yourself. Remember that there is always someone to help you. Be kind to yourself and ask for help.

Name your feelings. For example, you may say "I am so angry!" loudly when you feel angry. You can also do exercises, listen to music, write a diary, play with a pet, go for a walk or do whatever helps you change to a better feeling.

Be calm. It is time for you to get down to business. You need to understand what the problem is, with the help of others. You must deal with (处理) the problems. If you work on it, you will find good ways to deal with it and you will become stronger after this experience. Unhappiness won't stay for a long time, so don't think problems will catch you all the time. Instead, you should always see the bright side.

51. What should you do when you meet problems according to the writer?
A. Face difficulties by yourself. B. Ask someone for help.
C. Ask others to deal with problems for you.

52. The writer tells us the following ways to deal with a bad feeling EXCEPT _____
 A. having a talk B. doing exercises C. travelling
53. Why must you deal with problems according to the passage? _____
 A. No one wants to help you. B. You can have something to talk about.
 C. This will make you strong.
54. You should _____ when you face difficulties.
 A. see the hope B. be honest C. be serious
55. What is the best title for the passage?
 A. Good Ways to Deal with Problems B. How to Get Along with Others
 C. Good Ways to Help Others

D) 根据短文内容, 完成下面的表格, 每空不超过 3 个单词。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分)

Dr. Zhong Nan shan was born in October, 1936 in Nanjing, Jiangsu Province. He is one of the famous medical scientists in the 21st century. He studied at Guangdong experimental high school in 1953 and graduated from Beijing Medical College in 1960. In the first Chinese National Games, Zhong Nan shan got the championship(冠军) of the men's 400m Hurdles(男子 400 米栏) and set up a National record at that time.



In the spring of 2003, the SARS epidemic(非典疫情) broke out in China and across the globe. Zhong Nan shan not only led but also took an active part in the battle against SARS. At that time no one really knew much about SARS and most people had no natural defenses (自然防御) against the disease. Dangerous as it was, Zhong Nan shan worked hard day and night treating the patients. Through their hard work for several months, Zhong Nan shan and his workmates achieved remarkable result. Soon the SARS epidemic was stopped in its track.

Zhong Nan shan was awarded one of the top ten people moving China in 2004. He has been working in the medical field for over 60 years. He is a good doctor in the countrymen's eyes and respected by all the people in China.

Dr. Zhong Nan shan was born in 56. _____, 1936, in Nanjing.
He 57. _____ from Beijing Medical College in 1960.
In 2003, he led and took an active part in the battle against 58. _____
He worked hard day and night 59. _____
He was awarded one of the top ten people 60. _____ in 2004.

56. _____ 57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____

得分	评卷人	复评人

IV. 写作技能(四部分, 共 16 小题, 计 40 分)

A) 综合填空 阅读下面短文, 根据单词、首字母、汉语和语境提示, 在每个空格内填入一个适当的词, 要求意义准确、拼写正确。(共 5 个小题, 每小题 1 分)

The story is about Journey to the West. The Monkey King is the main character 61. _____ the famous Chinese story. He is able 62. _____ (turn) himself into different animals and objects. But 63. u_____ he can hide his tail, he can't turn himself into a man. As soon as he sees bad people, he thinks of many useful 64. _____ (way) to fight them. The Monkey King has 65. _____ (使激动) the children of China for many years.

61. _____ 62. _____ 63. _____ 64. _____ 65. _____

B) 补全对话 根据对话内容, 在空白处填入一个恰当的句子, 使对话完整、通顺。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分)

A: Good morning, Tony!

B: 66, Miss Wu.

A: You don't look well. 67?

B: I can't sleep well at night, Miss Wu. I always feel tired. I have too much stress. I can't pass the English exams. 68?

A: Sure. I think you should learn to relax. And it's better for you to make good use of your time. If you have problems, you can ask your teacher for help.

A: 69. I'll have a try. Thanks for your advice.

B: 70. I hope you will feel better soon.

66. _____ 67. _____ 68. _____

69. _____ 70. _____

C) 英汉互译 阅读短文, 将文中画线的句子译成汉语或英语。(共 5 小题, 每小题 2 分)

71. Most of textbooks are used only once. At the end of the term, old textbooks are thrown away. 72. 这是不好的。 It is a big waste of money and paper.

In fact, students across the country buy 2.8 billion (28 亿) new textbooks every year. If the following year's students could reuse these textbooks, it would save over 20 billion Yuan per year. 73. The money can build 40,000 schools.

Now primary and junior high school students in several Chinese cities are reusing music, arts, science and IT textbooks. 74. That's because students don't write down anything in their textbooks. It makes them suitable for recycling.

However, these books only take up a small part of the total number of textbooks. 75. 你怎么看待这个问题呢?

71. _____ 72. _____

73. _____ 74. _____

75. _____

D) 作文(计 15 分)

76. 生活节奏加快, 竞争日益激烈, 很多中学生都有生活和学习上的压力, 如何应对压力是中学生不可回避的问题。为了更好地交流和解决这些问题, 你们班计划举行以 "Less Pressure, Better Life" 为主题的英语演讲比赛, 请你准备发言稿, 与同学们分享一些缓解压力的好办法。内容包括:

①同学们普遍存在的压力是什么; ②你的压力是什么; ③你是如何成功缓解压力的。

注意: 内容覆盖所有要点, 可适当发挥; 文中不得出现真实的姓名和校名; 词数 70 左右。

(已给出的文章开头, 不计入总词数。)

Less Pressure, Better Life

Hello, boys and girls!

Pressure is a serious problem in today's world. Students in our class are under too much pressure. _____
