

八年级英语试题

本试卷共 120 分,考试时间 90 分钟。

题型	听力部分					笔试部分					总分	
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X		XI
题号												
得分												

听力部分(30分)

I. 听句子,选出句子中所包含的信息。(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,计 5 分)

- () 1. A. ship B. shame C. sheep
 () 2. A. 8:15 B. 8:45 C. 9:00
 () 3. A. millions of B. hundreds of C. thousands of
 () 4. A. The bread maker works well.
 B. She bought the bread maker ten years ago.
 C. The bread maker has worked for two years.
 () 5. A. Sarah comes from America.
 B. Sarah isn't interested in American country music.
 C. Sarah likes American country music very much.

II. 听句子,选出该句的最佳答语。(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,计 5 分)

- () 6. A. Once a month. B. In a month. C. For a month.
 () 7. A. It was interesting. B. That's great. C. Yes, I can do it.
 () 8. A. I'm going to Dalian. B. In August. C. I have been to England.
 () 9. A. French. B. From Paris. C. He is Chinese.
 () 10. A. No, I don't. B. Yes, I did. C. Yes, I have.

III. 听对话和问题,选择正确答案。(共 8 小题,每小题 1 分,计 8 分)

() 11. Which Chinese story does John know?



() 12. What does Mary think is the most important invention in history?



() 13. What was the boy doing when the rainstorm came yesterday?
 A. Riding a bike. B. Visiting a museum. C. Waiting for a bus.

() 14. How was the weather yesterday evening?

- A. Warm. B. Hot. C. Cool.

() 15. What did the boy want Mary to do?

- A. To take a walk with him.
 B. To help him look after his cat,
 C. To help him with his math homework.

- () 16. What was Jack doing just now?
 A. He was studying for exams in the library.
 B. He was eating snacks in the library.
 C. He was talking with a girl in the library.

- () 17. Why didn't Jack talk about the problem with the girl?
 A. Because he didn't have enough time.
 B. Because he didn't want to argue with her.
 C. Because he knew the girl very well.

- () 18. Where are they going now?
 A. To the classroom. B. To the supermarket. C. To the old library.

IV. 听短文和问题,选择正确答案。(共 7 小题,每小题 1 分,计 7 分)

- () 19. What is Mengmeng's house made of?
 A. Stones. B. Wood. C. Boards.
 () 20. What does Mengmeng keep?
 A. A dog and a monkey. B. A pig and a cat.
 C. A dog and a cat.
 () 21. How does Mengmeng go to school?
 A. He walks to school.
 B. He rides a bike to school.
 C. He takes the bus to school.

- () 22. What did Marcus like doing when he was a primary school student?
 A. Writing stories. B. Doing housework. C. Reading newspapers.

- () 23. When did Marcus decide to help the homeless people?
 A. On a February morning.
 B. On a November afternoon.
 C. On a December evening.

- () 24. What did Marcus give to the homeless man for the first time?
 A. Some clothes. B. Some food. C. Some money.

- () 25. How old is Marcus now?
 A. 17. B. 18. C. 19.

V. 听短文填空。(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,共 5 分)

The activities on weekends	
Sarah	To teach the kids to 26. _____.
Linda	Can tell funny 27. _____. To visit 28. _____ in the hospital.
Tony	To teach the primary school students to play 29. _____.
Mary	To 30. _____ to look after animals.

笔试部分(90分)

VI. 单项填空(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,计 10 分)

- () 31. —Mum, it's too hot. _____ I swim in the lake?
 —No, you _____. That's too dangerous.
 A. Shouldn't; can't B. Need; mustn't
 C. Must; needn't D. Could; mustn't
 () 32. —Where is your friend Tom?
 —Oh, he has _____ Hongkong. But I have never _____ there before.
 A. gone to; been to B. gone; been
 C. gone to; been D. been to; gone to

乡(镇)
学校
班级
姓名
考场
考号

条形码粘贴处



- () 33. You can _____ this basketball for five days. But you must return it on time.
A. borrow B. lend C. keep D. return
- () 34. —Have you had the English test _____?
—No, not yet. But we have _____ had the math test.
A. already, yet B. yet, already
C. already, already D. yet, yet
- () 35. A dictionary is a useful _____ in English learning.
A. scarf B. camera C. tool D. crayon
- () 36. Jenny will call me _____ she gets to China the day after tomorrow.
A. though B. as soon as C. until D. unless
- () 37. His parents _____ Shandong for ten years.
A. have been B. have been to C. have been in D. have gone to
- () 38. In our class _____ of the students _____ boys.
A. three fifths; are B. three fifth; are
C. three fifths; is D. three fifth; is
- () 39. —Did you see a girl pass by just now? — No, sir. I _____ then.
A. read B. am reading C. have read D. was reading
- () 40. —Why are you packing so many books, grandma?
—I'll _____ to the kids in west China.
A. give them up B. give them away
C. give away them D. give them out

VII. 完形填空:(共10题,每小题1分,计10分)

阅读下面短文。从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A father and his daughter flew a kite in the park. When they stopped, the daughter saw an old man 41 apples. She asked her father to buy her some. The father didn't 42 much money with him. So, he only bought two apples and 43 them to his daughter.

The daughter held one apple in her left hand 44 the other in the right hand. Then the father asked her if she could 45 them with him. When the girl heard this, she 46 took a bite(咬) from one apple. And before her father could 47, she took a bite from the other apple. The father was 48. He wanted to know why his daughter did like that. A 49 disappeared(消失) from his face. But the daughter gave the apple in her left hand to her father and said "Dad, please have this one. This one is much 50." The father's smile came back because he knew why his daughter quickly took a bite from each apple.

Don't judge(判断) anything too quickly. Always spend some more time understanding things better.

- () 41. A. selling B. picking C. eating D. moving
- () 42. A. hide B. fight C. bring D. count
- () 43. A. told B. gave C. lose D. threw
- () 44. A. but B. so C. or D. and
- () 45. A. share B. play C. pay D. touch
- () 46. A. probably B. loudly C. quickly D. especially
- () 47. A. cry B. speak C. sleep D. dream
- () 48. A. excited B. brave C. relaxed D. angry
- () 49. A. smile B. trust C. light D. mark
- () 50. A. bigger B. smaller C. sweeter D. sourer

VIII. 阅读理解:(共15小题,每小题2分,计30分)

阅读A、B、C、D四篇材料,然后从各小题所给的四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A
Mary is a thirteen-year-old girl. She had a bad cold yesterday. She didn't want to eat anything. Her mother took her to see the doctor. The doctor gave her a bottle of medicine and told her to take it as the instruction(说明) says. Here is the instruction.

INSTRUCTION	
Cold medicine. Shake it before taking.	
Take it three times a day after dose(计量) for each time.	
Age	
Over 14	2 teaspoons
8-14	1 teaspoon
4-7	1/2 teaspoon
Keep it in a cold place.	
Take it before December 31, 2022.	

- () 51. What should Mary do before she takes the medicine?
A. Wash the bottle. B. Shake the bottle.
C. Drink some tea. D. Do some exercise.
- () 52. How much medicine should Mary take every day?
A. Half a teaspoon. B. One teaspoon.
C. Two teaspoons. D. Three teaspoons.
- () 53. Who can't take the medicine according to this instruction?
A. A six-year-old boy. B. A nine-year-old boy.
C. An eleven-year-old girl. D. A three-year-old girl.

B

A poor farmer had a friend who was famous for the wonderful apples he grew. One day, his friend gave the farmer a young apple tree and told him to take it home and plant it. The farmer was pleased with the gift, but when he got home, he did not know where to plant it.

He was afraid that if he planted the tree near the road, strangers would steal the fruit. If he planted the tree in one of his fields, his neighbors would come at night and steal some of the apples. If he planted the tree near his house, his children would take the fruit. Finally, he planted the tree in his woods where no one could see it. But without sunlight and good soil, the tree soon died.

Later the friend asked the farmer why he had planted the tree in such a poor place. "What's the difference?" the farmer told his thought angrily.

"Yes," said the friend, "but at least someone could have enjoyed the fruit. Now you not only have robbed(抢夺) every one of the fruit, but also you have destroyed(摧毁) a good apple tree!"

- () 54. Why didn't the farmer want to plant the tree in his field?
A. He thought strangers would steal the fruit.
B. He thought the tree would die.
C. He thought his children would take the fruit.
D. He thought his neighbors would steal the fruit.
- () 55. Why did the young tree die in the end?
A. Strangers pulled out the tree.
B. His neighbors cut down the tree.
C. His children broke the tree.
D. There was no sunlight and the soil was poor.



- () 56. What does the story tell us?
 A. We should care about others' feelings.
 B. We should learn to share beautiful things.
 C. The young tree can grow up one day.
 D. The young tree can provide apples for us when it grows up.

C

Photo Show

1,200 photos are on show.

You can see the whole of Yunnan history.
 Place: Yunnan Museum
 Date: 1 Mar. — 30 Jun.
 Price: ¥60
 Time: 9:00 a.m.—5:00 p.m. Monday to Friday
 9:00 a.m.—9:00 p.m. Weekends
 Tel: 64886888

Scottish Dancing

Scottish dancing is nice. You'll have great fun there!

Place: Star Dancing Club
 Date: 10 — 20 May
 Price: ¥150
 Time: 7:00 a.m.—10:00 p.m.
 Tel: 64021877

American Jazz

Enjoy real American jazz by Herbie Davis, the top trumpet player.

Place: Spring Theater
 Date: 15 — 23 Jun.
 Price: ¥100—150
 Time: 10:00 a.m.—11:50 p.m.
 Tel: 64668736

Enjoy your stay

Excellent service, single & double rooms, half price. Welcome to our hotel!

Sun Hotel	
Dates	Price(1 night)
1 Jan. — 31 Mar.	¥168
1 Apr. — 30 Apr.	(closed)
1 May — 31 Dec.	¥208
Tel: 64686788	

- () 57. You can see the whole of Yunnan history at _____ in April in Yunnan Museum.
 A. 7:00 am at weekends
 B. 9:00 pm from Monday to Friday
 C. 3:00 pm every day
 D. 7:00 pm every day
- () 58. You can enjoy _____ at Star dancing Club.
 A. American jazz
 B. yourself all morning
 C. 1,200 photos
 D. Scottish dancing
- () 59. If you have 70 Yuan, you can _____ in May
 A. go to Yunnan Museum
 B. watch Scottish dancing
 C. listen to jazz
 D. stay in Sun Hotel for one night

- () 60. Sun Hotel is open for _____ months of the year.
 A. nine
 B. ten
 C. eleven
 D. twelve

D

We have more or less trouble to face in our life. These things may give you too much stress which is bad for your development. So, how can we students deal with them?

As a student, schoolwork and grades are at the top of your stress list. You have a lot of schoolwork to do every day. Although your grades are not terrible, you may still worry that you are not as good as you expect. Why not make a daily or weekly plan for schoolwork? In this way, you can save more time to study and even **avoid** being too tired by taking some breaks. Don't be too strict with yourself. Just do what you can do. If you meet something beyond your ability, just go to your teacher for help—pick his or her brain or make any questions you don't understand clear.

Have you ever been worried about not having enough friends in school or not being in the same class with your best friends? Not getting along well with new classmates is also our common stress. It is important to choose your circle of friends. Don't hide yourself in your own world and try to make friends when you join in after-school activities. Make plans to meet your friends from other classes during break time. Know that everyone is different—do not compare yourself with others. You'll be less stressed that way.

Unhealthy eating habits and lack(缺乏) of sleep can also lead to stress. You are what you eat. Make healthy food choices that you can enjoy. Set a certain time to go to bed every night. Don't play computer games before you sleep. Do see a doctor if your sleeping problem continues.

The more successfully you deal with(处理) your stress, the better you will feel about yourself. Try out the above advice right away.

- () 61. What is the most stressful for a student?
 A. Unhealthy eating habits and lack of sleep.
 B. Not getting along well with new classmates.
 C. Lack of friends.
 D. Schoolwork and grades.
- () 62. What does the underlined word "**avoid**" in Paragraph 2 mean in Chinese?
 A. 加强
 B. 保持
 C. 避免
 D. 担心
- () 63. If your sleeping problem has troubled you for a long time, what can you do?
 A. Have a healthy eating habit.
 B. Go to see a doctor to ask for help.
 C. Play computer games before you sleep.
 D. Go to bed whenever you feel sleepy.
- () 64. What does the passage mainly talk about?
 A. Too much stress of students.
 B. Making friends with the new classmates.
 C. Poor eating habits and lack of sleep.
 D. How to deal with stress.
- () 65. Who is the text written for?
 A. Students who are facing some stress.
 B. Students who are learning new things.
 C. Students who are leaving school.
 D. Students who are having a trip.



IX. 任务型阅读(共 5 小题,每小题 2 分,计 10 分)。

阅读短文,并按要求完成后面小题

Do you care about your neighborhood? Jim Green really cares about his. When his town went into lockdown(封闭隔离) because of COVID - 19(新冠疫情), the 15 - year - old boy found he had lots of time on his hands. However, he didn't spend his time playing video games or watching films. He did something meaningful for his neighborhood.

The outdoor areas in Jim's neighborhood were not in good condition. Some road signs were dirty and some were covered by branches(被树枝遮住). Seeing this, Jim Green decided to clean the signs and cut the branches.

According to his mom, Jim Green would go out in the morning, spend all day going around the neighborhood and tidying things up, go home by evening, and do it again the next day. He was tired but happy.

Soon enough, people in his neighborhood saw his hard work. They shared before - and - after photos of the signs he had cleaned online. Many people were touched by his simple act of kindness. They were so thankful that they even donated(捐献) money to him. However, Jim Green didn't spend the money on new clippers(剪具) or even something for himself. He donated it to a local food bank for families in need. Jim Green is happy to see a tidy neighborhood. For him, that is the best pay off of his hard work. **It gives him a strong feeling of satisfaction and he plans to keep going.**

66—67 题完成句子; 68—69 题简略回答问题; 70 题将文中划线句子译成汉语。

66. Jim Green did something _____ for his neighborhood.
67. Jim Green spent all day _____ and tidying things up during the time of lockdown..
68. What did Jim decide to do when he saw his neighborhood was in bad condition?
- _____
69. What did Jim do with the money from the donation?
- _____
70. _____

X. 词语运用(共 10 小题,每小题 1 分,计 10 分) 阅读下面短文,在空白处填入一个适当的单词。

Our country has changed a lot. In the past, 71. _____ (million) of people moved out of the hometown to study or work in the city. Here are some of 72. _____ (they). Wang Lin 73. _____ (leave) his hometown in 2015. His parents work in a big city, so he studies in 74. _____ school there. He goes back to his hometown 75. _____ (two) a year. Lin Hong has 76. _____ (be) away from her hometown for five years. She moved 77. _____ the city with her parents after childhood. She missed her hometown very much. In her hometown, she played with many children 78. _____ (happy).

Nowadays so the government builds many 79. _____ (school). People do not need to leave their hometown. They can also get 80. _____ (good) education there than before. Everyone is happy to see the change.

XI. 基础写作。(共计 20 分)

A) 连词成句(共 5 小题,每小题 1 分,计 5 分)

将所给单词、短语连成句子,标点已给出。要求:符合语法,语句通顺,大小写正确,单词不得重复使用。

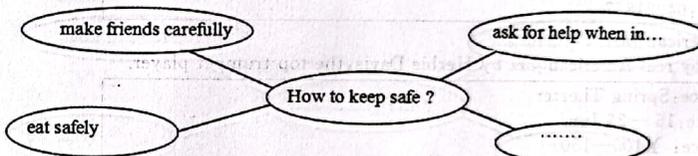
81. a, should, dentist, see, you

82. sleeping, they, yesterday, at nine, were

83. you, museum, been, ever, to, a, have
_____?
84. not, to, earlier, go, this, why, sleep, evening?
_____?
85. go, today, different, somewhere, let's.

B) 书面表达(计 15 分)

期待已久的暑假就要来临,同学们一定计划了很多的假期活动吧。为了增强同学们的安全意识,提高自我保护意识,请你根据以下的提示,写一封信给即将开始假期的同学们。



- 提示:1、短文应包括图表中的全部信息,条理清楚,行文连贯,段落分明,并增加 1—2 条。
2、短文中不能出现真实的人名和地名;
3、词数不少于 80 词左右。

密 封 线



八年级英语试卷参考答案及评分标准

听力部分(30分)

I. 听句子,选出句子中所包含的信息。(共5小题,每小题1分,计5分)

1—5BBCBC

II. 听句子,选出该句的最佳答语。(共5小题,每小题1分,计5分)

6—10CBCAC

III. 听对话和问题,选择正确答案。(共8小题,每小题1分,计8分)

11—13CBC 14—15CC 16—18ABC

IV. 听短文和问题,选择正确答案。(共7小题,每小题1分,计7分)

19—21ACA 22—25:CCAB

V. 听短文填空。(共5小题,每小题1分,共计5分)

26.dance 27.jokes 28.children 29. football 30. volunteer

VI. 单项填空(共10小题,每小题1分,计10分)

31—35DCCBC 36—40BCADB

VII. 完形填空:(共10题,每小题1分,计10分)

41—45. ACBDA 46—50. CBDA C

VIII. 阅读理解:(共15小题,每小题2分,计30分)

51—53 BDD 54—56 DDB 57—60CDAC 61—65: DCBDA

IX. 任务型阅读(共5小题,每小题2分,计10分)

66. meaningful

67. going around the neighborhood

68. He decided to clean the signs and cut the branches.

69. He donated it to a local food bank for families in need.

70. 这给了他一种强烈的满足感,他打算继续下去。

X. 词语运用(共10小题,每小题1分,计10分)



71. millions 72. them 73. left 74. a 75. twice

76. been 77. to 78. happily 79. schools 80. better

XI. 基础写作。(共计 20 分)

A) 连词成句(共 5 小题, 每小题 1 分, 计 5 分)

81. You should see a dentist .

82. They were sleeping at nine yesterday.

83. Have you ever been to a museum?

84. Why not go to sleep earlier this evening?

85 . Let's go somewhere different today.

B) 书面表达(计 15 分) 略

