

七年级英语

(试卷满分:120分,考试时间:120分钟)

考生注意:请考生在答题卡上认真作答,不能在本试卷上作答,答在本试卷上的一律无效。

第一部分 选择题 (五大题; 共 75 分)

听力试题

一、短对话理解 (共 8 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 12 分)

听下面 8 段短对话。每段对话后有一道小题, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What is Mr Li doing?



A



B



C

2. What is the weather like now?

A. Rainy.

B. Snowy.

C. Windy.

3. How is the drop of water feeling now?

A. Happy.

B. Tired.

C. Angry.

4. What are Jenny's favourite animals?

A. Monkeys.

B. Tigers.

C. Pandas.

5. Where is Dora now?

A. In the living room.

B. In the kitchen.

C. In the bathroom.

6. What does the girl usually do first after school?

A. She does her homework.

B. She has dinner.

C. She watches TV.

7. What time did Tom get up today?

A. At 6 o'clock.

B. At 7 o'clock.

C. At 8 o'clock.

8. How does Clark usually go to work?

A. By bus.

B. By bike.

C. By car.

二、长对话理解 (共 12 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 共 18 分)

听下面 4 段长对话。每段对话后有三道小题, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你将有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话读两遍。

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. Where is Eric going?
A. To the sports club. B. To the art club. C. To the music club.
10. Who does Eric go home with?
A. His classmate. B. His brother. C. His friend.
11. Which class is Eric in?
A. Class Four. B. Class Five. C. Class Six.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 12 至 14 题。

12. How many kinds of butterflies are there in the butterfly house?
A. Over 100. B. Over 200. C. Over 300.
13. Why did the man stay up late?
A. He watched the basketball game.
B. He watched the volleyball game.
C. He watched the football game.
14. What are the two speakers mainly talking about?
A. Their weekend.
B. The Natural History Museum.
C. The game on TV.

听第 11 段材料, 回答第 15 至 17 题。

15. Who loves cooking in David's family?
A. His sister. B. His dad. C. His mum.
16. What's David's hobby?
A. Swimming. B. Skiing. C. Skating.
17. How much does David's training cost a week?
A. About ¥2,000. B. About ¥3,000. C. About ¥4,000.

听第 12 段材料, 回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What does John think of the first poem?
A. Sad. B. Boring. C. Interesting.
19. In the first poem, what does the boy's dad probably do?
A. A fireman. B. A builder. C. A policeman.
20. What advice does the poem *The old newspaper seller* give us?
A. We should read newspapers.
B. We shouldn't laugh at others.
C. We should smile more often.

笔试试题

一、单项填空（共 10 小题，每小题 0.5 分；满分 5 分）

从A、B、C、D中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

21. When she was 16, Jane dreamt of _____ career studying wild animals in Africa.
A. a B. an C. the D. (不填)
22. The sky in the night looks like black velvet _____ millions of diamonds on it.
A. from B. about C. across D. with
23. "Be quiet," said Mike in a low _____ to his classmate.
A. sound B. noise C. voice D. cry
24. We can't drink rain water _____ it is dirty.
A. because B. before C. until D. though
25. With the help of his teachers, David has change a lot. He is a _____ boy now.
A. lazy B. sad C. careless D. lively
26. — Could I borrow your dictionary?
— Yes, of course you _____.
A. could B. can C. must D. should
27. There are a lot of people at the train station. They _____ for the train.
A. are waiting B. waited C. will wait D. were waiting
28. Jane Goodall made _____ dream come true because she never gave up.
A. him B. her C. them D. us
29. After Picasso _____, he learnt a lot from the works of different painters.
A. grew up B. came up C. put up D. got up
30. — Why not buy a present for your mum online?
— _____.
A. You're welcome B. Thanks a lot
C. Sorry, I don't D. That's a good idea

二、完形填空（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；满分 10 分）

阅读短文，掌握其大意，然后从A、B、C、D中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

At midnight, I was woken up by some noises. When I opened my _____ 31 _____, I was surprised at what we saw. My pencil box was open. All _____ 32 _____ pens were dancing. The ruler was singing. The eraser was _____ 33 _____ on the pencil box like a drummer (鼓手). I kept quiet to _____ 34 _____ their show.

The pencil box started to complain (抱怨), "Our owner always _____ 35 _____ me on the floor. He doesn't like me!" The eraser said, "You're much _____ 36 _____ than me. He always leaves me in his desk at school, _____ 37 _____ throws me into the corner of his school bag." All my pencils stopped to sigh (叹气) together. "We hope that our owner _____ 38 _____ us," the ruler said.

At that moment, my mum came into my _____ 39 _____. All my stationery (文具) kept quiet. I told my mum _____ 40 _____ happened just now. She told me it was a dream. But I knew it was not a dream.

31. A. hands B. eyes C. arms D. ears
32. A. their B. your C. his D. my

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 33. A. jumping | B. walking | C. running | D. flying |
| 34. A. find | B. watch | C. start | D. prepare |
| 35. A. throws | B. takes | C. pulls | D. sends |
| 36. A. worse | B. nicer | C. luckier | D. cleverer |
| 37. A. and | B. but | C. or | D. so |
| 38. A. help | B. love | C. see | D. visit |
| 39. A. office | B. school | C. hall | D. room |
| 40. A. which | B. why | C. where | D. what |

三、阅读理解

第一节 (共 16 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 24 分)

阅读下列四篇短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

A

A lot of students are having all kinds of sports.

A football game is going between Class 1 and Class 2. Can you tell me which team will win? Do you see many people over there? Some are practising the high jump. Zhang Ping from Class 4 is a good player. He practices hard every day. He wants to jump higher than other students at the sports meeting. Some girls are getting ready for a race.

Now, on the corner of the field, you can see another group of students. Their teacher is telling them how to throw the discus (铁饼).

The students are good at sports. They all know sports are helpful to their health.

41. What's the best title of the text?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. Practising hard | B. Having sports |
| C. Getting ready for a race | D. Being good at sports |

42. What are Class 1 and Class 2 doing?

- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A. Watching a football game. | B. Watching a basketball game. |
| C. Playing football. | D. Playing basketball. |

43. What does Zhang Ping practise every day?

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------|
| A. The long jump. | B. The high jump. |
| C. Throwing the discus. | D. Playing football. |

44. From the text, we can infer (推断) that _____.

- | | |
|--|---|
| A. the students like doing sports | B. Zhang Ping is good at running |
| C. some girls are getting ready to run | D. the teacher practices hard every day |

B

Yesterday I got an e-mail from Emily. She is my old classmate. I remembered her face at once. She was the president (主席) of the singing club at that time.

Clubs, clubs, clubs. Yes, everyone at school probably tried to join a club of some kind. There are many clubs in my school. We have a karate (空手道) club, a modern dance club, a club for Frisbee (飞盘), a football club, an environmental club, an Indian culture club, an Asian culture club...

Last year I went to the karate club on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays after school. I've finally got a belt.

There are so many clubs that I like but don't have the time for. I once joined the chess

club after I met Aaron and Brian. They are both good at chess. I went with them to a chess game and beat (打败) some people. But later, chess classes were held at the same time as karate, so I had to stop going.

Next year, I'm going to try and get into a chess game again.

15. Who is Emily according to the text?
- A. The teacher of the singing club. B. The president of the singing club.
C. The old classmate of the author. D. The old student of the author.
46. Which of the following clubs are mentioned (提及) in the text?
- A. A painting club. B. A modern dance club.
C. An English club. D. A music club.
47. When did the author attend the karate club?
- A. On Sunday. B. On Saturday. C. On Friday. D. On Monday.
48. When did the author joined the chess club?
- A. After he met Aaron and Brian. B. Before he met Aaron and Brian.
C. After he beat some people. D. Before he had much time.

C

About 100 years ago, many educated (受过良好教育的) people learned and spoke French when they met people from other countries. Today, most people speak English when they meet foreigners. It has become the new international (国际的) language. There are many reasons why English has become so popular. One of them is that English has become the language of business. Another important reason is that popular American culture has quickly spread (传播) all over the world. It has brought its language with it.

Is it good to have a language that all the people on Earth have in common?

Scientists have tried to create a common language that isn't difficult and doesn't include (包括) any one group's culture. It is called Esperanto. But it hasn't become popular. But maybe the popularity (流行) of English won't last that long either. Who knows? There are more people in the world who speak Chinese than any other language. Maybe someday Chinese will be the new international language.

49. Which language is more popular about 100 years ago?
- A. English. B. French. C. Chinese. D. Esperanto.
50. One of the reasons why people like to speak English now is that _____.
- A. it is the language of business B. it is important in the world
C. it is difficult to speak D. it is popular in America
51. From the text, we know that Esperanto is _____.
- A. hard B. popular C. easy D. strange
52. It seems that the author thinks _____.
- A. few people speak Chinese B. few people speak English
C. more people will speak Chinese D. more people will speak English

D

A saying goes, "The early bird catches the worm (虫子)." I'm a girl who never puts off (拖延) until tomorrow what I can do today. In fact, I'm always quick to act and do things in time.

After school, I'll rush home to do my homework. I get it done as soon as possible. I will never watch TV or join my friends to play before my homework is finished. If there's a

hard problem, I'll keep working on it.

When study is over, I have spare time all to myself. I don't have a burden (负担) on my mind. So I can make plans out of my own interests.

One of my interests is acting and hosting (主持). I've already started trying these out. I got to act in a movie and I also became a student host at my school.

But it wasn't easy to develop my homework habits. I was once a lazy child. I hated to get up early and I put things off until the last minute. But I made up my mind to be strict with myself. My parents and friends helped me change little by little.

How about you? Being early to do things really makes a difference!

53. According to the text, the author is a girl who _____.

- A. never joins her friends to play B. always watches TV after school
C. is never quick to act D. does things in time

54. "The early bird catches the worm." means _____.

- A. 早起捉虫 B. 捷足先登 C. 万事开头难 D. 一箭双雕

55. What is the author interested in from the text?

- A. Making plans. B. Seeing a movie.
C. Doing her homework. D. Acting and hosting.

56. How did the author develop her homework habits?

- A. By making up her mind to study hard.
B. By putting things off until the last minutes.
C. With the help of her parents and friends.
D. With the help of her teachers and classmates.

第二节 (共4小题; 每小题1.5分, 满分6分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的五个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有一项为多余选项。

April is the month of fun. It begins with a day of laughter. There are also many other important holidays and events in April. Are you interested? Have a read about the most fun month in spring!

Don't believe everything on April 1. It is April Fools' Day! 57

April Fools' Day comes from the change of calendar (历法) in the 16th century. Before 1582, New Year's Day was April 1. The French King Charles IX changed New Year's Day to January 1 in 1582.

But some people didn't believe it. 58 So other people called them "April fools".

Now, April Fools' Day is popular among children in Western countries. 59

A popular joke is making strange food.

For example, kids put some toothpaste (牙膏) between two pieces of biscuits (饼干), and give it to their friends. 60

- A. They like to play little jokes on their friends.
B. If they eat it, you can shout: "April fools!"
C. They still celebrated the new year on April 1.
D. Does he like April Fools' Day?
E. It's the best time to play jokes on people.

第二部分 非选择题 (四大题, 共 45 分)

四、阅读填空 (共 7 小题, 每小题 1 分; 满分 7 分)

阅读短文, 然后用短文括号中所给词的适当形式填空。

Alex, Nicole and Vickie are friends. They live in the same neighborhood. They want 61 (make) some money to buy Christmas presents.

"We need to print out fliers (传单) and pass them around to all the houses," says Nicole. Alex's dad helps them print out fliers. The 62 (third) friends go to all the houses. They put a flier in 63 (everyone) mailbox.

"It's winter," says Vickie. "There is 64 (more) snow on the ground. Maybe people will need us to sweep the snow for them."

First, Mrs. Jones hires (雇佣) the 65 (child) to sweep the snow from her driveway(车道). She says, "I have twin baby girls. I am much too busy to sweep the snow 66 (me)."

Then, Mrs. Smith calls them. She says, "I am very old, and the snow is much too heavy for me to move."

They work very hard sweeping the snow. It is cold, but they also have great fun 67 (do) it. They make 30 dollars in all. Now they can buy nice Christmas presents for their friends and families.

五、阅读问答 (共 4 小题, 每小题 2 分; 满分 8 分)

阅读短文, 然后根据内容回答所提问题。

Sam and his family went on a world tour. He wrote a postcard to his friend about one of the places he visited.

7 May	STAMP
Dear Alice,	
We stayed at a guest house in Fiji. The guest house's name was the Paradise Inn. After lunch, we rode bicycles around the island. It was very interesting. In the evening, we went to the beach and had a walk.	_____
Best wishes,	_____
Sam	_____

68. When did Sam write the postcard?

69. Which place did Sam visit?

70. What's the name of the guest house?

71. Did Sam have a walk after lunch? ()

六、任务型阅读 (共5小题, 每小题2分; 满分10分)

阅读短文, 然后按要求完成下面五个试题。

Dora was in the bathroom. The tap was on.

“Turn that tap off” said an angry voice. “(A)你正在浪费水。”

Dora looked around, but there was (B) no one there.

“Who are you?”

“I’m a drop of water. Do you know where I come from?”

“From the tap?” asked Dora.

“A few days ago, I was in a cloud,” said the drop of water. “Then I (C) dropped into a river and ran into a reservoir. Then it was time (D) _____ people to clean me.”

“Clean you?” Dora asked.

“Yes. I was dirty. They cleaned me and added some chemicals to me. Then I travelled through the pipes under the streets and now I’m here.”

Dora asked, “So is this (E) _____ end of your journey?”

“No. People will make me clean again. I’ll go into a river and then into the sea again.”

“Again?”

“Yes. My journey starts there. (F) Remember not to waste or pollute me. I’m valuable.”

Dora turned the tap off and came out of the bathroom.

72. 将文中划线部分 (A) 译成英语:

73. 写出文中划线部分 (B) 和 (C) 的同义词或近义词。

74. 在文中 (D) 和 (E) 的空白处分别填入适当的单词。

75. 将文中划线部分 (F) 改写为: Don’t _____ to _____ me and not to pollute me.

76. 从文中找出能代表水滴旅行起始地方的一个名词。

七、书面表达 (满分20分)

假定你是李华。你的英国笔友 Mike 来信想了解你在学校最好的朋友——张利的情况。请你给他写一封回信, 内容包括:

1. 写信的目的;

2. 介绍张利;

3. 表达期待。

注意: 1. 词数 60-80。开头和结尾已为你写好, 不计入总词数;

2. 短文须包括所给内容信息。可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

Dear Mike,

I’m glad to receive a letter from you. _____

Yours,

Li Hua