

2021—2022 学年度（下）期末教学质量测评样题

八年级英语

注意事项:

1. 全套试卷分为 A 卷和 B 卷，A 卷含听力测试。A 卷满分 100 分，B 卷满分 50 分；考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 在作答前，考生务必将自己的姓名，准考证号涂写在答题卡规定的地方。考试结束，监考人员将答题卷一并收回。
3. 选择题部分必须使用 2B 铅笔填涂；非选择题部分也必须使用黑色签字笔书写，字体工整，笔迹清楚。
4. 请按照题号在答题卷上各题目对应的答题区域内作答，超出答题区域书写的答案无效；在草稿纸，试卷上答题均无效。
5. 保持答题卷清洁，不得折叠、污染、破损等。

A 卷(100 分)

第一部分 听力（共 30 小题，计 30 分）

一、听句子，根据所听到的内容选择正确答语。每小题念两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

1. A. I'm OK. B. I'm Eric. C. I'm here.
2. A. Thank you. B. Enjoy yourself. C. No problem.
3. A. Good job! B. Good idea! C. Good news!
4. A. Yes, I did. B. Yes, I do. C. Yes, I have.
5. A. Neither did I. B. Me neither. C. Me, too.

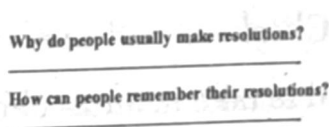
二、听句子，选择与所听句子内容相符合的图片，并将代表图片的字母填涂在答题卡的相应位置。每小题念两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）



A



B



C



D

Jenny's hometown	
Places	How long has it been here?
town	
library	
science	
museum	

E

6. () 7. () 8. () 9. () 10. ()

三、听对话，根据对话内容及问题选择正确答案。每段对话念两遍（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

11. A. Talk with Dave. B. Write a letter to Dave. C. Call Dave.



12. A.



B.



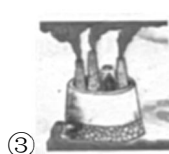
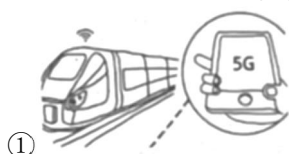
C.

13. A. Cleaning the bedroom. B. Doing the dishes. C. Listening to music.
14. A. *Little Women*. B. *Oliver Twist*. C. *Treasure Island*.
15. A. A teacher and a student. B. A mother and a son. C. A guide and a visitor.
16. A. For about five years. B. For about one day. C. For about one week.

17. A. On Saturday morning. B. On Sunday morning. C. On Sunday afternoon.
 18. A. Li Hua. B. Grace. C. Jack.
 19. A. It's about 3, 000, 000. B. It's about 6, 000, 000. C. It's about 9, 000, 000.
 20. A. At school. B. In the hospital. C. At home.

四、听短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案。短文念两遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

21. What is the girl?
 A. An artist. B. A student. C. A writer.
 22. What is *Future is Coming* mainly about?
 A. It's about the future relations between cities.
 B. It's about the girl's hometown in the future.
 C. It's about the achievements of science and technology.
 23. Which of the following appears in *Future is Coming*?



- A. ①②③ B. ①②④ C. ②③④
 24. How did the girl show her talent and get friendships in the Indonesian school?
 A. By making interesting stories.
 B. By teaching Chinese.
 C. By using the paper and brushes.
 25. What is the girl's opinion?
 A. People who speak different languages can't understand each other.
 B. Art can help understand one another and share ideas.
 C. We all should learn more than one foreign language.

五、听短文，根据短文内容完成表格中所缺信息，并将答案填写在答题卡相应题号后。短文念三遍。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

Memory	
The <u>26</u> of memory	Memory can help you remember almost everything.
Three kinds of memory	※Immediate(瞬时) memory: It holds information for not <u>27</u> a second. ※Short-term memory: It can hold some pieces of information at a time and holds them for about 30 seconds. ※Long-term memory: It can hold information for the whole of your lives and help you remember both <u>28</u> and <u>28</u> .
The ways to improve memory	※Exercise your brain: You can learn something new and <u>29</u> some old daily habits. ※Live a healthy life: You must have a healthy eating habit and get enough sleep. ※Stay <u>30</u> : You needn't worry too much.

第二部分 基础知识运用（共 30 小题；计 40 分）

A. 从各题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择正确答案。(共 10 小题, 每小题 1 分; 计 10 分)

- B. 补全对话。根据对话内容，从方框中选出适当的选项补全对话。并将选项中的编号字母依次填在答题卡的相应位置。（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分；计 10 分）

A: I used to enjoy country music, but now I like jazz best.

- B. Then what's your favorite?
 C. I hate listening to rock music.
 D. I usually listen to music in my free time.
 E. I used to enjoy pop music, but now I like light music

七、完形填空。通读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容，从 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。(共 15 小题，A 篇每小题 2 分，B 篇每小题 1 分，共计 20 分)

A



Qomolangma is one of the hardest mountains to climb. It 46 the highest of all the mountains in the world. Thick clouds cover the top and snow can fall very hard. Climbers will even meet more 47 such as freezing weather and heavy storms. It is also very hard to take in air as climbers get near the top.

Chinese researchers successfully reached the top of the mountain again in May although it is not easy. They 48 the automatic meteorological monitoring station(自动气象观测站) at an altitude(海拔) of 8,830 meters. This station replaced Balcony Station, built by the United States and British at an altitude of 8,430 meters in 2019, as the 49 weather station on Earth.

For the first time, Chinese scientists can collect information from the top of the world's highest mountain. Studying information from Qomolangma will help 50 answer important questions.

- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 46. A. throws | B. jumps | C. rises |
| 47. A. performances | B. difficulties | C. treasures |
| 48. A. cleaned up | B. set up | C. fixed up |
| 49. A. highest | B. lowest | C. oldest |
| 50. A. him | B. them | C. it |

B

This is a story about two smart men—Zhuge Liang and Zhou Yu. The Chinese people have 51 it for many years.

One day, Zhou Yu gave Zhuge Liang a(n) 52 job. He asked him to make 100,000 arrows in ten days. In fact, he hardly believed that Zhuge Liang could finish the job on time. "No problem," Zhuge Liang said, "I'll bring you 100,000 arrows in three days."

Zhuge Liang asked his soldiers(士兵) to 53 20 large boats with many straw men. On the early morning of the third day, Zhuge Liang's soldiers sailed(航行)the boats 54 the camps of Cao Cao's army on 55 side of the river. The soldiers shouted and beat their drums loudly.



When Cao Cao's soldiers heard the 56, they thought they were under attack(袭击). 57, they could not see clearly through the thick fog(雾) on the river. Cao Cao ordered his soldiers to shoot arrows to the sounds of the drums and the shouting. Zhuge Liang's boats were soon full of arrows.

Zhuge Liang's soldiers then 58 the boats and shouted, "Thank you for your arrows, Cao Cao." Zhuge Liang took 59 of the arrows to Zhou Yu. There were even more than 100,000 of them. When Zhou Yu found out how Zhuge Liang 60 the arrows, he said: Sir is really smart and I really can't match him.

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------|
| 51. A. spoken | B. said | C. told |
| 52. A. easy | B. impossible | C. usual |

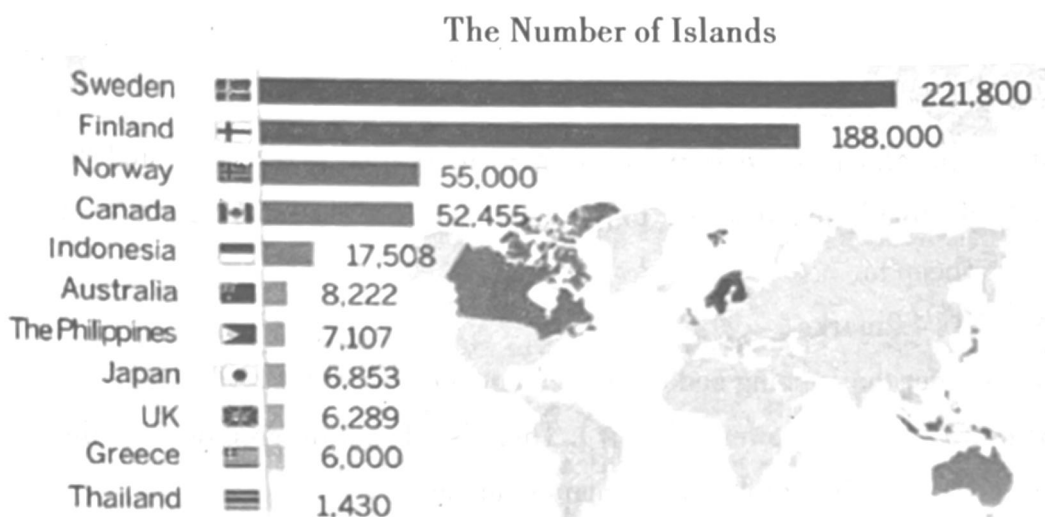
- | | | |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 53. A. fill | B. hide | C. clear |
| 54. A. through | B. towards | C. over |
| 55. A. another | B. other | C. the other |
| 56. A. music | B. sound | C. song |
| 57. A. However | B. Instead | C. Still |
| 58. A. gave away | B. handed out | C. turned around |
| 59. A. all | B. both | C. none |
| 60. A. invented | B. lent | C. borrowed |

第三部分阅读理解（共 15 小题；计 30 分）

八、阅读短文，根据短文内容判断句子正误。正确的涂 A，错误的涂 B。（共 5 小题，每题 2 分；计 10 分）

Many countries around the world can be proud of(以……感到骄傲) having the most of something. Canada has the most lakes—around 879, 000 while Russia has the most trees. Forty-five percent of the land there is forest.

When it comes to islands, which country tops the list?



Canada is much bigger in size, but it has fewer islands than Sweden, Finland or Norway in Northern Europe. Among them, Sweden gets the first place. Although it is not a big country, it has lots of lakes and islands. Most of the islands there have no people living. Some islands are just 25 square meters. That's about the size of a one-car garage(车库). Some islands are out of repair. People even can't remember their names clearly. It's interesting that if you travel to Sweden, it's hard to notice you've come to a country of thousands of islands. However, there are two main islands which are large enough to provide nice living environment for most Sweden people.




61. The passage mainly talks about the most of something in every country around the world.
62. The number of islands in Australia is eight times more than that in Thailand.
63. According to the list, the top three countries for islands are all in Northern Europe.
64. The writer describes how small some islands are in Sweden by numbering and comparing.
65. We can get the reason why these Sweden islands are out of repair from the passage.

九、阅读下面两篇短文，根据短文内容选择正确答案（共 10 小题，每题 2 分；计 20 分）

A

Park City Chengdu—Being a Large Park Now

Looking down at Chengdu city from the sky, you will see more and more places in green. A number of parks and wetland make a big difference to turning the city into a beautiful large-park. Let's get some first-hand information about some of them.

Newest Favorite Parks for Local People			
Names and Pictures		Sizes	Locations
Dong'an Lake Sports Park		0.32 km ²	Longquanyi District(区域) in Chengdu
Chengdu Guixi Eco-Park		0.933 km ²	Gaoxin District in Chengdu
Longquan Mountains Urban(城市) Park		1275 km ²	Longquanyi District in Chengdu

The Comments(评价) for Each Park:



Michael ★★★★★ 4.1marks

I got married at Gaoxin Marriage Registration(婚姻登记) Office which is located just right in this park. After a long walk, we finally found it next to the markers in the shape of big red hearts. It is really the largest park I've ever been to.



Cao Ta ★★★★★ 4.2 marks

Since the park is built for the opening and closing ceremonies(庆典) of FISU(大运会), many people were taking photos with the huge flare tower(火炬塔). There is a beautiful greenway for the young to run along. No riding in the park is the only problem that matters to me.



Wu Li ★★★★★ 4.5marks

Everything in my eyes was beautiful when climbing the mountain. On the Danjing Platform(平台), I saw the sign of a golden "sun" on the platform. It is said that if you overlook from the sky, it is actually like a "Sun God Bird".

66. How are the parks listed in the chart?
 - A. In alphabetical (ABC) order of the names.
 - B. From the smallest to biggest in size.
 - C. By their locations. .
67. Which park is located in Gaoxin District of Chengdu?
 - A. Dong'an Lake Sports Park.
 - B. Chengdu Guixi Eco-Park.
 - C. Longquan Mountains Urban Park.
68. According to the comments, which of the following is true?
 - A. Michael has been to the largest park in Chengdu.
 - B. Gao Ta can run, take photos and ride bikes in the park he went.
 - C. Wu li has been to a park where people can climb the mountain.
69. From the highest marks to the lowest, three parks should be in the order of _____ .
 - ①Dong'an Lake Sports Park

②Chengdu Guixi Eco-Park

③Longquan Mountains Urban Park

A. ③>①>②

B. ③>②>①

C. ①>③>②

70. What is the writing purpose of the passage?

A. To understand people's lives in Chengdu.

B. To introduce the newest parks in Chengdu.

C. To show how large the parks are in Chengdu.

B

Do you know how to clean rooms or grow plants? Could you cook by yourself? If not, you will soon. These will all be part of Chinese education starting this fall.

A new standard(标准) for labor(劳动) education recently came out. Students in primary and middle school will have at least one class a week to try and experience different kinds of chores and learn different life skills and even job skills for each grade.

Middle school students need to learn the following skills:

Everyday Chores

Seventh-to ninth-graders have to clean up their rooms and classrooms. When there's a travel plan, they should pick their proper clothes and pack a suitcase(行李箱) by themselves. While fifth-and sixth-graders know how to cook two or three common dishes, middle school students need to cook one or two more dishes than them. Making healthy daily eating plan is also necessary to learn. What's more, they are asked to challenge themselves to look after and fix home appliances, such as washing the air conditioner(空调) and cleaning the washing machine.



Productive Labor

Middle school students have to take part in both local labor, such as planting and fishing, and one or two industrial products(工业产品), like paper-making. Making one or two kinds of traditional handicrafts(手工艺品) such as pottery(陶艺) and wood caving(木工) is in the standard, too.

Service Labor

It's middle school students' duty to do one or two kinds of volunteer work like helping put the shared bikes in order and be ready to take part in modern service labor.

This move is to make Chinese students' life colorful and build their character through labor. Schools and homes are the main positions to achieve the goals of labor education. The standard also calls on families to take part in students' labor education in order to help students be more independent.

So let us develop labor abilities and spirits on this summer vacation!

71. As a middle school student, what are the following everyday chores you should do?

①Clean your classrooms by yourself.

②Pack your personal belongings into the suitcase without your parents' help.

③Learn to cook two or three common dishes.

④Eat healthy food on the table.

⑤Take care of the washing machine in your house.

A. ①②⑤

B. ①②④

C. ③④⑤

72. What does the underlined word “appliances” mean?
- A. 电器 B. 家具 C. 厨具
73. What are the goals of labor education?
- A. To make students’ life colorful and help with service labor.
- B. To let students live colorfully and build an independent character.
- C. To develop China’s labor education and call on families to work together.
74. How could we achieve the goals of labor education?
- A. By building many schools with lots of labor work all year round.
- B. By giving the chances of working and living alone to make students independent.
- C. By setting up at least one Labor class a week at school and letting parents teach life skills at home.
75. What’s the best title of the passage?
- A. How New Standard Works in China
- B. The Development of Labor Education
- C. Doing Labor to Build Students’ Character

B 卷(50 分)

一、首字母填空。根据句意及首字母提示完成句中所缺单词。(共5小题, 每小题1分; 计5分)

1. To keep making a push on the project of Bashu Cultural Tourism Corridor(走廊), Chengdu researchers c_____ studying on Bashu culture.
2. The high-technology robots in Beijing Paralympic Games(残奥会) played an important role in o_____ players a better service.
3. In recent years, China's high-speed railway has gone through the r_____ development-reaching up to 605 kilometers per hour that no other country's catches up with.
4. Tiangong lessons in Dec. 2021 and Mar. 2022 were so amazing that they have strongly i_____ me in Physics, Science and space life.
5. Nowadays China has made lots of a _____ on spaceflight since Chinese succeeded in going into outer space.

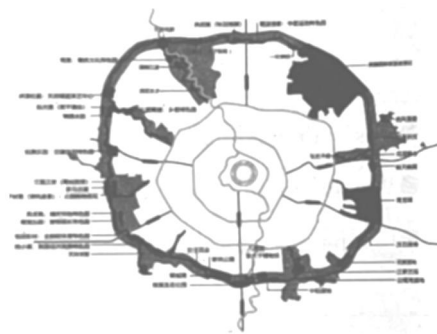
二、完成对话。在下面对话后的空格中填上适当的单词，使对话完整正确。一空一词。(共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分)

A: Hey, Ming. Have you heard that Chengdu recently opened Tianfu Greenway for people to ride?

B: Hi, Lin. Yes. It's the longest greenway in China, which is 100 kilometers. No other greenways can _____1_____ with it. It is anew “name card” of Chengdu.

A: Have you tried riding a bike on it?

B: Yes, I have. Last Sunday, my father and I went bike riding on it. We started from Jincheng Lake at 8 o'clock in the morning and finished around 5 o'clock in the afternoon.



A: You ____2____ it took you about nine hours to go all the way around. That's amazing. I think it's impossible for me to do that. I am not good at sports.

B: Not really. You can choose the way from Jincheng Lake to Jiangjia Art Garden. You can see many children and old people riding there so it's a good way for people of all ____3____.

A: That sounds easy.

B: Actually, the ____4____ of this way are so great. The road is smooth(平坦). Also, people can enjoy special scenery(风景)along the way, ____5____ internet-famous bridges, buildings and so on. You can take photos with them. There are so many stores and fun places. I am sure you can enjoy yourself all the way.

A: I can ____6____ how exciting it is to ride a bike on it! But I don't have my own bike.

B: It doesn't ____7____ if you don't have a bike because you can find shared bikes at every entrance and exit(出入口). How about ____8____ yourself to finish the whole ride? I am sure you'll make it.

A: That sounds great. Could you mind going bike riding again with me ____9____ you've tried it?

B: Not at all. Next Sunday, let's draw a ____10____ around the whole of Chengdu.

三、短文填空。从下面方框中选出 10 个单词，用它们的适当形式填入短文后的空格内，使短文意思正确、通顺（每词限用一次）。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

ancient	bore	clear	day	everything	forget	hardly	pass	remind	sick	watch	with
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Have you ever tried hiking? I had my first hiking experience on Jade Dragon Snow Mountain with my friend when I went to Yunnan.

This was the first time I had traveled so far ____1____ my parents. I was very excited and discussed the plan with my friend almost every week before the trip. Unluckily, not ____2____ went according to the plan. When we arrived at Lijiang, the weather was not good. It was a cloudy day and we could ____3____ see the mountain. My friend and I decided to book a guide to the Jade Dragon Snow Mountain.

The next morning, the guide met us on time at the hotel. We ____4____ a lake on our way to the mountain. The lake was beautiful. There were lots of wild animals. It ____5____ me of a poem(诗): "When the winds blow, and grass bends low, sheep and cattle will emerge before your eyes."



At the foot of the mountain, we could only see mountains, soil and the sky. When we arrived at the top, I started to feel a bit ____6____. It was hard for me to take in air. This made it hard to enjoy the view. The guide gave me good advice. He said, "____7____ your step instead of thinking about how many steps you have to take." It was not easy, but the experience was ____8____. It was nice to see the valley (山谷)from up above when we finished the hike.

During the twenty ____9____ trip to Yunnan, we climbed the mountains, visited Stone Forest and tried many kinds of food. We also went to lots of ____10____ towns. Most of them have a history of hundreds of years. It is hard to say which part was the best. Things like this make it so fun to travel.

四、阅读表达（共 10 小题；计 10 分）

A. 补全短文。根据短文内容，从短文后的 A~F 选项中选出适当的选项补全短文。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

Social media (社交媒体)is certainly an interesting place to learn others' opinions. You can read everything from strange ideas to true facts. ____1____ What should you do? In fact, you might feel so strongly that you

should reply to this person at once. _____ 2 _____ You finish writing out your reply, click(点击) “Post” and win the argument!

_____ 3 _____ Most people don’t like it when other people disagree with their ideas, especially online strangers. It’s unlikely that they will change their opinions just because you argued with them. _____ 4 _____

And the thing is, when you get in these kinds of fights online, it slowly influences (影响) you. You might not know it at first, but the argument that you take part in can actually bring you bad feelings. _____ 5 _____ It’s a dangerous cycle(循环).

I guess the best thing to do is to tell yourself that most arguments aren’t necessary. There are much better and more interesting things to do, whether online or in real life.

- A. Do you really win? Not really.

B. They will agree with your opinions and correct theirs right away.

C. If you argue often, you start to enjoy arguing and then end up doing it even more.

D. Actually, it’s possible that you made them feel more confident that they’re correct.

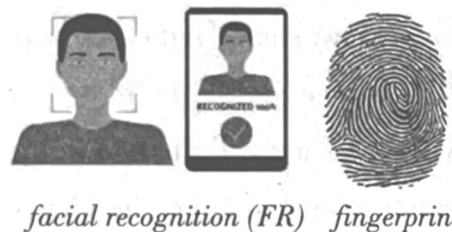
E. You might do some research, find some facts of your own and reply to what they’ve written.

F. It’s quite possible that you’ll sometimes see someone write something that you disagree with.

B. 完成表格。阅读下面短文，根据其内容，完成表格中所缺的信息。(共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分)

Artificial intelligence(AI) has slowly become a part of our everyday lives. One of the biggest uses for AI is facial recognition (FR).

Subway stations use FR technology. Passengers can take the subway easily by using facial recognition. It greatly short the waiting time for passengers in line. Some passengers often forget to take their ticket cards or phones. Some aren’t able to swipe(刷)cards because they are carrying many bags or holding children in arms and so on. Facial recognition solves all these problems.

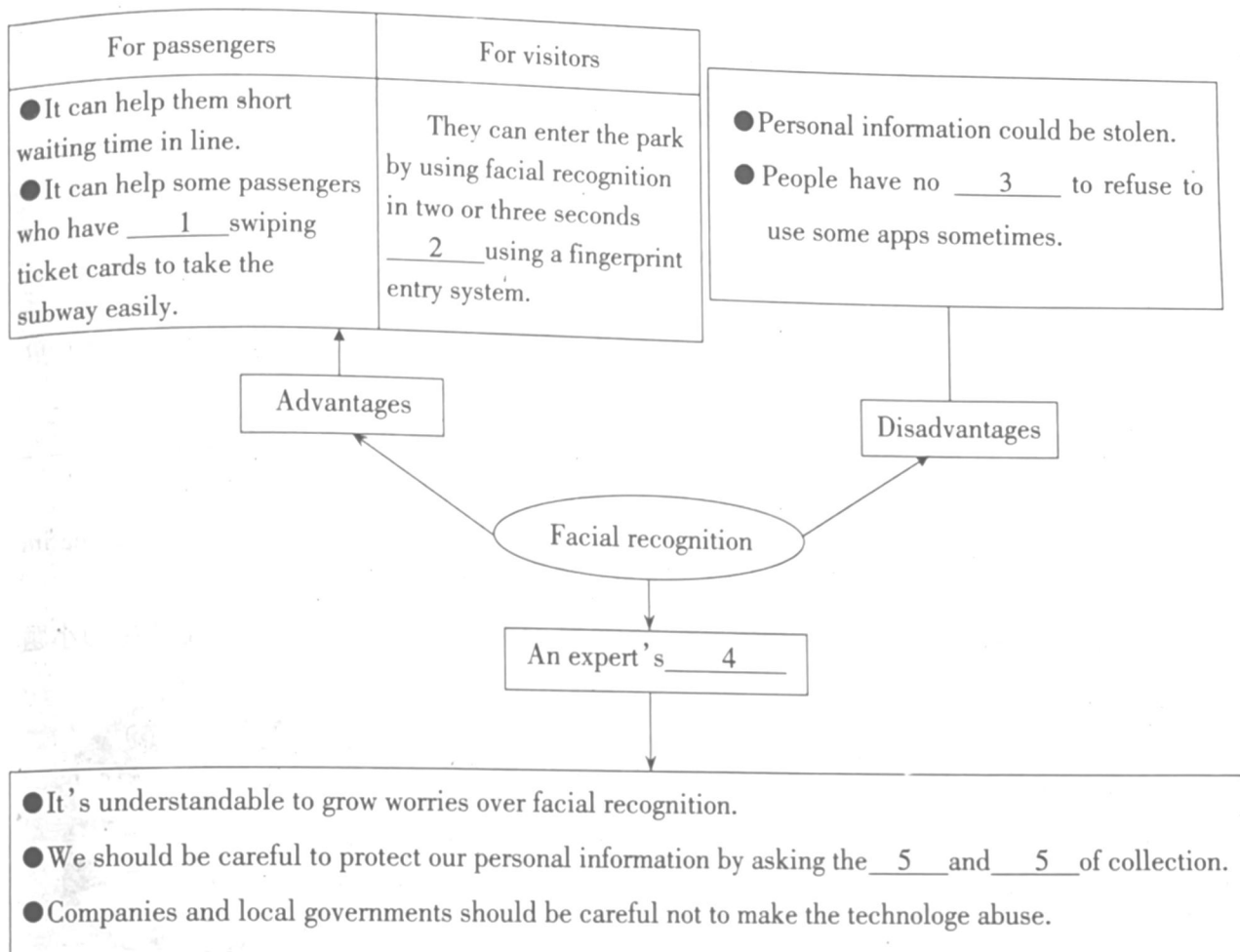


FR technology can greatly speed up security(安全) checks. Yuan Xiaoqin, a park worker told China Central Television the reason why the park improved its entry system(进入系统): “Facial recognition can help a visitor enter the park in two or three seconds. Fingerprint information sometimes isn’t sensitive(灵敏的), especially when the fingers are hurt or too dry.” Before, the park used a fingerprint entry system.

However, some people are worried about the security risks that FR can bring.

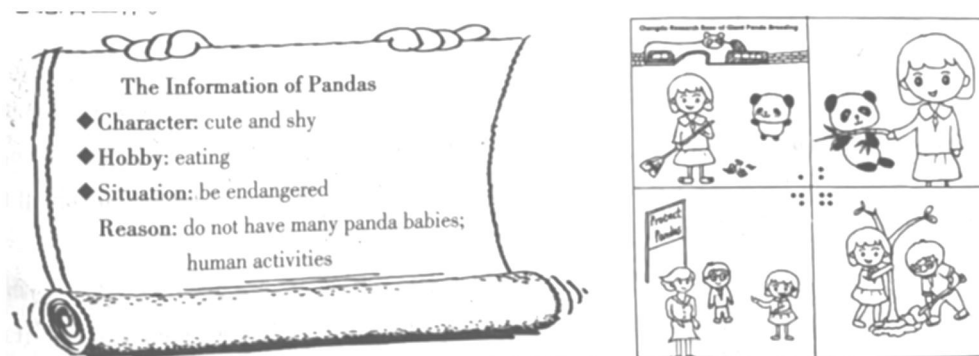
Many people worry that their information could be stolen. Some face-swapping (换脸) apps allow users to imitate(模仿)famous people through the use of facial recognition. Users worry that these apps are collecting a large amount of personal information. Sometimes people can refuse to use facial recognition on some apps if they don’t want to put their personal information at risk, but if they do, they cannot use these apps.

Zhao Zhanling, an expert at the China University of Political Science and Law, said growing worries over facial recognition is understandable. Once information is stolen, it’s hard to find reasonable ways to stop it. We should be careful to protect our personal information. When personal information is likely to be collected, it is necessary to ask why they collect the information and what they are collecting information for? There is no law in China to regulate(规范) the use and collection of facial information, Zhao said, companies and local governments should be careful not to make the technolodge abuse(滥用).



五、书面表达（共 15 分）

李丽是成都熊猫基地(Chengdu Research Base)的志愿者,她希望更多的人加入成都熊猫基地志愿者队伍,一起来保护熊猫,请观察并结合图片信息,为李丽写一篇英语演讲稿,向更多人介绍熊猫及熊猫志愿者工作。



- 要求: 1. 演讲稿需包含提示中的基本内容和图片中的信息;
2. 表达合理、流畅。

- 注意: 1. 文中不得出现真实的校名和姓名;
2. 词数: 100 左右。

2021-2022 学年度（下）期末教学质量测评八年级英语参考答案

A 卷

01-05 ACBAB 06-10 BEADC 11-15 BCBBA 16-20 CBACC

21-25 BBBCB

26. importance 27. more than 28. events; knowledge 29. change 30. relaxed

31-35 ABCAB 36-40 BCBAC 41-45 DEACB

46-50 CBBAB 51-55 CBABC 56-60 BACAC

61-65 BBAAB 66-70 BBCAB 71-75 AABCC

B 卷

一、首字母填空。根据句意及首字母提示完成句中所缺单词。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

1. continue 2. offering 3. rapideast 4. interested 5. achievements

二、完成对话。在下面对话后的空格中填上适当的单词，使对话完整正确。一空一词。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

1. compete/compare 2. mean 3. ages 4. conditions 5. including

6. imagine 7. matter 8. challenging 9. though/although 10. circle

三、短文填空。从下面方框中选出 10 个单词，用它们的适当形式填入短文后的空格内，使短文意思正确、通顺(每词限用一次)。（共 10 小题，每小题 1 分；计 10 分）

1. without 2. everything 3. hardly 4. passed 5. reminded 6. sick 7. Watch 8. unforgettable 9. days' 10. ancient

四、阅读表达（共 10 小题，计 10 分）

A.补全短文。根据短文内容，从短文后的 A~F 选项中选出适当的选项补全短文。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

1-5 FEADC

B.完成表格。阅读下面短文，根据其内容，完成表格中所缺的信息。（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分；计 5 分）

1. difficulty/problems/trouble 2. instead of 3. choice(s) 4. opinions/ideas 5. reason(s); purpose(s)

五、书面表达

(一)评分标准

1. 本题总分为 15 分；均按四个档次给分。

2. 评分时先根据短文内容和语言初步确定其所属档次。再用本档次的要求作调整，最后给分。

3. 词数少于 80 字或多于 110 字的，从总分中扣除 1 分。如果书写太差，以至影响交流的，将分数降低一个档次。

4. 时态运用不正确视情况扣 0.5~2 分。
5. 单词拼写错误不影响表达每 4 个扣 1 分，不足 4 个不扣分。

(二)内容要点认定及分值

1. 引出演讲话题（1 分）。
2. 介绍熊猫性格（1 分）；熊猫爱好（1 分）；熊猫现状（1 分）；其原因 2 个（1 个 1 分）。
3. 引入到自愿者工作的衔接句自然、合理（1 分）。
4. 介绍志愿者工作（每张图片各 1 分）。
5. 号召加入志愿者（1 分）。
6. 书写工整，行文流畅（3 分）。

(三)各档次参考标准：

档次(分数)	评分标准
A 档 13-15 分	很好地完成了规定的写作任务。包含所有内容要点，结构完整，语句流畅，意思清楚、连贯。使用较为丰富的语法结构和词汇，语法和词汇错误极少，格式正确，书写规范。
B 档 10-12 分	较好地完成了规定的写作任务。基本上包含所有内容要点，结构较为完整，语句完整，意思清楚。格式基本正确，书写较规范。语法结构和词汇错误较少，只有个别语法或词汇错误。
C 档 6-9 分	未能按要求完成规定的写作任务。只包含少数内容要点，结构不完整，多数语句欠完整，意思不够清楚。语法结构和词汇错误较多，影响理解，格式不够正确，书写欠规范。
D 档 1-5 分	未能按要求完成规定的写作任务。只写了一两个句子或个别要点，或多个错句。结构很不完整，多数语句不完整或意思不明，语法和词汇错误很多，书写不规范。

范文：

Hello, everyone,

My name's Li Li, one of the volunteers working in Chengdu Research Base. I am standing here to share something about pandas and my volunteer work.

As everyone knows, pandas are pretty cute and shy. They prefer eating nearly all day long. However, pandas are endangered now. It's difficult for them to have many babies. What's more, the environment is not good for them because of human activities.

To change the situations of pandas, I have been a volunteer for years. I sweep the floor and feed the pandas with bamboos. Sometimes I tell children the importance of protecting pandas. Also, I take part in planting trees to make the environment friendlier.

Come to volunteer here just like me! I am waiting for you to join in.

Thanks for listening!

附：（请双击）



听力音频.w m a